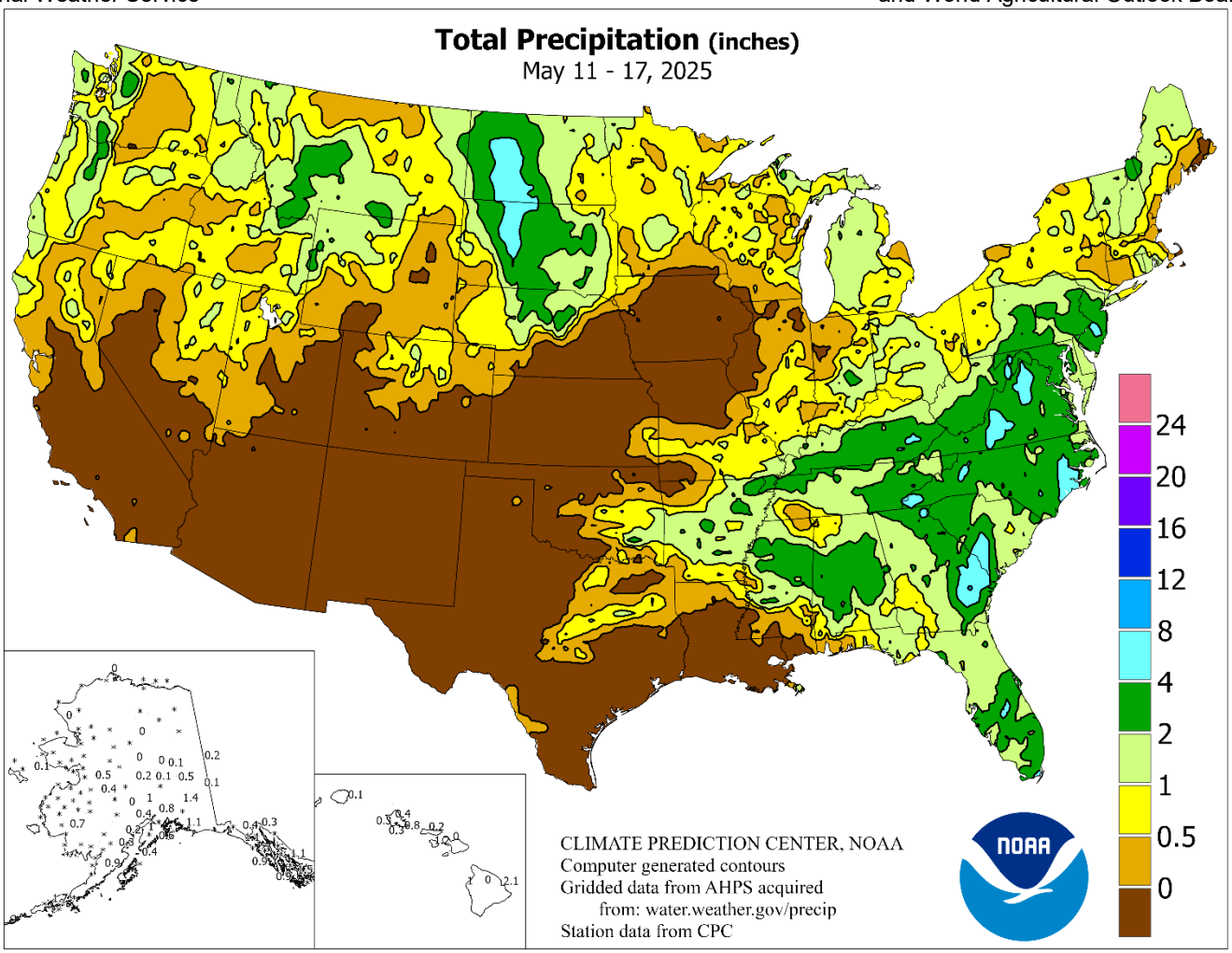
Volume 112, No. 20 www.usda.gov/oce/weather-drought-monitor May 20, 2025

WEEKLY WEATHER AND CROP BULLETIN

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
National Weather Service

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
National Agricultural Statistics Service
and World Agricultural Outlook Board



HIGHLIGHTS
May 11 – 17, 2025

Highlights provided by USDA/WAOB

Separate areas of significant precipitation in the **northern and eastern U.S.** slowed or halted fieldwork but boosted topsoil moisture in areas still experiencing drought. Some of the heaviest rain (locally 4 inches or more) fell in the **middle and southern Atlantic States**, as well as the **western Dakotas**. Precipitation extended into the **Northwest**, where many high-elevation sites reported late-season snow. Farther south, however, dry weather prevailed all week from **southern California to the southern half of the High Plains**. Dry conditions extended into portions of the **Midwest**, including **southeastern Nebraska** and much of **Iowa**, leading to a rapid corn and soybean planting pace in those

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Contents

Water Supply Forecast for the Western United States

Highlights

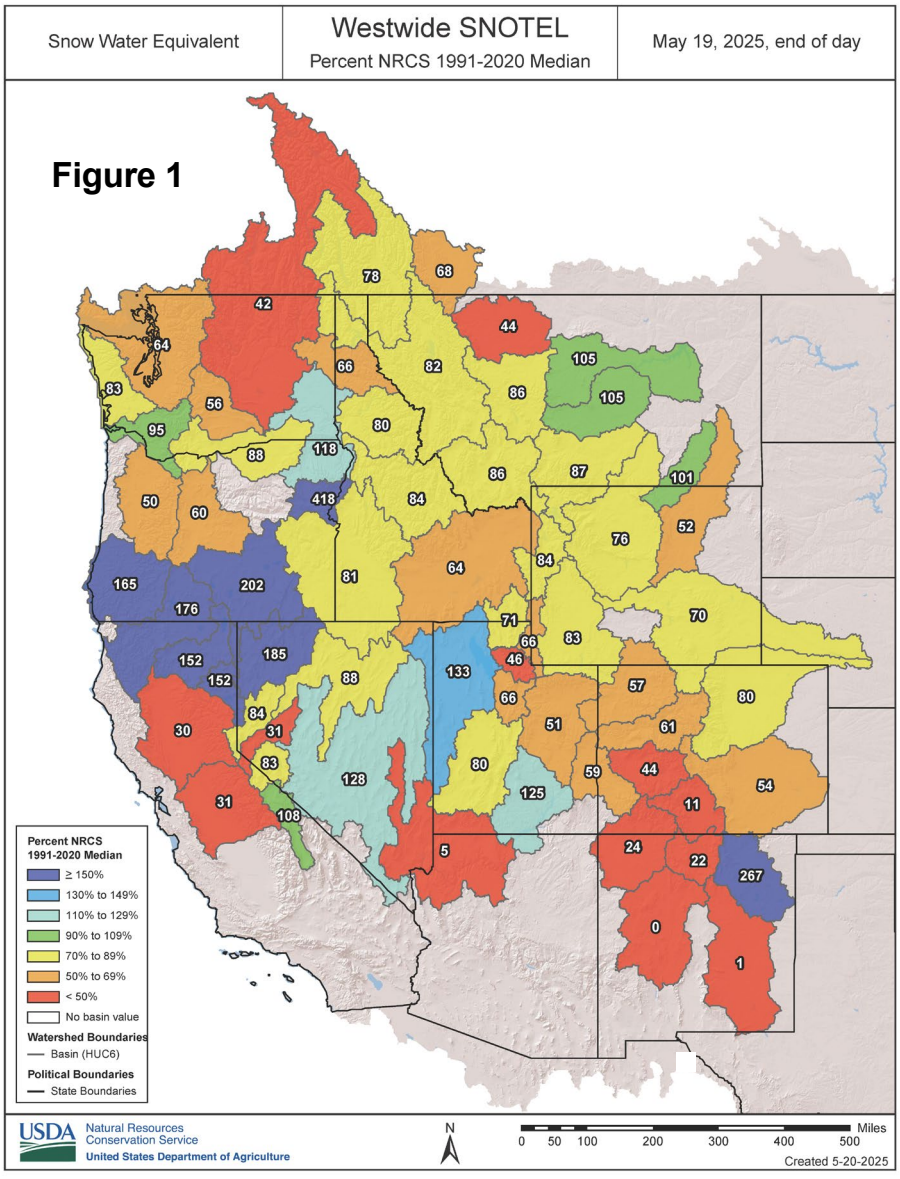
Despite relatively favorable season-to-date precipitation totals, except in the Southwest, previously optimistic streamflow forecasts have been tempered by periods of spring warmth and prematurely melting snowpack. In the Southwest, snow losses have been exacerbated in some cases by blowing dust, while other areas have experienced absorption by dry soils and snow sublimation. By mid-May, the accelerated melt season left broadly below-average snowpack, except across the northern tier of California, southern and eastern Oregon, and other scattered basins. On May 19, the remaining Sierra Nevada snowpack contained an average of less than 5 inches of snow (about 40 percent of average for the date), down from around 25 inches as recently as April 1.

According to the *U.S. Drought Monitor*, drought coverage in the 11-state Western region was nearly steady, from 48 to 52 percent, from February into May 2025. On May 13, Oregon was the only Western State free of drought, while Extreme to Exceptional Drought (D3 to D4) covered 61 percent of Arizona, 48 percent of New Mexico, 18 percent of Nevada, 8 percent of Wyoming, 7 percent of California, 5 percent of Colorado, 3 percent of Utah, and 1 percent of Montana.

Aside from the Colorado River catchment system, many Western reservoirs remain in reasonably good shape heading into the 2025 growing season, with California's 154 intrastate reservoirs holding 32.2 million acre-feet of water at the end of April.

Snowpack and Precipitation

Dry weather during April, along with periods of spring warmth, contributed to an accelerated snowmelt pace throughout the western U.S. In fact, early loss of snow—aggravated by moisture absorption into dry soils and other factors, including sublimation—left little snow in place by mid-May, with a few exceptions (figure 1). The best remaining snowpack existed across the northern tier of California into southern and eastern Oregon, but most other areas of the West reported below-average snowpack by May 19. Snow-water equivalencies had fallen below 50 percent of average in the central and southern Sierra Nevada and parts of eastern Washington, while the snow-melt season ended early in drought-stricken sections of the Southwest.



Season-to-date (October 1, 2024 – May 19, 2025) precipitation was reasonably robust, although drought and water-supply concerns persisted in some areas mainly due to premature snowpack melting. A broad area, excluding Washington and much of the Southwest, received near- or above-normal precipitation during the 2024-25 winter wet season, with the most substantial surpluses covering southern and eastern Oregon and the northern tier of California (figure 2). In contrast, southern sections of Arizona and New Mexico received precipitation totaling less than one-half of normal.

Spring and Summer Streamflow Forecasts

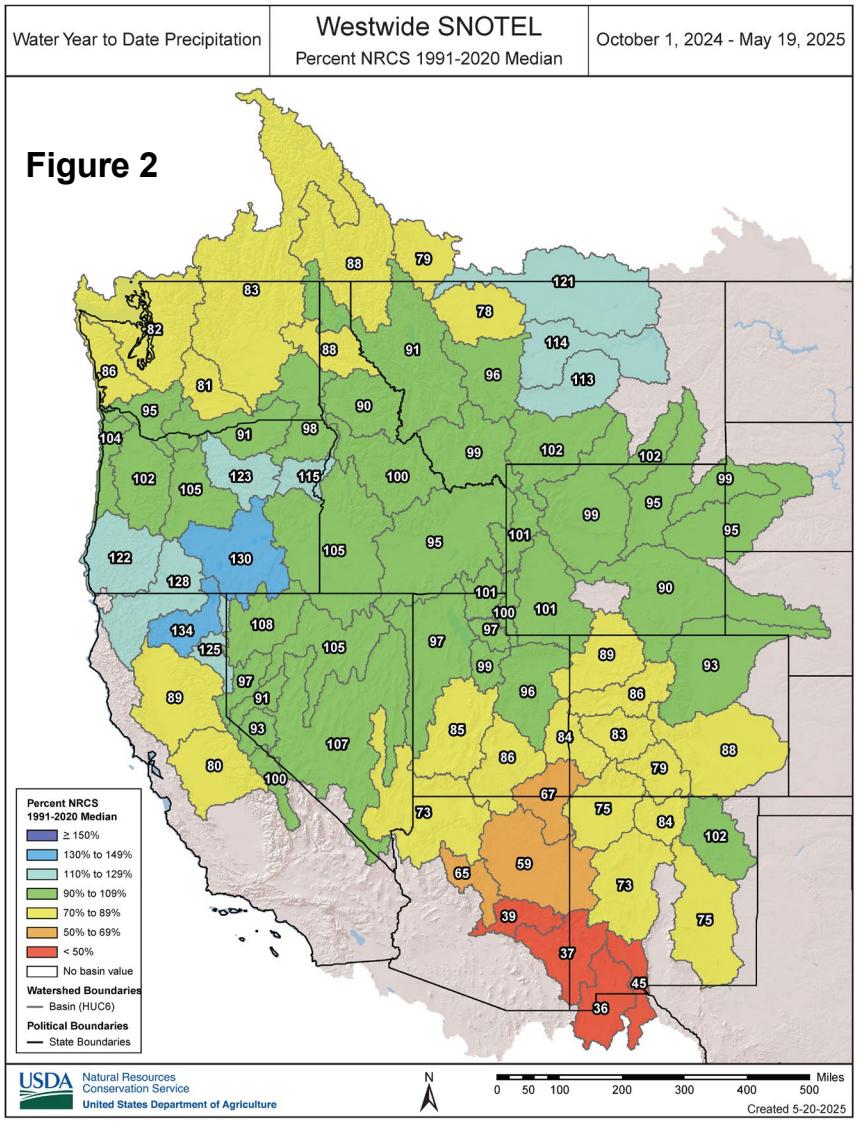
By May 1, 2025, projections for spring and summer 2025 highlighted a concerning trend for lower streamflow volume in many areas of the West, partly due to unexpectedly rapid melting of mid- and high-elevation snowpack. Still, favorable runoff projections continued in a few areas, including the northern tier of California and much of southern and eastern Oregon, as well as portions of the Great Basin.

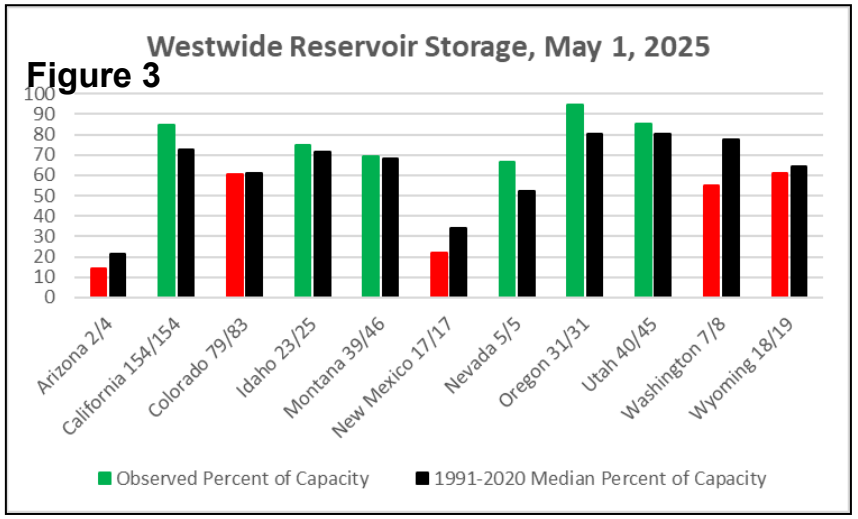
Reservoir Storage

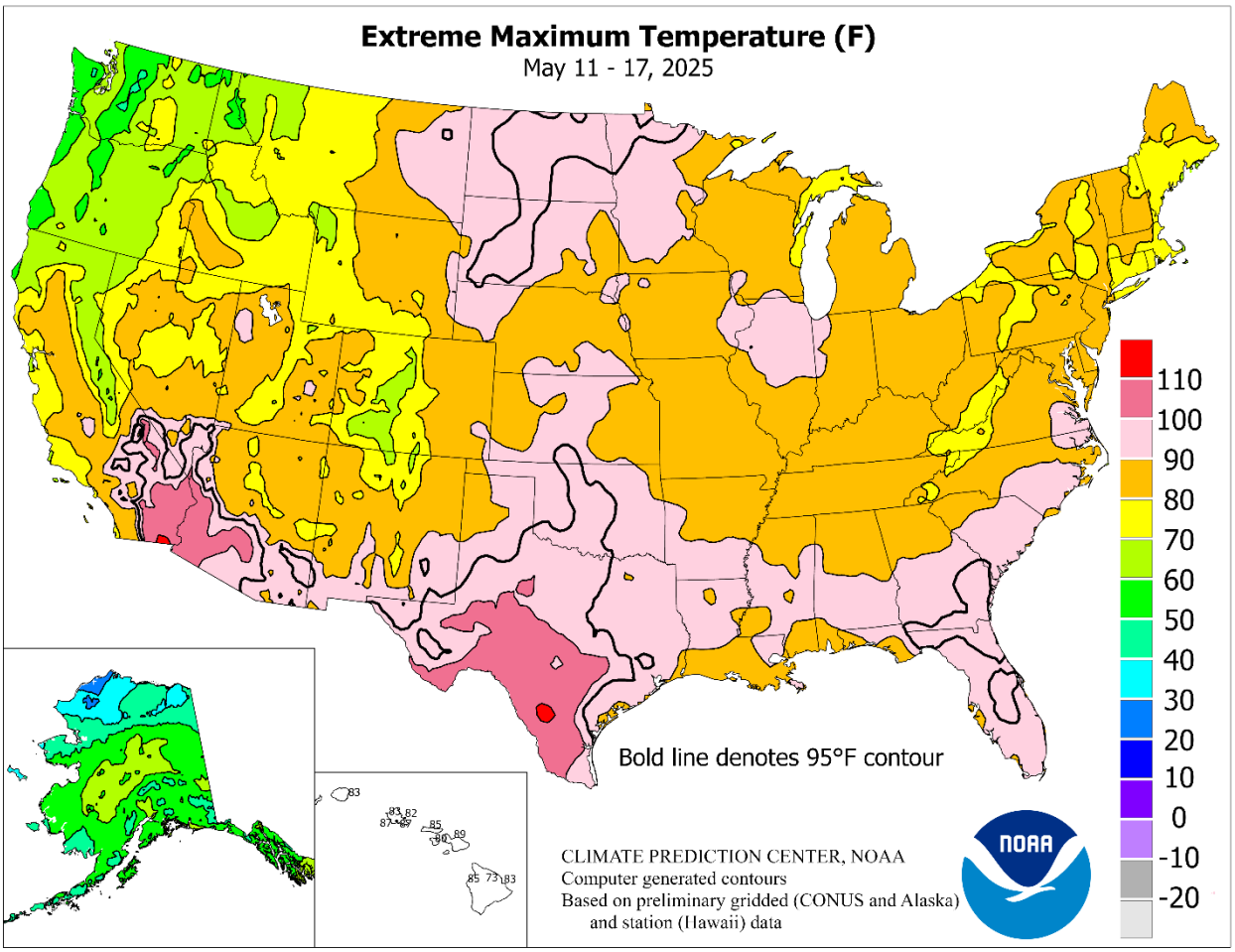
On May 1, 2025, statewide reservoir storage as a percent of average for the date reflected the ongoing benefit of the mostly abundant wet seasons of 2022-23 and 2023-24, with Washington and parts of the Southwest reporting substantially below-average storage (figure 3). At the end of April, California's 154 primary intrastate reservoirs held 32.2 million acre-feet of water, 116 percent of average for the date. However, storage on April 30 in the Colorado River basin was just 18.5 million acre-feet, 57 percent of average.

