

Crop Report

For the Period July 8 to July 14, 2025

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Over the past week, some areas received welcome rainfall that will benefit most crops. However, this precipitation has delayed haying operations in those areas. Cooler conditions over the past week will benefit some crops by slowing development. Many regions are hoping for additional moisture to help support crop development, reduce crop stress and sustain topsoil moisture conditions.

Many areas across the province received varying amounts of moisture, and a few isolated storms moved through the province and brought hail. The highest rain recorded over the past week was in the Ponteix area at 44 millimetres (mm), followed by the Shaunavon area at 39 mm. The Semans and Lafleche areas each received 37 mm.

Currently, cropland topsoil moisture across the province is rated as 60 per cent adequate, 32 per cent short and eight per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at 45 per cent adequate, 40 per cent short and 15 per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is 43 per cent adequate, 37 per cent short and 20 per cent very short. Areas like the southwest have seen improved topsoil moisture levels, while levels in the north regions have declined.

Most crops are in normal stages of development, consistent with what has been reported in previous weeks. Seventy-one per cent of fall cereals are at normal stages of development with 27 per cent estimated ahead of normal for this time of year. Seventy-five per cent of spring cereals are at normal stages of development, while 17 per cent are ahead of the normal stages of development. Seventy-three per cent of oilseeds are at normal stages of development, while 12 per cent are ahead and 15 per cent are falling behind the normal stages of development. Seventy-nine per cent of pulse crops are at normal stages of development, while 18 per cent are ahead of the normal stages of development. Sixty-five per cent of perennial forages and 72 per cent of annual forages are at the normal stages of development for this time of year.

While crop conditions vary across the province, crops overall are reported to be in good to fair condition. In areas with a lack of moisture, reports indicate that canola and mustard are finishing the flowering stage early.

One year ago

A week of warmer weather and reduced rainfall accelerated crop advancement moving them closer to their normal stages of development. The dryer weather continued to reduce topsoil moisture but enabled haying operations to progress throughout the province. The southwest portion of the province, along with a few areas in the southeast, were reporting minor to moderate crop damage in relation to lack of moisture occurring within these regions.

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Provincial Crop Development

Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	27%	71%	2%
Spring Cereals	17%	75%	8%
Oilseeds	12%	73%	15%
Pulse Crops	18%	79%	3%
Perennial Forage	24%	65%	11%
Annual Forage	15%	72%	13%

For further information, contact Kim Stonehouse, MSc, PAg,
Crops Extension Specialist, Regional Services Branch,

Toll Free: 1-866-457-2377 or 306-878-8807, Email: cropreport@gov.sk.ca.

Also available on the Ministry of Agriculture website at saskatchewan.ca/crop-report.



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Saskatchewan

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Currently, 40 per cent of the province's first cut of hay has been baled or silaged with 29 per cent of hay cut and waiting to cure and 31 per cent still standing. Overall hay quality is rated at 11 per cent excellent, 51 per cent good, 31 per cent fair and seven per cent poor. Some producers are moving on to their second cut of hay, but others have indicated they are not anticipating a second cut unless rain is received.

Producers in the southwest, along with some areas in the northwest, are reporting moderate to severe crop damage due to lack of moisture. Minor to moderate crop damage due to dry conditions, heat and wind is being reported in many areas. Additional crop damage this past week is mainly due to gophers and grasshoppers. Overall, pest pressure is lower throughout many regions, but producers are continuing to monitor their fields for any changes. Fungicides are continuing to be applied to suppress disease that has already developed or proactively to reduce disease development.

Over the upcoming weeks, producers will be busy finishing fungicide spraying, haying operations and getting equipment ready for harvest. Producers are reminded to keep safety top of mind while working.

For any crop or livestock questions, producers are encouraged to call the Agriculture Knowledge Centre, toll free: 1-866-457-2377.

A complete, printable version of the Crop Report is available online – [Download Crop Report](#).
Follow the 2025 Crop Report on X (Twitter) at [@SKAgriculture](#).

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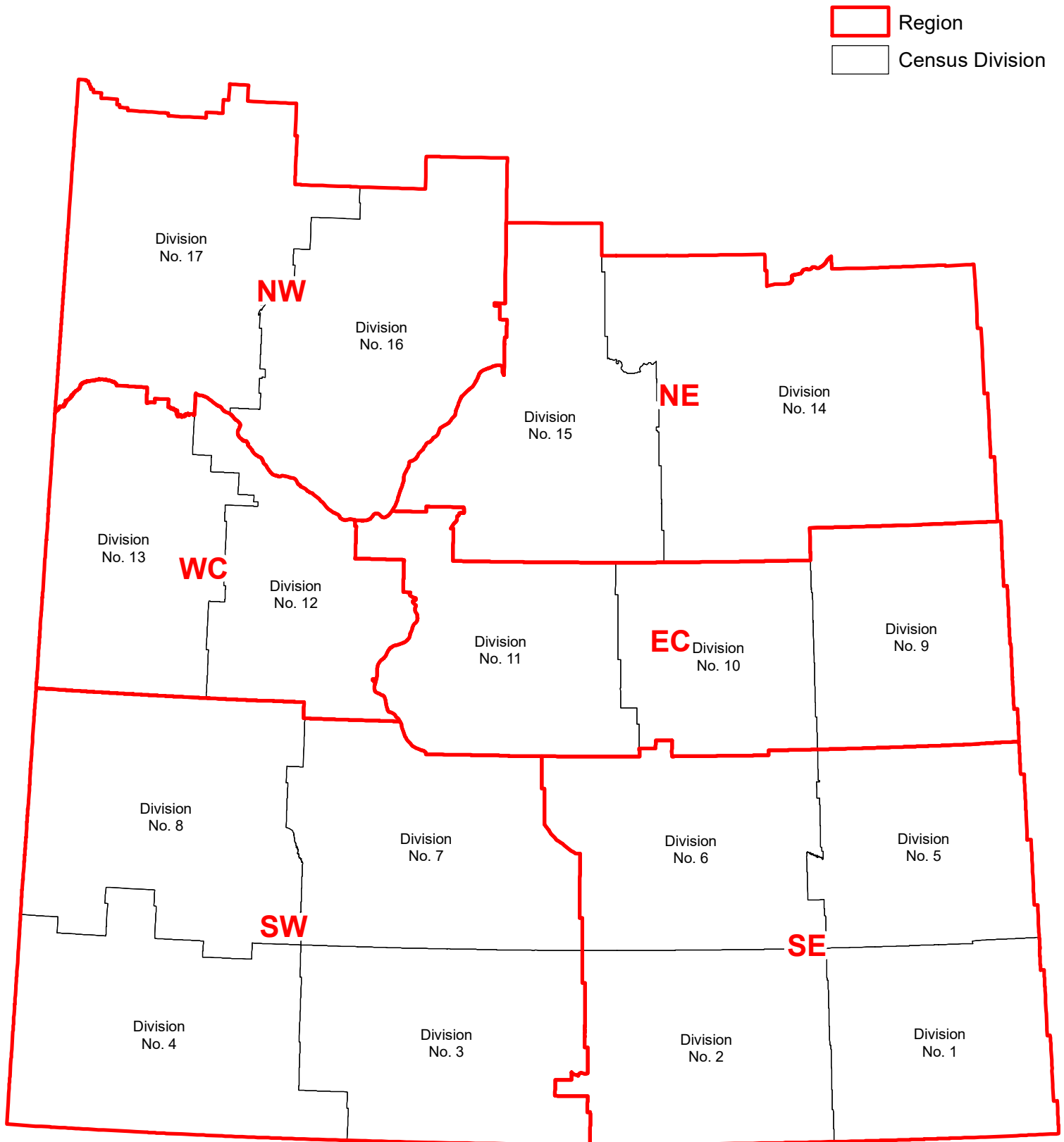


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Crop Report Regions & Census Divisions



Southeastern Saskatchewan:

- Census Division 1 – Carnduff, Estevan, Lampman, Redvers and Stoughton areas
- Census Division 2 – Avonlea, Fillmore, Minton, Radville and Weyburn areas
- Census Division 5 – Broadview, Esterhazy, Melville and Moosomin areas
- Census Division 6 – Belle Plaine, Cupar, Lumsden, Indian Head, Regina and Rouleau areas

With cooler conditions throughout much of the region over the past week, producers are busy with haying operations and spraying fungicides. In the coming weeks, producers will continue to monitor for pest and disease development and prepare harvest equipment.

