

# Crop Report

For the Period July 15 to July 21, 2025

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The rain that fell through wide parts of the province over the weekend was a positive sign for many producers. However, even within regions that received the rain the impact on crop and pasture conditions was variable. In some areas, the rain came just in time to carry crops forward through flowering and grain fill, while in other areas the rain came too late to make a difference to crops or pastures.

For areas that received precipitation, producers are hopeful pasture grass recovers from grazing and stress from dry conditions. In areas where heavy rain was received, livestock water sources should see some replenishment, reducing the need to haul water for livestock.

The cooler weather and recent rainfall have helped sustain or improve topsoil moisture in the province. Topsoil moisture is highly variable region to region, but most regions have seen an increase in ratings after the recent rainfall. Provincially, cropland topsoil moisture is rated as two percent surplus, 71 per cent adequate, 22 per cent short and five per cent very short.

Hayland topsoil moisture is rated as one per cent surplus, 60 per cent adequate, 30 per cent short and nine per cent very short. Lastly, pasture topsoil moisture is rated as 59 per cent adequate, 30 per cent short and 11 per cent very short.

The rain, along with the cool weather, will give crops a break from the lack of moisture they have been under and will help them fill. The Eston area reported the most rain this week with 83 millimetres (mm), followed by the Bethune area with 74 mm, and finally the Admiral area reported 68 mm. There were many areas that reported rainfall from 15 mm to 50 mm, while other areas saw rainfall ranging from 2 mm to 15 mm.

Crop development has leveled out closer to normal for the province, and crops should use the recent rain and cooler temperatures to develop at a regular pace rather than rush or delay development due to stress. Crop development varies from region to region, with drier areas showing the most accelerated crop development.

The rain impeded haying operations over the weekend as producers waited for the crop to dry before proceeding with baling. Haying operations are almost complete with 20 per cent standing, 21 per cent cut and 59 per cent baled or put up as silage. Hay quality is rated as nine per cent excellent, 55 per cent good, 31 per cent fair and five per cent poor.

## One year ago

Severe dry conditions and high temperatures had producers worried province about the negative effects on flowering crops leading to poor seed filling and lower yields. The continued heat wave also drove down topsoil moisture conditions across the province. Livestock producers especially hope for a break in the weather and for rain so their pastures and water sources receive some relief.

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## Provincial Crop Development

Crop	%	%	% Behind
	Ahead	Normal	
Fall Cereals	21%	76%	3%
Spring Cereals	15%	77%	8%
Oilseeds	13%	74%	13%
Pulse Crops	17%	80%	3%
Perennial Forage	21%	64%	15%
Annual Forage	14%	71%	15%

For further information, contact Matthew Struthers, BSA, AAg,

Provincial Specialist, Cereal Crops. Crops and Irrigation Branch,

Toll Free: 1-866-457-2377 or 306-630-8865, Email: [cropreport@gov.sk.ca](mailto:cropreport@gov.sk.ca).

Also available on the Ministry of Agriculture website at [saskatchewan.ca/crop-report](http://saskatchewan.ca/crop-report).



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INSURANCE CORPORATION

**Saskatchewan**

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Producers report their crops are still showing damage and stress from the numerous weeks of heat and overly dry conditions this growing season. Gophers and grasshoppers are causing minor to moderate damage to crops this week with some areas seeing higher damage depending on pest populations. With the large amounts of rainfall seen in some areas, flooding was a concern for some producers as low spots in their fields have filled with water. The rain and strong winds have led to cereal crops lodging across many regions, and producers are hopeful the damage is minor and their crops can recover in time for harvest.

Producers whose crops are furthest along are beginning to get their equipment ready. The Ministry of Agriculture reminds producers to operate safely during the pressures of harvest time. Please remember to use every precaution available for fire prevention as the extremely dry conditions increase the risk of combine and grass fires.

Over the upcoming weeks, producers will be busy finishing fungicide spraying, haying and getting equipment ready for harvest. Producers are reminded to keep safety top of mind while working.

For any crop or livestock questions, producers are encouraged to call the Agriculture Knowledge Centre, toll free: 1-866-457-2377.

This can be a stressful time of year for producers as weather conditions can be unpredictable. The Farm Stress Line can help by providing support for producers toll free at 1-800-667-4442.

A complete, printable version of the Crop Report is available online – [Download Crop Report](#). Follow the 2025 Crop Report on X (Twitter) at [@SKAgriculture](#).

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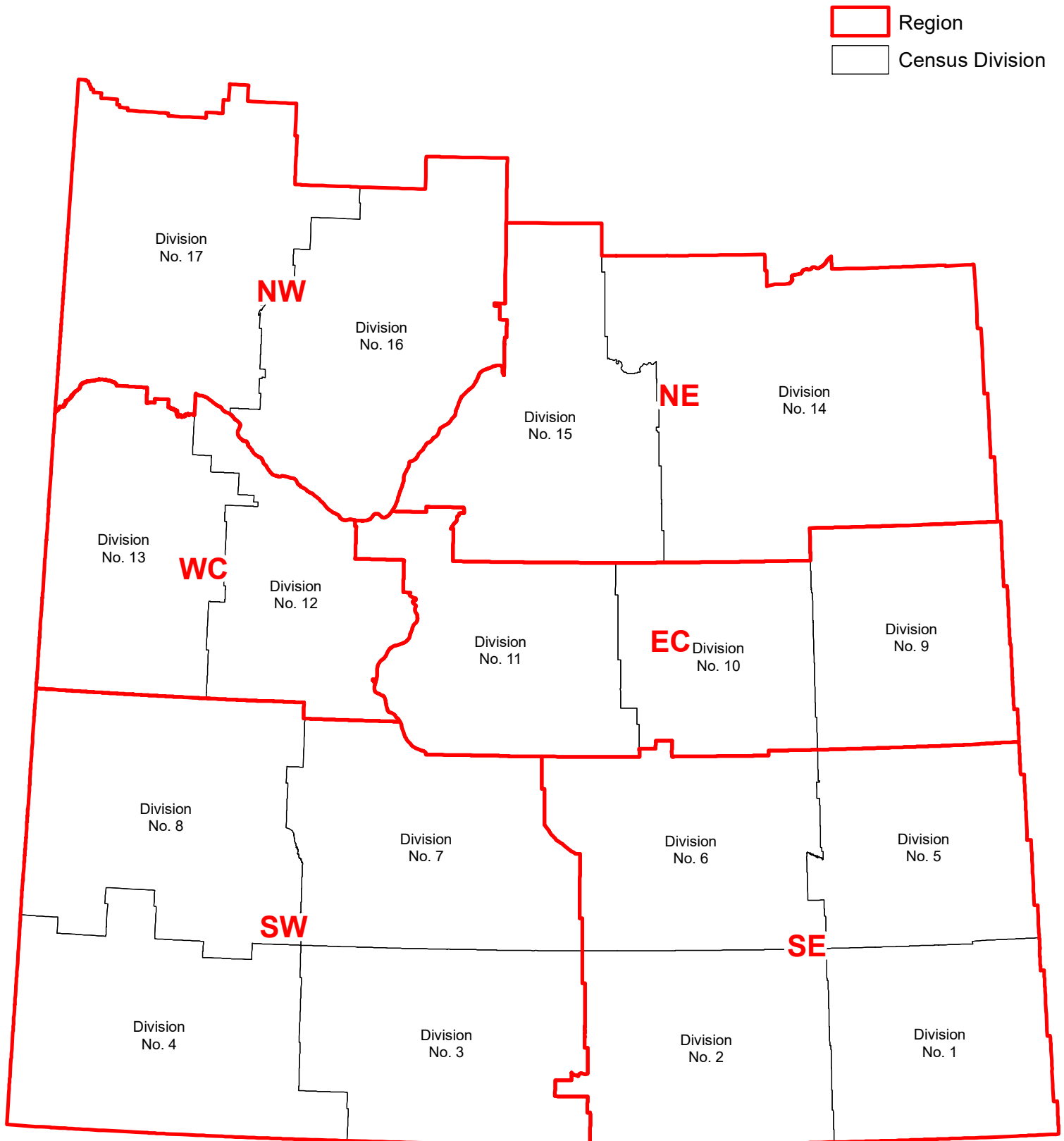


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# Crop Report Regions & Census Divisions



**Southeastern Saskatchewan:**

- Census Division 1 – Carnduff, Estevan, Lampman, Redvers and Stoughton areas
- Census Division 2 – Avonlea, Fillmore, Minton, Radville and Weyburn areas
- Census Division 5 – Broadview, Esterhazy, Melville and Moosomin areas
- Census Division 6 – Belle Plaine, Cupar, Lumsden, Indian Head, Regina and Rouleau areas

General rainfall across the region was a welcome sight. Some producers received decent rains that will help their crops, while others simply did not get enough to make significant change in growing conditions. Those who missed the rain are hoping for some soon to allow their crops to finish out at the top of their potential.

The highest amount of rain fell in the Bethune area at 70 millimeters (mm). The Big Beaver area received 46 mm over the past week and the Radville and Weyburn areas each received 36 mm. Many other areas received various amounts of rainfall.

Areas that received significant rainfall in the southeast this week experienced minor to severe flooding. Topsoil moisture conditions have rebounded where cropland topsoil moisture is now rated as one per cent surplus, 84 per cent adequate, 14 per cent short and one per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is rated as 83 per cent adequate, 16 per cent short and one per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is rated as 82 per cent adequate, 17 per cent short and one per cent very short.