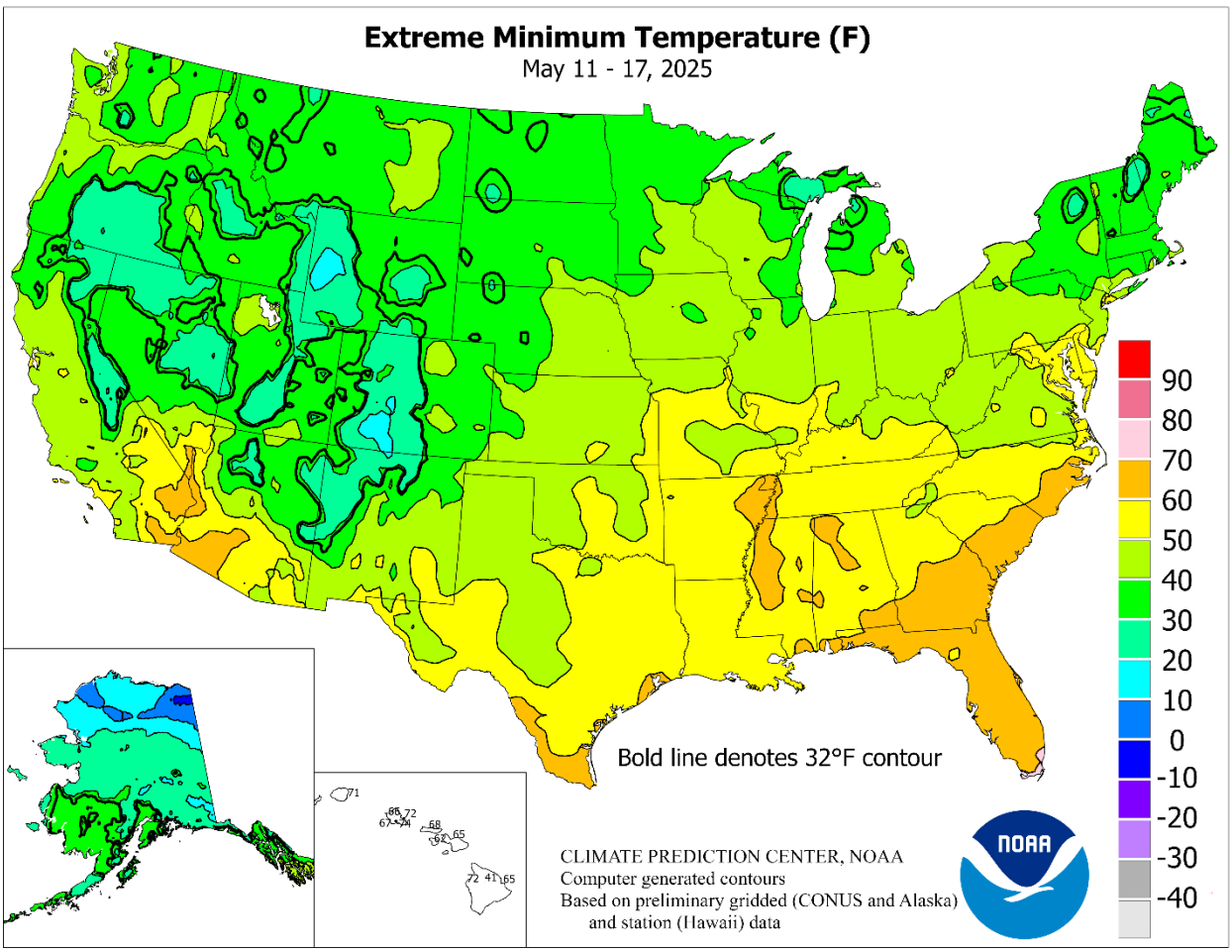
For More Information

The National Water and Climate Center homepage provides the latest available snowpack and water supply information. Please visit: http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov



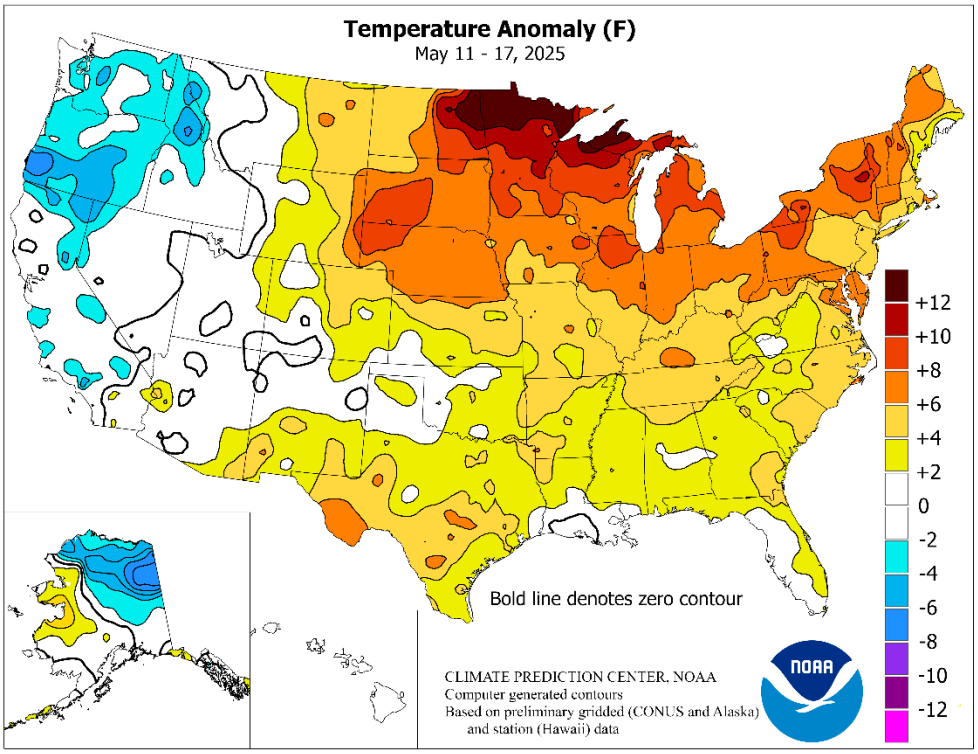



Extreme Maximum Temperature (F)
May 11 - 17, 2025
110
100
90
80
70
60
50
40
30
20
10
0
-10
-20
Bold line denotes 95°F contour
CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary gridded (CONUS and Alaska)
and station (Hawaii) data
NOAA


Extreme Minimum Temperature (F)
May 11 - 17, 2025
90
80
70
60
50
40
30
20
10
0
-10
-20
-30
-40
Bold line denotes 32°F contour
CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary gridded (CONUS and Alaska)
and station (Hawaii) data
NOAA

(Continued from front cover)

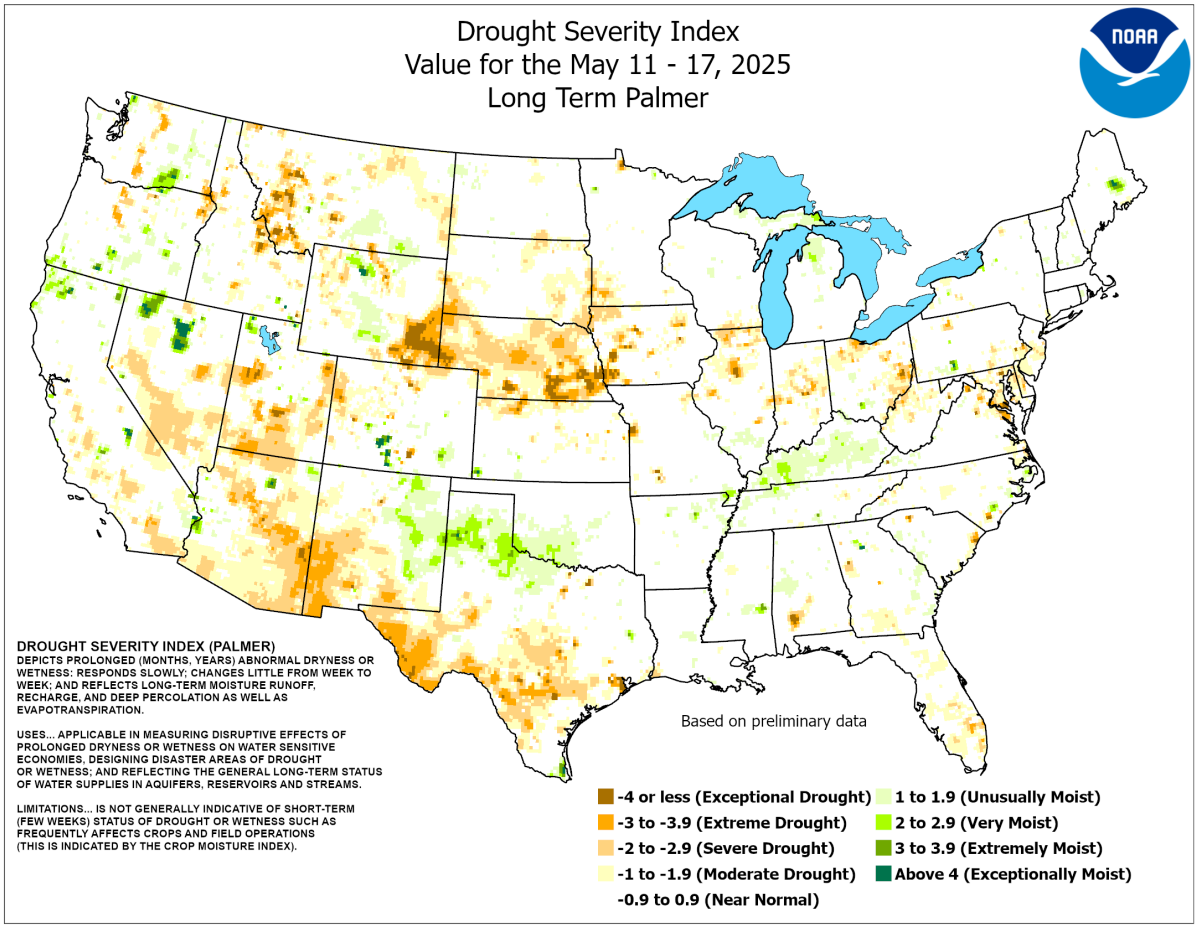
areas. Late in the week—and peaking on May 16—a large outbreak of severe thunderstorms struck the **lower Midwest**, the **mid-South**, and the **mid-Atlantic**. On that date, tornadoes resulted in fatalities in several states, including **Indiana**, **Kentucky**, and **Missouri**. A day earlier, as many as three dozen tornadoes had been reported in the **Great Lakes States**, helping to boost the nation's weekly tornado tally nearly to 100. Meanwhile, most of the U.S. experienced near- or above-normal temperatures, although there were significant day-to-day variations. For example, temperatures averaged at least 10 to 15°F above normal from **eastern North Dakota into the upper Great Lakes region**, despite a late-week cooling trend. A broader area, extending from the **northern half of the Plains into the Northeast**, reported weekly temperatures averaging more than 5°F above normal. In contrast, readings averaged as much as 5°F below normal across the **interior Northwest**.

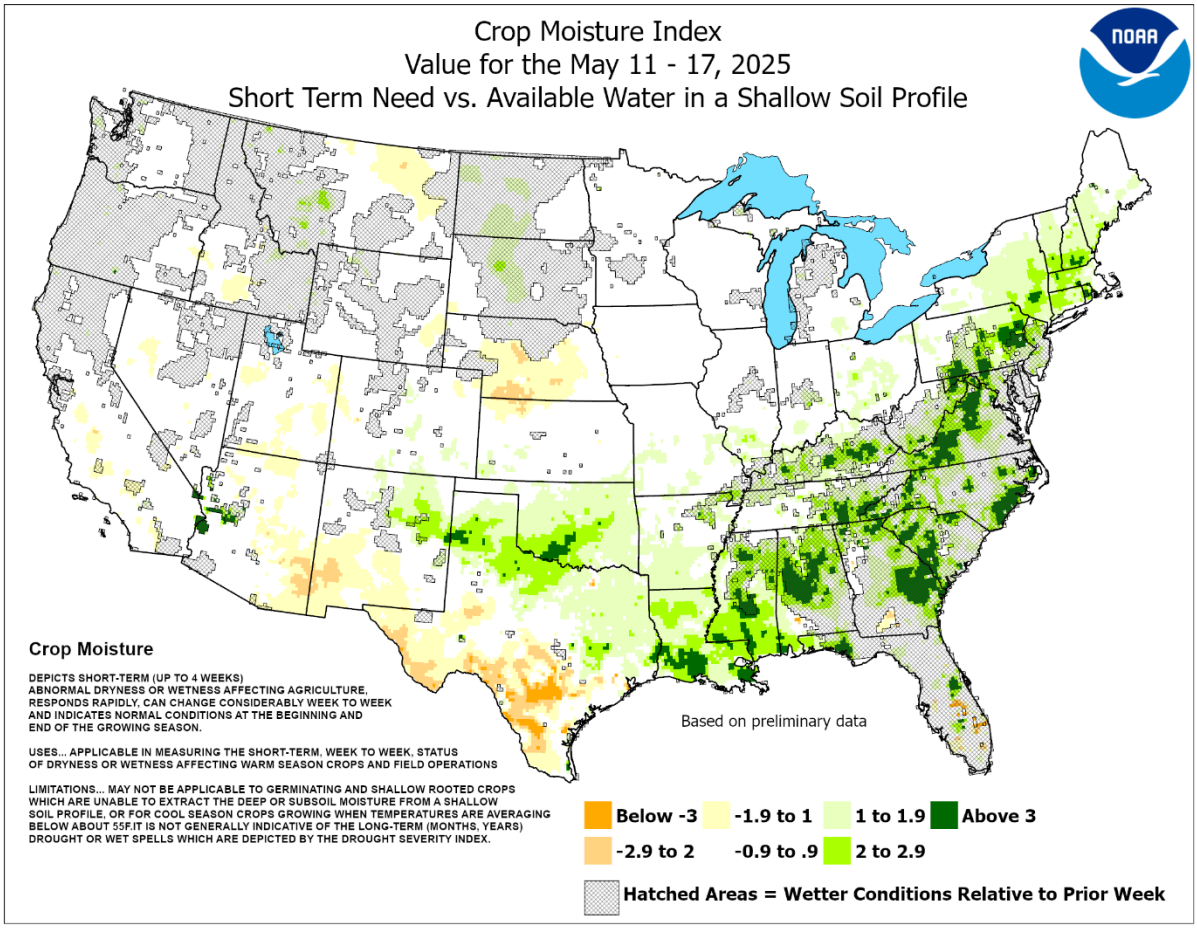


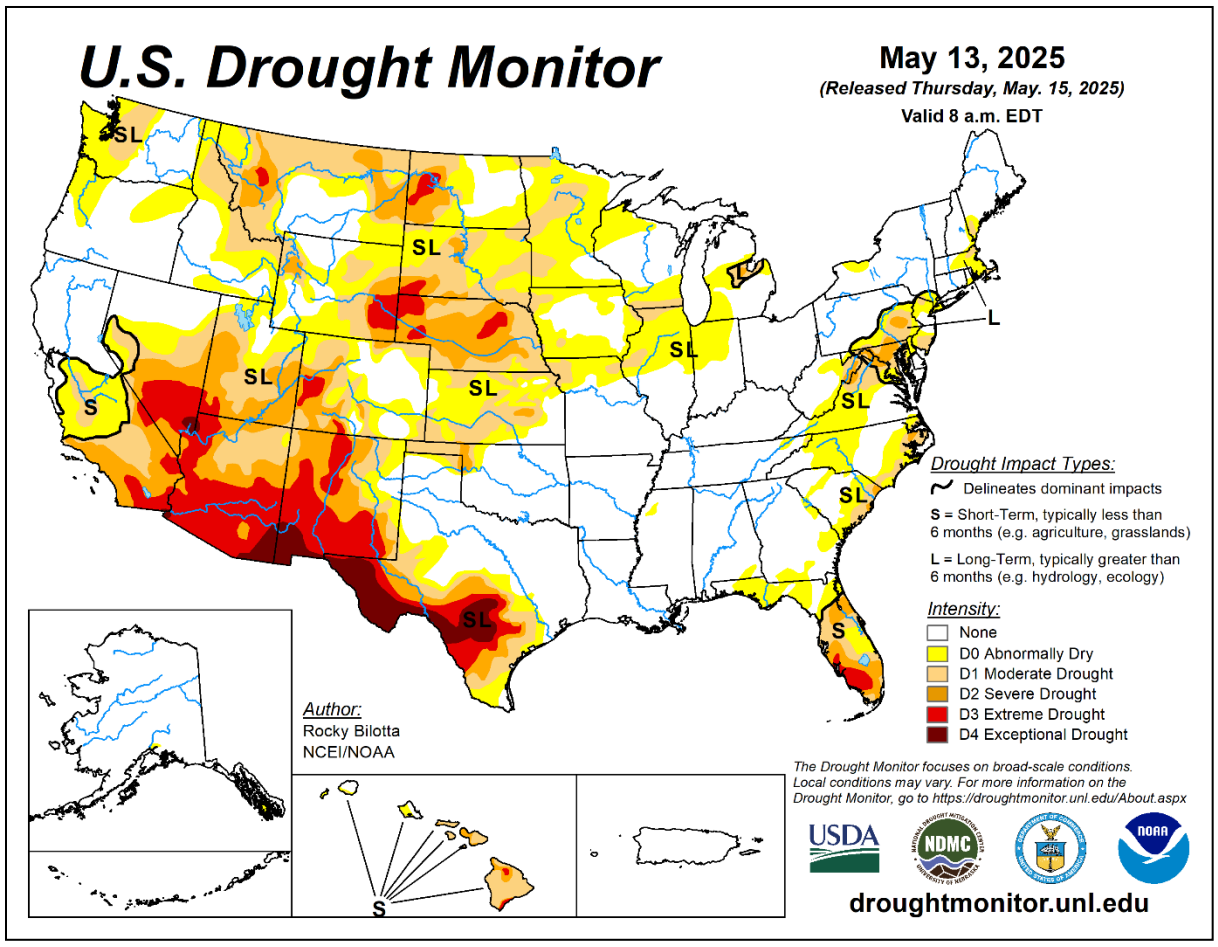
During the first half of the week, heat in the **north-central U.S.** resulted in some of the highest temperatures ever observed during May. For example, **Minot, ND**, tied a monthly record, originally set on May 22, 1980, with a high of 99°F on the 11th. On the same date, **International Falls, MN**, eclipsed a May record with a reading of 96°F (previously, 95°F on May 21, 1964). During the hot spell, wildfires flared across **northern Minnesota**, with the Camp House Fire—which started on May 11 near the community of **Brimson**—scorching more than 12,000 acres of vegetation and reportedly destroying 144 structures. Meanwhile, **Minot** measured three consecutive daily-record highs (94, 99, and 95°F) from May 10-12, but later failed to top 50°F for at least 5 days in a row from May 15-19. During the temperature transition period, from May 14 to 16, **Minot** received precipitation totaling 3.12 inches. **Minot** also recorded an official freeze, with a low of 32°F, on May 17. Farther south, record-setting heat arrived on May 13, when daily-record highs in **Texas** soared to 109°F in **Del Rio** and 103°F in **San Antonio**. Elsewhere in **Texas**, **Austin** closed the week with five consecutive daily-record highs (100, 100, 99, 97, and 97°F) from May 13-17. The **southern half of the Plains** had a brief burst of heat on May 14, with temperatures soaring to daily-record levels in **Medicine Lodge, KS** (97°F), and **Oklahoma City, OK** (95°F). By May 15, **Midwestern** daily-record highs included 94°F in **Chicago and Rockford, IL**. Late in the week, heat also overspread the **Southeast**, where record-setting highs for May 16 included 98°F in **Tallahassee, FL**, and 95°F in **Florence, SC**. In contrast, scattered **Northwestern** daily-record lows included a reading of 24°F (on May 15) in **Big Piney, WY**.

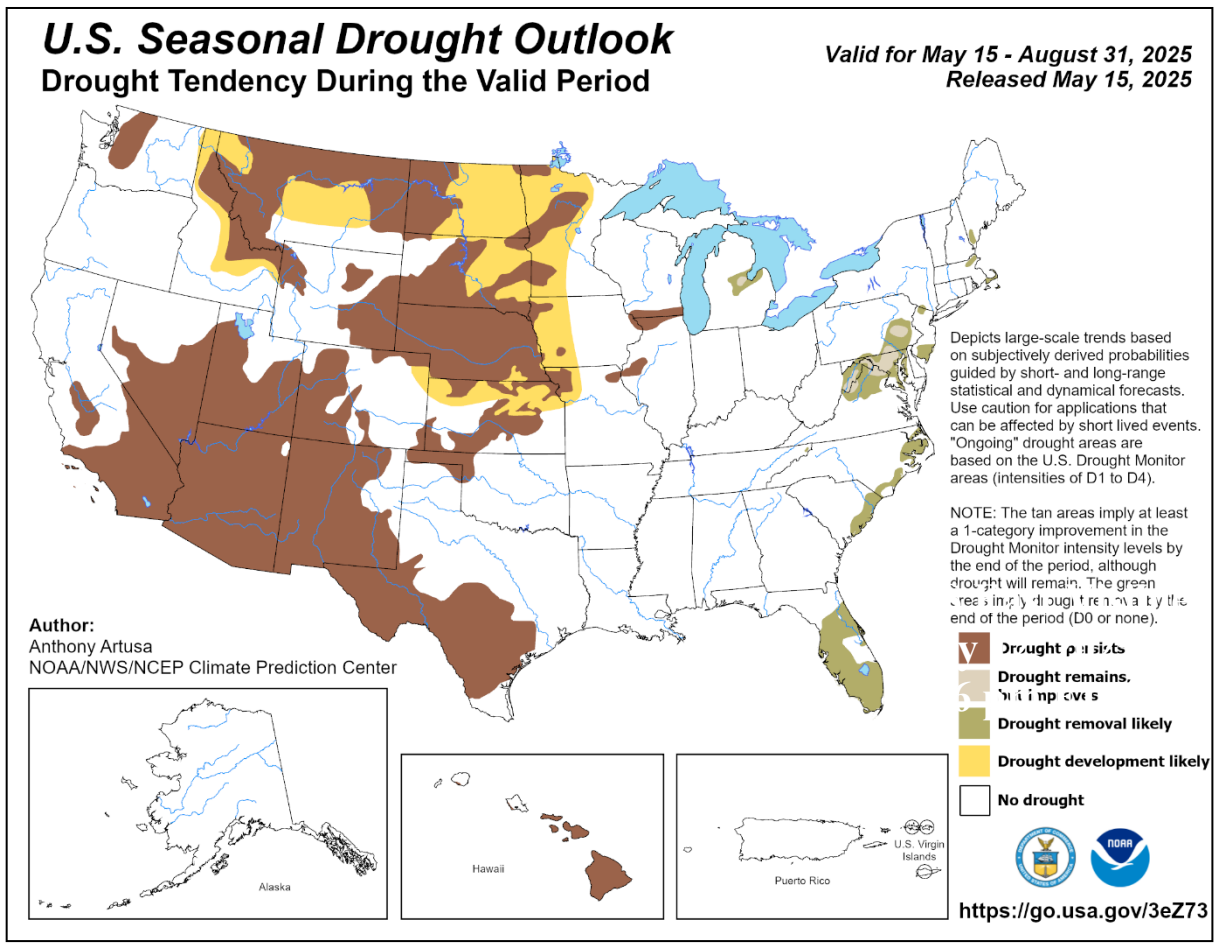
Rain fell for much of the week in various parts of the **East**, starting in the **southern Atlantic States**. Downtown **Charleston, SC**, netted a daily-record total of 3.86 inches on May 11. Heavy showers pelted **Florida** on May 12, when daily-record amounts included 4.35 inches in **Miami** and 3.65 inches in **Orlando**. Elsewhere on the 12th, **Roanoke, VA**, collected a record-setting sum of 2.22 inches. **Mid-Atlantic** downpours continued through May 13, when daily-record totals reached 2.48 inches in **Martinsburg, WV**, and 2.28 inches in **Baltimore, MD**. Rainfall was slow to depart the **Atlantic Coast**, with daily-record totals being reported on May 14 in **Mt. Pocono, PA** (2.07 inches), and **Trenton, NJ** (1.98 inches). With little separation between storms, rain returned across parts of the **East** late in the week. On May 15, **Lynchburg, VA** (2.67 inches) logged a daily-record sum. On May 16 in **Kentucky**, daily-record rainfall totaled 3.55 inches in **Jackson** and 1.46 inches in **Bowling Green**. However, violent weather on the 16th was a bigger story, with devastating tornadoes striking several states. More than a dozen tornado-related deaths were reported in **Laurel County, KY**, with the county seat of **London** being especially hard hit. Other notable tornadoes on May 16 struck **Greene County, IN**, where an EF-2 twister led to one fatality; **Stoddard County, MO**, where an EF-3 storm resulted in two deaths; and **St. Louis, MO, into western Illinois**, where an EF-3 tornado left five people dead. Meanwhile, precipitation from a new weather system spread eastward across the **North**. As early as May 13, **Northwestern** daily-record amounts included 0.75 inch in **Billings, MT**, and 0.60 inch in **Greybull, WY**. The following day, record-setting precipitation totals for May 14 included 0.76 inch in **Butte, MT**, and 0.71 inch in **Pocatello, ID**. **Alta, UT**, received 4.0 inches of snow in a 48-hour period ending May 15. Farther east, daily-record totals for May 15 topped the 2-inch mark in locations such as **Mobridge, SD** (2.65 inches), and **Dickinson, ND** (2.25 inches). **Grand Forks, ND**, reported a trace of snow on May 16. As the week ended on May 17, heavy precipitation fell in the **Northeast** and **Northwest**; daily-record amounts reached 1.86 inches in **Montpelier, VT**, and 1.23 inches in **Portland, OR**.