Varying amounts of rain fell throughout the region over the past week. The highest amount of rain fell in the Churchbridge area at 33 mm. The Broadview area received 31 mm over the past week and the Bethune and Balcarres areas each received 29 mm. Areas within the region need rain to support continued crop development.

Some added precipitation and cooler temperatures throughout much of the region contributed to maintaining topsoil moisture similar to the previous week. Currently, cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 67 per cent adequate, 32 per cent short and one per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at 55 per cent adequate, 43 per cent short and two per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is 56 per cent adequate, 41 per cent short and three per cent very short.

The majority of crops within the region are reported to be at normal stages of development for this time of year. Currently, oilseeds are estimated to be the furthest behind in their stages of development.

Crop conditions are rated mainly as good throughout the region and in some cases excellent. A full summary of individual crop conditions for all regions can be viewed in the attached crop conditions table.

Southeast Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	12%	88%	0%
Spring Cereals	4%	88%	8%
Oilseeds	4%	78%	18%
Pulse Crops	5%	88%	7%
Perennial Forage	8%	87%	5%
Annual Forage	9%	87%	4%

Haying operations are progressing throughout the region as conditions allow. Sixty-three per cent of the hay crop has received its first cut with 36 per cent baled or silaged. Hay quality is rated as 14 per cent excellent, 52 per cent good, 12 per cent fair and 17 per cent poor.

Areas of crop damage over the past week can be attributed to lack of moisture, heat, wind, hail and gophers. Producers are continuing to monitor aphid and cabbage seedpod weevil pressure in their fields. Disease has been noted in some areas with producers applying fungicides to suppress disease already present and proactively spraying to manage disease from developing.

Southwestern Saskatchewan:

- Census Division 3 – Assiniboia, Gravelbourg, Mankota, Ponteix and Rockglen areas
- Census Division 4 – Cadillac, Consul, Eastend, Maple Creek and Val Marie areas
- Census Division 7 – Beechy, Central Butte, Craik, Herbert, Hodgeville and Moose Jaw areas
- Census Division 8 – Cabri, Elrose, Fox Valley, Leader, Swift Current and Tompkins areas

With cooler and wetter conditions throughout the region over the past week, producers are busy with haying operations and spraying fungicides as weather permits. In the coming weeks, producers will continue to monitor for pest and disease development and prepare harvest equipment.

Rain fell throughout much of the region over the past week except for a few smaller areas. The Ponteix area experienced the highest rainfall at 44 mm. The Shaunavon area received 39 mm over the past week and the Lafleche area received 37 mm. Many areas throughout the region are still in need of rain to support continued crop development and alleviate crop stress.

Added precipitation and cooler temperatures helped to improve topsoil moisture within the region. Currently, cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 56 per cent adequate, 29 per cent short and 15 per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at 36 per cent adequate, 39 per cent short and 25 per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is 32 per cent adequate, 39 per cent short and 29 per cent very short.

Crop development continues to move further ahead of normal as compared to previous weeks. Fall cereals and perennial forages have shown the largest increase in the per cent that have moved ahead of their normal stages of development for this time of year.

Southwest Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	42%	57%	1%
Spring Cereals	34%	65%	1%
Oilseeds	30%	68%	2%
Pulse Crops	29%	69%	2%
Perennial Forage	42%	44%	14%
Annual Forage	27%	65%	8%

Crop conditions are rated mainly as fair to poor throughout the region. However, lentils, field peas and chickpeas have the highest percentage of crops rated as good within the region. A full summary of individual crop conditions for all regions can be viewed in the attached crop conditions table.

Haying operations have progressed rapidly throughout the region. Eighty-eight per cent of the hay crop has received its first cut with 61 per cent baled or silaged. Hay quality is rated as nine per cent excellent, 39 per cent good, 43 per cent fair and six per cent poor.

Moderate to severe crop damage was reported due to heat, wind and lack of moisture. Smaller areas of crop damage were reported over the past week due to hail and gophers. Minor to moderate damage was also reported from grasshoppers. Producers continue to monitor aphid and cabbage seedpod weevil pressure in their fields.

East-Central Saskatchewan:

- Census Division 9 – Calder, Canora, Pelly, Preeceville, Sheho and Yorkton areas
- Census Division 10 – Foam Lake, Kelliher, Leroy, Raymore and Wadena areas
- Census Division 11 – Davidson, Colonsay, Langham, Lanigan, Nokomis, Outlook and Saskatoon areas

With cooler and drier conditions throughout much of the region over the past week, producers are busy spraying fungicides and continuing with haying operations. In the coming weeks, producers will continue to monitor for pest and disease development and prepare harvest equipment.

Rainfall was variable over the past week with many areas receiving reduced amounts and some areas receiving no rainfall. The Semans area saw the highest rainfall at 37 mm followed by the Leroy area at 20 mm. The Yorkton area received 15 mm and the Jansen area received 13 mm over the past week. Areas in the region need rain to support continued crop development.

Limited precipitation reduced topsoil moisture throughout the region this week. Currently, cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 67 per cent adequate, 28 per cent short and five per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at 55 per cent adequate, 42 per cent short and three per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is 52 per cent adequate, 32 per cent short and 16 per cent very short.

Most crops within the region are reported to be at normal stages of development for this time of year. Currently, oilseeds and spring cereals are estimated to be the furthest behind in their stages of development.

Crop conditions are rated mainly as good to fair throughout the region. A full summary of individual crop conditions for all regions can be viewed in the attached crop conditions table.

East-Central Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	16%	80%	4%
Spring Cereals	8%	76%	16%
Oilseeds	7%	71%	22%
Pulse Crops	7%	90%	3%
Perennial Forage	4%	87%	9%
Annual Forage	2%	90%	8%

Haying operations have progressed throughout the region with the drier weather. Sixty-two per cent of the hay crop has received its first cut with 35 per cent baled or silaged. Hay quality is rated as four per cent excellent, 75 per cent good, 14 per cent fair and seven per cent poor.

Areas within the region reported minor to moderate damage from dry conditions, heat and wind. Minor crop damage was reported from grasshoppers, lygus bug, flea beetles and other insects. Producers are continuing to monitor aphid pressure in their fields as well. Disease has been noted in some areas with producers applying fungicides to suppress disease already present and proactively spraying to manage disease from developing.

West-Central Saskatchewan:

- Census Division 12 – Biggar, Delisle, Rosetown and Sonningdale areas
- Census Division 13 – Cut Knife, Kerrobert, Kindersley, Macklin, Plenty and Wilkie areas

Producers are busy spraying fungicides and continuing with haying operations as the weather allows. In the coming weeks, producers will continue to monitor for pest and disease development and prepare harvest equipment.

Rainfall was variable throughout the region with some areas receiving trace amounts of precipitation and other areas receiving increased amounts. The highest amount of rain fell in the Mildren area at 29 mm followed by the Kindersley area at 28 mm. The Marengo area received 23 mm while the Rosetown area received 18 mm. Areas in the region will need rain soon to support continued crop development.