Crop development remains largely normal due to adequate moisture throughout much of the region over the growing season. Winter cereal crops have begun to turn and ripen, while spring seeded crops are still flowering or are in kernel and seed development stages.

Haying activities were slowed in the region this past week due to rain but 32 per cent of the crop has now been cut and 49 per cent of it is baled or put up as silage with the remaining 19 percent still standing. Hay quality remains high with a rating of 15 per cent excellent, 55 per cent good, 27 per cent fair and four percent poor.

Producers reported minor to moderate crop damage from dry conditions in areas that missed the rain. Heavy rain and strong winds led to crop lodging. Producers are assessing the damage and are hopeful their crops will recover. Minor crop damage was reported from grasshoppers, lygus bug, flea beetles and other insects. Producers are continuing to monitor aphid pressure in their fields as well. Disease has been noted in some areas with producers applying fungicides to suppress disease already present and proactively spraying to manage disease from developing.

**Southwestern Saskatchewan:**

- Census Division 3 – Assiniboia, Gravelbourg, Mankota, Ponteix and Rockglen areas
- Census Division 4 – Cadillac, Consul, Eastend, Maple Creek and Val Marie areas
- Census Division 7 – Beechy, Central Butte, Craik, Herbert, Hodgeville and Moose Jaw areas
- Census Division 8 – Cabri, Elrose, Fox Valley, Leader, Swift Current and Tompkins areas



Another week of cool rainy weather has allowed crops and producers in the region more relief after several long dry weeks earlier in the growing season. Unfortunately for many, the rain is too late to help this year's crop, but it will help pasture grass and water sources for livestock. Many crops are getting closer to harvest maturity and producers are busy preparing their equipment. In those cases where crops were seeded later and are not as developed, the recent rain will help grain fill and maintain the yield potential for the time being.

The highest amount of rain fell in the Eston area at 83 mm. The Limerick area received 60 mm over the past week and the Shaunavon area received 50 mm. Many other areas received various amounts of rainfall ranging from 10 mm to 50 mm.

Continued precipitation and cooler temperatures helped to improve topsoil moisture within the region. Currently, cropland topsoil moisture is rated as four percent surplus, 76 per cent adequate, 16 per cent short and four per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at one per cent surplus, 62 per cent adequate, 34 per cent short and three per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is 63 per cent adequate, 28 per cent short and nine per cent very short.

Crop development continues to move back to normal compared to previous weeks. This is largely due to later seeded crops receiving a break from the heat and dry conditions over the past two weeks. Development is highly variable across the region with crops in the western half of the region showing more advanced development.

Haying operations continue to progress quickly in the region, 79 percent of the crop has been baled or silage, with another nine per cent cut and waiting to be baled, and only 11 per cent is still standing. Hay quality has decreased slightly this week with six per cent rated as excellent, 46 per cent good, 41 per cent fair and seven per cent poor.

Moderate to severe crop damage was reported due to flooding, wind and lack of moisture. Smaller areas of crop damage were reported over the past week due to hail and gophers. Producers continue to monitor aphid and cabbage seedpod weevil pressure in their fields.

#### **East-Central Saskatchewan:**

- Census Division 9 – Calder, Canora, Pelly, Preeceville, Sheho and Yorkton areas
- Census Division 10 – Foam Lake, Kelliher, Leroy, Raymore and Wadena areas
- Census Division 11 – Davidson, Colonsay, Langham, Lanigan, Nokomis, Outlook and Saskatoon areas

Rainfall was spotty across the region over the past week, although the cooler temperatures have helped crops progress through flowering without too much worry of heat blasting. In the areas that received rain, soil moisture conditions have improved. This will help the crop during grain filling. Producers are hoping for rain in the coming weeks to help maintain their crop yield potential.

The highest amount of rain fell in the Canora area at 33 mm. The Foam Lake area received 27 mm over the past week and the Outlook area received 17 mm. Many other areas received various amounts of rainfall.

While the rainfall was limited compared to other regions, the topsoil moisture increased slightly throughout the region this week. Currently, cropland topsoil moisture is rated as two per cent surplus, 70 per cent adequate, 25 per cent short and three per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at two per cent surplus, 67 per cent adequate, 30 per cent short and one per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is two per cent surplus, 55 per cent adequate, 37 per cent short and six per cent very short.

Most crops within the region are reported to be at normal stages of development for this time of year. Currently, oilseeds and spring cereals are estimated to be the furthest ahead in their stages of development, especially in areas where they are grown on sandier lighter soils.

Haying operations have progressed rapidly throughout the region over the past week. Twenty-six per cent of the hay crop has received its first cut with 54 per cent baled or silaged. Hay quality is rated as three per cent excellent, 70 per cent good, 26 per cent fair and one per cent poor.

Areas within the region reported minor to moderate damage from dry conditions, heat and wind. There were several reports of minor frost over the week, but producers do not expect major damage. Minor crop damage was reported from grasshoppers, lygus bug, flea beetles and other insects. Producers continue to monitor aphid pressure in their fields as well. Disease has been noted in some areas with producers applying fungicides to suppress disease already present and proactively spraying to manage disease from developing. Producers hope insect and disease pressure remains low as their crops get closer to harvest time.

#### **West-Central Saskatchewan:**

- Census Division 12 – Biggar, Delisle, Rosetown and Sonningdale areas
- Census Division 13 – Cut Knife, Kerrobert, Kindersley, Macklin, Plenty and Wilkie areas

There were heavy rain showers across the region this week, delaying haying activities and resulting in flooding. The rain will help the crops develop properly as they finish out flowering and progress through grain filling. The areas that missed rain once again are reporting their crops are drying down rapidly. The recent rain has increased the possibility of crop disease; producers are actively monitoring and will be spraying to keep disease pressure low as they also prepare their equipment for harvest.

The highest amount of rain fell in the Rosetown area at 45 mm. The Netherhill area received 38 mm over the past week and the Unity area received 25 mm. Many other areas received various amounts of rainfall.

Large precipitation events and cooler temperatures throughout much of the region contributed to increasing topsoil moisture, similar to the previous week. Currently, cropland topsoil moisture is rated as one per cent surplus, 83 per cent adequate, 13 per cent short and three per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at one per cent surplus, 81 per cent adequate, 15 per cent short and three per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is one per cent surplus, 78 per cent adequate, 18 per cent short and three per cent very short.

Precipitation over the past couple weeks has allowed crop development to move closer to normal stages of development for this time of year. Currently, spring cereals and oilseeds are rated to be the furthest behind in their stages of development. This is likely due to the cooler temperatures and overly smokey conditions in the region.

Haying operations have progressed slowly throughout the region due to delays from rain and overly damp conditions. Twenty-six per cent of the hay crop has received its first cut with 47 per cent baled or silaged. Hay quality is rated as four per cent excellent, 72 per cent good, 20 per cent fair and four per cent poor. Quality has fallen across the region due to the overly damp conditions, which is especially detrimental to hay crops already cut.

In the areas where heavy rain showers occurred, minor to severe flooding was reported. Producers are hopeful their crops will be able to hold on as the low spots in their fields dry out. Hail and wind were also reported this week, ranging from minor to moderate damage. Disease has been noted in some areas with producers applying fungicides to suppress disease already present along with some proactively spraying to prevent disease from developing.

**Northeastern Saskatchewan:**

- Census Division 14 – Choiceland, Hudson Bay, Kelvington, Melfort, and Nipawin areas
- Census Division 15 – Cudworth, Humboldt, Kinistino, Prince Albert, Rosthern and St. Brieux areas

Rain showers scattered throughout the region this week caused minor delays in haying and spraying operations. The rain, along with the cooler smokey weather, has allowed crops to maintain their development and, in some cases, allowed crop stands to even out. Those who missed the rain report their crops are beginning to turn and mature more rapidly.

The highest amount of rain fell in the Rosthern area at 50 mm in a localized storm. The Lake Lenore area received 28 mm over the past week and the Melfort area received 20 mm. Many other areas received various amounts of rainfall.

Topsoil moisture was reported to increase throughout the region. Currently, cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 58 per cent adequate, 36 per cent short and six per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at 51 per cent adequate, 32 per cent short and 17 per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is 51 per cent adequate, 33 per cent short and 16 per cent very short.

Crop development remains largely normal; however, in areas under the most stress from poor soil moisture conditions, crop development is still ahead of normal.

Haying operations continue to progress in the region; there were minor delays due to rain but producers are making the most of the good weather. Twenty-nine per cent of the hay crop has received its first cut with 47 per cent baled or silaged. Hay quality is rated as 11 per cent excellent, 65 per cent good and 24 per cent fair.

Areas within the region reported minor to moderate damage from lack of moisture, heat and wind. Minor crop damage was reported from flooding, hail, grasshoppers, flea beetles and gophers. Disease has been noted in some areas with producers applying fungicides to suppress disease already present and proactively spraying to manage disease from developing.

**Northwestern Saskatchewan:**

- Census Division 16 – Blaine Lake, Canwood, North Battleford, Radisson and Spiritwood areas
- Census Division 17 – Glaslyn, Maidstone, Meadow Lake, Pierceland and St. Walburg areas

Scattered showers brought some momentary relief to crops and pastureland in the region; however, conditions were so dry previously that more rain is desperately needed soon. Producers report that in areas that missed the rain crops continue to deteriorate and dry down and some crops have been taken off as livestock feed.