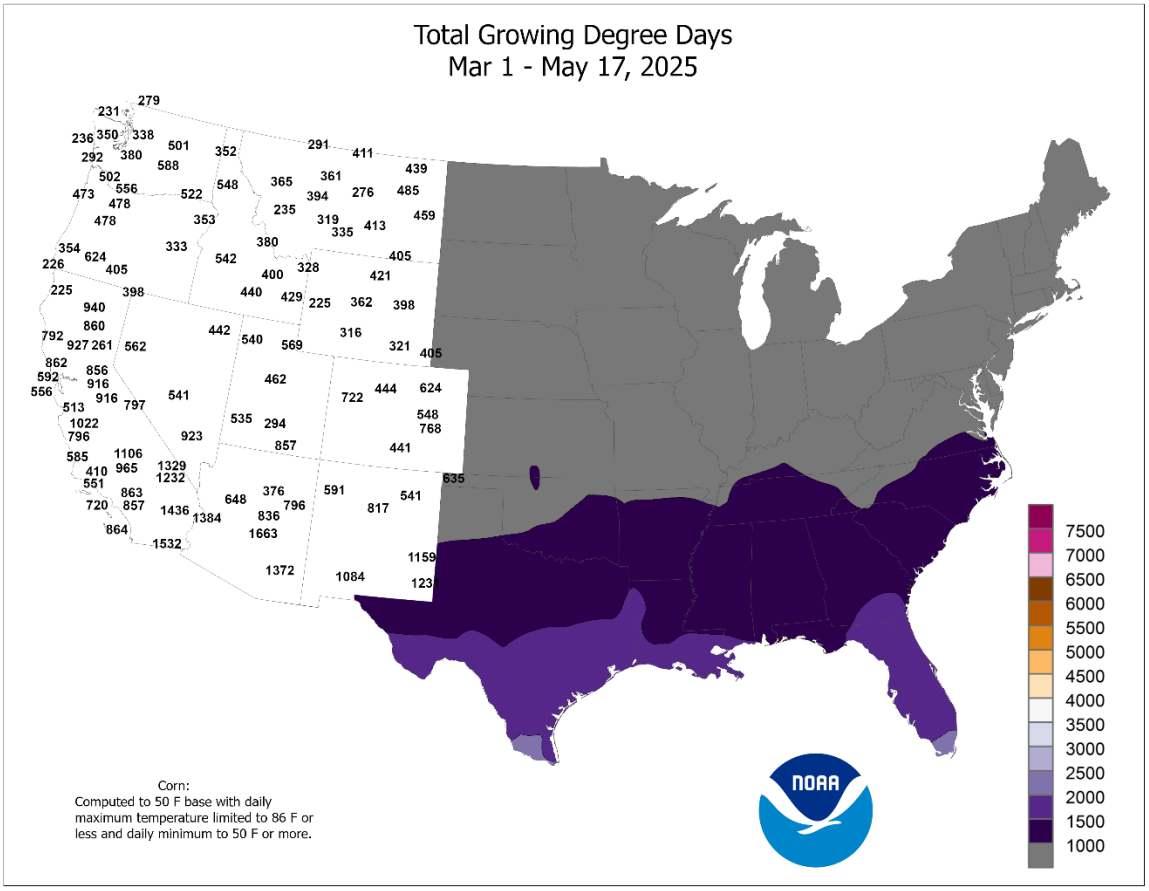
Cold, mostly dry weather in **northern Alaska** contrasted with near- or slightly above-normal temperatures in **western and southern sections of the state**. Meanwhile, widespread precipitation fell across roughly the **southern half of Alaska**, with daily-record totals reaching 0.72 inch (on May 15) in **King Salmon** and 0.50 inch (on May 12) in **Anchorage**. Additionally, peak wind gusts during the week included 65 mph (on May 11) in **Cold Bay** and 60 mph (on May 14) in **King Salmon**. Farther south, shower activity generally increased across **Hawaii**, especially in windward locations. On the **Big Island**, **Hilo** reported measurable rain on each of the first 17 days of May, totaling 3.46 inches (85 percent of normal). At the state's other major airport observation sites, May 1-17 rainfall ranged from 0.01 inch (2 percent of normal) in **Kahului, Maui**, to 0.55 inch (41 percent) in **Lihue, Kauai**.

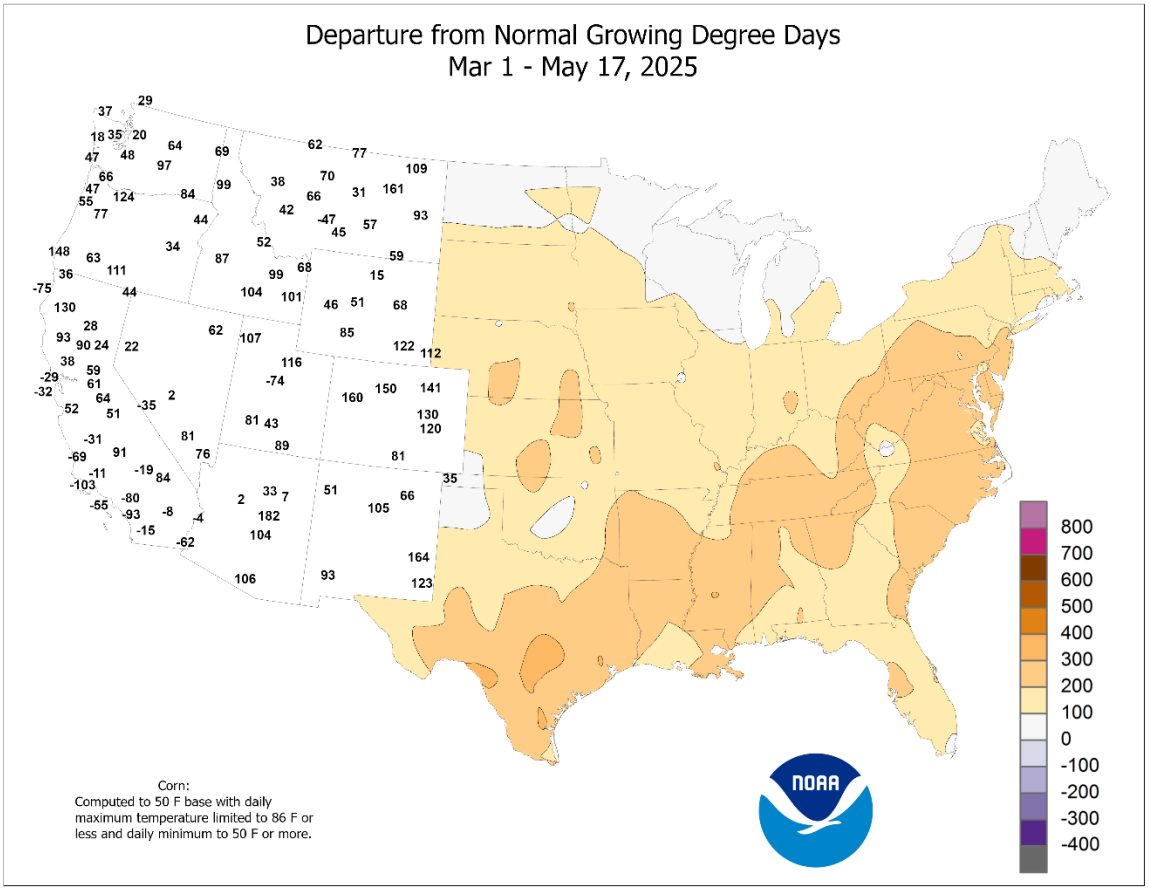

Drought Severity Index
Value for the May 11 - 17, 2025
Long Term Palmer
NOAA
DROUGHT SEVERITY INDEX (PALMER)
DEPICTS PROLONGED (MONTHS, YEARS) ABNORMAL DRYNESS OR WETNESS: RESPONDS SLOWLY; CHANGES LITTLE FROM WEEK TO WEEK; AND REFLECTS LONG-TERM MOISTURE RUNOFF, RECHARGE, AND DEEP PERCOLATION AS WELL AS EVAPOTRANSPIRATION.
USES... APPLICABLE IN MEASURING DISRUPTIVE EFFECTS OF PROLONGED DRYNESS OR WETNESS ON WATER SENSITIVE ECONOMIES, DESIGNING DISASTER AREAS OF DROUGHT OR WETNESS; AND REFLECTING THE GENERAL LONG-TERM STATUS OF WATER SUPPLIES IN AQUIFERS, RESERVOIRS AND STREAMS.
LIMITATIONS... IS NOT GENERALLY INDICATIVE OF SHORT-TERM (FEW WEEKS) STATUS OF DROUGHT OR WETNESS SUCH AS FREQUENTLY AFFECTS CROPS AND FIELD OPERATIONS (THIS IS INDICATED BY THE CROP MOISTURE INDEX).
Based on preliminary data
-4 or less (Exceptional Drought)
-3 to -3.9 (Extreme Drought)
-2 to -2.9 (Severe Drought)
-1 to -1.9 (Moderate Drought)
-0.9 to 0.9 (Near Normal)
1 to 1.9 (Unusually Moist)
2 to 2.9 (Very Moist)
3 to 3.9 (Extremely Moist)
Above 4 (Exceptionally Moist)

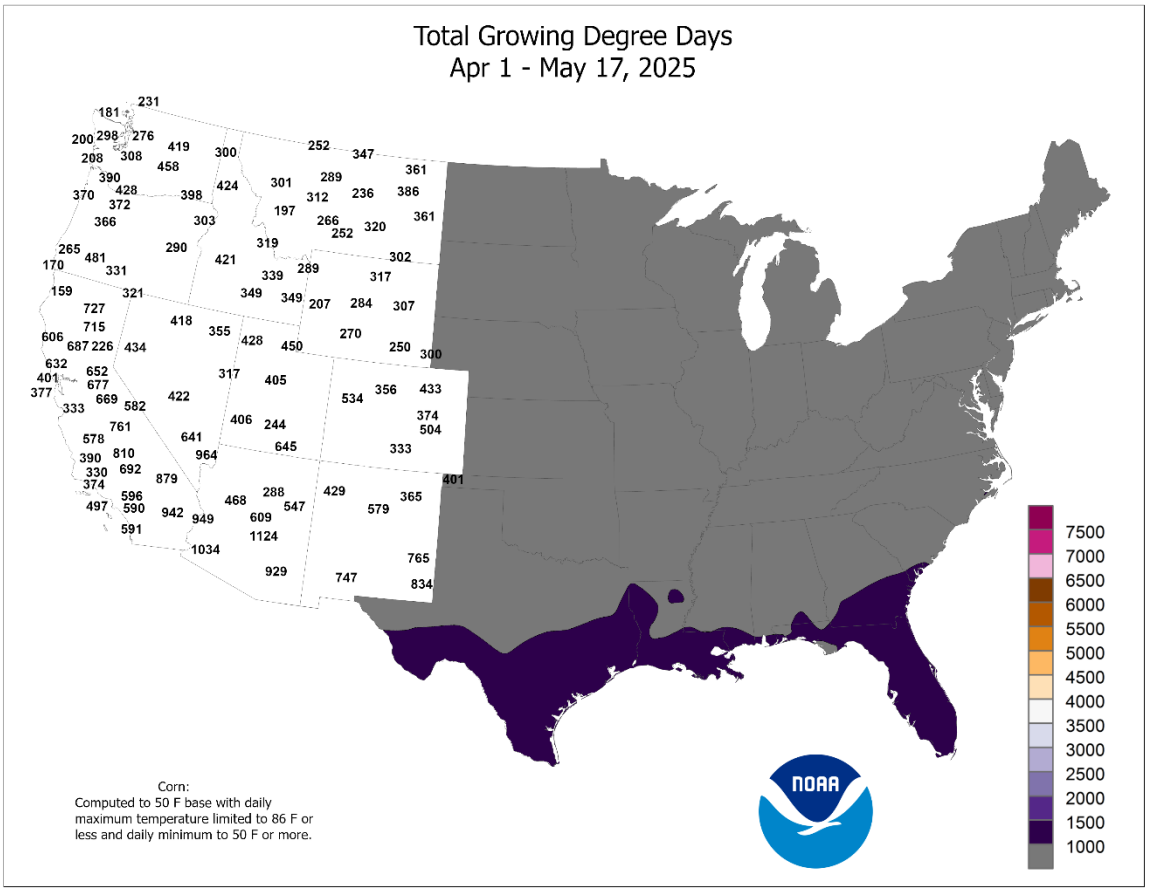

Crop Moisture Index
Value for the May 11 - 17, 2025
Short Term Need vs. Available Water in a Shallow Soil Profile
NOAA
Crop Moisture
DEPICTS SHORT-TERM (UP TO 4 WEEKS) ABNORMAL DRYNESS OR WETNESS AFFECTING AGRICULTURE, RESPONDS RAPIDLY, CAN CHANGE CONSIDERABLY WEEK TO WEEK AND INDICATES NORMAL CONDITIONS AT THE BEGINNING AND END OF THE GROWING SEASON.
USES... APPLICABLE IN MEASURING THE SHORT-TERM, WEEK TO WEEK, STATUS OF DRYNESS OR WETNESS AFFECTING WARM SEASON CROPS AND FIELD OPERATIONS
LIMITATIONS... MAY NOT BE APPLICABLE TO GERMINATING AND SHALLOW ROOTED CROPS WHICH ARE UNABLE TO EXTRACT THE DEEP OR SUBSOIL MOISTURE FROM A SHALLOW SOIL PROFILE, OR FOR COOL SEASON CROPS GROWING WHEN TEMPERATURES ARE AVERAGING BELOW ABOUT 55F.IT IS NOT GENERALLY INDICATIVE OF THE LONG-TERM (MONTHS, YEARS) DROUGHT OR WET SPELLS WHICH ARE DEPICTED BY THE DROUGHT SEVERITY INDEX.
Based on preliminary data
Below -3
-2.9 to 2
-1.9 to 1
-0.9 to .9
1 to 1.9
2 to 2.9
Above 3
Hatched Areas = Wetter Conditions Relative to Prior Week

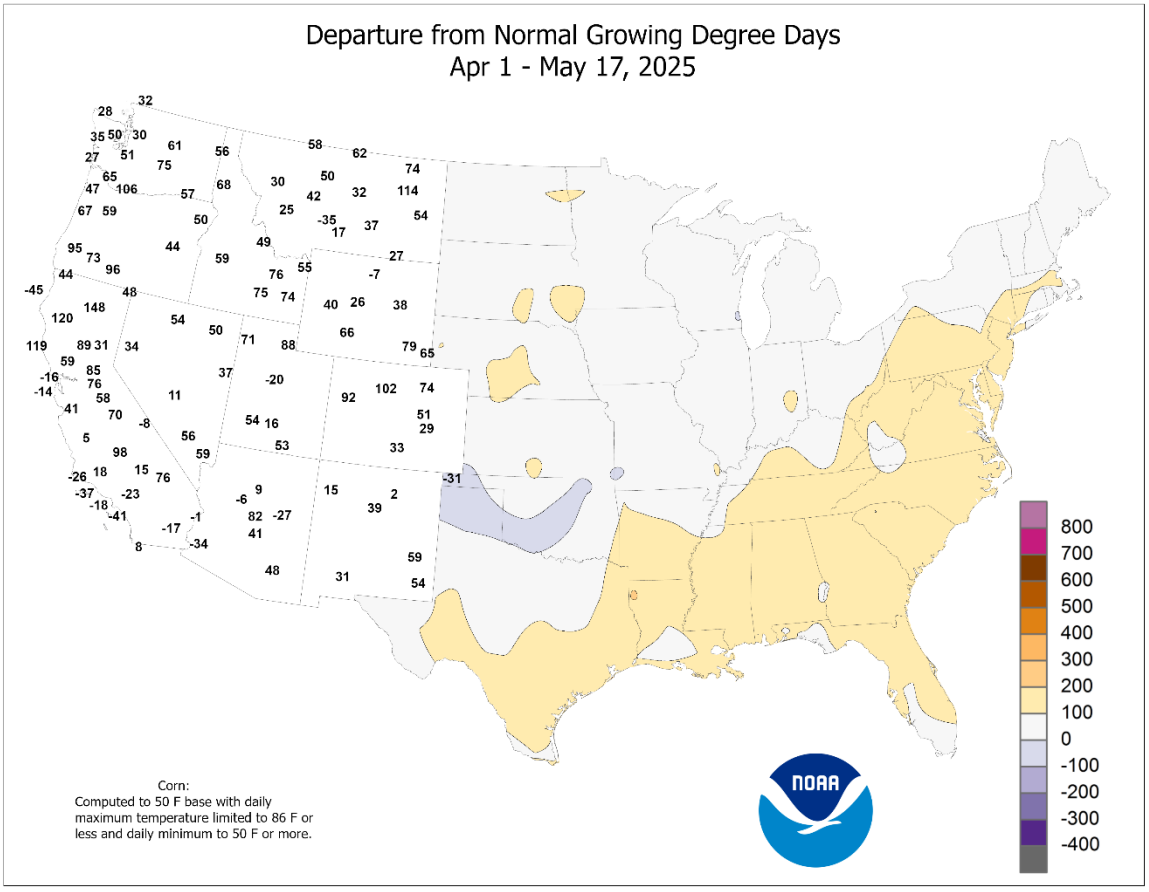

U.S. Drought Monitor
May 13, 2025
(Released Thursday, May. 15, 2025)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT
Drought Impact Types:
Delineates dominant impacts
S = Short-Term, typically less than 6 months (e.g. agriculture, grasslands)
L = Long-Term, typically greater than 6 months (e.g. hydrology, ecology)
Intensity:
None
D0 Abnormally Dry
D1 Moderate Drought
D2 Severe Drought
D3 Extreme Drought
D4 Exceptional Drought
Author:
Rocky Bilotta
NCEI/NOAA
The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx
USDA
NDMC
NOAA
droughtmonitor.unl.edu


U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook
Drought Tendency During the Valid Period
Valid for May 15 - August 31, 2025
Released May 15, 2025
Depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Use caution for applications that can be affected by short lived events. "Ongoing" drought areas are based on the U.S. Drought Monitor areas (intensities of D1 to D4).
NOTE: The tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period, although drought will remain. The green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period (D0 or none).
Drought persists
Drought remains, but improves
Drought removal likely
Drought development likely
No drought
Author:
Anthony Artusa
NOAA/NWS/NCEP Climate Prediction Center
Alaska
Hawaii
Puerto Rico
U.S. Virgin Islands
https://go.usa.gov/3eZ73


Total Growing Degree Days
Mar 1 - May 17, 2025
Corn:
Computed to 50 F base with daily maximum temperature limited to 86 F or less and daily minimum to 50 F or more.
NOAA
7500
7000
6500
6000
5500
5000
4500
4000
3500
3000
2500
2000
1500
1000


Departure from Normal Growing Degree Days
Mar 1 - May 17, 2025
Corn:
Computed to 50 F base with daily maximum temperature limited to 86 F or less and daily minimum to 50 F or more.
NOAA
800
700
600
500
400
300
200
100
0
-100
-200
-300
-400


Total Growing Degree Days
Apr 1 - May 17, 2025
Corn:
Computed to 50 F base with daily maximum temperature limited to 86 F or less and daily minimum to 50 F or more.
NOAA
7500
7000
6500
6000
5500
5000
4500
4000
3500
3000
2500
2000
1500
1000


Departure from Normal Growing Degree Days
Apr 1 - May 17, 2025
Corn:
Computed to 50 F base with daily maximum temperature limited to 86 F or less and daily minimum to 50 F or more.
NOAA
800
700
600
500
400
300
200
100
0
-100
-200
-300
-400