Added precipitation and cooler temperatures throughout much of the region contributed to maintaining topsoil moisture similar to the previous week. Currently, cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 78 per cent adequate, 20 per cent short and two per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at 70 per cent adequate, 27 per cent short and three per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is 68 per cent adequate, 28 per cent short and four per cent very short.

Recent precipitation has allowed for crop development to move closer to normal stages of development for this time of year as compared to previous weeks. Currently, annual forages are still showing to be the furthest behind in their stages of development.

West-Central Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	5%	95%	0%
Spring Cereals	8%	87%	5%
Oilseeds	3%	90%	7%
Pulse Crops	1%	95%	4%
Perennial Forage	3%	94%	3%
Annual Forage	0%	83%	17%

Crop conditions are rated mainly as good to fair throughout the region, although reports rate fall rye as 36 per cent poor within the region. A full summary of individual crop conditions for all regions can be viewed in the attached crop conditions table.

Haying operations have progressed slowly throughout the region. Forty-eight per cent of the hay crop has received its first cut with 20 per cent baled or silaged. Hay quality is rated as 11 per cent excellent, 39 per cent good, 43 per cent fair and seven per cent poor.

Areas within the region reported minor to moderate damage from lack of moisture with minor damage due to heat. Minor crop damage was reported from grasshoppers with moderate crop damage reported from gophers. Disease has been noted in some areas with producers applying fungicides to suppress disease already present along with some proactively spraying to manage disease from developing.

Northeastern Saskatchewan:

- Census Division 14 – Choceland, Hudson Bay, Kelvington, Melfort, and

Nipawin areas

- Census Division 15 – Cudworth, Humboldt, Kinistino, Prince Albert, Rosthern and St. Brieux areas

Producers are busy spraying fungicides and continuing with haying operations as the weather allows. In the coming weeks, producers will continue to monitor for pest and disease development and prepare harvest equipment.

Rainfall was limited throughout the region with many areas reporting no rain at all. The Melfort area recorded the highest rainfall at 22 mm. The Duck Lake area received 16 mm and the Hudson Bay area received 14 mm.

Reductions to topsoil moisture were observed throughout the region over the past week. Currently, cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 48 per cent adequate, 50 per cent short and two per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at 40 per cent adequate, 44 per cent short and 16 per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is 39 per cent adequate and 45 per cent short and 16 per cent very short.

Most crops within the region are reported to be near normal stages of development for this time of year. Currently, spring cereals, pulse crops and perennial forages have the highest percentage ahead of normal development. Oilseeds and annual forages are estimated to be the furthest behind in their stages of development for this time of year.

Northeast Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	2%	98%	0%
Spring Cereals	18%	74%	8%
Oilseeds	7%	70%	23%
Pulse Crops	14%	81%	5%
Perennial Forage	18%	78%	4%
Annual Forage	8%	73%	19%

Crop conditions are quite variable throughout the region, but the majority are reported to be in good to fair condition. Seventeen per cent of mustard crops are reported as being in poor condition within the region. A full summary of individual crop conditions for all regions can be viewed in the attached crop conditions table.

Haying operations have progressed rapidly throughout the region with the drier conditions. Seventy per cent of the hay crop has received its first cut with 36 per cent baled or silaged. Hay quality is rated as 10 per cent excellent, 60 per cent good and 30 per cent fair.

Areas within the region reported minor to moderate damage from lack of moisture, heat and wind. Minor crop damage was reported from flooding, hail, grasshoppers, flea beetles and gophers. Disease has been noted in some areas with producers applying fungicides to suppress disease already present and proactively spraying to manage disease from developing.

Northwestern Saskatchewan:

- Census Division 16 – Blaine Lake, Canwood, North Battleford, Radisson and

Spiritwood areas

- Census Division 17 – Glaslyn, Maidstone, Meadow Lake, Pierceland and St. Walburg areas

Producers are busy spraying fungicides and continuing with haying operations as the weather allows. In the coming weeks, producers will continue to monitor for pest and disease development and prepare harvest equipment.

Almost no rainfall was recorded throughout the region over the past week. The only rain recorded fell in the North Battleford area at two mm. Areas in the region will need rain soon to support continued crop development.

Reductions to topsoil moisture were observed throughout the region over the past week. Currently, cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 12 per cent adequate, 53 per cent short and 35 per cent very short. Hayland topsoil moisture is reported at 12 per cent adequate, 40 per cent short and 48 per cent very short. Pasture topsoil moisture is 11 per cent adequate, 39 per cent short and 50 per cent very short.

Crop development continues to be estimated as further ahead of normal as compared to previous weeks. Perennial forages have the highest percentage ahead of normal development for this time of year.

Crop conditions are variable throughout the region but are rated

mainly as good to fair. Spring cereals and canola have the highest percentage of crops rated as being in poor condition. A full summary of individual crop conditions for all regions can be viewed in the attached crop conditions table.

Northwest Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	29%	71%	0%
Spring Cereals	35%	58%	7%
Oilseeds	26%	65%	9%
Pulse Crops	31%	69%	0%
Perennial Forage	53%	40%	7%
Annual Forage	38%	54%	8%

Haying operations have progressed throughout the region. Sixty-seven per cent of the hay crop has received its first cut with 40 per cent baled or silaged. Hay quality is rated as nine per cent excellent, 41 per cent good, 40 per cent fair and 10 per cent poor.

Areas within the region reported minor to severe damage from lack of moisture, wind and heat. Minor to moderate crop damage was reported from grasshoppers and minor damage from gophers. Producers are beginning to monitor for bertha armyworm in their fields as well.

Saskatchewan Crop Development (for the period of July 8 to July 14, 2025)

Provincial Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	27%	71%	2%
Spring Cereals	17%	75%	8%
Oilseeds	12%	73%	15%
Pulse Crops	18%	79%	3%
Perennial Forage	24%	65%	11%
Annual Forage	15%	72%	13%

Southeast Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	12%	88%	0%
Spring Cereals	4%	88%	8%
Oilseeds	4%	78%	18%
Pulse Crops	5%	88%	7%
Perennial Forage	8%	87%	5%
Annual Forage	9%	87%	4%

Southwest Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	42%	57%	1%
Spring Cereals	34%	65%	1%
Oilseeds	30%	68%	2%
Pulse Crops	29%	69%	2%
Perennial Forage	42%	44%	14%
Annual Forage	27%	65%	8%

East-Central Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	16%	80%	4%
Spring Cereals	8%	76%	16%
Oilseeds	7%	71%	22%
Pulse Crops	7%	90%	3%
Perennial Forage	4%	87%	9%
Annual Forage	2%	90%	8%

West-Central Saskatchewan Crop Development			
Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	5%	95%	0%
Spring Cereals	8%	87%	5%
Oilseeds	3%	90%	7%
Pulse Crops	1%	95%	4%
Perennial Forage	3%	94%	3%
Annual Forage	0%	83%	17%