The highest amount of rain fell in the Hafford area at 58 mm in a localized storm. The Mayfair area received 36 mm over the past week and the Glaslyn area received 21 mm. Many other areas received various amounts of rainfall.

Improvements to topsoil moisture were observed throughout the region largely due to heavy rains in small, localized areas and moderate rains elsewhere in the region. Currently, cropland topsoil moisture is rated as one per cent surplus, 34 per cent adequate, 42 per cent short and 23 per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at 18 per cent adequate, 29 per cent short and 53 per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is 18 per cent adequate, 31 per cent short and 51 per cent very short.

Haying operations have progressed throughout the region. Nine per cent of the hay crop has received its first cut with 66 per cent baled or silaged. Hay quality is rated as 15 per cent excellent, 38 per cent good, 39 per cent fair and eight per cent poor.

Areas within the region reported minor to severe damage from lack of moisture, wind and heat. Minor to moderate crop damage was reported from grasshoppers and minor damage from gophers. Producers are beginning to monitor for bertha armyworm in their fields as well.

## Saskatchewan Crop Development (for the period of July 15 to July 21, 2025)

Provincial Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	21%	76%	3%
Spring Cereals	15%	77%	8%
Oilseeds	13%	74%	13%
Pulse Crops	17%	80%	3%
Perennial Forage	21%	64%	15%
Annual Forage	14%	71%	15%

Southeast Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	15%	85%	0%
Spring Cereals	4%	88%	8%
Oilseeds	5%	84%	11%
Pulse Crops	6%	88%	6%
Perennial Forage	7%	87%	6%
Annual Forage	4%	90%	6%

Southwest Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	29%	69%	2%
Spring Cereals	29%	71%	0%
Oilseeds	30%	69%	1%
Pulse Crops	26%	71%	3%
Perennial Forage	27%	60%	13%
Annual Forage	8%	86%	6%

East-Central Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	10%	85%	5%
Spring Cereals	5%	78%	17%
Oilseeds	5%	77%	18%
Pulse Crops	5%	93%	2%
Perennial Forage	7%	73%	20%
Annual Forage	4%	86%	10%

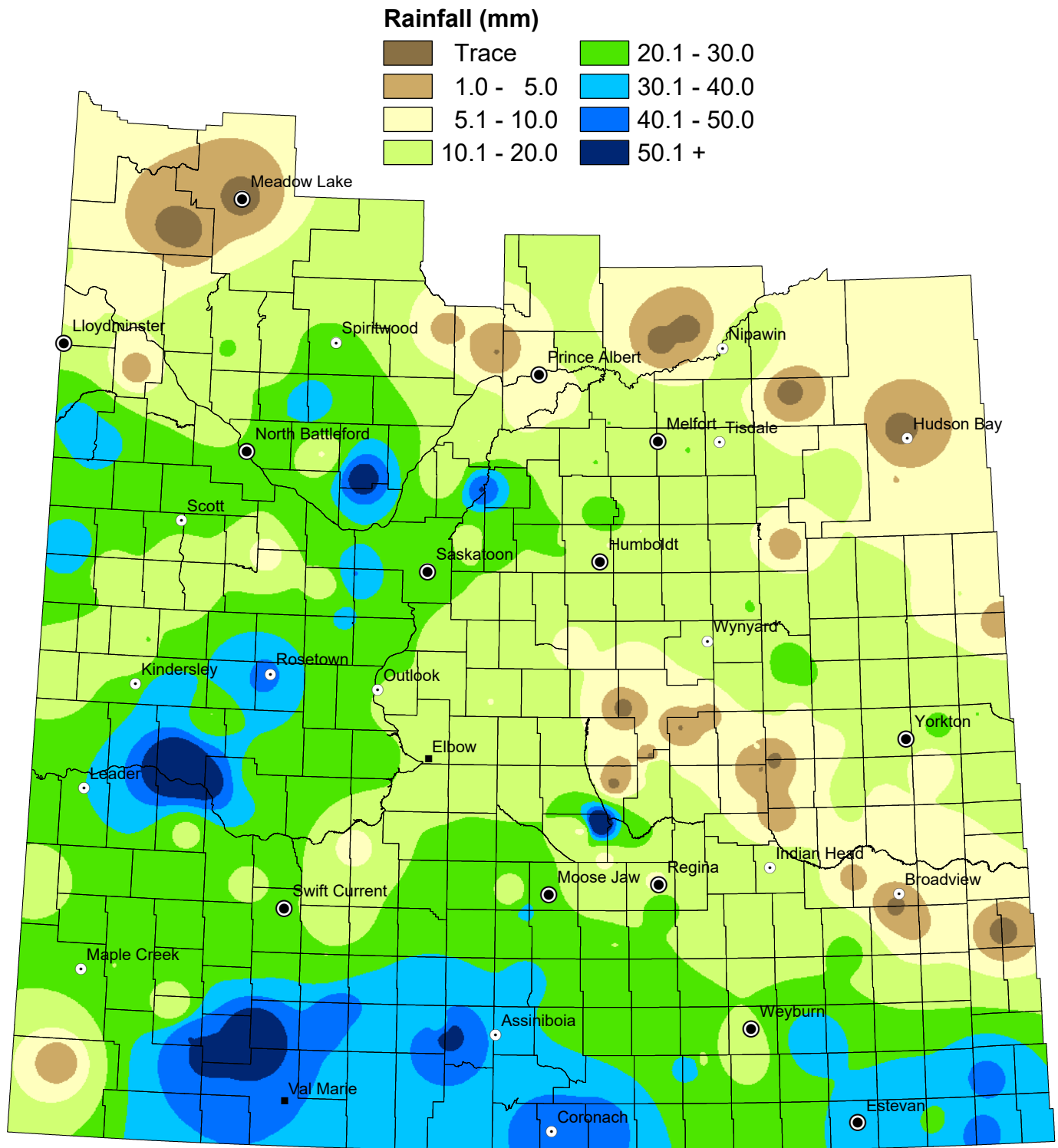
West-Central Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	0%	96%	4%
Spring Cereals	2%	88%	10%
Oilseeds	5%	85%	10%
Pulse Crops	7%	89%	4%
Perennial Forage	0%	98%	2%
Annual Forage	0%	94%	6%

Northeast Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	49%	51%	0%
Spring Cereals	17%	75%	8%
Oilseeds	11%	71%	18%
Pulse Crops	11%	83%	6%
Perennial Forage	27%	65%	8%
Annual Forage	11%	65%	24%

Northwest Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	18%	0%	82%
Spring Cereals	30%	60%	10%
Oilseeds	33%	55%	12%
Pulse Crops	31%	63%	4%
Perennial Forage	57%	17%	26%
Annual Forage	46%	12%	42%

# Weekly Rainfall

from July 15 to July 21, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

# Weekly Rainfall Summary

(reported in millimeters)