National Weather Data for Selected Cities

Weather Data for the Week Ending May 17, 2025

Accessible Data Available from the Climate Prediction Center

STATES AND STATIONS		TEMPERATURE ˚F						PRECIPITATION							RELATIVE HUMIDITY PERCENT		NUMBER OF DAYS TEMP. ˚F		NUMBER OF DAYS PRECIP	
		AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	EXTREME HIGH	EXTREME LOW	AVERAGE	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	WEEKLY TOTAL, IN.	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	GREATEST IN 24-HOUR, IN.	TOTAL, IN., SINCE MAR 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE MAR 1	TOTAL, IN., SINCE JAN 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE JAN 1	AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	90 AND ABOVE	32 AND BELOW	.01 INCH OR MORE	.50 INCH OR MORE
AK	ANCHORAGE	55	42	58	40	48	1	0.63	0.48	0.41	3.78	262	6.04	197	84	51	0	0	3	0
	BARROW	24	16	28	11	20	0	0.00	-0.06	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	87	76	0	7	0	0
	FAIRBANKS	60	36	66	30	48	-2	0.00	-0.11	0.00	1.67	168	3.61	170	57	21	0	2	0	0
	JUNEAU	53	42	59	34	47	-1	0.98	0.19	0.27	14.87	162	25.52	131	97	63	0	0	6	0
	KODIAK	50	41	54	32	45	0	2.07	0.77	1.33	16.65	118	38.80	135	95	64	0	1	4	2
	NOME	49	35	54	29	42	5	0.11	-0.09	0.10	1.91	98	5.83	150	84	48	0	3	2	0
AL	BIRMINGHAM	81	65	88	60	73	2	4.31	3.20	1.70	20.01	148	26.15	111	96	58	0	0	4	3
	HUNTSVILLE	81	65	88	60	73	2	2.07	0.98	1.06	16.34	125	26.24	113	92	29	0	0	4	2
	MOBILE	85	67	90	59	76	2	0.07	-1.10	0.04	20.41	145	27.21	112	97	52	1	0	2	0
	MONTGOMERY	84	65	92	59	74	1	3.26	2.38	1.56	15.35	136	21.74	104	97	58	2	0	3	3
AR	FORT SMITH	87	62	94	56	74	5	0.04	-1.27	0.04	13.29	111	17.67	100	94	44	2	0	1	0
	LITTLE ROCK	83	66	89	61	75	6	0.03	-1.15	0.02	14.91	109	22.71	107	93	52	0	0	2	0
AZ	FLAGSTAFF	67	35	73	26	51	0	0.00	-0.17	0.00	4.35	135	6.00	80	49	15	0	2	0	0
	PHOENIX	94	71	104	65	83	1	0.00	-0.04	0.00	1.23	109	1.33	46	24	12	5	0	0	0
	PRESCOTT	74	47	81	40	61	-1	0.00	-0.11	0.00	3.99	233	4.63	110	44	12	0	0	0	0
	TUCSON	91	65	97	55	78	2	0.00	-0.05	0.00	0.31	34	0.59	22	22	7	5	0	0	0
CA	BAKERSFIELD	81	57	89	51	69	-1	0.00	-0.06	0.00	1.93	100	2.95	68	56	22	0	0	0	0
	EUREKA	58	46	59	42	52	-2	0.75	0.39	0.55	11.51	110	22.24	97	97	73	0	0	3	1
	FRESNO	80	57	88	51	68	-1	0.00	-0.09	0.00	4.49	140	6.29	86	64	24	0	0	0	0
	LOS ANGELES	68	57	77	54	63	-1	0.00	-0.07	0.00	1.59	63	5.30	63	86	56	0	0	0	0
	REDDING	78	56	86	47	67	-1	0.48	0.06	0.48	6.40	79	18.20	93	72	26	0	0	1	0
	SACRAMENTO	79	54	87	50	66	0	0.14	-0.04	0.13	2.00	46	7.05	61	81	27	0	0	2	0
	SAN DIEGO	69	54	77	16	62	-3	0.11	0.05	0.07	3.37	146	4.73	72	82	58	0	1	2	0
	SAN FRANCISCO	65	52	69	51	58	-1	0.15	0.04	0.15	2.44	55	7.74	63	86	51	0	0	1	0
	STOCKTON	82	51	89	47	67	-1	0.00	-0.13	0.00	3.28	97	6.74	79	84	29	0	0	0	0
CO	ALAMOSA	70	32	76	25	51	0	0.00	-0.15	0.00	2.53	175	2.99	147	73	13	0	4	0	0
	CO SPRINGS	76	46	82	41	61	4	0.00	-0.44	0.00	3.87	118	5.42	139	59	15	0	0	0	0
	DENVER INTL	77	47	86	42	62	5	0.59	0.09	0.59	3.44	93	4.63	103	64	18	0	0	1	1
	GRAND JUNCTION	77	50	88	39	64	2	0.00	-0.21	0.00	1.49	64	1.80	52	45	13	0	0	0	0
	PUEBLO	83	44	89	41	64	3	0.00	-0.35	0.00	2.41	73	3.44	88	72	11	0	0	0	0
CT	BRIDGEPORT	69	55	76	47	62	2	0.35	-0.39	0.20	9.59	94	13.45	81	100	49	0	0	3	0
	HARTFORD	77	53	82	39	65	6	0.33	-0.48	0.19	13.96	143	18.48	114	93	41	0	0	3	0
DC	WASHINGTON	79	63	87	56	71	5	2.59	1.69	1.70	12.11	136	17.23	120	92	56	0	0	4	2
DE	WILMINGTON	77	60	86	53	68	6	2.00	1.24	0.76	12.22	131	16.00	104	93	59	0	0	5	2
FL	DAYTONA BEACH	88	68	96	65	78	3	2.29	1.55	2.15	5.85	78	9.26	74	94	51	3	0	2	1
	JACKSONVILLE	89	67	97	64	78	4	0.92	0.26	0.52	8.24	106	16.70	120	94	47	3	0	3	1
	KEY WEST	86	76	88	73	81	0	1.68	1.01	1.46	5.43	107	11.02	130	90	69	0	0	2	1
	MIAMI	89	74	91	71	81	1	3.70	2.36	3.48	8.21	95	9.89	78	89	55	3	0	3	1
	ORLANDO	88	69	96	67	78	1	4.37	3.61	3.57	9.50	129	11.11	93	96	53	4	0	2	2
	PENSACOLA	84	70	88	64	77	1	0.23	-0.54	0.14	16.38	128	24.60	108	94	58	0	0	2	0
	TALLAHASSEE	90	67	98	62	78	3	1.23	0.59	1.09	12.00	117	19.87	105	92	42	4	0	2	1
	TAMPA	88	73	91	71	80	1	1.95	1.49	1.28	4.01	64	10.52	91	88	55	3	0	2	2
	WEST PALM BEACH	89	72	92	67	80	2	2.24	1.25	2.24	5.92	65	8.97	59	90	53	3	0	1	1
GA	ATHENS	81	65	88	57	73	3	1.64	0.94	0.68	11.87	123	19.07	104	97	62	0	0	5	2
	ATLANTA	81	66	89	58	73	3	1.25	0.47	0.81	10.78	103	19.54	99	89	57	0	0	4	1
	AUGUSTA	83	65	94	61	74	1	3.35	2.73	2.00	9.94	117	15.46	96	97	57	1	0	3	2
	COLUMBUS	82	65	92	61	74	0	0.77	0.09	0.38	13.14	123	20.56	106	94	56	1	0	3	0
	MACON	83	64	92	61	74	1	1.83	1.30	1.64	13.30	143	18.13	102	98	57	1	0	2	1
	SAVANNAH	85	69	95	66	77	4	3.80	3.07	1.74	12.29	143	15.24	103	91	54	2	0	3	2
HI	HILO	80	67	83	65	74	0	2.10	0.49	0.82	14.22	54	23.70	53	90	60	0	0	7	1
	HONOLULU	87	75	87	74	81	3	0.27	0.06	0.24	2.90	80	9.10	123	77	49	0	0	2	0
	KAHULUI	86	71	89	65	79	2	0.01	-0.16	0.01	1.74	39	6.15	69	82	47	0	0	1	0
	LIHUE	82	73	83	71	77	1	0.15	-0.39	0.06	5.50	61	9.06	58	86	63	0	0	4	0
IA	BURLINGTON	82	57	90	48	69	7	0.00	-1.14	0.00	6.07	67	6.84	56	82	33	1	0	0	0
	CEDAR RAPIDS	83	52	90	40	67	8	0.00	-0.92	0.00	6.54	84	7.04	71	82	32	1	0	0	0
	DES MOINES	80	55	86	46	67	6	0.00	-1.22	0.00	7.54	83	8.32	72	73	31	0	0	0	0
	DUBUQUE	80	53	89	42	66	8	0.00	-0.95	0.00	6.78	79	7.14	62	81	36	0	0	0	0
	SIOUX CITY	80	51	90	44	65	6	0.13	-0.76	0.13	4.76	68	5.17	61	76	30	1	0	1	0
	WATERLOO	81	53	87	46	67	6	0.00	-1.01	0.00	8.22	97	8.85	83	77	29	0	0	0	0
ID	BOISE	66	47	85	40	57	-3	0.38	0.04	0.38	2.14	63	6.26	108	74	31	0	0	1	0
	LEWISTON	65	48	74	45	57	-3	0.59	0.20	0.17	2.82	77	5.69	98	92	46	0	0	5	0
	POCATELLO	64	44	75	39	54	0	1.07	0.76	0.74	3.36	106	6.06	116	79	38	0	0	3	1
IL	CHICAGO/O_HARE	80	53	94	42	67	7	0.00	-1.05	0.00	6.54	75	9.46	74	79	39	1	0	0	0
	MOLINE	83	52	93	39	68	6	0.12	-0.95	0.12	6.27	70	8.45	67	85	31	1	0	1	0
	PEORIA	84	57	93	46	70	8	0.08	-1.02	0.04	8.14	87	9.68	72	83	31	1	0	2	0
	ROCKFORD	83	53	94	42	68	9	0.09	-0.81	0.07	6.59	79	7.89	68	77	30	1	0	2	0
	SPRINGFIELD	81	56	90	44	68	4	0.16	-0.86	0.16	8.12	88	8.88	67	87	42	1	0	1	0
IN	EVANSVILLE	82	62	89	53	72	6	1.19	0.01	0.95	17.30	135	23.01	118	93	49	0	0	2	1
	FORT WAYNE	76	56	86	46	66	5	0.15	-0.86	0.10	8.55	96	11.58	86	92	54	0	0	2	0
	INDIANAPOLIS	79	59	87	50	69	6	1.98	0.89	1.28	13.89	129	16.89	104	89	48	0	0	4	1
	SOUTH BEND	79	56	89	40	67	9	0.11	-0.83	0.06	9.39	115	12.09	92	87	43	0	0	3	0
KS	CONCORDIA	84	53	91	47	69	6	0.00	-1.01	0.00	2.40	38	3.38	44	75	25	1	0	0	0
	DODGE CITY	82	49	91	46	66	2	0.00	-0.71	0.00	3.70	75	4.70	77	79	26	1	0	0	0
	GOODLAND	80	46	85	40	63	4	0.00	-0.62	0.00	3.24	83	3.66	82	80	23	0	0	0	0
	TOPEKA	83	54	88	47	68	3	0.00	-1.16	0.00	4.89	55	7.13	64	86	31	0	0	0	0

Based on 1991-2020 normals

***** Not Available**

Weather Data for the Week Ending May 17, 2025

STATES AND STATIONS		TEMPERATURE °F						PRECIPITATION							RELATIVE HUMIDITY PERCENT		NUMBER OF DAYS TEMP. °F		NUMBER OF DAYS PRECIP	
		AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	EXTREME HIGH	EXTREME LOW	AVERAGE	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	WEEKLY TOTAL, IN.	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	GREATEST IN 24-HOUR, IN.	TOTAL, IN., SINCE MAR 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE MAR 1	TOTAL, IN., SINCE JAN 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE JAN 1	AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	90 AND ABOVE	32 AND BELOW	.01 INCH OR MORE	.50 INCH OR MORE
	WICHITA	83	56	88	51	69	3	0.00	-1.18	0.00	6.07	74	7.56	74	77	30	0	0	0	0
KY	LEXINGTON	77	59	83	47	68	3	1.83	0.58	1.20	19.76	165	29.43	155	93	56	0	0	3	1
	LOUISVILLE	82	63	86	53	72	5	0.78	-0.44	0.39	17.06	136	27.73	144	84	49	0	0	3	0
	PADUCAH	81	61	83	54	71	3	2.44	1.36	0.93	14.58	115	25.22	123	97	57	0	0	4	2
LA	BATON ROUGE	86	69	91	59	77	2	0.03	-1.10	0.03	16.47	133	24.18	104	91	51	3	0	1	0
	LAKE CHARLES	82	68	87	57	75	-1	0.15	-1.03	0.15	10.12	92	19.91	99	96	65	0	0	1	0
	NEW ORLEANS	86	69	91	59	78	1	0.00	-1.19	0.00	15.93	126	26.15	119	96	55	3	0	0	0
	SHREVEPORT	86	70	91	57	78	5	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	87	54	3	0	***	***
MA	BOSTON	70	54	79	46	62	4	0.35	-0.33	0.35	11.68	122	17.33	107	84	53	0	0	1	0
	WORCESTER	71	53	77	46	62	6	1.25	0.51	1.11	15.03	147	21.29	125	83	45	0	0	2	1
MD	BALTIMORE	80	61	88	53	70	6	3.16	2.31	2.76	10.39	110	14.48	93	93	56	0	0	2	1
ME	CARIBOU	69	43	86	34	56	4	0.69	-0.07	0.46	9.84	129	15.21	117	85	36	0	0	2	0
	PORTLAND	64	45	68	38	55	0	0.21	-0.56	0.19	14.01	133	19.22	109	96	56	0	0	2	0
MI	ALPENA	71	47	84	34	59	6	0.61	-0.01	0.46	8.35	139	11.84	127	90	46	0	0	4	0
	GRAND RAPIDS	76	54	85	42	65	6	1.15	0.27	0.46	9.73	113	12.77	96	91	45	0	0	4	0
	HOUGHTON LAKE	75	48	83	35	62	8	1.98	1.26	0.83	12.17	184	19.04	196	91	41	0	0	5	1
	LANSING	76	53	84	42	64	7	0.73	-0.09	0.68	8.63	116	10.61	95	91	43	0	0	3	1
	MUSKEGON	77	53	88	40	65	8	0.50	-0.28	0.27	7.30	93	11.20	90	94	43	0	0	3	0
	TRAVERSE CITY	77	49	88	34	63	8	1.72	1.09	0.53	9.55	163	11.88	139	90	43	0	0	5	2
MN	DULUTH	74	47	87	39	61	9	0.15	-0.61	0.09	5.11	89	7.33	95	77	42	0	0	2	0
	INT_L FALLS	79	54	96	34	67	16	4.65	3.97	1.90	11.61	280	13.70	243	70	35	4	0	3	3
	MINNEAPOLIS	78	56	90	44	67	8	0.26	-0.64	0.19	5.96	89	6.58	78	71	33	1	0	3	0
	ROCHESTER	78	53	87	42	65	9	0.02	-0.94	0.02	7.64	98	8.29	84	77	34	0	0	1	0
	ST. CLOUD	76	54	92	43	65	10	0.27	-0.56	0.27	4.90	80	6.07	80	74	40	1	0	1	0
MO	COLUMBIA	80	58	86	53	69	4	0.00	-1.09	0.00	8.28	78	10.30	69	87	41	0	0	0	0
	KANSAS CITY	82	56	87	51	69	5	0.00	-1.21	0.00	6.32	67	8.83	73	82	34	0	0	0	0
	SAINT LOUIS	82	62	88	57	72	5	0.71	-0.40	0.63	16.29	148	20.42	129	82	41	0	0	2	1
	SPRINGFIELD	81	56	84	52	69	3	0.00	-1.29	0.00	14.85	129	17.22	104	88	39	0	0	0	0
MS	JACKSON	85	67	91	62	76	4	2.70	1.76	1.39	18.59	133	30.66	125	96	57	2	0	4	2
	MERIDIAN	84	66	91	61	75	3	0.61	-0.28	0.33	11.98	88	20.09	81	95	57	2	0	4	0
	TUPELO	83	65	89	59	74	2	1.65	0.46	1.01	20.23	146	30.27	126	94	57	0	0	4	1
MT	BILLINGS	68	47	84	40	58	3	1.13	0.59	0.70	6.81	181	9.78	200	83	38	0	0	5	1
	BUTTE	56	36	72	32	46	-1	2.13	1.71	0.77	4.59	160	6.04	162	93	44	0	1	7	1
	CUT BANK	62	38	74	29	50	1	0.38	0.05	0.26	1.71	85	2.02	82	87	36	0	1	3	0
	GLASGOW	70	46	88	40	58	3	0.15	-0.32	0.09	0.67	26	2.00	61	77	33	0	0	2	0
	GREAT FALLS	62	41	75	32	51	0	0.80	0.29	0.39	3.93	113	6.89	149	97	46	0	1	5	0
	HAVRE	69	45	79	37	57	4	0.00	-0.37	0.00	2.21	95	3.91	124	91	34	0	0	0	0
	MISSOULA	62	43	73	34	52	0	0.48	0.11	0.20	3.18	102	5.81	117	95	45	0	0	3	0
NC	ASHEVILLE	76	60	83	54	68	3	2.06	1.13	1.20	12.43	120	17.62	98	96	57	0	0	5	1
	CHARLOTTE	80	65	87	59	73	4	1.35	0.63	0.80	11.26	117	16.07	99	89	59	0	0	5	1
	GREENSBORO	77	62	85	58	69	2	3.22	2.46	1.39	9.87	105	16.04	103	96	62	0	0	5	3
	HATTERAS	79	68	82	62	74	4	3.84	2.89	1.78	10.10	94	17.76	89	95	68	0	0	5	2
	RALEIGH	82	65	89	58	74	5	2.70	1.97	1.22	9.98	105	14.70	94	86	57	0	0	4	3
	WILMINGTON	82	68	90	61	75	5	3.23	2.24	1.10	9.82	105	13.74	82	96	65	1	0	4	3
ND	BISMARCK	73	50	97	35	62	7	2.39	1.84	1.27	4.79	140	5.75	130	73	45	2	0	3	3
	DICKINSON	69	45	95	34	57	5	4.07	3.52	2.13	6.31	200	6.57	177	87	47	2	0	3	3
	FARGO	79	55	95	37	67	11	0.58	-0.11	0.33	3.72	85	4.61	80	64	37	4	0	2	0
	GRAND FORKS	81	53	99	37	67	14	0.57	-0.06	0.49	3.55	101	4.24	94	66	34	4	0	3	0
	JAMESTOWN	76	50	93	35	63	9	0.39	-0.37	0.37	1.95	53	2.15	49	77	42	3	0	2	0
NE	GRAND ISLAND	83	53	91	44	68	7	0.00	-1.09	0.00	1.72	27	2.95	39	73	23	1	0	0	0
	LINCOLN	83	55	90	50	69	7	0.00	-1.17	0.00	3.20	46	3.68	43	72	27	1	0	0	0
	NORFOLK	80	53	89	46	67	7	0.00	-0.91	0.00	3.44	55	5.11	67	75	27	0	0	0	0
	NORTH PLATTE	81	47	89	31	64	6	0.13	-0.63	0.13	3.37	68	5.42	92	79	26	0	1	1	0
	OMAHA	83	57	90	48	70	7	0.00	-1.07	0.00	6.25	84	6.91	75	70	24	1	0	0	0
	SCOTTSBLUFF	81	49	93	40	65	8	1.35	0.72	1.33	3.72	85	5.04	95	70	22	2	0	2	1
	VALENTINE	73	49	90	36	61	4	1.96	1.16	1.10	5.33	113	6.09	108	88	39	1	0	4	2
NH	CONCORD	75	47	84	34	61	5	1.10	0.36	1.08	13.45	157	18.15	128	95	43	0	0	2	1
NJ	ATLANTIC_CITY	76	57	85	52	67	5	2.87	2.15	1.76	13.21	137	16.98	104	93	59	0	0	4	2
	NEWARK	75	59	87	52	67	5	1.63	0.80	0.97	10.72	106	14.04	85	84	49	0	0	3	1
NM	ALBUQUERQUE	81	52	87	44	66	1	0.00	-0.10	0.00	1.39	115	1.56	78	30	8	0	0	0	0
NV	ELY	64	36	78	21	50	-1	0.40	0.17	0.28	3.25	123	3.69	87	70	21	0	3	3	0
	LAS VEGAS	85	66	98	59	76	-1	0.00	-0.02	0.00	1.51	225	2.06	101	31	10	1	0	0	0
	RENO	67	46	75	38	56	-3	0.55	0.42	0.48	2.09	135	4.16	108	67	22	0	0	2	0
	WINNEMUCCA	67	41	83	26	54	-2	0.02	-0.25	0.02	1.35	53	2.73	65	72	23	0	1	1	0
NY	ALBANY	77	54	83	40	66	7	0.22	-0.49	0.21	12.52	157	16.18	125	90	44	0	0	2	0
	BINGHAMTON	71	53	77	41	62	6	1.24	0.43	0.70	11.29	129	16.92	123	89	52	0	0	5	1
	BUFFALO	73	56	82	44	65	7	0.72	0.00	0.47	8.27	103	13.75	99	83	46	0	0	3	0
	ROCHESTER	73	53	81	41	63	5	1.46	0.85	0.77	10.49	150	15.43	132	87	45	0	0	4	1
	SYRACUSE	76	53	83	39	64	6	1.08	0.35	0.39	11.81	141	19.15	143	90	48	0	0	4	0
OH	AKRON-CANTON	75	56	82	45	65	5	1.41	0.47	0.96	12.54	134	18.21	124	93	49	0	0	5	1
	CINCINNATI	78	60	84	51	69	5	1.11	0.04	0.81	16.77	147	24.07	135	89	51	0	0	3	1
	CLEVELAND	76	57	84	47	67	6	1.57	0.74	0.93	12.84	145	18.54	129	91	46	0	0	6	1
	COLUMBUS	78	60	85	49	69	6	1.38	0.50	0.64	12.38	128	17.50	116	95	54	0	0	5	1
	DAYTON	77	59	86	50	68	5	1.19	0.17	0.64	14.70	140	19.19	120	90	54	0	0	4	1
	MANSFIELD	75	56	82	45	65	6	1.56	0.65	0.66	13.83	140	18.40	118	94	50	0	0	6	1