Saskatchewan Crop Conditions -July 8 to July 14, 2025

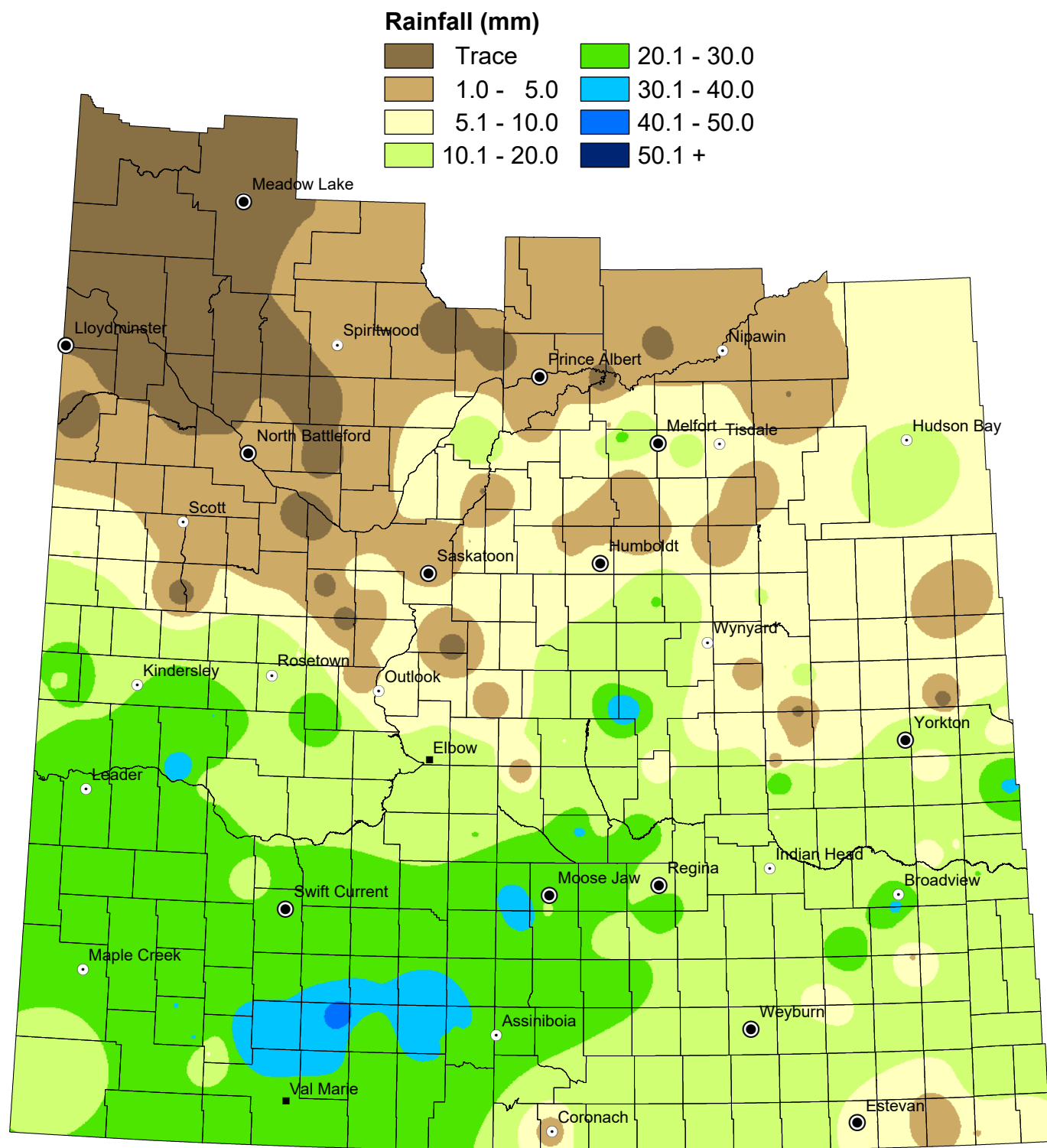
Provincial								
	Winter Wheat	Fall Rye	Spring Wheat	Durum	Oats	Barley	Flax	Canola
excellent	4%	6%	5%	9%	8%	5%	9%	8%
good	37%	52%	58%	36%	57%	53%	59%	52%
fair	37%	27%	30%	37%	29%	32%	28%	30%
poor	18%	13%	7%	16%	5%	9%	4%	9%
very poor	4%	2%	0%	2%	1%	1%	0%	1%
	Triticale	Mustard	Soybean	Lentil	Field Pea	Canaryseed	Chickpea	
excellent	0%	7%	2%	15%	11%	15%	10%	
good	22%	28%	83%	53%	62%	58%	49%	
fair	45%	42%	13%	26%	21%	23%	38%	
poor	28%	20%	2%	6%	6%	4%	3%	
very poor	5%	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South East								
	Winter Wheat	Fall Rye	Spring Wheat	Durum	Oats	Barley	Flax	Canola
excellent	27%	18%	15%	9%	31%	8%	11%	17%
good	63%	74%	71%	73%	60%	79%	75%	65%
fair	10%	8%	13%	17%	9%	11%	13%	15%
poor	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	2%	1%	3%
very poor	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Triticale	Mustard	Soybean	Lentil	Field Pea	Canaryseed	Chickpea	
excellent	0%	10%	1%	20%	26%	19%	14%	
good	69%	78%	94%	67%	65%	73%	73%	
fair	31%	11%	4%	12%	7%	8%	13%	
poor	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	
very poor	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	
South West								
	Winter Wheat	Fall Rye	Spring Wheat	Durum	Oats	Barley	Flax	Canola
excellent	0%	0%	7%	7%	0%	5%	1%	8%
good	0%	21%	21%	14%	8%	25%	13%	20%
fair	39%	47%	55%	48%	53%	45%	62%	52%
poor	57%	23%	16%	28%	38%	22%	24%	18%
very poor	4%	9%	1%	3%	1%	3%	0%	2%
	Triticale	Mustard	Soybean	Lentil	Field Pea	Canaryseed	Chickpea	
excellent	0%	7%	0%	13%	6%	43%	6%	
good	12%	17%	0%	40%	45%	11%	48%	
fair	41%	44%	100%	36%	32%	45%	44%	
poor	39%	27%	0%	11%	16%	1%	2%	
very poor	8%	5%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	
East Central								
	Winter Wheat	Fall Rye	Spring Wheat	Durum	Oats	Barley	Flax	Canola
excellent	2%	5%	3%	6%	3%	2%	1%	6%
good	63%	87%	68%	66%	70%	71%	74%	62%
fair	28%	7%	23%	28%	19%	21%	23%	25%
poor	5%	1%	5%	0%	7%	5%	2%	6%
very poor	2%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%
	Triticale	Mustard	Soybean	Lentil	Field Pea	Canaryseed	Chickpea	
excellent	0%	3%	7%	8%	14%	0%	0%	
good	100%	59%	70%	59%	71%	88%	85%	
fair	0%	37%	17%	26%	14%	9%	15%	
poor	0%	1%	3%	7%	1%	2%	0%	
very poor	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	1%	0%	