1 inch=25 mm

for the period from July 15 to July 21, 2025

Census Division	RM No.	RM Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr	Census Division	RM No.	RM Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr	Census Division	RM No.	RM Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr
1	2	MOUNT PLEASANT	N/A	155	7	222A	CRAIK	N/A	68	13	440	HILLSDALE	34	132
1	2A	MOUNT PLEASANT	42	243	7	223	HURON	18	87	13	442	MANITOU LAKE	32	152
1	3	ENNISKILLEN	29	201	7	223A	HURON	15	119	14	366	KELVINGTON	3	117
1	4	COALFIELDS	38	241	8	137	SWIFT CURRENT	N/A	81	14	367	PONASS LAKE	N/A	69
1	32	RECIPROCITY	42	203	8	138	WEBB	22	176	14	394	HUDSON BAY	0	88
1	34	BROWNING	33	235	8	138A	WEBB	20	155	14	394A	HUDSON BAY	5	105
1	94	HAZELWOOD	N/A	109	8	139	GULL LAKE	24	132	14	395	PORCUPINE	12	83
1	95	GOLDEN WEST	N/A	166	8	142	ENTERPRISE	17	99	14	397	BARRIER VALLEY	N/A	90
2	10	HAPPY VALLEY	46	219	8	168	RIVERSIDE	18	140	14	397A	BARRIER VALLEY	11	213
2	38	LAURIER	36	222	8	228	LACADENA	57	208	14	428	STAR CITY	20	114
2	38A	LAURIER	18	168	8	229	MIRY CREEK	18	135	14	456	ARBORFIELD	0	140
2	40	BENGOUGH	N/A	N/A	8	231	HAPPYLAND	N/A	96	14	457	CONNAUGHT	N/A	34
2	66	GRIFFIN	36	250	8	257A	MONET	25	181	14	486	MOOSE RANGE	10	123
2	67	WEYBURN	14	195	8	259	SNIEP LAKE	20	166	14	487	NIPAWIN	15	146
2	70	KEY WEST	N/A	110	8	259A	SNIEP LAKE	83	282	14	488	TORCH RIVER	0	121
2	96	FILLMORE	N/A	39	8	260	NEWCOMBE	N/A	11	14	488A	TORCH RIVER	0	12
2	100	ELMSTHORPE	25	220	9	241	CALDER	13	151	14	488B	TORCH RIVER	N/A	23
3	11	HART BUTTE	46	142	9	241A	CALDER	20	207	15	369	ST. PETER	10	171
3	73	STONEHENGE	60	152	9	243	WALLACE	22	161	15	370	HUMBOLDT	10	103
3	74	WOOD RIVER	35	139	9	245	GARRY	6	128	15	371	BAYNE	26	206
3	74A	KEY WEST	35	183	9	245A	GARRY	N/A	94	15	371A	BAYNE	15	115
3	75	PINTO CREEK	35	157	9	273	SLIDING HILLS	31	121	15	371B	BAYNE	17	204
3	76	AUVERGNE	49	194	9	274	GOOD LAKE	33	155	15	372	GRANT	22	110
3	101	TERRELL	N/A	26	9	301	ST. PHILIPS	3	77	15	373	ABERDEEN	18	106
3	102	LAKE JOHNSTON	32	209	9	331	LIVINGSTON	10	87	15	399	LAKE LENORE	15	125
3	106	WHISKA CREEK	20	152	9	333	CLAYTON	9	77	15	400	THREE LAKES	28	247
4	51	RENO	3	77	10	246	ITUNA BON ACCORD	0	94	15	402	FISH CREEK	N/A	92
4	77A	WISE CREEK	68	202	10	246A	ITUNA BON ACCORD	N/A	123	15	403A	ROSTHERN	11	116
4	78A	GRASSY CREEK	54	144	10	247	KELLROSS	5	27	15	403B	ROSTHERN	N/A	36
4	79	ARLINGTON	50	145	10	248	TOUCHWOOD	1	130	15	403C	ROSTHERN	50	148
4	79A	ARLINGTON	12	111	10	248A	TOUCHWOOD	4	129	15	429	FLETT'S SPRINGS	16	196
4	110	PIAPOT	20	88	10	276A	FOAM LAKE	27	186	15	430	INVERGORDON	20	143
5	122	MARTIN	0	166	10	276B	FOAM LAKE	22	176	15	459	KINISTINO	20	171
5	124	KINGSLEY	4	200	10	276C	FOAM LAKE	9	121	15	460	BIRCH HILLS	7	158
5	125A	CHESTERFIELD	22	203	10	277	EMERALD	12	103	15	461	PRINCE ALBERT	7	132
5	151	ROCANVILLE	7	160	10	277A	EMERALD	15	132	15	461A	PRINCE ALBERT	N/A	144
5	154A	ELCAPO	0	140	10	279	MOUNT HOPE	0	143	15	463	DUCK LAKE	10	158
5	155	WOLSELEY	4	117	10	279A	MOUNT HOPE	N/A	128	15	491	BUCKLAND	N/A	60
5	181	LANGENBURG	10	154	10	307	ELFROS	N/A	132	15	520	PADDOCKWOOD	N/A	113
5	183	FERTILE BELT	8	101	10	309	PRAIRIE ROSE	7	153	15	521	LAKELAND	N/A	113
5	183A	FERTILE BELT	8	167	10	336	SASMAN	22	138	16	434	BLAINE LAKE	N/A	83
5	211	CHURCHBRIDGE	19	152	10	337	LAKEVIEW	12	120	16	435	REDBERRY	58	153
5	211A	CHURCHBRIDGE	13	146	10	339	LEROY	14	130	16	436	DOUGLAS	10	76
5	213	SALT COATS	6	111	11	251	BIG ARM	N/A	66	16	437	NORTH BATTLEFORD	N/A	82
5	214	CANA	9	141	11	282	McCRANEY	10	100	16	437A	NORTH BATTLEFORD	N/A	94
5	215	STANLEY	15	43	11	282A	McCRANEY	N/A	41	16	466	MEETING LAKE	31	126
6	127	FRANCIS	16	117	11	283	ROSEDALE	13	180	16	467	ROUND HILL	36	127
6	128	LAJORD	21	119	11	284	RUDY	17	131	16	467A	ROUND HILL	30	159
6	130	REDBURN	20	149	11	310	USBORNE	8	45	16	493	SHELLBROOK	1	59
6	156	INDIAN HEAD	18	166	11	314	DUNDURN	17	184	16	494	CANWOOD	4	66
6	159A	SHERWOOD	24	164	11	344	CORMAN PARK	22	161	16	497	MEDSTEAD	14	76
6	159B	SHERWOOD	7	129	12	285A	FERTILE VALLEY	26	194	17	468	MEOTA	14	65
6	160	PENSE	15	111	12	286	MILDEN	N/A	143	17	470	PAYNTON	N/A	4
6	186	ABERNETHY	3	125	12	287	ST. ANDREWS	45	174	17	471	ELDON	3	68
6	190	DUFFERIN	8	95	12	288	PLEASANT VALLEY	35	177	17	498	PARKDALE	21	59
6	190A	DUFFERIN	N/A	29	12	316	HARRIS	31	142	17	499	MERVIN	10	63
6	190B	DUFFERIN	74	160	12	317	MARRIOTT	N/A	143	17	501A	FRENCHMAN BUTTE	7	86
6	190C	DUFFERIN	9	131	12	345	VANS COY	40	198	17	502	BRITANNIA	9	77
6	216	TULLYMET	N/A	102	12	346	PERDUE	15	180	17	561	LOON LAKE	0	67
6	216A	TULLYMET	N/A	72	12	347	BIGGAR	6	114	17	561A	LOON LAKE	0	41.45
6	217	LIPTON	1	169	12	376	EAGLE CREEK	27	180	17	588	MEADOW LAKE	0	121
6	219	LONGLAKETON	0	92	12	377	GLENSIDE	N/A	140			#N/A		
6	219A	LONGLAKETON	21	156	12	378	ROSEMOUNT	N/A	11			#N/A		
6	219B	LONGLAKETON	16	58	13	290	KINDERSLEY	38	203			#N/A		
6	220A	McKILLOP	0	100	13	292	MILTON	20	229			#N/A		
6	220B	McKILLOP	3	158	13	292A	MILTON	12	227			#N/A		
6	221	SARNIA	N/A	72	13	320A	OAKDALE	14	137			#N/A		
7	132	HILLSBOROUGH	32	214	13	320B	OAKDALE	20	215			#N/A		
7	132A	HILLSBOROUGH	29	168	13	321	PRAIRIEDALE	18	175			#N/A		
7	136	COULEE	11	181	13	350	MARIPOSA	11	123			#N/A		
7	161	MOOSE JAW	28	149	13	351	PROGRESS	16	153.8			#N/A		
7	162	CARON	16	169	13	379	REFORD	19	131.23			#N/A		
7	162A	CARON	N/A	95	13	382	EYE HILL	37.5	238.5			#N/A		
7	165	MORSE	7	105.2	13	409	BUFFALO	23	193			#N/A		
7	191	MARQUIS	N/A	37	13	409A	BUFFALO	21	135			#N/A		
7	193	EYEBROW	24	141	13	410	ROUND VALLEY	25	105			#N/A		

Municipality No: A, B, C and D - more than one reporter

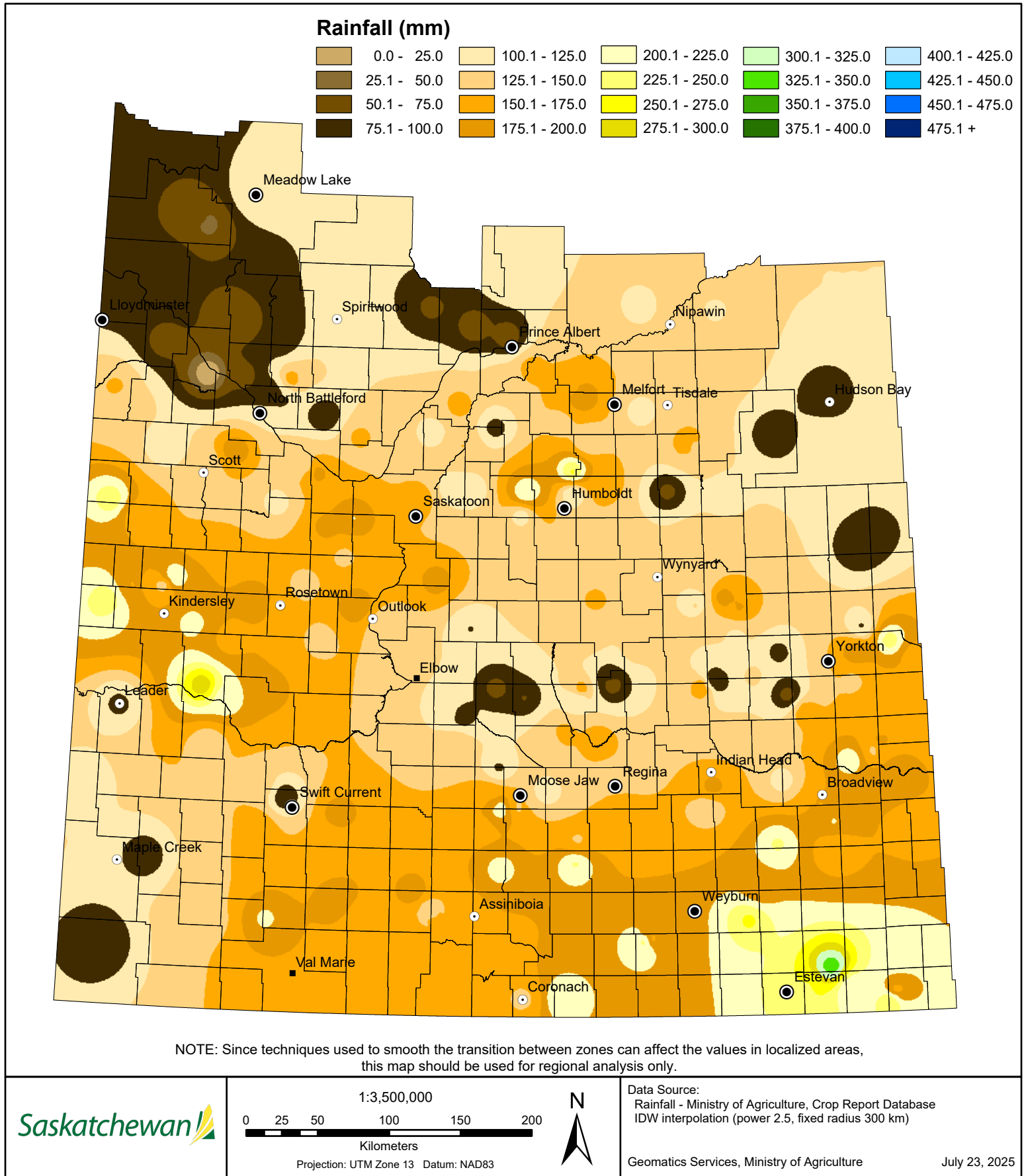
These precipitation amounts represent point locations within each municipality and do not necessarily reflect the whole R. M.