Based on 1991-2020 normals ***** Not Available**

Weather Data for the Week Ending May 17, 2025

STATES AND STATIONS		TEMPERATURE °F						PRECIPITATION							RELATIVE HUMIDITY PERCENT		NUMBER OF DAYS TEMP. °F		NUMBER OF DAYS PRECIP	
		AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	EXTREME HIGH	EXTREME LOW	AVERAGE	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	WEEKLY TOTAL, IN.	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	GREATEST IN 24-HOUR, IN.	TOTAL, IN., SINCE MAR 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE MAR 1	TOTAL, IN., SINCE JAN 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE JAN 1	AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	90 AND ABOVE	32 AND BELOW	.01 INCH OR MORE	.50 INCH OR MORE
	TOLEDO	76	55	85	44	65	4	1.19	0.33	0.54	11.07	135	14.33	112	90	48	0	0	4	1
	YOUNGSTOWN	76	55	81	42	65	7	1.11	0.29	0.79	11.97	133	17.59	121	95	47	0	0	5	1
OK	OKLAHOMA CITY	84	55	95	51	70	2	0.14	-1.09	0.14	17.80	196	18.87	160	89	31	1	0	1	0
	TULSA	85	58	94	50	71	3	0.00	-1.32	0.00	15.56	146	17.78	127	86	33	1	0	0	0
OR	ASTORIA	57	47	59	44	52	-1	1.10	0.33	0.37	11.29	71	24.54	73	97	67	0	0	6	0
	BURNS	60	35	69	29	48	-5	0.53	0.24	0.39	2.13	83	6.39	137	92	34	0	2	5	0
	EUGENE	63	46	68	40	55	-1	0.91	0.35	0.67	10.26	110	19.58	97	97	51	0	0	5	1
	MEDFORD	66	47	75	42	57	-3	0.67	0.37	0.61	4.45	110	11.02	126	82	37	0	0	2	1
	PENDLETON	65	48	70	45	57	-1	0.69	0.37	0.38	2.61	79	5.74	95	76	40	0	0	2	0
	PORTLAND	61	51	64	49	56	-3	1.95	1.39	1.50	8.60	104	16.57	97	92	53	0	0	5	1
	SALEM	62	47	65	44	55	-3	0.75	0.26	0.26	8.71	100	18.58	96	94	53	0	0	5	0
PA	ALLENTOWN	74	55	82	43	64	3	3.28	2.49	1.79	14.51	157	18.02	117	96	58	0	0	4	3
	ERIE	73	58	78	44	65	7	0.61	-0.17	0.31	8.53	101	15.07	105	84	47	0	0	3	0
	MIDDLETOWN	76	58	83	50	67	4	2.03	1.18	1.07	12.49	133	15.88	106	91	56	0	0	3	2
	PHILADELPHIA	77	59	86	55	68	5	1.83	1.10	1.18	11.22	122	14.44	95	91	56	0	0	4	1
	PITTSBURGH	78	56	82	42	67	6	0.91	0.05	0.55	10.48	123	16.55	117	88	47	0	0	3	1
	WILKES-BARRE	74	52	81	40	63	3	1.31	0.62	0.55	11.30	145	13.89	111	93	52	0	0	5	1
	WILLIAMSPORT	76	55	84	42	65	5	1.89	1.02	0.89	11.52	129	14.55	102	93	52	0	0	4	2
RI	PROVIDENCE	71	52	76	41	62	3	1.43	0.74	1.30	13.40	121	18.78	102	93	47	0	0	3	1
SC	CHARLESTON	86	69	94	64	77	4	3.56	2.92	3.30	8.16	99	10.70	73	95	56	3	0	2	1
	COLUMBIA	84	68	94	60	76	5	3.89	3.15	2.60	14.28	175	18.00	119	90	52	1	0	2	2
	FLORENCE	86	68	95	61	77	5	1.97	1.17	0.98	9.87	122	13.55	96	92	56	2	0	4	2
	GREENVILLE	79	63	87	55	71	3	3.01	2.11	1.30	13.55	126	19.85	106	87	55	0	0	5	2
SD	ABERDEEN	77	51	93	39	64	7	1.57	0.78	0.86	5.41	115	6.46	110	70	37	3	0	2	2
	HURON	76	52	91	37	64	7	1.53	0.83	0.90	5.25	97	5.72	85	75	38	4	0	2	2
	RAPID CITY	75	49	95	33	62	8	0.22	-0.58	0.22	6.98	147	9.17	165	70	32	2	0	1	0
	SIOUX FALLS	76	54	88	36	65	7	0.52	-0.31	0.50	4.97	76	5.52	69	72	37	0	0	2	0
TN	BRISTOL	79	59	83	51	69	5	1.87	1.00	0.59	9.07	92	16.14	93	97	55	0	0	4	3
	CHATTANOOGA	82	64	88	58	73	3	4.19	3.30	1.50	20.19	160	28.24	124	96	54	0	0	5	4
	KNOXVILLE	80	63	84	57	71	4	3.05	2.12	1.25	16.63	138	24.63	114	95	58	0	0	4	3
	MEMPHIS	82	66	88	60	74	2	0.00	-1.17	0.00	15.96	108	23.07	98	92	61	0	0	0	0
	NASHVILLE	83	63	87	59	73	5	1.42	0.25	0.61	14.83	121	24.30	117	87	48	0	0	4	2
TX	ABILENE	90	63	98	50	76	3	0.00	-0.70	0.00	7.77	149	8.67	114	67	24	4	0	0	0
	AMARILLO	82	51	88	47	67	1	0.00	-0.50	0.00	8.44	221	9.13	180	70	20	0	0	0	0
	AUSTIN	96	68	101	54	82	6	0.00	-1.22	0.00	6.43	80	10.15	81	85	30	6	0	0	0
	BEAUMONT	84	69	90	57	76	0	0.00	-1.04	0.00	7.62	76	16.95	92	95	60	1	0	0	0
	BROWNSVILLE	94	74	95	66	84	2	0.00	-0.50	0.00	11.07	275	12.61	205	89	46	7	0	0	0
	CORPUS CHRISTI	91	71	94	57	81	3	0.00	-0.72	0.00	5.81	96	7.80	89	96	49	6	0	0	0
	DEL RIO	100	70	109	57	85	6	0.00	-0.75	0.00	1.48	35	1.81	33	67	16	7	0	0	0
	EL PASO	91	65	96	54	78	3	0.00	-0.10	0.00	0.65	103	0.74	52	20	8	3	0	0	0
	FORT WORTH	88	67	94	56	78	4	0.10	-1.04	0.07	9.63	105	16.93	117	83	44	3	0	2	0
	GALVESTON	83	76	86	64	79	2	0.00	-0.61	0.00	4.23	65	10.12	78	89	72	0	0	0	0
	HOUSTON	92	72	96	61	82	5	0.00	-1.12	0.00	7.78	78	16.61	99	84	39	5	0	0	0
	LUBBOCK	91	58	96	49	74	5	0.00	-0.61	0.00	4.46	119	4.67	92	51	12	5	0	0	0
	MIDLAND	95	65	101	52	80	6	0.00	-0.37	0.00	0.98	46	1.09	32	44	13	6	0	0	0
	SAN ANGELO	92	59	101	48	76	1	0.00	-0.70	0.00	6.24	140	7.23	110	70	18	6	0	0	0
	SAN ANTONIO	97	69	103	56	83	7	0.00	-1.08	0.00	5.03	70	6.97	64	83	27	6	0	0	0
	VICTORIA	90	68	93	52	79	2	0.00	-1.27	0.00	7.24	82	10.70	79	96	44	6	0	0	0
	WACO	89	66	94	52	78	4	0.13	-0.92	0.13	10.20	112	13.99	97	92	49	5	0	1	0
	WICHITA FALLS	89	60	97	51	74	3	0.00	-0.87	0.00	16.07	246	16.96	186	84	32	3	0	0	0
UT	SALT LAKE CITY	70	51	89	42	61	0	0.31	-0.12	0.28	3.63	73	4.73	61	65	27	0	0	2	0
VA	LYNCHBURG	76	59	85	45	68	4	3.67	2.77	2.60	9.27	99	18.31	116	96	60	0	0	5	1
	NORFOLK	81	64	91	54	72	5	1.67	0.86	1.26	8.02	88	15.35	100	93	58	1	0	3	1
	RICHMOND	80	60	91	48	70	4	1.84	0.95	1.11	11.67	125	20.09	132	98	60	1	0	4	2
	ROANOKE	76	58	83	47	67	1	3.92	2.97	2.33	8.43	91	17.26	112	95	58	0	0	5	2
	WASH/DULLES	79	59	89	48	69	6	1.93	0.84	1.67	7.23	76	11.94	79	95	53	0	0	5	1
VT	BURLINGTON	79	53	86	42	66	8	1.59	0.77	1.39	11.35	156	15.22	136	80	35	0	0	2	1
WA	OLYMPIA	60	45	64	41	52	-2	0.28	-0.23	0.13	8.90	83	16.76	71	95	54	0	0	4	0
	QUILLAYUTE	55	45	59	44	50	-1	1.26	0.35	0.69	21.25	94	31.22	65	99	73	0	0	6	1
	SEATTLE-TACOMA	60	48	66	45	54	-3	0.74	0.31	0.51	8.66	102	14.46	80	94	52	0	0	4	1
	SPOKANE	61	45	63	42	53	-3	0.72	0.37	0.31	3.65	94	7.48	102	88	43	0	0	5	0
	YAKIMA	69	45	71	34	57	-2	0.53	0.37	0.52	2.14	135	4.20	117	72	31	0	0	2	1
WI	EAU CLAIRE	79	51	87	45	65	8	0.85	-0.02	0.74	8.39	119	9.14	99	85	39	0	0	3	1
	GREEN BAY	78	52	86	41	65	9	0.51	-0.20	0.31	7.14	107	8.63	93	86	43	0	0	3	0
	LA CROSSE	80	54	88	47	67	7	0.00	-0.95	0.00	9.21	114	10.15	97	81	32	0	0	0	0
	MADISON	78	51	87	39	65	7	0.59	-0.29	0.28	9.36	114	10.43	93	90	36	0	0	3	0
	MILWAUKEE	72	50	84	41	61	4	0.88	0.11	0.81	8.96	112	10.66	93	88	49	0	0	2	1
WV	BECKLEY	72	55	78	45	64	3	2.89	1.81	1.01	9.94	97	23.12	140	90	52	0	0	5	2
	CHARLESTON	78	57	84	45	68	4	1.58	0.45	0.66	12.50	120	24.23	142	93	50	0	0	5	2
	ELKINS	76	51	82	41	64	4	1.81	0.61	0.93	11.63	106	20.93	119	100	51	0	0	5	1
	HUNTINGTON	80	60	87	46	70	5	1.27	0.24	1.00	9.96	93	20.59	120	86	47	0	0	4	1
WY	CASPER	71	40	84	29	55	4	0.17	-0.35	0.15	3.54	102	4.34	96	84	22	0	1	2	0
	CHEYENNE	72	43	82	39	57	6	0.11	-0.43	0.11	1.98	49	3.07	62	68	18	0	0	1	0
	LANDER	69	42	82	32	55	3	0.11	-0.52	0.07	7.57	155	8.89	146	76	24	0	1	3	0
	SHERIDAN	69	44	86	40	56	5	0.82	0.21	0.54	7.19	166	9.47	169	87	40	0	0	4	1

Based on 1991-2020 normals ***** Not Available**

National Agricultural Summary

May 12 – 18, 2025

Weekly National Agricultural Summary provided by USDA/NASS

HIGHLIGHTS

Warm, dry weather prevailed across parts of the Great Plains and Corn Belt, promoting crop development and advancing planting activities. The Pacific Northwest experienced below normal temperatures and light precipitation, while California remained predominantly dry. The mid-Atlantic and Southeast received above normal precipitation, reducing the number of days suitable for fieldwork in parts of Pennsylvania and North Carolina.

Corn: By May 18, seventy-eight percent of this year's corn crop had been planted, 11 percentage points ahead of last year and 5 points ahead of the 5-year average. Nationally, 50 percent of the corn crop had emerged by week's end, 12 percentage points ahead of last year and 10 points ahead of average. Warm weather promoted double-digit emergence in 16 of the 18 major estimating states.

Soybeans: Sixty-six percent of the nation's soybean acreage was planted by May 18, sixteen percentage points ahead of last year and thirteen points ahead of the 5-year average. Progress was furthest advanced in Louisiana and Iowa, with 89 and 84 percent planted, respectively. Thirty-four percent of the nation's soybean acreage had emerged by May 18, nine percentage points ahead of last year and eleven points ahead of average.

Winter Wheat: By week's end, 64 percent of the nation's winter wheat crop was headed, 3 percentage points behind last year but 6 points ahead of the 5-year average. On May 18, fifty-two percent of the 2025 winter wheat crop was reported in good to excellent condition, 2 percentage points below the previous week but 3 points above last year. In Kansas, the largest winter wheat-producing state, 49 percent of the winter wheat crop was rated in good to excellent condition.

Cotton: Producers had planted 40 percent of the nation's cotton by week's end, 2 percentage points behind last year and 3 points behind the 5-year average. In Arizona, progress was nearing completion, with 96 percent planted, ahead of both last year and the average. In contrast, precipitation reduced days suitable for fieldwork for a second consecutive week in Mississippi, delaying planting activities. On May 18 in Mississippi, only 31 percent of the intended cotton acreage had been planted, 39 percentage points behind last year and 29 percentage points behind the 5-year average.

Sorghum: Nationally, 33 percent of the sorghum crop was planted by May 18, two percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. Texas had planted 77 percent of its sorghum acreage by week's end, equal to both last year and the average.

Rice: By May 18, eighty-seven percent of the rice crop was planted, 4 percentage points behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. Planting progress was ahead of average in four of the six estimating states. By May 18, seventy-three percent of the nation's rice acreage had emerged, 2 percentage points behind last year but 7 points ahead of average. On May 18, seventy-nine percent of the nation's rice acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 2 percentage points above the previous week but 3 points below the same time last year.

Other Small Grains: Ninety-one percent of this year's oat crop had been sown by week's end, 5 percentage points ahead of last year and 8 points ahead of the 5-year average. All states except Nebraska were ahead of the average planting progress pace. Nationally, 71 percent of the oat crop had emerged by May 18, three percentage points ahead of last year and 6 points ahead of average. Fifty percent of the oat crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 3 percentage points above the previous week but 14 points below last year.

Barley producers had sown 75 percent of the crop by May 18, one percentage point behind last year but 3 points ahead of the 5-year average. Barley planting progress was ahead or equal to the 5-year average in four of the five estimating states. Forty-five percent of the nation's barley crop had emerged by May 18, equal to the previous year but 3 percentage points ahead of average.

By May 18, eighty-two percent of the nation's spring wheat crop was seeded, 6 percentage points ahead of last year and 17 points ahead of the 5-year average. Progress was most advanced in South Dakota and Idaho, with 99 percent of the acres planted in both states. By May 18, forty-five percent of the nation's spring wheat had emerged, 5 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 11 points ahead of average.

Other Crops: Nationally, producers had planted 51 percent of the 2025 peanut acreage by May 18, one percentage point behind last year but one point ahead of the 5-year average. Producers in Virginia had the largest percentage planted, reaching 70 percent of the 2025 intended acreage by week's end.

By May 18, producers had planted 100 percent of this year's sugarbeet crop, 3 percentage points ahead of last year and 19 points ahead of the 5-year average.

Sunflower producers had planted 13 percent of the crop by week's end, 4 percentage points ahead of last year and 7 points ahead of the 5-year average. North Dakota led the nation in planting progress for sunflowers at 19 percent, 11 percentage points ahead of average.

On May 4, the Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) on NASA's Terra satellite acquired this true-color image of widespread flooding along the banks of the sediment-laden Red River. Sediment is also apparent in the Texoma Reservoir. The Red River near Gainesville, Texas, crested 13.39 feet above flood stage on May 4, marking the third-highest crest on record in that location behind 17.05 feet above flood stage on June 19, 1987, and 15.08 feet on May 31, 1987.

On May 13, the Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) on NASA's Aqua satellite captured this true-color image of smoke billowing from wildfires in Manitoba, Canada, and northern Minnesota. On the U.S. side, the Camp House Fire—which started on May 11—charred more than 12,000 acres of vegetation and destroyed a reported 144 structures, while the Jenkins Creek Fire burned more than 16,000 acres. In eastern Manitoba, a fire north of Whiteshell Provincial Park has scorched more than 250,000 acres.

Crop Progress and Condition

Week Ending May 18, 2025

Accessible Data Available from USDA/NASS

Corn Percent Planted

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
CO	54	53	66	59
IL	63	54	74	77
IN	51	45	64	62
IA	75	76	91	85
KS	72	61	73	70
KY	64	52	63	74
MI	47	42	63	55
MN	77	75	92	77
MO	75	68	87	83
NE	76	73	86	82
NC	98	86	92	96
ND	47	41	69	34
OH	45	25	34	48
PA	32	32	40	40
SD	61	69	85	66
TN	82	76	83	86
TX	84	84	89	88
WI	62	44	73	65
18 Sts	67	62	78	73

These 18 States planted 92% of last year's corn acreage.

Corn Percent Emerged

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
CO	20	2	24	20
IL	46	25	54	48
IN	28	19	39	31
IA	44	30	58	49
KS	51	42	53	45
KY	48	33	43	52
MI	18	3	27	16
MN	35	30	58	38
MO	60	43	63	62
NE	35	36	58	43
NC	89	75	88	88
ND	11	5	25	7
OH	34	14	22	20
PA	7	3	17	10
SD	15	21	50	19
TN	60	51	65	64
TX	73	79	85	77
WI	21	5	23	21
18 Sts	38	28	50	40

These 18 States planted 92% of last year's corn acreage.

Cotton Percent Planted

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
AL	52	29	42	58
AZ	95	85	96	90
AR	65	36	60	60
CA	94	75	80	92
GA	45	24	41	45
KS	35	5	48	38
LA	58	36	58	68
MS	70	25	31	60
MO	73	54	66	60
NC	49	24	40	45
OK	19	9	28	19
SC	50	28	55	51
TN	49	29	49	45
TX	36	27	35	38
VA	59	42	53	53
15 Sts	42	28	40	43

These 15 States planted 99% of last year's cotton acreage.

Sorghum Percent Planted

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
CO	10	10	12	12
KS	12	5	13	10
NE	13	17	21	18
OK	31	24	30	20
SD	27	24	35	20
TX	77	74	77	77
6 Sts	31	26	33	31

These 6 States planted 100% of last year's sorghum acreage.

Soybeans Percent Emerged

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
AR	67	48	62	51
IL	29	22	45	33
IN	25	14	32	23
IA	22	16	42	25
KS	22	10	25	19
KY	30	16	26	26
LA	64	71	80	61
MI	16	3	23	13
MN	13	14	32	14
MS	73	62	69	63
MO	30	17	30	23
NE	19	19	44	25
NC	32	25	42	27
ND	1	1	7	2
OH	23	11	24	14
SD	6	7	23	7
TN	33	23	34	24
WI	19	5	19	13
18 Sts	25	17	34	23

These 18 States planted 96% of last year's soybean acreage.

Soybeans Percent Planted

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
AR	81	69	76	67
IL	55	51	67	64
IN	47	41	59	52
IA	58	64	84	71
KS	42	35	57	43
KY	45	35	43	46
LA	78	81	89	75
MI	39	29	53	50
MN	47	52	81	55
MS	85	71	76	78
MO	41	40	59	41
NE	57	62	80	68
NC	46	40	54	43
ND	29	26	46	23
OH	39	25	40	39
SD	34	51	71	43
TN	52	44	53	45
WI	54	40	66	53
18 Sts	50	48	66	53

These 18 States planted 96% of last year's soybean acreage.

Peanuts Percent Planted

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
AL	45	24	39	49
FL	70	45	60	65
GA	51	37	55	51
NC	57	41	58	45
OK	28	12	36	22
SC	62	39	62	60
TX	42	15	32	29
VA	79	46	70	62
8 Sts	52	34	51	50

These 8 States planted 95% of last year's peanut acreage.

Crop Progress and Condition

Week Ending May 18, 2025

Rice Percent Planted

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
AR	97	86	91	87
CA	64	40	60	75
LA	99	96	98	96
MS	87	80	85	88
MO	90	77	86	81
TX	98	95	97	95
6 Sts	91	80	87	87

These 6 States planted 100% of last year's rice acreage.

Rice Percent Emerged

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
AR	86	70	81	71
CA	9	5	15	20
LA	94	93	95	90
MS	69	69	76	69
MO	82	51	68	63
TX	91	90	92	87
6 Sts	75	64	73	66

These 6 States planted 100% of last year's rice acreage.

Rice Condition by Percent

	VP	P	F	G	EX
AR	0	2	24	54	20
CA	0	0	0	5	95
LA	3	5	12	67	13
MS	0	0	43	47	10
MO	0	6	7	84	3
TX	0	0	32	60	8
6 Sts	1	2	18	51	28
Prev Wk	1	1	21	49	28
Prev Yr	0	1	17	69	13

Winter Wheat Percent Headed

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
AR	90	85	93	90
CA	89	90	95	93
CO	18	9	28	18
ID	3	1	3	5
IL	89	46	63	77
IN	62	31	51	42
KS	88	71	84	71
MI	18	0	1	6
MO	94	76	92	83
MT	0	0	0	1
NE	20	2	29	14
NC	95	84	91	96
OH	65	14	33	28
OK	98	78	90	92
OR	27	20	32	26
SD	1	0	0	1
TX	95	89	95	92
WA	31	7	21	17
18 Sts	67	53	64	58

These 18 States planted 90% of last year's winter wheat acreage.

Winter Wheat Condition by Percent

	VP	P	F	G	EX
AR	2	4	41	50	3
CA	0	0	0	25	75
CO	6	12	36	43	3
ID	0	3	27	68	2
IL	0	5	35	49	11
IN	1	4	22	57	16
KS	6	14	31	43	6
MI	1	4	27	47	21
MO	0	4	19	61	16
MT	3	6	12	66	13
NE	20	21	31	27	1
NC	0	3	27	62	8
OH	2	4	28	56	10
OK	2	7	35	51	5
OR	2	10	27	48	13
SD	5	25	47	22	1
TX	11	20	37	24	8
WA	3	6	13	68	10
18 Sts	6	12	30	44	8
Prev Wk	6	12	28	46	8
Prev Yr	5	13	33	42	7

Spring Wheat Percent Planted

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
ID	92	97	99	92
MN	88	67	93	64
MT	78	61	76	74
ND	68	58	78	51
SD	94	98	99	92
WA	99	93	97	97
6 Sts	76	66	82	65

These 6 States planted 100% of last year's spring wheat acreage.

Spring Wheat Percent Emerged

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
ID	74	71	77	68
MN	63	20	56	41
MT	35	17	27	40
ND	27	20	39	20
SD	65	74	85	63
WA	92	78	89	81
6 Sts	40	27	45	34

These 6 States planted 100% of last year's spring wheat acreage.

Barley Percent Planted

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
ID	88	95	96	89
MN	83	48	77	63
MT	78	58	71	78
ND	61	44	62	46
WA	98	90	95	95
5 Sts	76	63	75	72

These 5 States planted 81% of last year's barley acreage.

Barley Percent Emerged

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
ID	73	67	75	66
MN	47	13	42	38
MT	40	19	37	41
ND	25	11	28	18
WA	86	69	76	72
5 Sts	45	29	45	42

These 5 States planted 81% of last year's barley acreage.

Sugarbeets Percent Planted

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
ID	97	100	100	97
MI	99	100	100	97
MN	97	91	100	75
ND	96	77	100	71
4 Sts	97	91	100	81

These 4 States planted 85% of last year's sugarbeet acreage.

Crop Progress and Condition

Week Ending May 18, 2025

Oats Percent Planted

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
IA	98	97	99	98
MN	89	72	92	79
NE	97	93	95	96
ND	56	55	71	47
OH	85	82	87	86
PA	79	80	95	82
SD	93	94	97	91
TX	100	100	100	100
WI	79	62	82	78
9 Sts	86	82	91	83

These 9 States planted 75% of last year's oat acreage.

Oats Percent Emerged

	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
IA	90	74	86	86
MN	64	34	55	56
NE	88	77	85	86
ND	20	18	34	18
OH	73	67	79	69
PA	57	48	55	58
SD	66	65	83	64
TX	100	100	100	100
WI	53	23	48	51
9 Sts	68	59	71	65

These 9 States planted 75% of last year's oat acreage.