Saskatchewan Crop Conditions Continued -July 8 to July 14, 2025

West Central								
	Winter Wheat	Fall Rye	Spring Wheat	Durum	Oats	Barley	Flax	Canola
excellent	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%
good	80%	57%	67%	66%	69%	72%	79%	68%
fair	20%	7%	28%	28%	28%	24%	21%	27%
poor	0%	36%	4%	5%	3%	3%	0%	4%
very poor	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Triticale	Mustard	Soybean	Lentil	Field Pea	Canaryseed	Chickpea	
excellent	0%	0%	0%	3%	2%	0%	4%	
good	75%	82%	100%	83%	78%	78%	88%	
fair	25%	16%	0%	12%	19%	19%	8%	
poor	0%	2%	0%	2%	1%	3%	0%	
very poor	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North East								
	Winter Wheat	Fall Rye	Spring Wheat	Durum	Oats	Barley	Flax	Canola
excellent	0%	0%	3%	0%	6%	6%	6%	7%
good	0%	8%	61%	46%	67%	49%	45%	49%
fair	100%	88%	31%	43%	25%	41%	41%	35%
poor	0%	4%	5%	11%	2%	4%	8%	9%
very poor	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Triticale	Mustard	Soybean	Lentil	Field Pea	Canaryseed	Chickpea	
excellent	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%	6%	0%	
good	0%	34%	30%	88%	79%	52%	40%	
fair	100%	49%	65%	12%	10%	39%	60%	
poor	0%	17%	5%	0%	0%	3%	0%	
very poor	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North West								
	Winter Wheat	Fall Rye	Spring Wheat	Durum	Oats	Barley	Flax	Canola
excellent	0%	0%	1%	No Response(s)	1%	1%	0%	1%
good	50%	36%	20%	No Response(s)	24%	20%	67%	23%
fair	50%	64%	55%	No Response(s)	55%	56%	33%	50%
poor	0%	0%	24%	No Response(s)	17%	19%	0%	24%
very poor	0%	0%	0%	No Response(s)	2%	4%	0%	2%
	Triticale	Mustard	Soybean	Lentil	Field Pea	Canaryseed	Chickpea	
excellent	0%	No Response(s)	0%	17%	4%	No Response(s)	No Response(s)	
good	0%	No Response(s)	100%	41%	37%	No Response(s)	No Response(s)	
fair	100%	No Response(s)	0%	42%	50%	No Response(s)	No Response(s)	
poor	0%	No Response(s)	0%	0%	9%	No Response(s)	No Response(s)	
very poor	0%	No Response(s)	0%	0%	0%	No Response(s)	No Response(s)	

Weekly Rainfall

from July 8 to July 14, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Weekly Rainfall Summary

(reported in millimeters)

1 inch=25 mm

for the period from July 8 to July 14, 2025

Census Division	RM No.	RM Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr	Census Division	RM No.	RM Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr	Census Division	RM No.	RM Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr
1	2	MOUNT PLEASANT	N/A	155	8	137	SWIFT CURRENT	N/A	81	14	366	KELVINGTON	N/A	114
1	3	ENNISKILLEN	2	172	8	138	WEBB	28	154	14	367	PONASS LAKE	2	69
1	4	COALFIELDS	8	203	8	139	GULL LAKE	28	108	14	394	HUDSON BAY	N/A	85
1	32	RECIPROCITY	12	161	8	142	ENTERPRISE	28	82	14	395	PORCUPINE	N/A	58
1	34	BROWNING	N/A	202	8	168	RIVERSIDE	18	122	14	397	BARRIER VALLEY	3	90
1	94	HAZELWOOD	5	109	8	228	LACADENA	18	151	14	428	STAR CITY	11	94
1	95	GOLDEN WEST	5	166	8	229	MIRY CREEK	25	117	14	456	ARBORFIELD	1	140
1	2A	MOUNT PLEASANT	5	201	8	231	HAPPYLAND	23	96	14	457	CONNAUGHT	N/A	34
2	10	HAPPY VALLEY	16	173	8	259	SNIPER LAKE	30	146	14	486	MOOSE RANGE	N/A	113
2	38	LAURIER	13	186	8	260	NEWCOMBE	N/A	11	14	487	NIPAWIN	N/A	131
2	66	GRIFFIN	15	214	8	138A	WEBB	25	135	14	488	TORCH RIVER	3	121
2	67	WEYBURN	N/A	181	8	257A	MONET	10	156	14	394A	HUDSON BAY	14	100
2	70	KEY WEST	N/A	110	8	259A	SNIPER LAKE	33	199	14	397A	BARRIER VALLEY	6	201
2	96	FILLMORE	N/A	39	9	241	CALDER	7	138	14	488A	TORCH RIVER	N/A	12
2	100	ELMSTHORPE	25	195	9	243	WALLACE	15	139	14	488B	TORCH RIVER	N/A	23
2	38A	LAURIER	12	150	9	245	GARRY	10	122	15	369	ST. PETER	2	161
3	11	HART BUTTE	4	96	9	273	SLIDING HILLS	0	90	15	370	HUMBOLDT	5	93
3	73	STONEHENGE	28	92	9	274	GOOD LAKE	6	122	15	371	BAYNE	8	180
3	74	WOOD RIVER	35	104	9	301	ST. PHILIPS	N/A	74	15	372	GRANT	N/A	89
3	75	PINTO CREEK	25	122	9	331	LIVINGSTON	3	77	15	373	ABERDEEN	5	88
3	76	AUVERGNE	44	144	9	333	CLAYTON	3	68	15	399	LAKE LENORE	3	110
3	101	TERRELL	N/A	26	9	241A	CALDER	11	187	15	400	THREE LAKES	3	219
3	102	LAKE JOHNSTON	N/A	149	9	245A	GARRY	N/A	94	15	402	FISH CREEK	N/A	92
3	106	WHISKA CREEK	27	132	10	246	ITUNA BON ACCORD	N/A	92	15	429	FLETT'S SPRINGS	122	280
3	74A	KEY WEST	37	148	10	247	KELLROSS	N/A	22	15	430	INVERGORDON	N/A	123
4	51	RENO	14	74	10	248	TOUCHWOOD	N/A	128	15	459	KINISTINO	5	151
4	79	ARLINGTON	30	95	10	277	EMERALD	3	91	15	460	BIRCH HILLS	N/A	151
4	110	PIAPOT	21	68	10	279	MOUNT HOPE	37	143	15	461	PRINCE ALBERT	3	125
4	77A	WISE CREEK	39	134	10	307	ELFROS	7	132	15	463	DUCK LAKE	16	148
4	78A	GRASSY CREEK	10	90	10	309	PRAIRIE ROSE	13	146	15	491	BUCKLAND	N/A	60
4	79A	ARLINGTON	30	99	10	336	SASMAN	8	116	15	520	PADDOCKWOOD	N/A	113
5	122	MARTIN	15	166	10	337	LAKEVIEW	11	108	15	521	LAKELAND	N/A	113
5	124	KINGSLEY	14	196	10	339	LEROY	20	116	15	371A	BAYNE	10	100
5	151	ROCANVILLE	20	153	10	246A	ITUNA BON ACCORD	3	123	15	371B	BAYNE	1	187
5	155	WOLSELEY	15	113	10	248A	TOUCHWOOD	5	125	15	403A	ROSTHERN	9	105
5	181	LANGENBURG	19	144	10	276A	FOAM LAKE	10	159	15	403B	ROSTHERN	N/A	36
5	183	FERTILE BELT	9	93	10	276B	FOAM LAKE	11	154	15	403C	ROSTHERN	1	98
5	211	CHURCHBRIDGE	33	133	10	276C	FOAM LAKE	1	112	15	461A	PRINCE ALBERT	0	144
5	213	SALT COATS	8	105	10	277A	EMERALD	4	117	16	406	MAYFIELD	N/A	0
5	214	CANA	N/A	132	10	279A	MOUNT HOPE	N/A	128	16	434	BLAINE LAKE	N/A	83
5	215	STANLEY	N/A	28	11	251	BIG ARM	10	66	16	435	REDBERRY	N/A	95
5	125A	CHESTERFIELD	24	181	11	282	McCRANEY	3	90	16	436	DOUGLAS	0	66
5	154A	ELCAPO	31	140	11	283	ROSEDALE	0	167	16	437	NORTH BATTLEFORD	2	82
5	183A	FERTILE BELT	8	159	11	284	RUDY	6	114	16	466	MEETING LAKE	0	95
5	211A	CHURCHBRIDGE	21	133	11	310	USBORNE	N/A	37	16	467	ROUND HILL	0	91
6	127	FRANCIS	16	101	11	314	DUNDURN	0	167	16	493	SHELLBROOK	0	58
6	128	LAJORD	7	99	11	344	CORMAN PARK	3	139	16	494	CANWOOD	0	62
6	130	REDBURN	17	129	11	282A	McCRANEY	N/A	41	16	497	MEDSTEAD	0	62
6	156	INDIAN HEAD	18	148	12	286	MILDEN	29	143	16	437A	NORTH BATTLEFORD	2	94
6	160	PENSE	N/A	71	12	287	ST. ANDREWS	15	129	16	467A	ROUND HILL	N/A	129
6	186	ABERNETHY	10	123	12	288	PLEASANT VALLEY	18	142	17	468	MEOTA	0	51
6	190	DUFFERIN	20	87	12	316	HARRIS	0	111	17	470	PAYNTON	0	4
6	216	TULLYMET	29	102	12	317	MARRIOTT	10	143	17	471	ELDON	0	65
6	217	LIPTON	12	168	12	345	VANS COY	6	158	17	498	PARKDALE	0	38
6	219	LONGLAKETON	N/A	87	12	346	PERDUE	0	165	17	499	MERVIN	0	53
6	221	SARNIA	14	72	12	347	BIGGAR	2	108	17	501	FRENCHMAN BUTTE	N/A	0
6	159A	SHERWOOD	23	140	12	376	EAGLE CREEK	0	153	17	502	BRITANNIA	0	68
6	159B	SHERWOOD	16	121	12	377	GLENSIDE	0	140	17	561	LOON LAKE	0	67
6	190A	DUFFERIN	29	29	12	378	ROSEMOUNT	N/A	11	17	588	MEADOW LAKE	0	121
6	190B	DUFFERIN	15	86	12	285A	FERTILE VALLEY	2	168	17	498A	PARKDALE	0	20
6	190C	DUFFERIN	31	122	13	290	KINDERSLEY	28	165	17	501A	FRENCHMAN BUTTE	0	78.5
6	216A	TULLYMET	2	72	13	292	MILTON	23	209	17	561A	LOON LAKE	0	41.45
6	219A	LONGLAKETON	23	135	13	321	PRAIRIEDALE	N/A	152					
6	219B	LONGLAKETON	6	42	13	350	MARIPOSA	0	112					
6	220A	McKILLOP	17	100	13	351	PROGRESS	N/A	133					
6	220B	McKILLOP	17	155	13	379	REFORD	N/A	112					
7	132	HILLSBOROUGH	36	182	13	382	EYE HILL	10	201					
7	136	COULEE	24	170	13	409	BUFFALO	N/A	167					
7	161	MOOSE JAW	19	121	13	410	ROUND VALLEY	N/A	80					
7	162	CARON	32	153	13	440	HILLSDALE	4	98					
7	165	MORSE	N/A	73	13	442	MANITOU LAKE	0	120					
7	191	MARQUIS	N/A	37	13	292A	MILTON	20	215					
7	193	EYEBROW	20	117	13	320A	OAKDALE	12	123					
7	223	HURON	16	69	13	320B	OAKDALE	N/A	195					
7	132A	HILLSBOROUGH	N/A	119	13	409A	BUFFALO	3	114					
7	162A	CARON	22	95										
7	222A	CRAIK	3	68										
7	223A	HURON	14	104										