N/A indicates that rainfall was not reported for the week



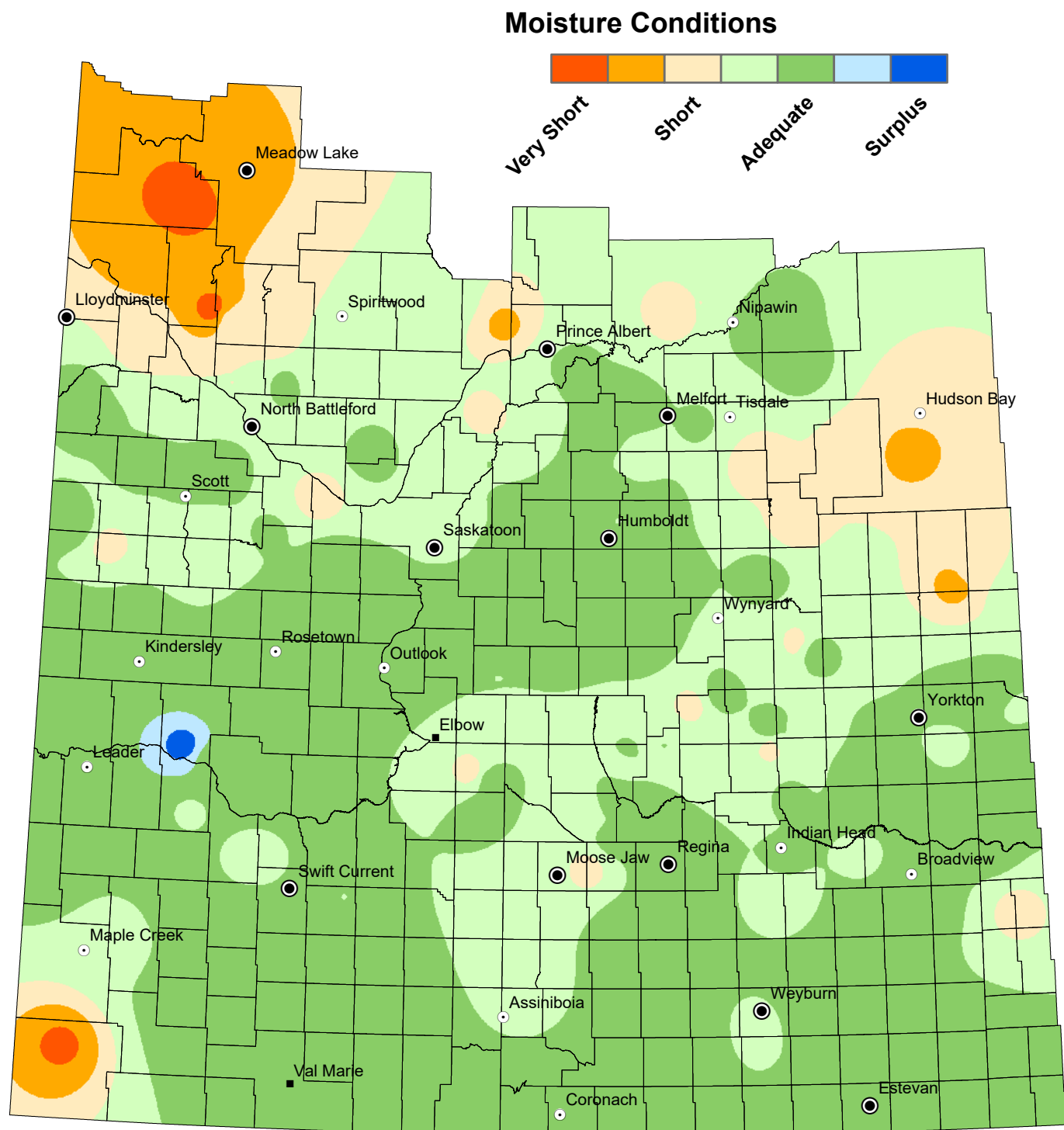
# Cumulative Rainfall

from April 1 to July 21, 2025



# Cropland Topsoil Moisture Conditions

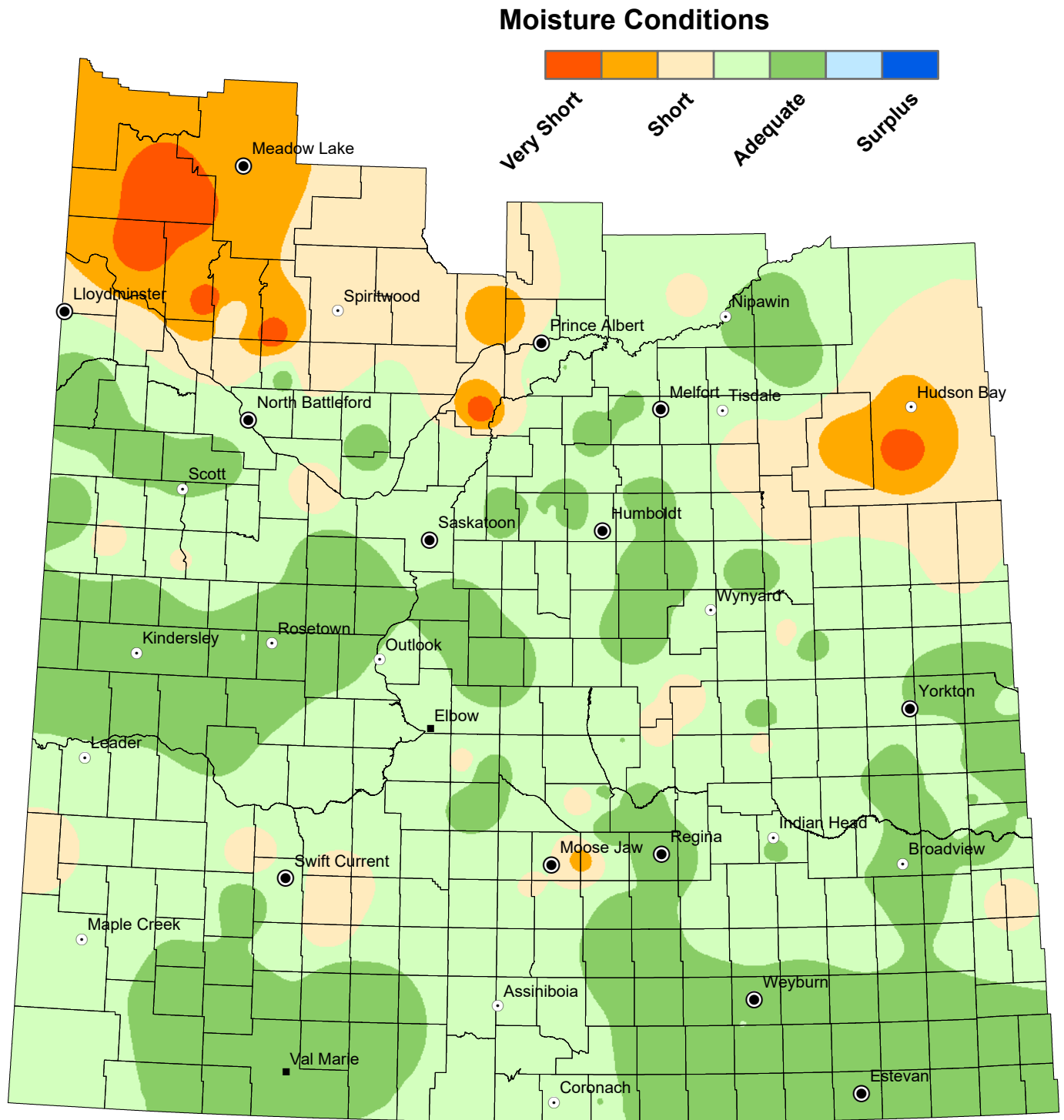
## from July 15 to July 21, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