Oat Condition by Percent

	VP	P	F	G	EX
IA	0	1	13	71	15
MN	1	1	24	66	8
NE	12	15	48	24	1
ND	1	2	53	43	1
OH	0	0	22	73	5
PA	1	2	12	75	10
SD	1	6	47	38	8
TX	22	22	36	16	4
WI	0	1	15	65	19
9 Sts	7	8	35	43	7
Prev Wk	7	9	37	41	6
Prev Yr	4	6	26	57	7

Pasture and Range Condition by Percent
Week Ending May 18, 2025

	VP	P	F	G	EX		VP	P	F	G	EX
AL	1	2	13	69	15	NH	0	0	4	72	24
AZ	46	45	6	3	0	NJ	7	25	21	47	0
AR	2	11	34	44	9	NM	22	24	19	11	24
CA	0	0	10	80	10	NY	0	0	25	64	11
CO	8	16	42	29	5	NC	0	1	40	56	3
CT	0	0	40	60	0	ND	8	15	38	37	2
DE	3	9	36	47	5	OH	0	1	23	67	9
FL	4	25	47	16	8	OK	2	8	36	45	9
GA	3	8	31	48	10	OR	6	9	17	44	24
ID	2	6	24	38	30	PA	4	5	10	61	20
IL	2	5	27	43	23	RI	0	0	0	100	0
IN	1	3	23	60	13	SC	2	8	36	49	5
IA	1	4	32	49	14	SD	6	20	50	22	2
KS	4	12	30	48	6	TN	1	6	21	56	16
KY	0	5	19	67	9	TX	9	17	31	35	8
LA	1	3	32	55	9	UT	6	18	26	45	5
ME	0	0	32	56	12	VT	0	0	0	69	31
MD	2	18	27	41	12	VA	6	18	40	35	1
MA	0	0	20	80	0	WA	1	2	31	65	1
MI	1	2	20	59	18	WV	1	9	40	47	3
MN	2	4	39	47	8	WI	2	7	26	55	10
MS	2	6	28	54	10	WY	20	27	33	17	3
MO	0	1	13	79	7	48 Sts	13	19	28	32	8
MT	23	22	22	23	10						
NE	13	35	36	16	0	Prev Wk	13	23	28	28	8
NV	30	55	10	5	0	Prev Yr	7	13	31	40	9

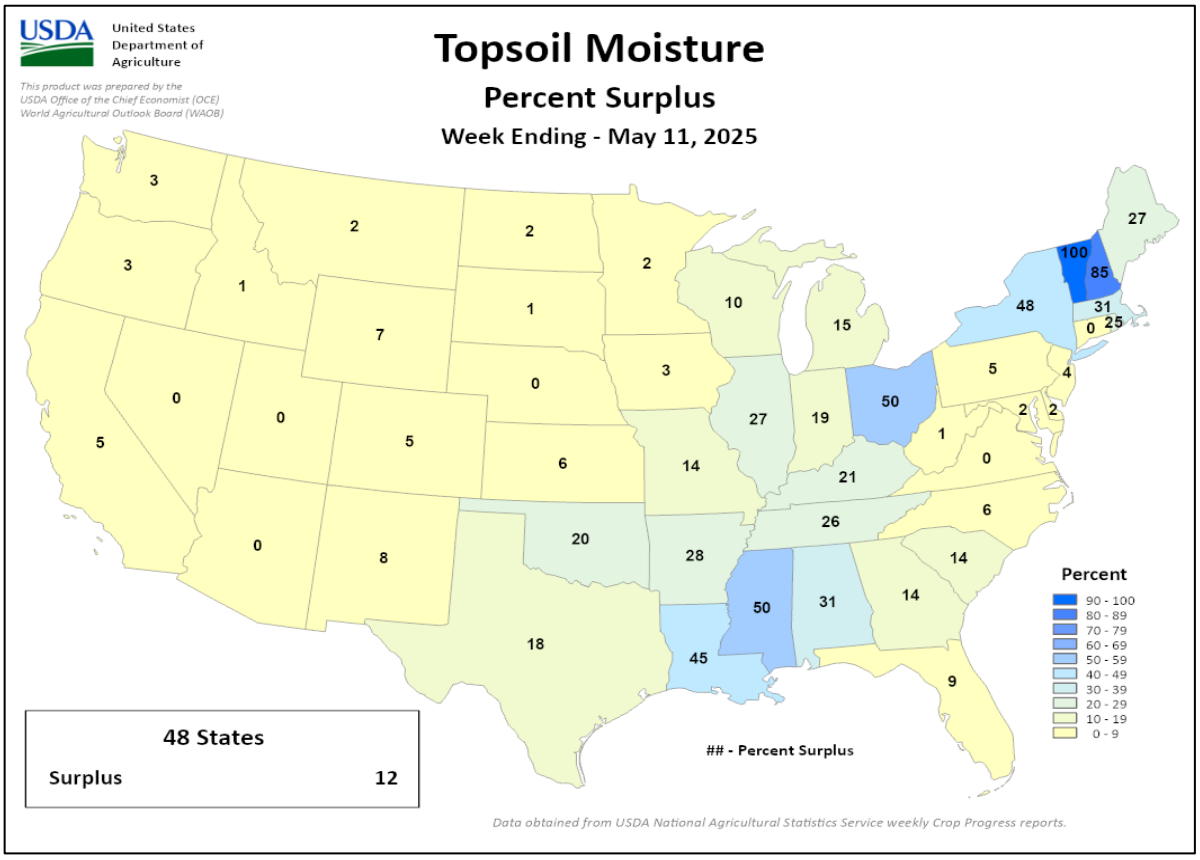
Sunflowers Percent Planted

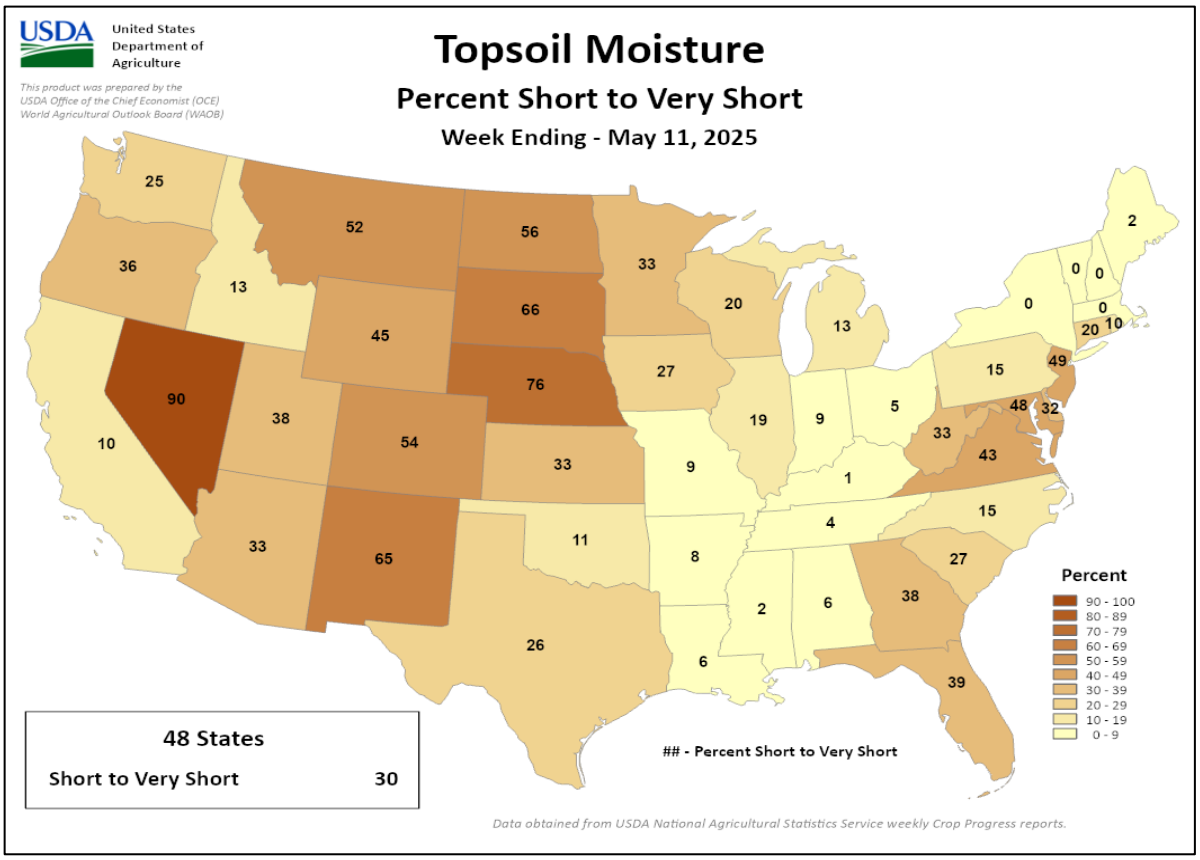
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 18 2025	5-Yr Avg
CO	8	4	11	9
KS	6	0	4	8
ND	16	7	19	8
SD	1	1	7	3
4 Sts	9	NA	13	6

These 4 States planted 87% of last year's sunflower acreage.

Crop Progress and Condition

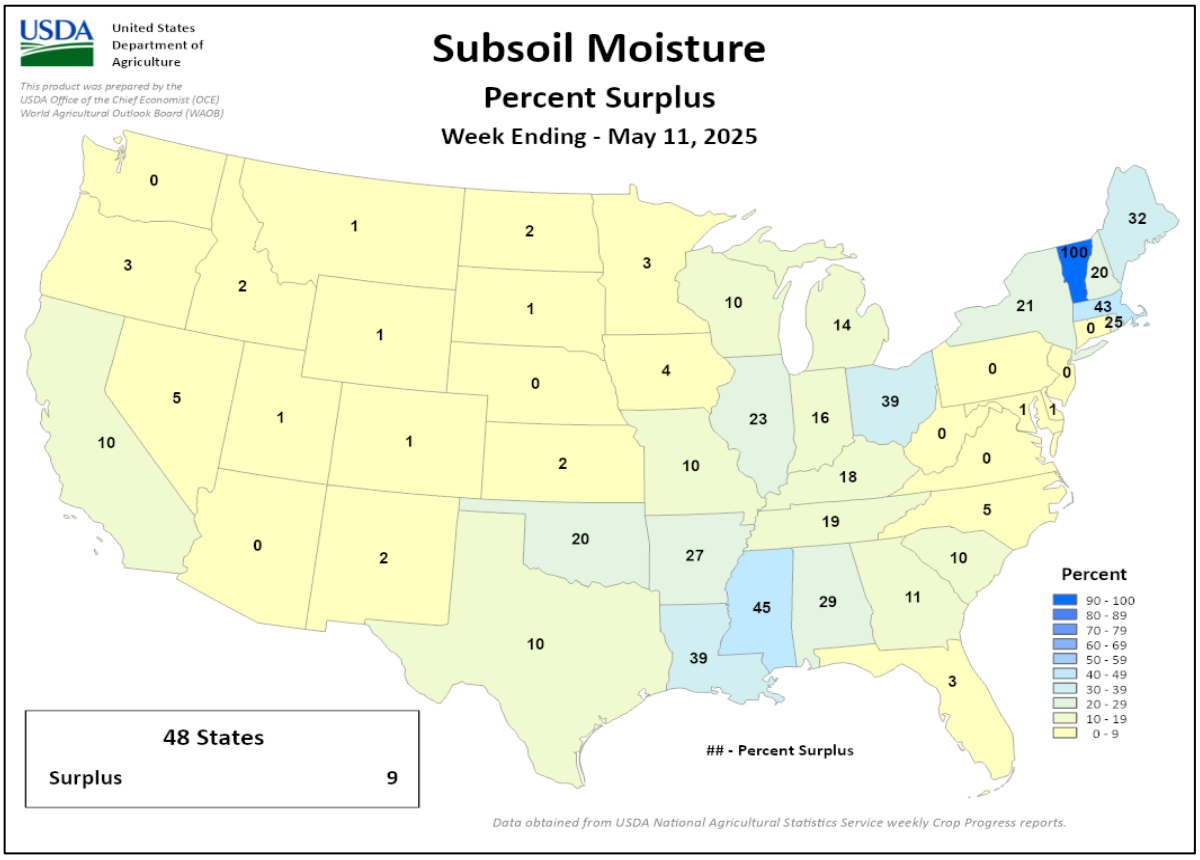
Week Ending May 18, 2025

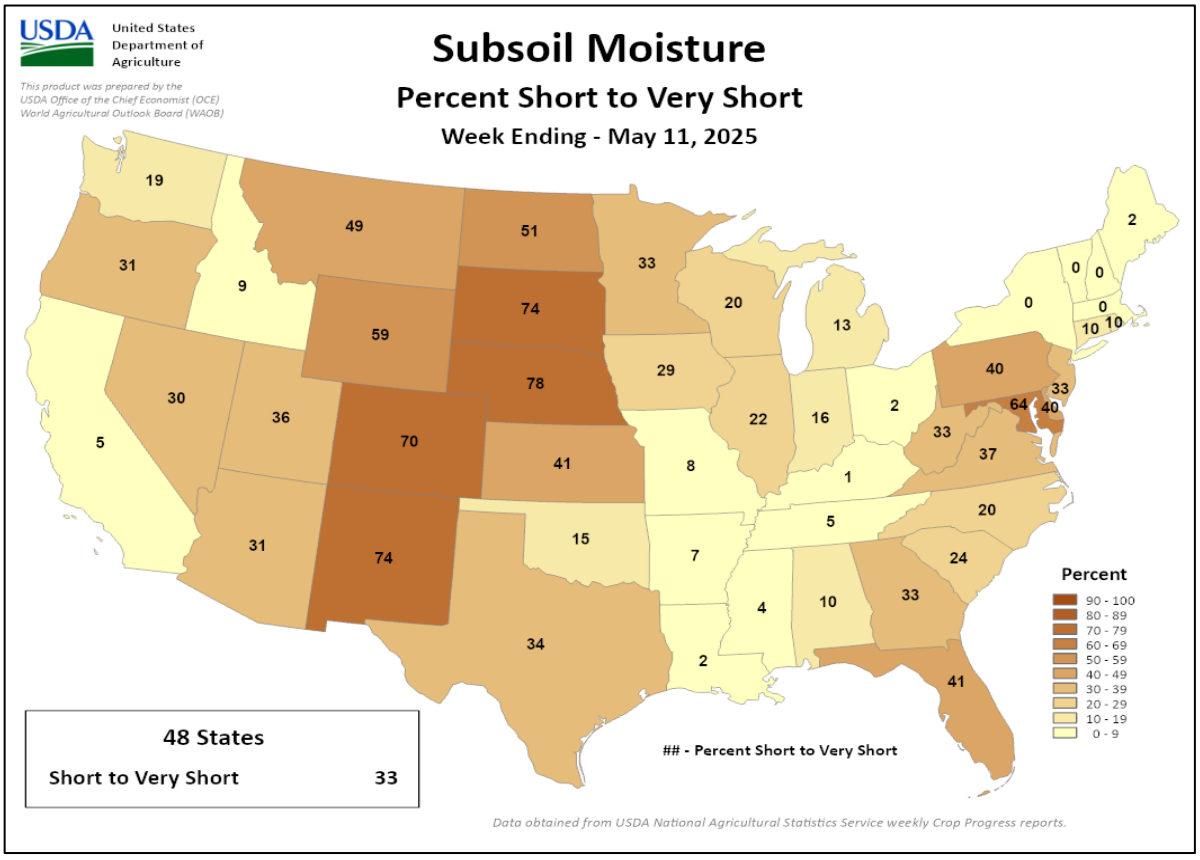




Crop Progress and Condition

Week Ending May 18, 2025





International Weather and Crop Summary

May 11 – 17, 2025

International Weather and Crop Highlights and Summaries provided by USDA/WAOB

HIGHLIGHTS

EUROPE: Unsettled weather across southern and eastern growing areas contrasted with increasingly dry conditions over much of northern Europe.

WESTERN FSU: Additional rain further eased dryness concerns in the west and sustained favorable winter crop prospects in southern Russia.

EASTERN FSU: Warm and showery conditions across northern Kazakhstan and central Russia favored spring grain and summer crop establishment, while additional scorching heat further lowered winter wheat prospects in Uzbekistan and environs.

MIDDLE EAST: Beneficial showers in Turkey and northwestern Iran juxtaposed with extreme heat and dryness in eastern Iran.

EAST ASIA: Widespread showers aided spring and summer crops in the south, while dry weather returned to the North China Plain.

SOUTHEAST ASIA: Widespread heavy showers continued to bolster moisture supplies in most of Indochina and Malaysia and improve conditions in the northern Philippines.

AUSTRALIA: Dry weather maintained a rapid pace of winter crop sowing across much of Australia, though showers returned to some eastern growing areas.

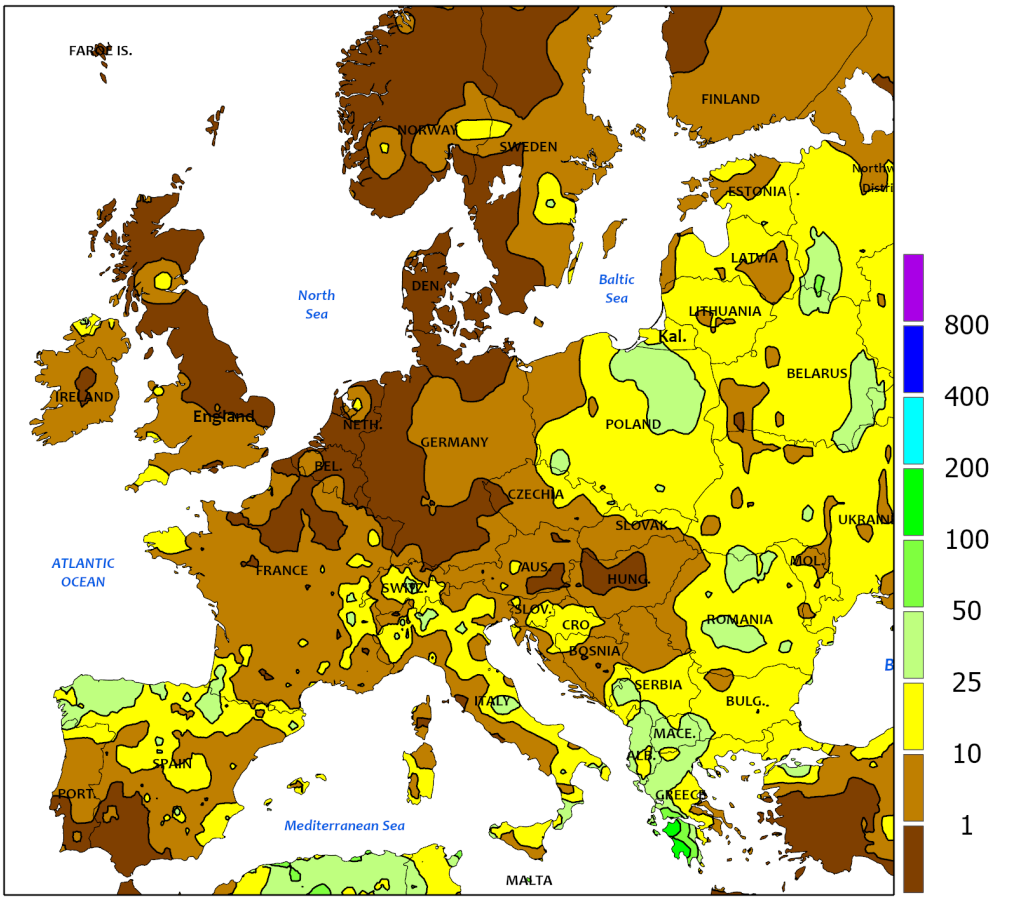
ARGENTINA: Moderate to heavy showers interrupted harvesting of soybeans and corn in Buenos Aires.

MEXICO: Scattered showers across the southern plateau corn belt promoted planting on a limited scale, with many producers still awaiting seasonal rainfall.

CANADIAN PRARIES: Rain across the eastern and western Prairies eased drought concerns but slowed a previously torrid planting pace for spring grains and oilseeds.

SOUTHEASTERN CANADA: As lingering drought continued to fade amid showery conditions, warmth supported pasture growth and winter wheat development.

EUROPE
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 11 - 17, 2025



Rainfall data from France is either missing or suspect.

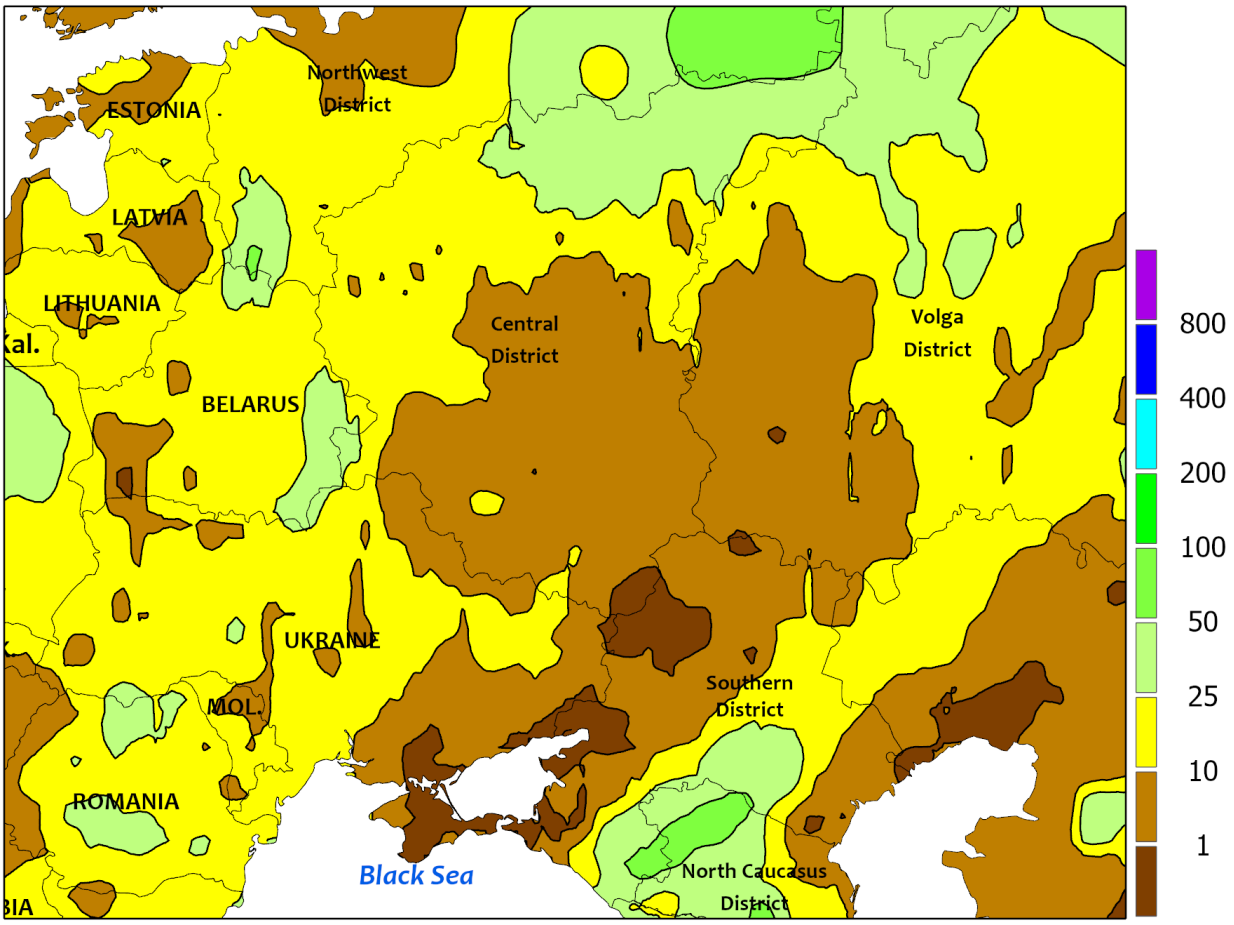
CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

EUROPE

Increasingly dry conditions over northern Europe contrasted with periods of rain over southern and eastern growing areas. A broad area of high pressure anchored over the British Isles maintained sunny skies and near- to above-normal temperatures (up to 3°C above normal) in England, northern France, Germany, and Scandinavia, facilitating seasonal fieldwork but further reducing soil moisture for vegetative to reproductive winter grains and oilseeds. Many of these northern growing areas have been unfavorably dry for much of spring (near 40 percent-of-normal rainfall since March 1) and need rain as winter crops progress through reproduction. A cold northerly wind on the east side of the high brought unseasonably chilly air (3-7°C below normal) to the eastern third of Europe, though most primary growing areas avoided damaging freezes. The cold air's arrival was preceded and accompanied by widespread rain and even some wet snow (10-55 mm) across the continent's northeastern quadrant, boosting soil moisture supplies for vegetative to reproductive winter crops, vegetative spring grains, and emerging summer crops. Meanwhile, an active southern branch of the jet stream maintained showers and thunderstorms — some severe — from Spain into Greece and the southern Balkans. Spring-to-date rainfall in Spain was more than 200 percent of normal and the highest of the past 30 years over much of the country. Showers were lighter (2-20 mm) but still beneficial for filling winter grains in Italy. In the Balkans, rainfall totaled 10 to 40 mm from southern Serbia eastward across Romania and Bulgaria, while Hungary and northern Serbia were mostly dry (5 mm or less). Moderate to heavy showers (20-40 mm) were likewise noted over much of Greece, boosting soil moisture and irrigation supplies for summer crops.