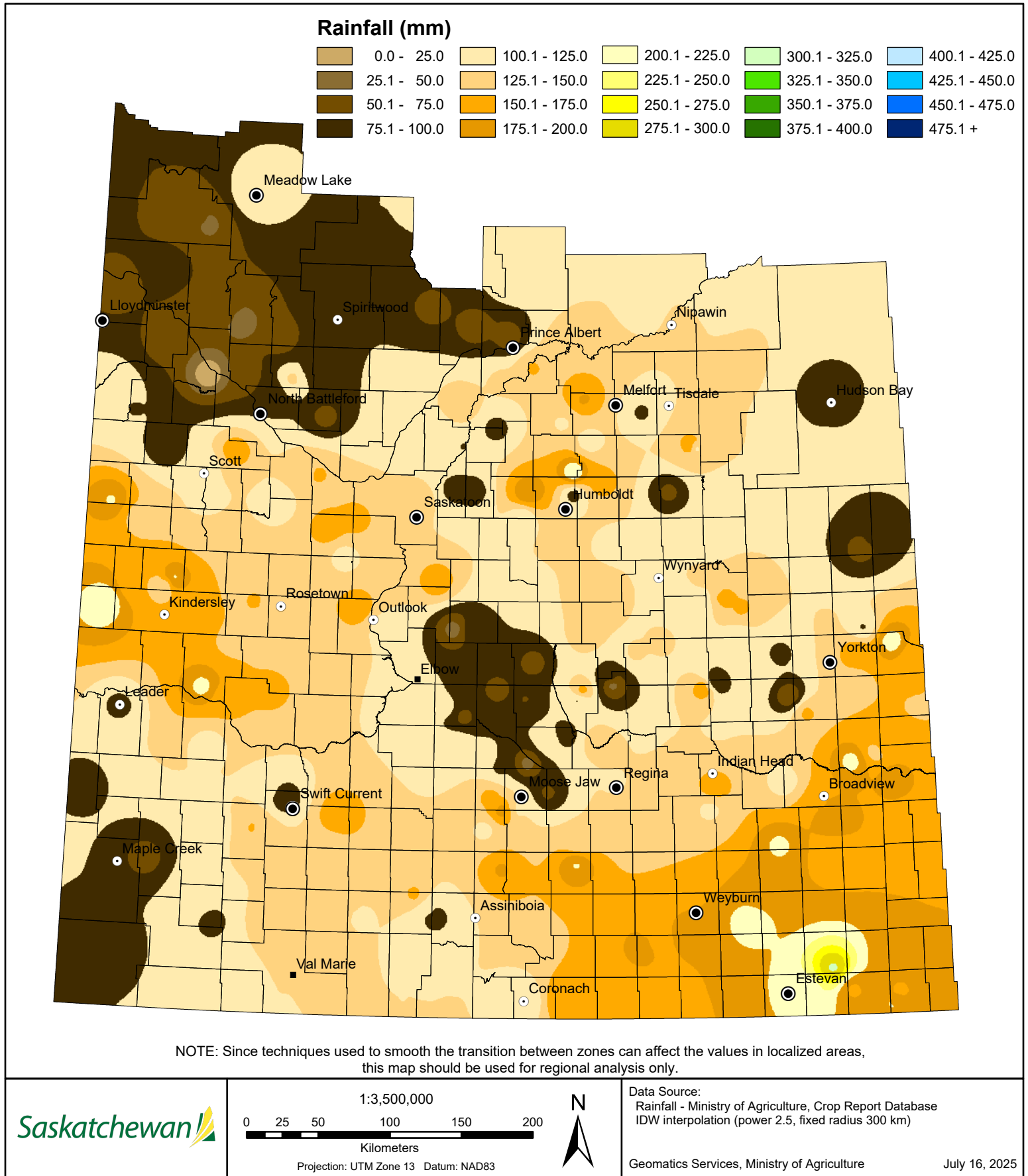
Municipality No: A, B, C and D - more than one reporter

These precipitation amounts represent point locations within each municipality and do not necessarily reflect the whole R. M.