# Hay Topsoil Moisture Conditions

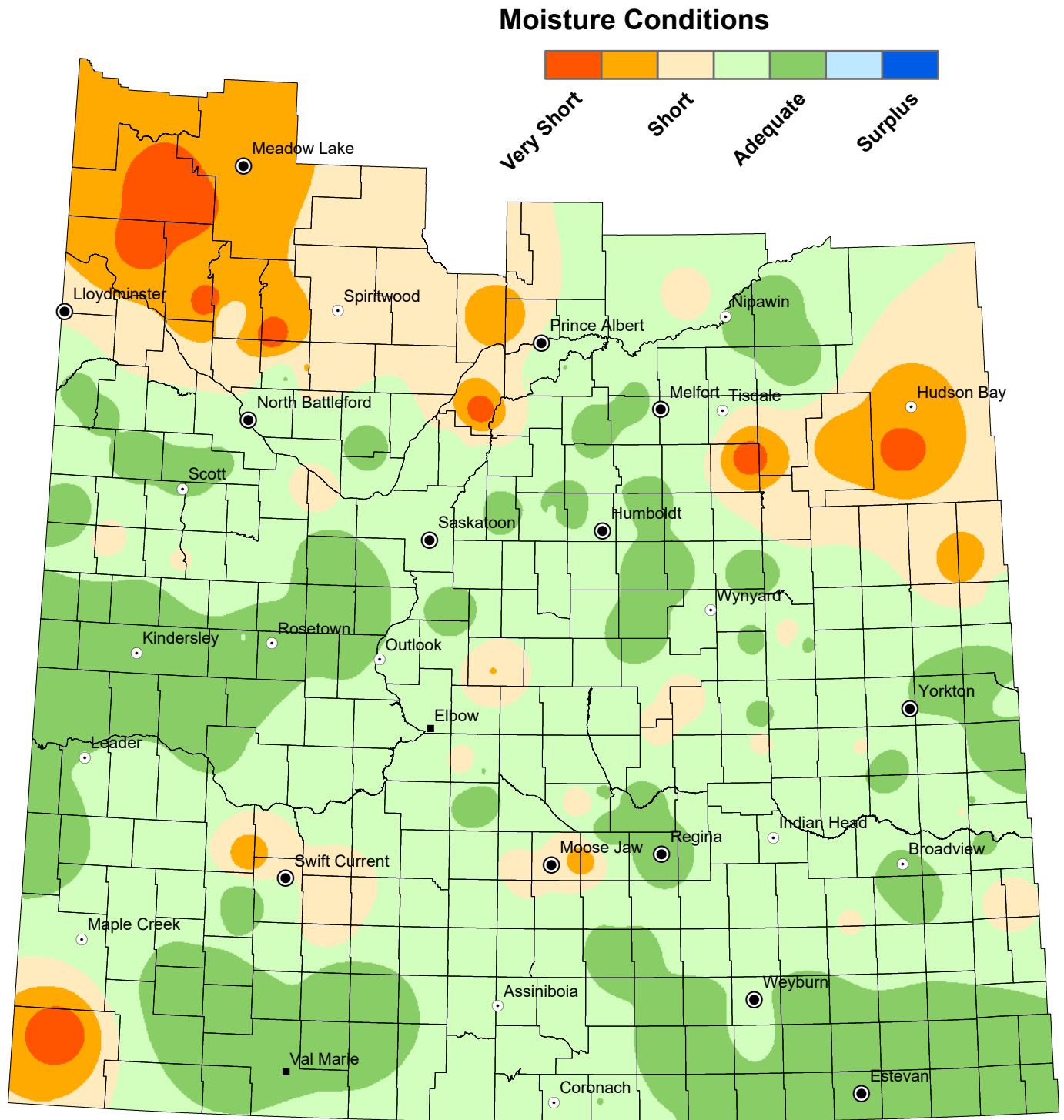
## from July 15 to July 21, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

# Pasture Topsoil Moisture Conditions

## from July 15 to July 21, 2025

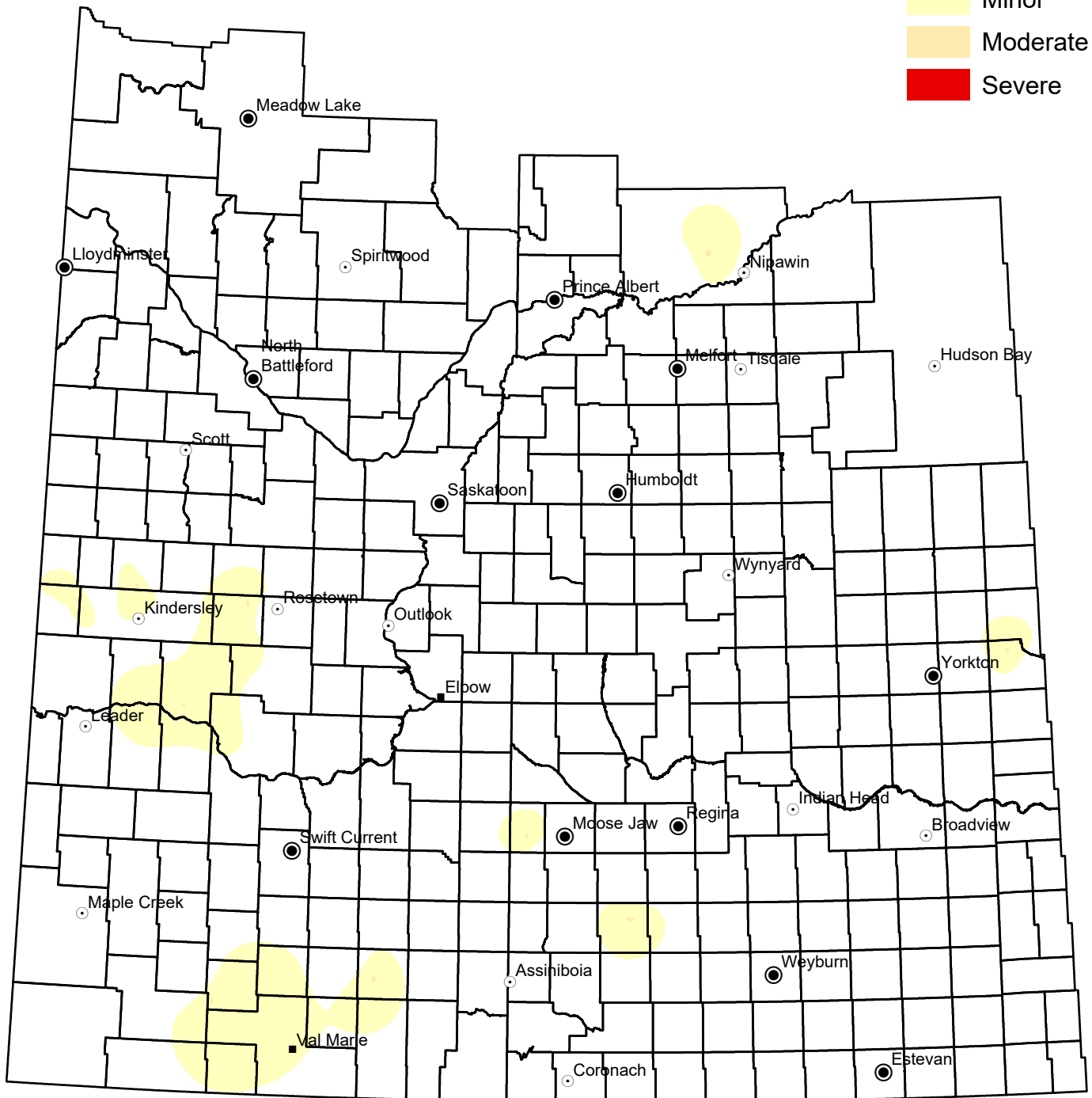
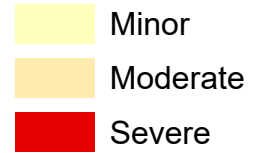


NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

# Flooding Crop Damage

## from July 15 to July 21, 2025

### Crop Damage

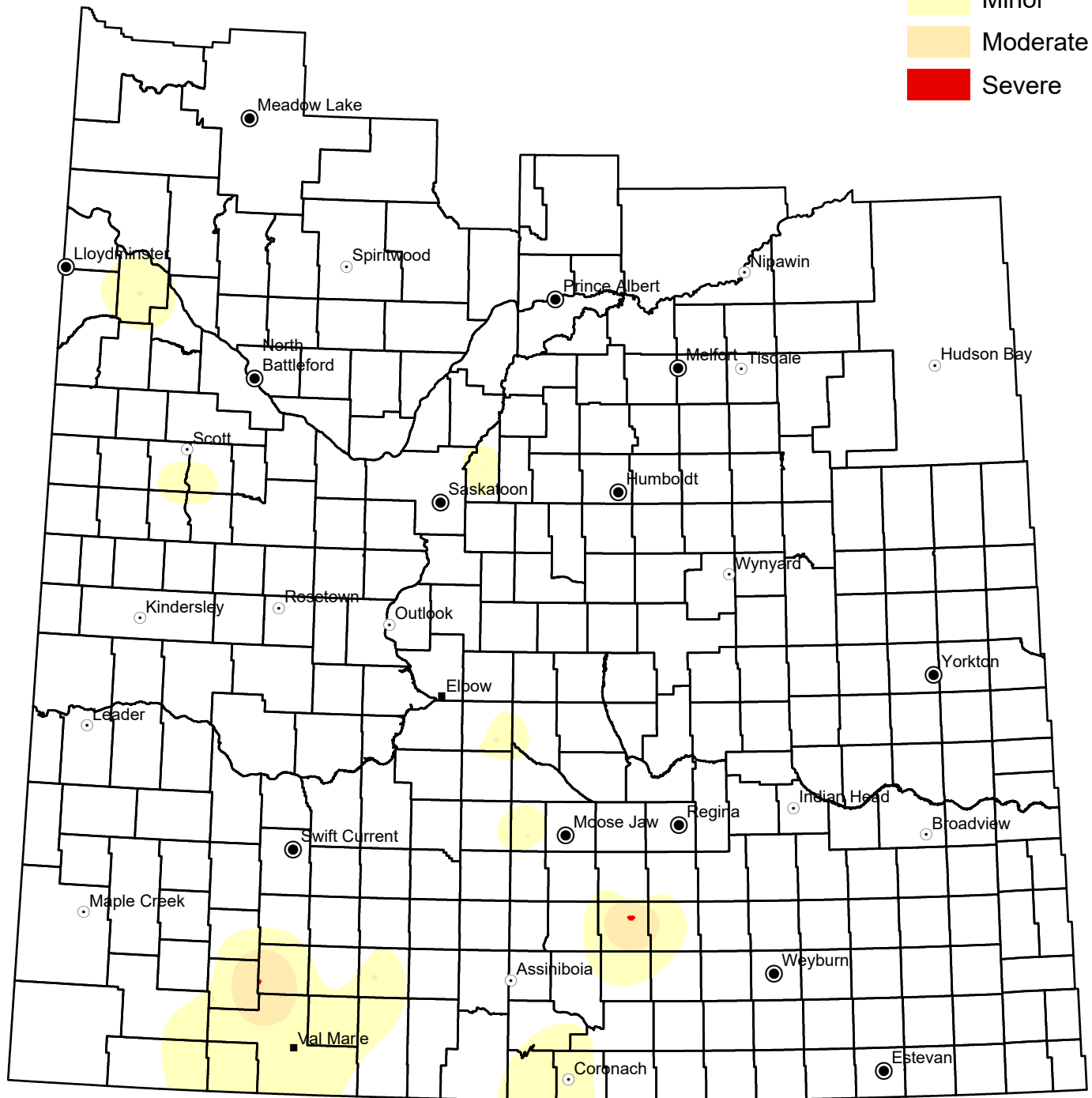
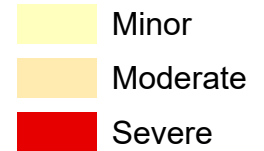


NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

# Hail Crop Damage

from July 15 to July 21, 2025

## Crop Damage

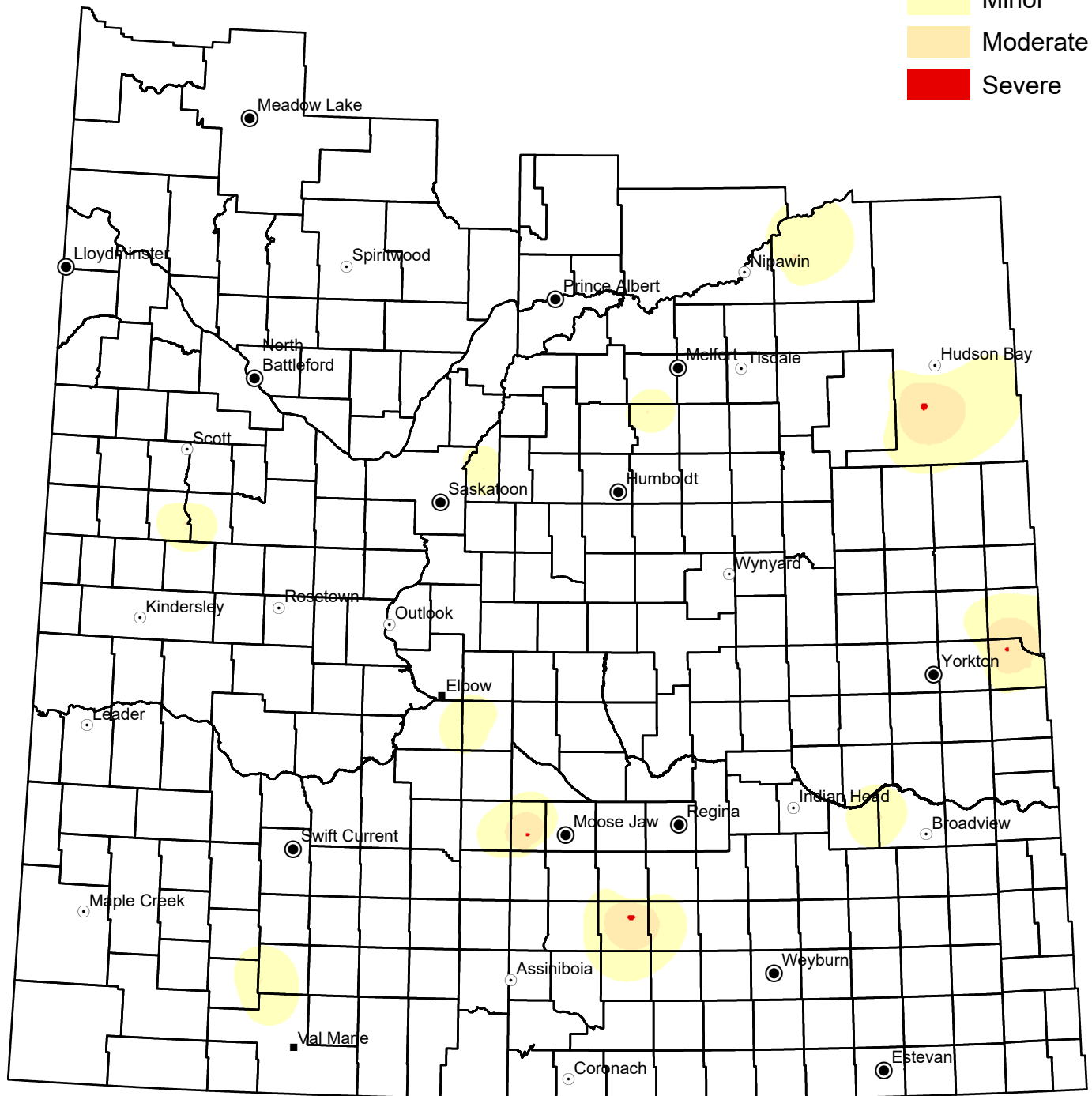
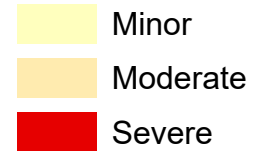


NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

# Wind Crop Damage

from July 15 to July 21, 2025

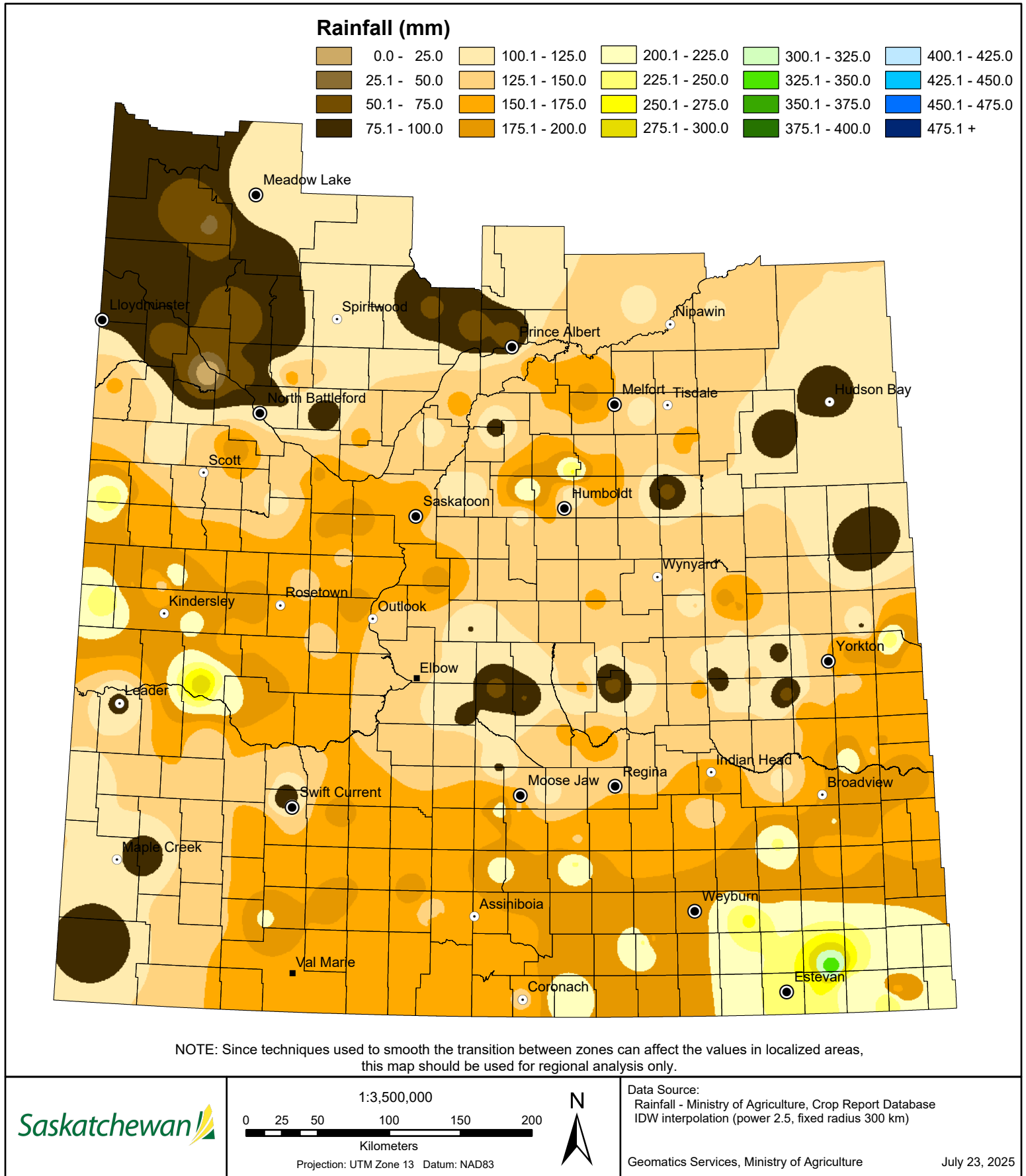
## Crop Damage



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

# Cumulative Rainfall

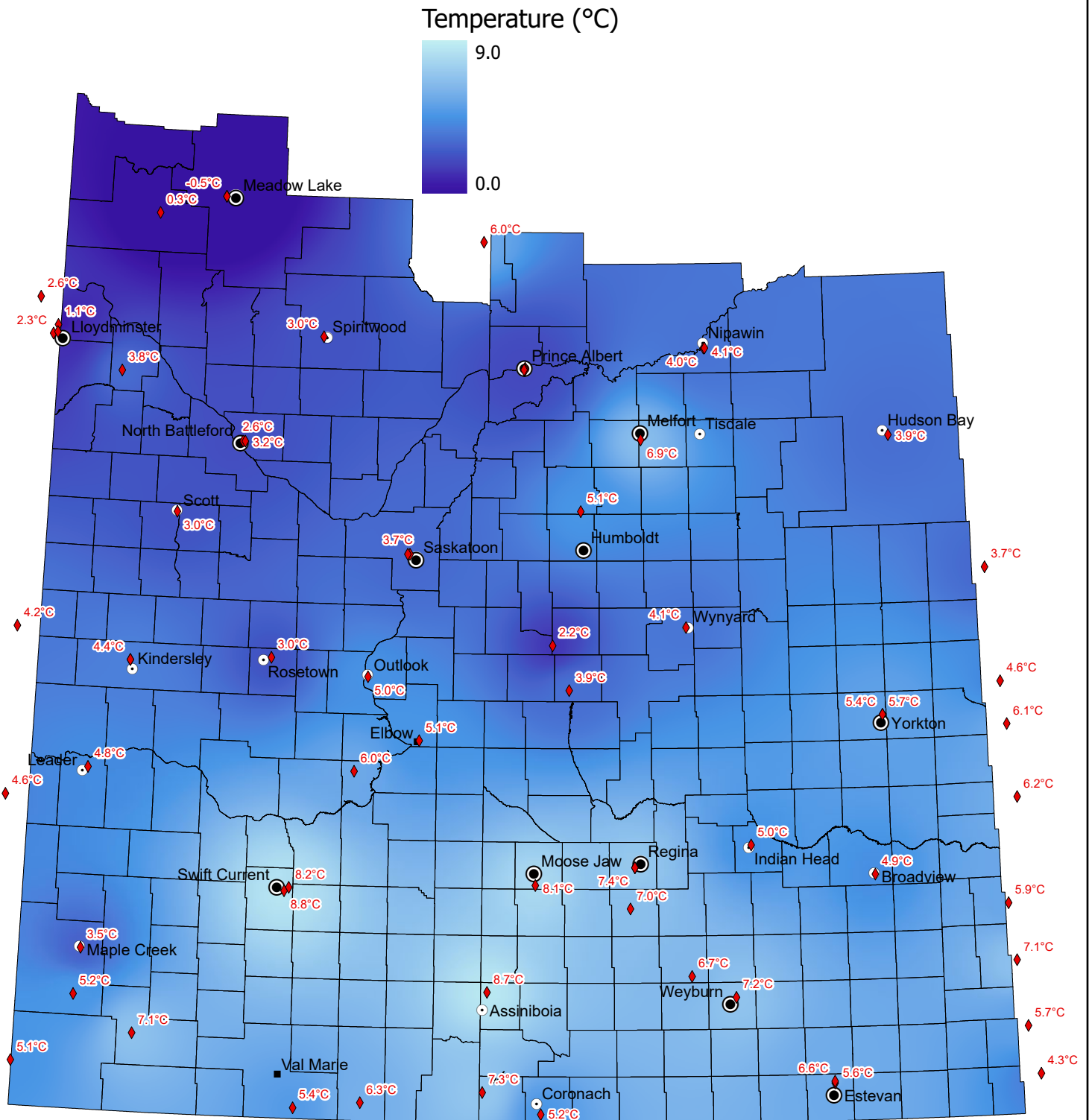
from April 1 to July 21, 2025





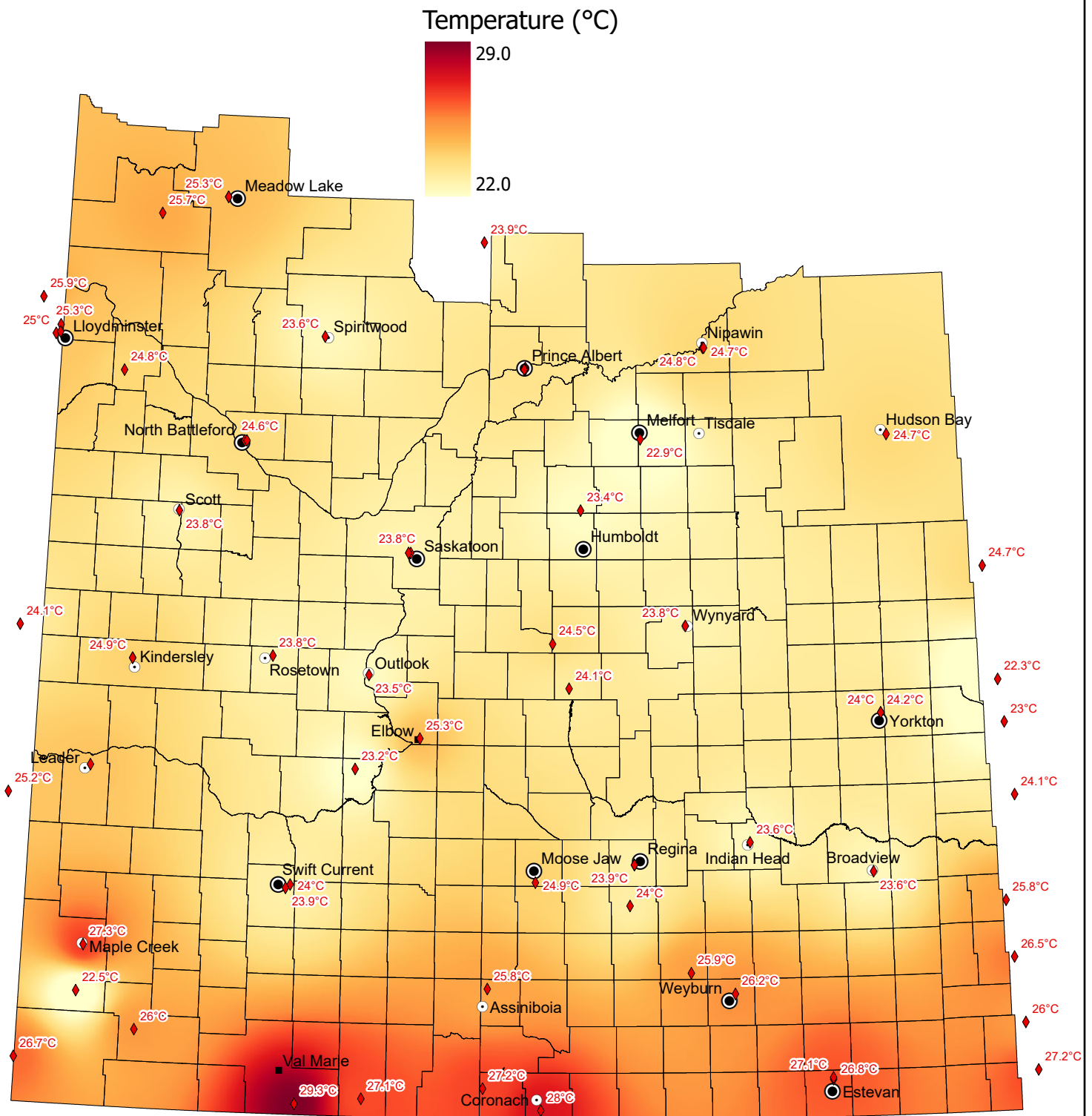
# Minimum Temperature

## from July 15 to July 21, 2025



# Maximum Temperature

from July 15 to July 21, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.