**Surface-based weather station data from France were either missing or suspect; radar and satellite data were used to augment the analysis.*

WESTERN FSU
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 11 - 17, 2025



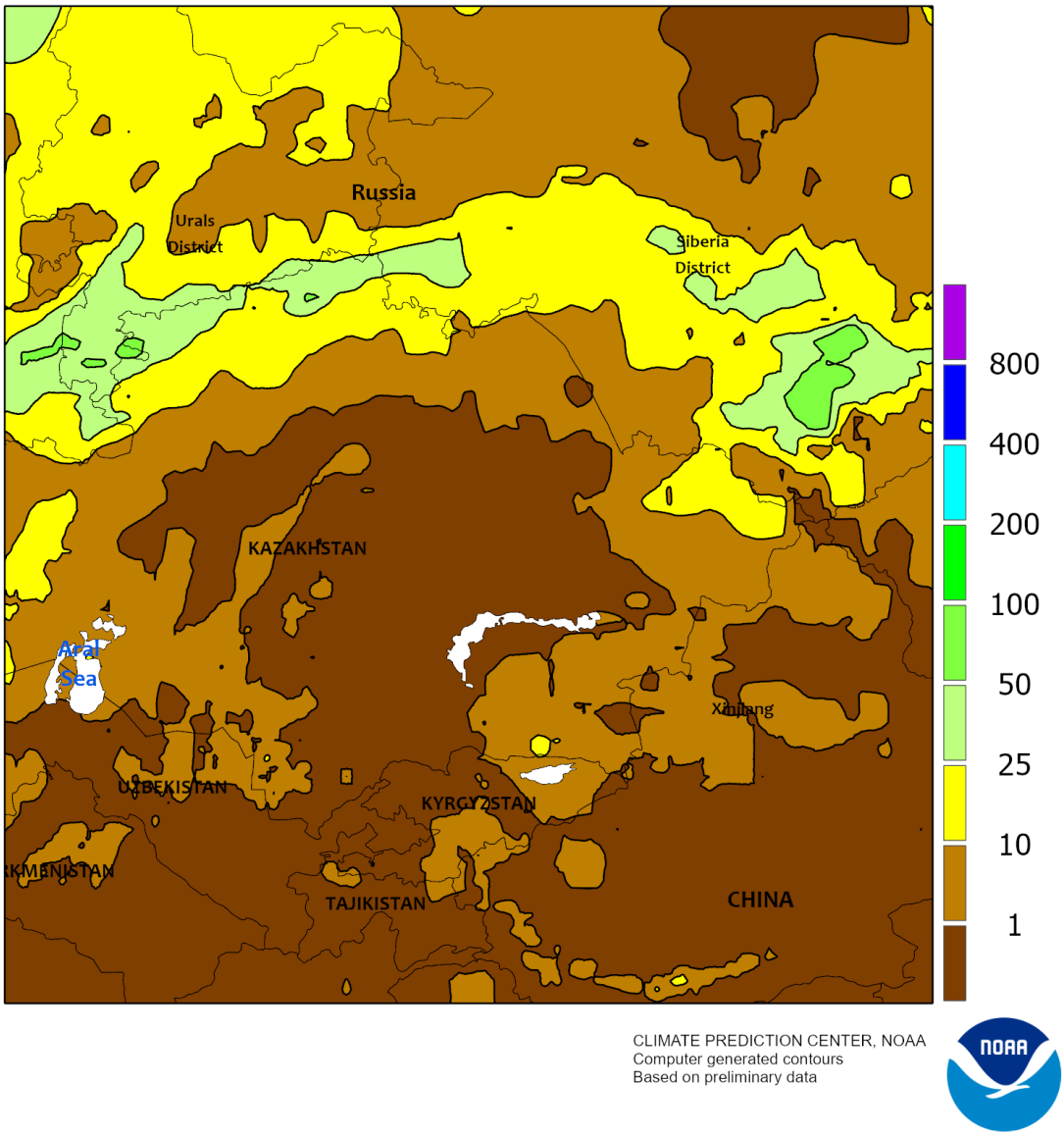
Data availability may be affected by the current geopolitical situation in Ukraine

CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

WESTERN FSU

Widespread rain further alleviated dryness concerns in the west and sustained good to excellent conditions in southern Russia. For the second consecutive week, moderate to heavy showers (10-35 mm) across Belarus, Moldova, and much of Ukraine further eased short-term dryness and provided timely moisture improvements for reproductive winter grains and oilseeds. Likewise, heavy rain (25-75 mm) in southern Russia's North Caucasus District boosted moisture reserves for reproductive winter wheat and emerging to vegetative summer crops. However, sharply colder temperatures (3-6°C below normal) slowed or halted winter crop development in Belarus, Ukraine, Moldova, and westernmost portions of Russia, though damaging freezes did not afflict any of the region's primary growing areas. Despite the wet weather pattern, a ribbon of dryness extending northeastward along the Ukrainian-Russian border reduced topsoil moisture locally for vegetative (north) to reproductive (south) winter crops.

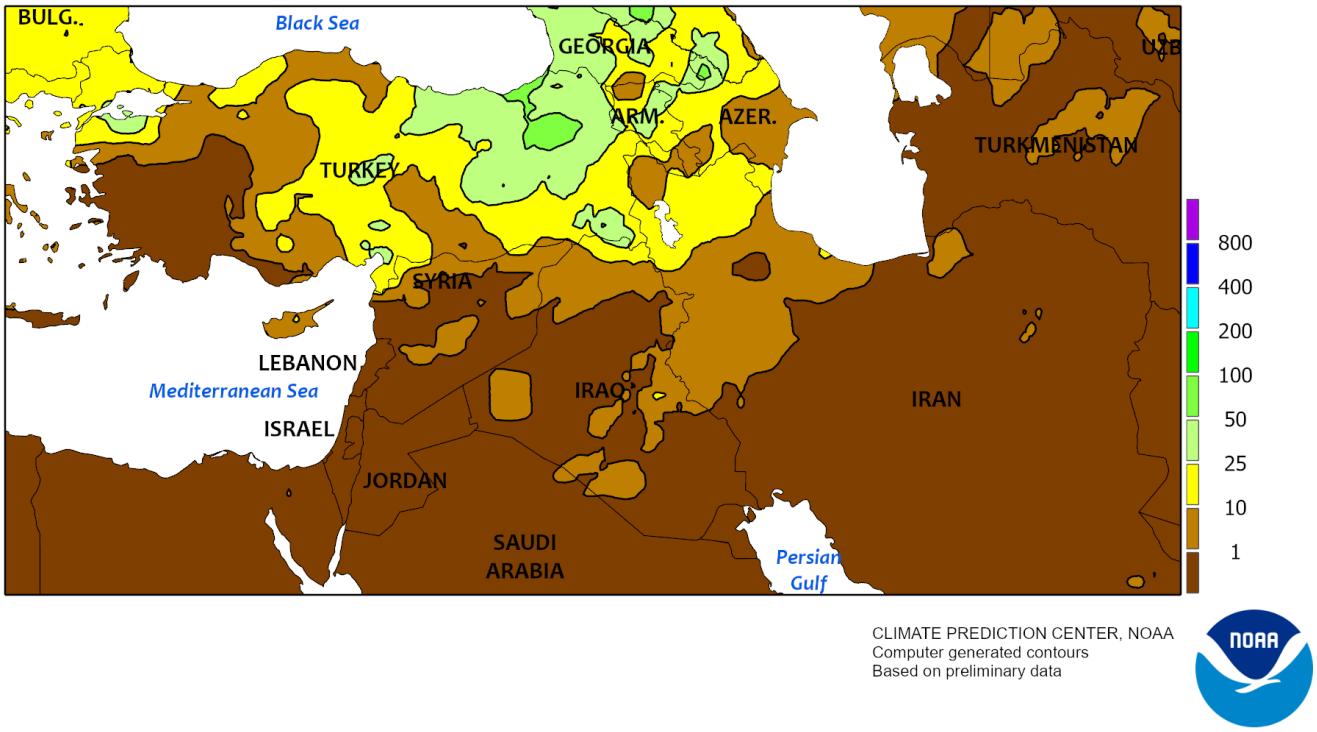
EASTERN FSU
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 11 - 17, 2025



EASTERN FSU

Continued warm and showery weather in the north transitioned to dry and very hot conditions in the south. Periods of rain across central Russia (5-55 mm) and northern Kazakhstan (3-30 mm) maintained favorable moisture supplies for spring grain and summer crop planting and emergence. Near-normal temperatures settled over the northern spring grain belt, while anomalous warmth (3-10°C above normal) persisted from northern Kazakhstan eastward into southern portions of Russia's Siberia District. Farther south across the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS), sunny skies and stifling heat afflicted winter wheat and cotton areas. Temperatures for the week averaged 5 to 8°C above normal in the CIS, hastening winter wheat toward maturity. Winter wheat in Turkmenistan has been subjected to 18 days at or above 35°C (peak of 42.4°C) since late April when the crop entered the heat-sensitive flowering stage of development. Likewise, central Uzbekistan's wheat areas have experienced 17 days at or above 35°C (peak of 42.4°C) since the crop reached flowering. Even the climatologically cooler Ferghana Valley of eastern Uzbekistan has recorded 8 days of 35-degree heat; this week's peak of 39.1°C was the highest May temperature on record (of the past 30 years) for this region.

MIDDLE EAST
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 11 - 17, 2025

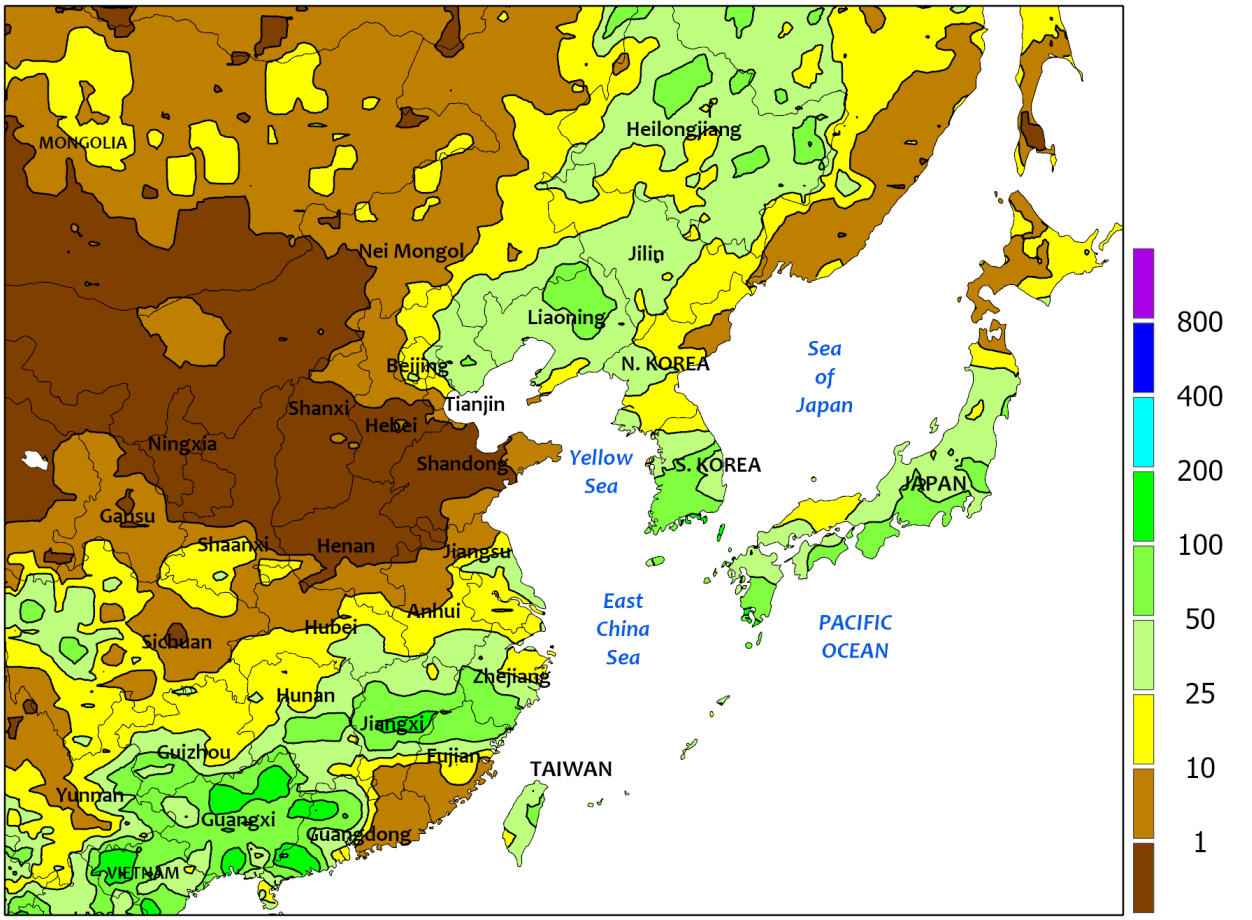


CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

MIDDLE EAST

Showers in central portions of the region contrasted with extreme heat and intensifying dryness in eastern Iran. A weakening disturbance produced addition moderate to heavy showers and thunderstorms over the eastern half of Turkey (10-50 mm, locally more in the Armenian Highlands), maintaining good soil moisture for reproductive to filling winter wheat and barley on the eastern Anatolian Plateau while boosting irrigation supplies for corn and cotton grown in the southeast. Late-week showers (20-25 mm) in northwestern Turkey (Thrace) were likewise beneficial for reproductive winter wheat. Similarly, light to moderate showers (5-25 mm) favored reproductive to filling winter grains in northwestern Iran and northern Iraq. Temperatures averaged near to as much as 4°C below normal over central and northern Turkey but 2 to 5°C above normal from southeastern Turkey into western Iran. Meanwhile, extreme heat (38-41°C) in northeastern Iran's Khorasan Province further lowered yield prospects for drought-afflicted winter grains which were rapidly approaching maturity.

EASTERN ASIA
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 11 - 17, 2025

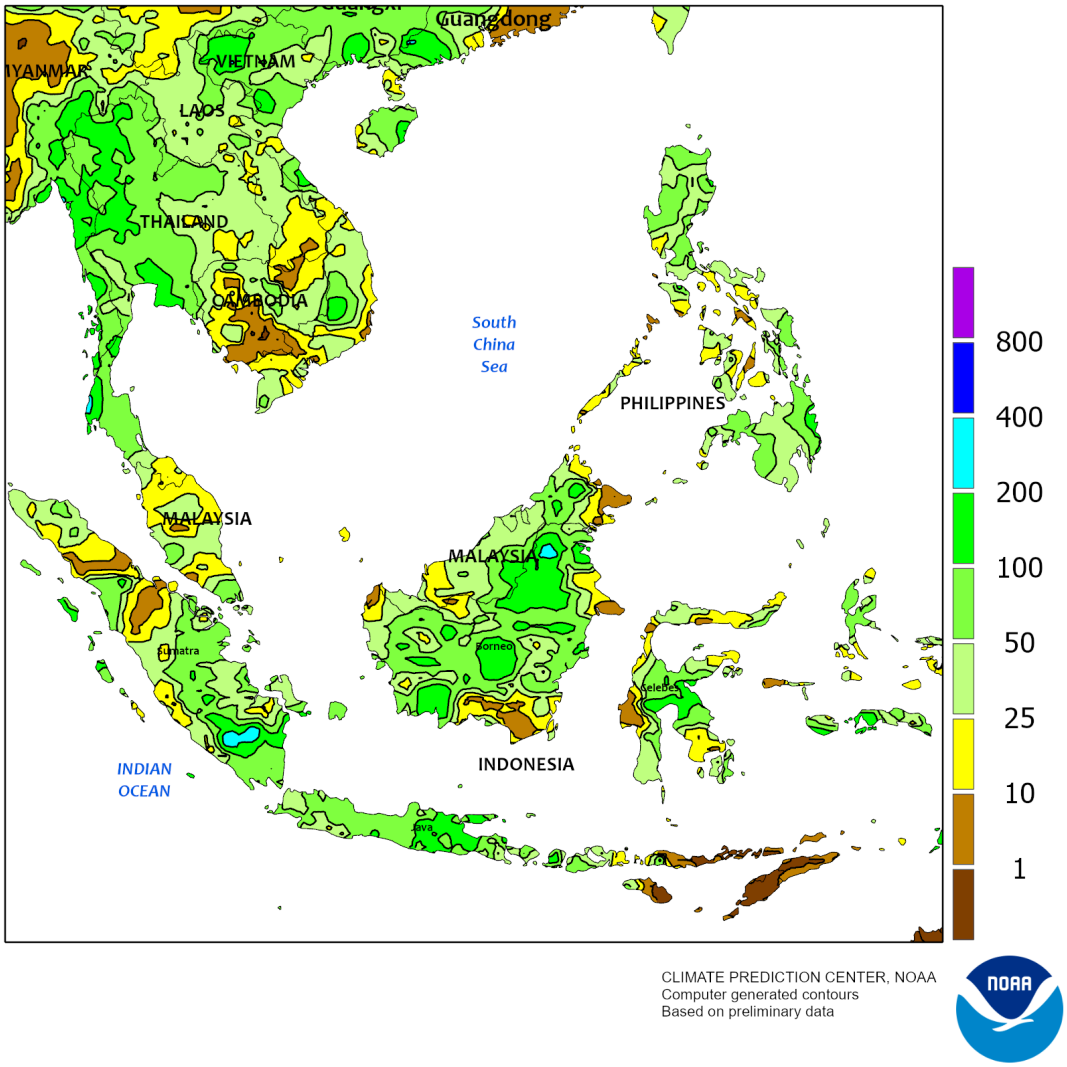


CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

EASTERN ASIA

Drier weather returned to the North China Plain, while widespread showers continued for crops in southern China. Various locations recorded as much as 180 mm rainfall, however, totals averaged between 25 and 100 mm for most of the aforementioned region, supporting early-crop rice entering reproduction. Temperatures in southern China averaged near normal, while up to 6°C above average were recorded elsewhere. Daytime highs averaged in the lower to middle 30s (degrees C). In other parts of the region, warm temperatures (1-5°C above normal) promoted development of irrigated cotton and showery weather on the Korean peninsula and Japan produced 25 to 100 mm in most areas, aiding establishment of rice and other crops.