N/A indicates that rainfall was not reported for the week

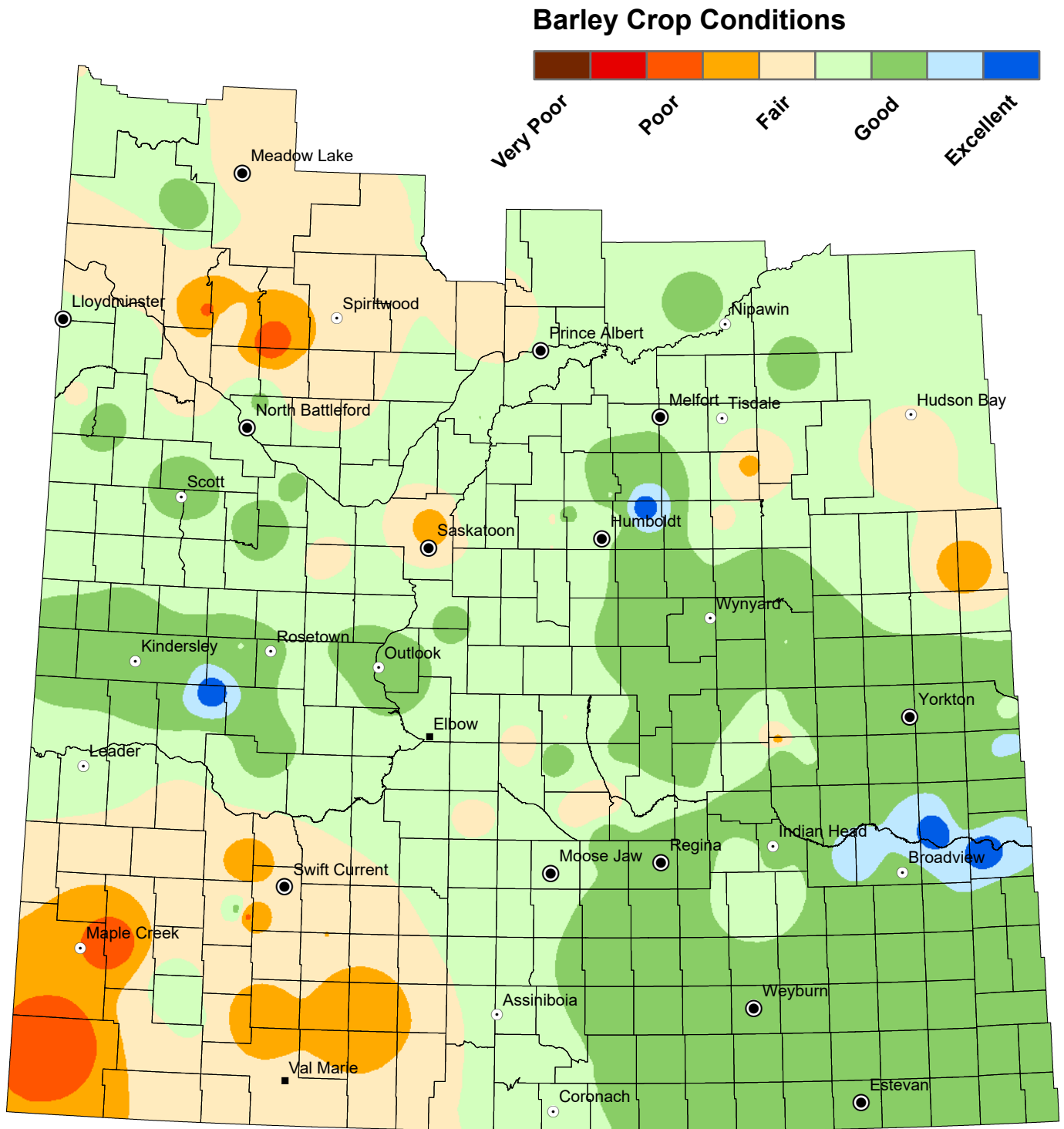
Cumulative Rainfall

from April 1 to July 14, 2025



Barley Crop Conditions

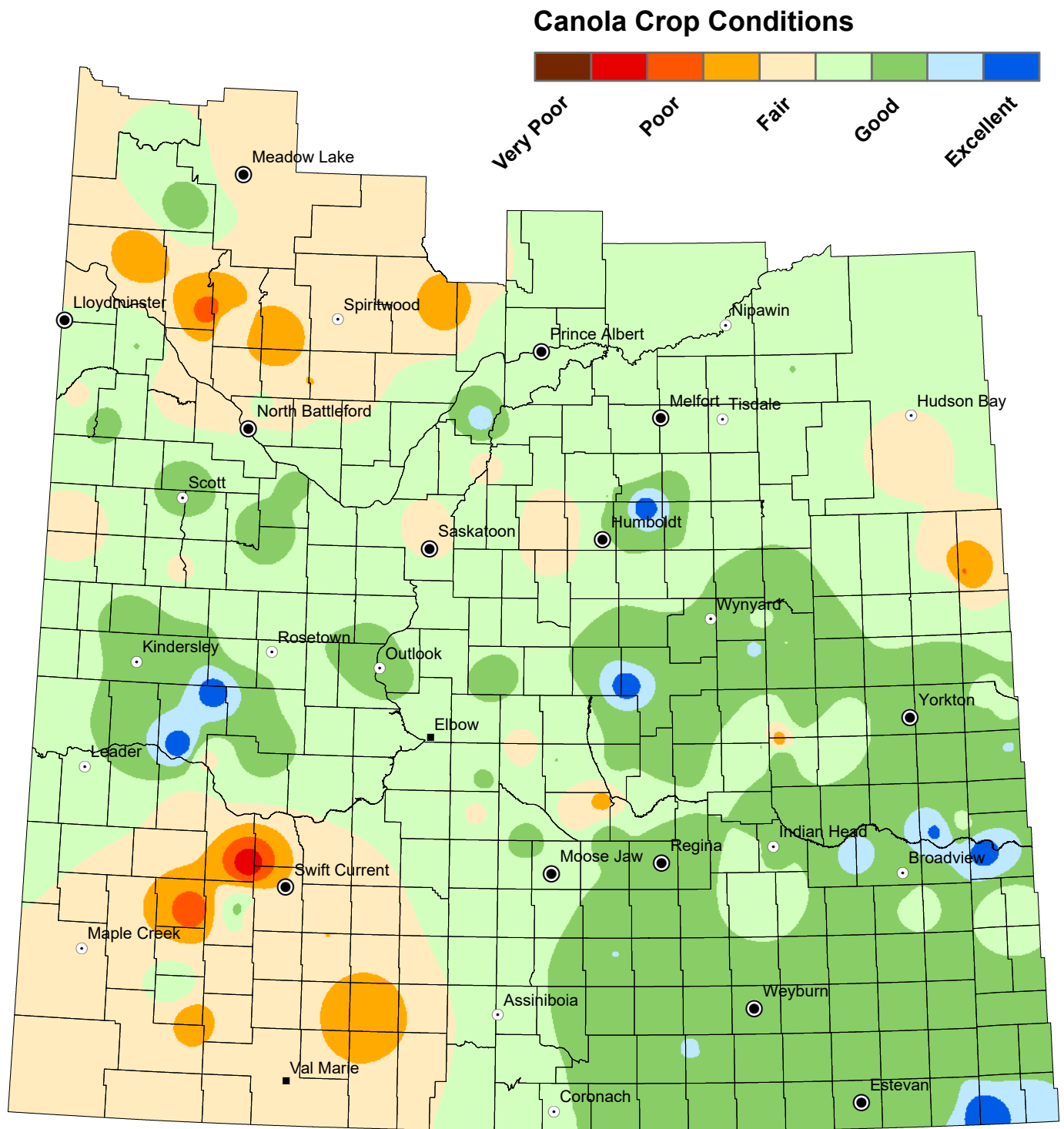
from July 8 to July 14, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Canola Crop Conditions