SOUTHEAST ASIA
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 11 - 17, 2025

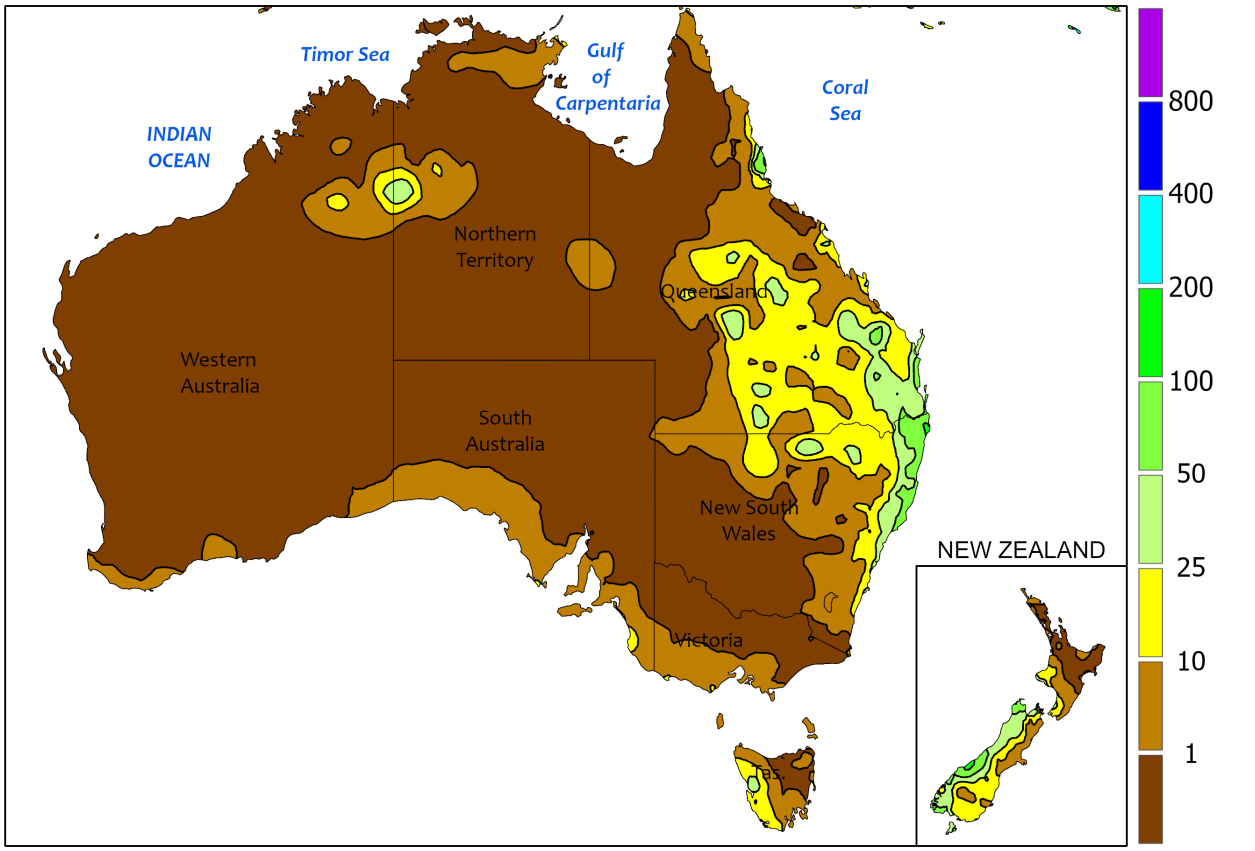


CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

SOUTHEAST ASIA

A moderate high-pressure system over Vietnam and the South China Sea caused southeasterly and southerly winds to prevail, resulting in hot temperatures with heavy to very heavy rainfall in Thailand and the surrounding areas. Recorded amounts averaged between 25 and 150 mm, with some locales reaching up to 300 mm. Widespread showers in the Philippines (10-100 mm) ensured good moisture conditions in advance of their main cropping campaign, as well as eased dryness in the north (Luzon) where rainfall amounts totaled up to 100 mm. Elsewhere (Malaysia and Indonesia), moderate to heavy showers (25-100 mm) continued to benefit oil palm. Temperatures throughout the region averaged near normal, with daytimes highs in the middle to upper 30s (degrees C).

AUSTRALIA
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 11 - 17, 2025



Gridded data from the Australian Bureau of Meteorology: www.bom.gov.au/
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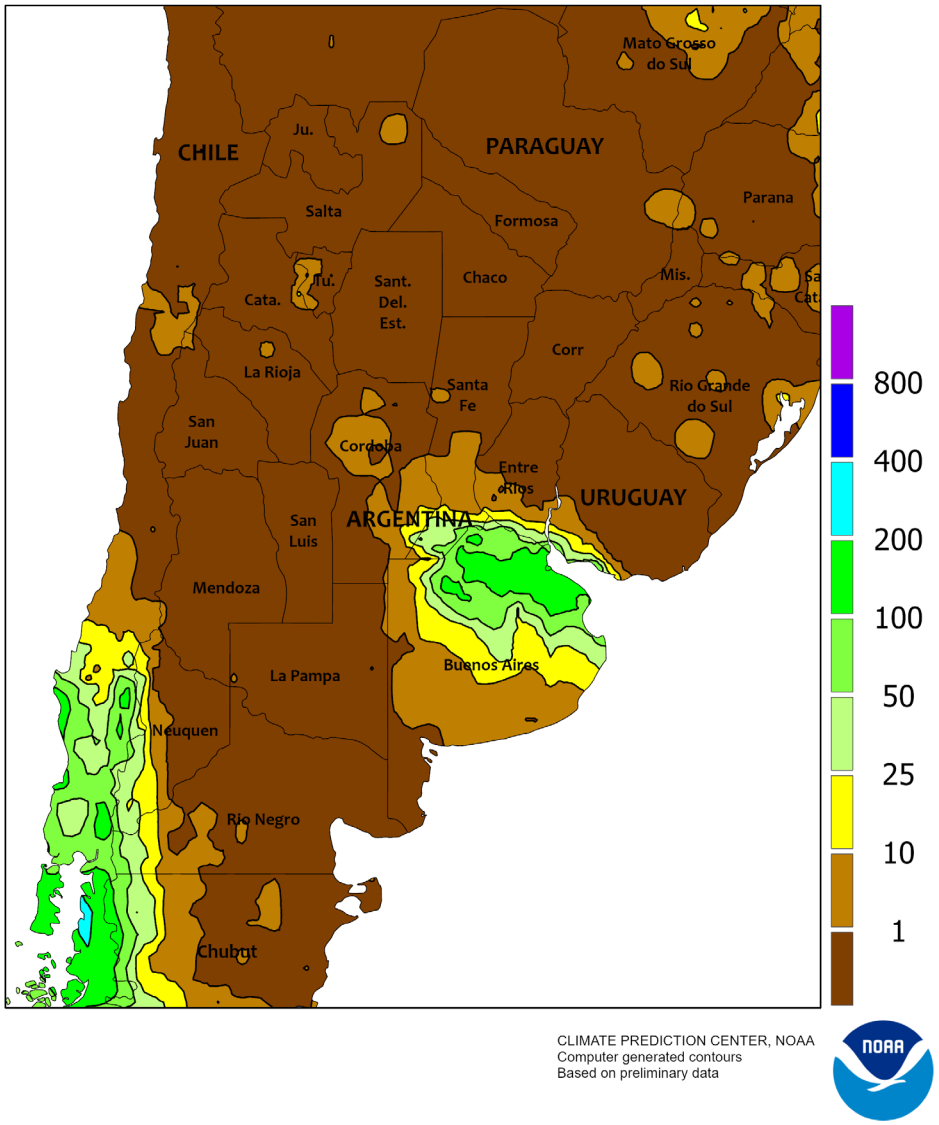
CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

AUSTRALIA

Continued dry weather and near- to above-normal temperatures favored fieldwork across most of the country. Fieldwork proceeded without interruption from Western Australia into Victoria and southern New South Wales. However, primary growing areas in South Australia, Victoria, and southern New South Wales continued to wrestle with drought and parched soils for winter wheat, barley, and rapeseed planting and establishment. Farther north, highly variable showers (2-50 mm) in northern New South Wales and southern Queensland maintained favorable soil moisture for winter crops. Temperatures averaged near normal in the south to as much as 3°C above normal in eastern and northern New South Wales, though daytime highs remained mostly in the 20s (degrees C).

ARGENTINA
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 11 - 17, 2025



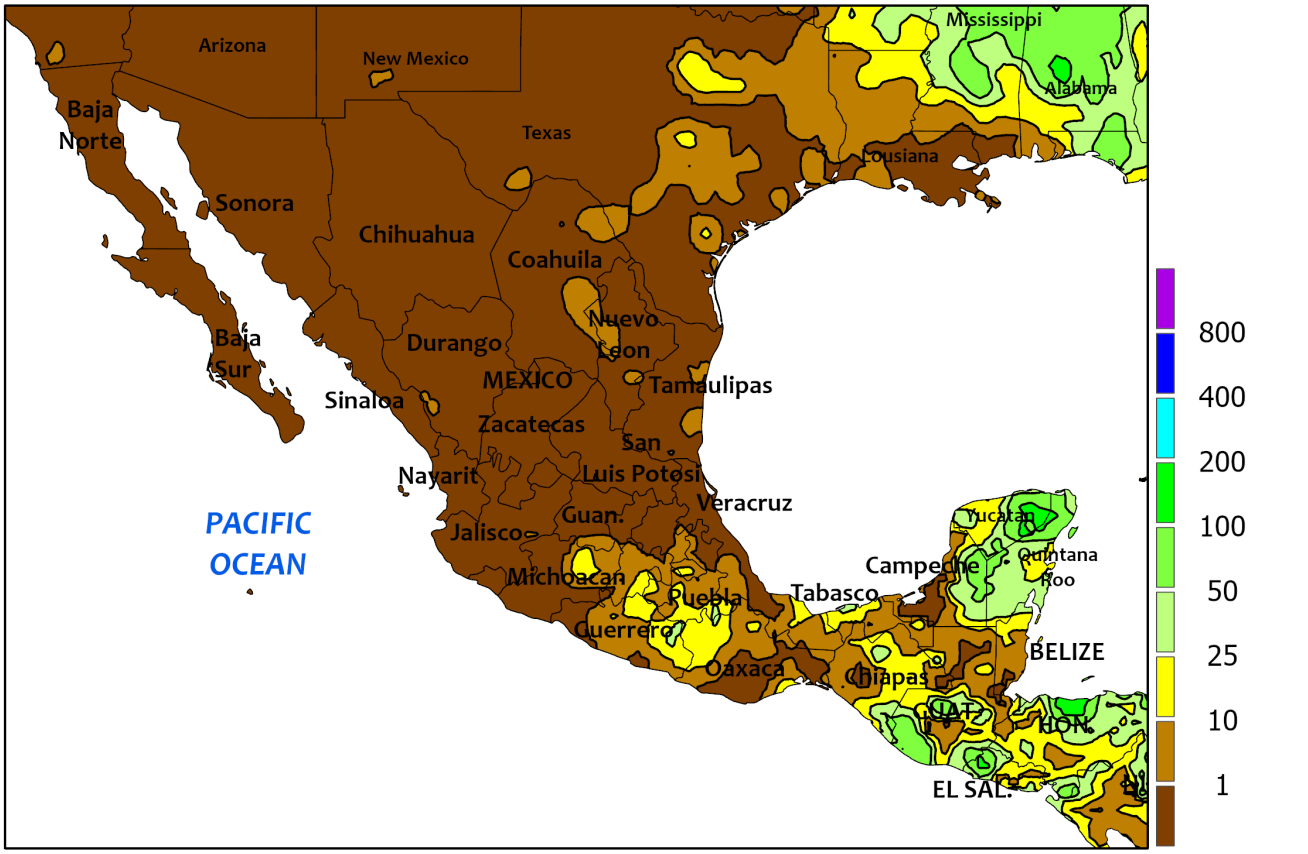
CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

ARGENTINA

Moderate to heavy showers delayed soybean and corn harvesting in northern Buenos Aires (amounts totaling over 150 mm). This is the second week of moderate to heavy showers delaying harvest around northern Buenos Aires. Cotton harvesting continued in northern Argentina as fields had an opportunity to dry out this week. Warm weather continued with weekly temperatures averaging 2 to 6°C above normal. Daytime highs ranged in the middle to upper 20s (degrees C) for most major farming areas except for the northern areas where the daytime highs reached the low 30s (degrees C). Nighttime lows stayed well above freezing. According to the government of Argentina, as of May 15, harvesting of corn was 37 percent complete while cotton and soybean harvesting was 30 and 66 percent complete, respectively.

This is the final weekly summary of the season; coverage will resume November of 2025.

MEXICO
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 11 - 17, 2025

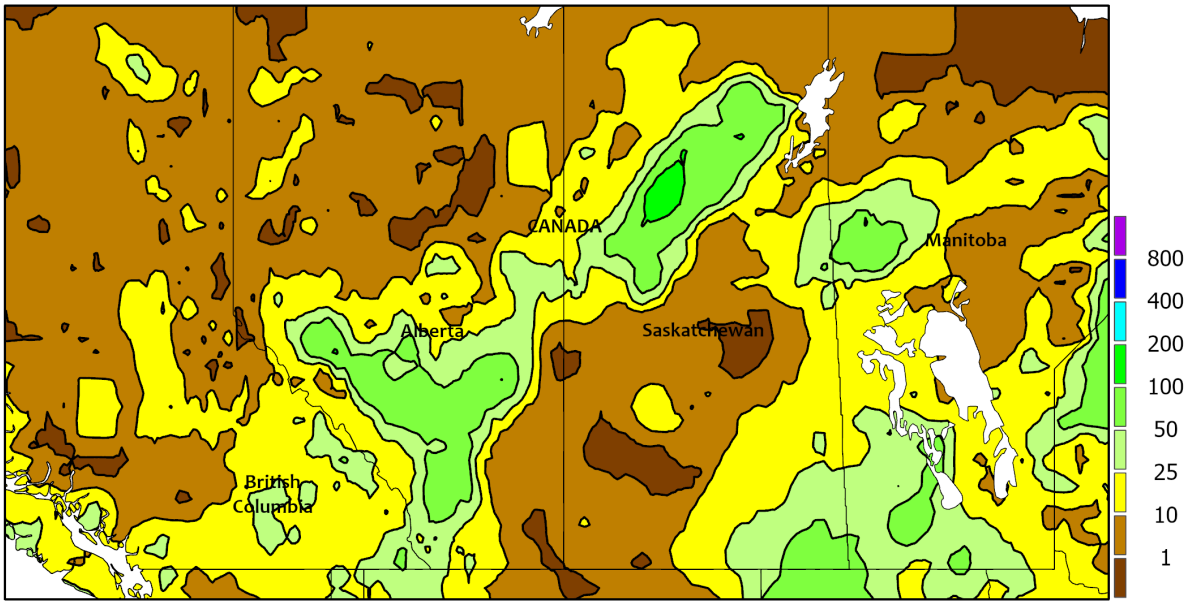


CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

MEXICO

Scattered showers across the southern plateau corn belt promoted planting on a limited scale, with many producers still awaiting seasonal rainfall. A few wetter spots received 10 to 25 mm or more, but rain has not yet reached the western corn belt, including the key summer corn production state of Jalisco. Meanwhile, mostly dry weather covered the remainder of the country, aside from some rain in southeastern Mexico and briefly heavy downpours across the Yucatan Peninsula. In much of the north-central state of Coahuila and neighboring areas, several days of extreme heat (high temperatures ranging from 40 to 44°C) further strained already drought-reduced irrigation reserves for cotton and other spring-sown crops. Near- or above-normal temperatures prevailed nationwide, with readings averaging as much as 2 to 4°C above normal in north-central and northeastern Mexico.

CANADIAN PRAIRIES
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 11 - 17, 2025



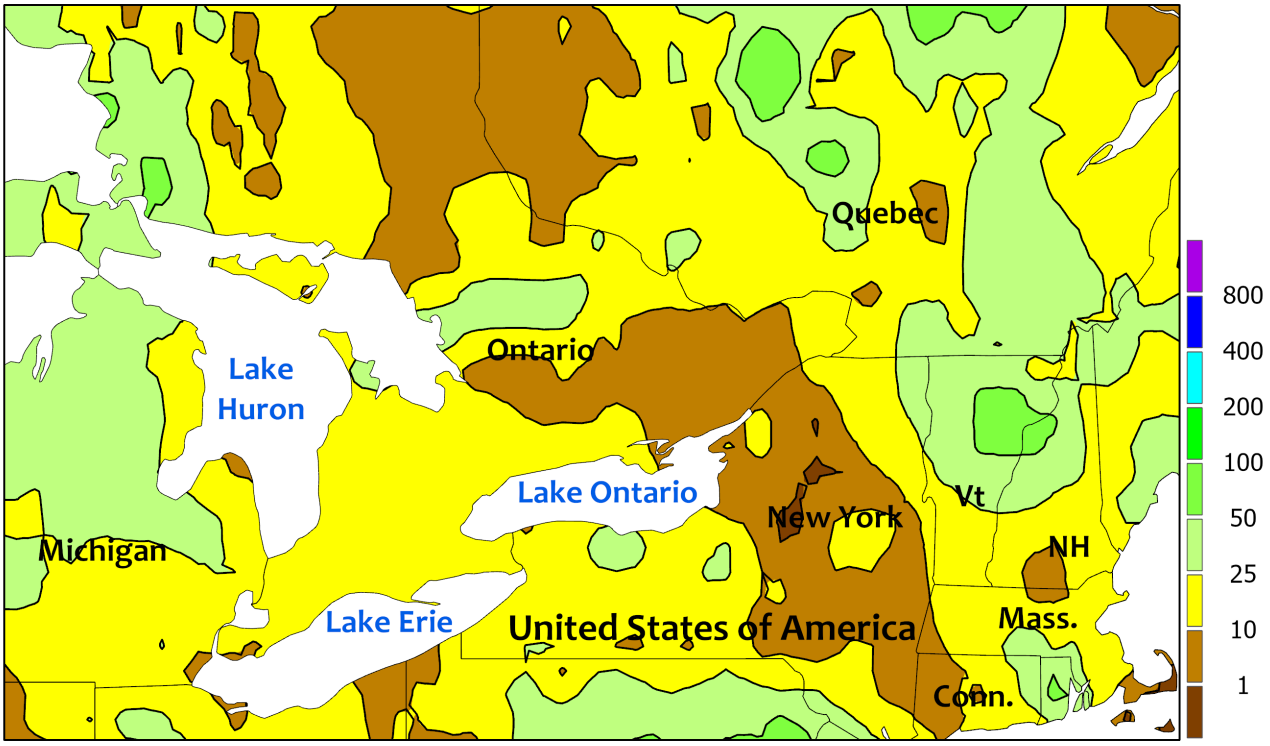
CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

CANADIAN PRAIRIES

Early-week heat across the southeastern Prairies was replaced by sharply cooler weather throughout the region, with widespread frost reported late in the week. During the brief heat wave, temperatures topped 30°C in southeastern Saskatchewan and generally ranged from 32 to 38°C in southern Manitoba, with some of the higher readings approaching or reaching record-setting levels for the month of May. By week's end, however, minimum temperatures ranging from -2 to 2°C were commonly observed across the Prairies, except for a slightly warmer pocket in southwestern Saskatchewan. Impacts of the temperature fluctuations on emerging spring grains and oilseeds should be negligible, although some pasture growth may have been burned back by the mid-May frost.

Meanwhile, separate areas of significant precipitation across the western and eastern Prairies eased lingering drought concerns. Some of the heaviest precipitation (25 to 50 mm or more) fell across southeastern Saskatchewan and southern Manitoba. In between the wet spots, a strip of dry weather extending northeastward from southeastern Alberta and southwestern Saskatchewan favored spring fieldwork. Prior to the arrival of wetter weather, provincial reports indicated that planting had been proceeding at a rapid pace. As the week began, planting of all crops in Saskatchewan was 49 percent complete, well ahead of the 10-year average pace of 34 percent. Similarly, overall planting in Alberta was 47 percent complete, versus the 10-year average of 29 percent.

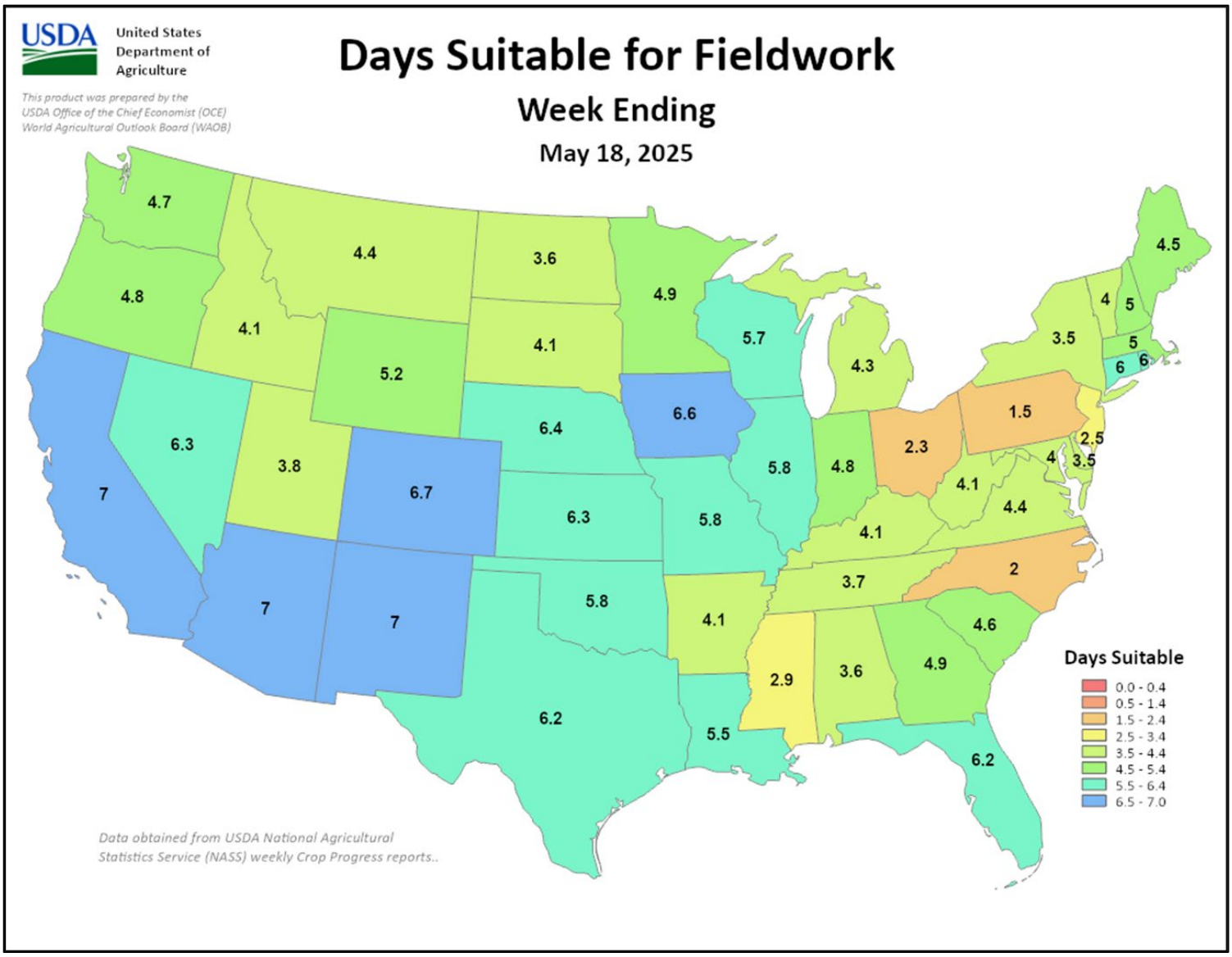
SOUTHEASTERN CANADA
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 11 - 17, 2025



CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

SOUTHEASTERN CANADA

Weekly rainfall totaling 10 to 25 mm, with locally higher and lower amounts, further reduced drought coverage across the southeastern tier of Canada. The recent trend toward wetter weather has left most farming areas with adequate soil moisture heading into the growing season. Additionally, very warm weather — with weekly temperatures averaging 3 to 5°C above normal and maxima ranging from 25 to 30°F — promoted pasture growth and winter wheat development, as well as early-season planting efforts for corn and other summer crops.



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