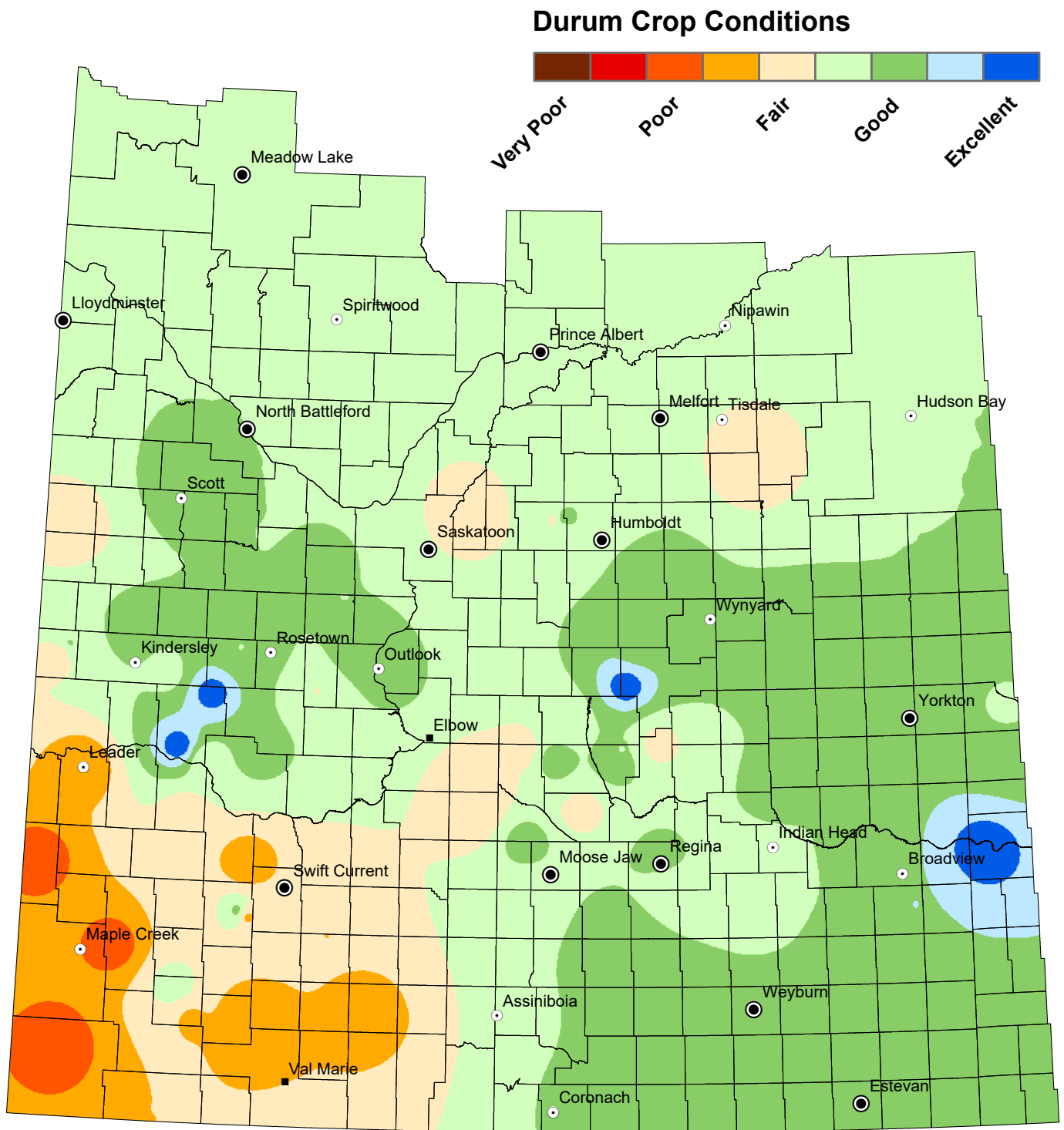
from July 8 to July 14, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Durum Crop Conditions

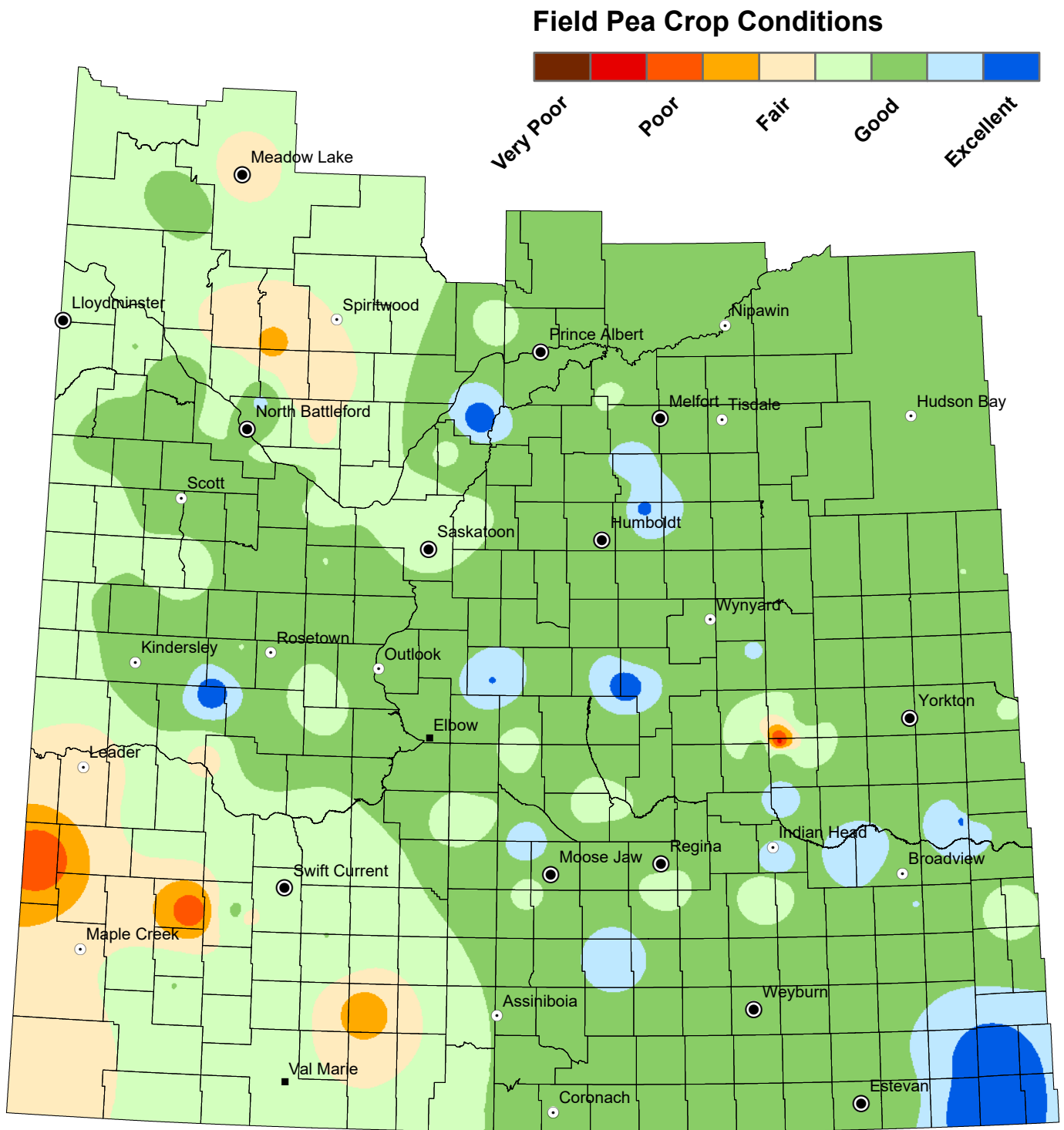
from July 8 to July 14, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Field Pea Crop Conditions

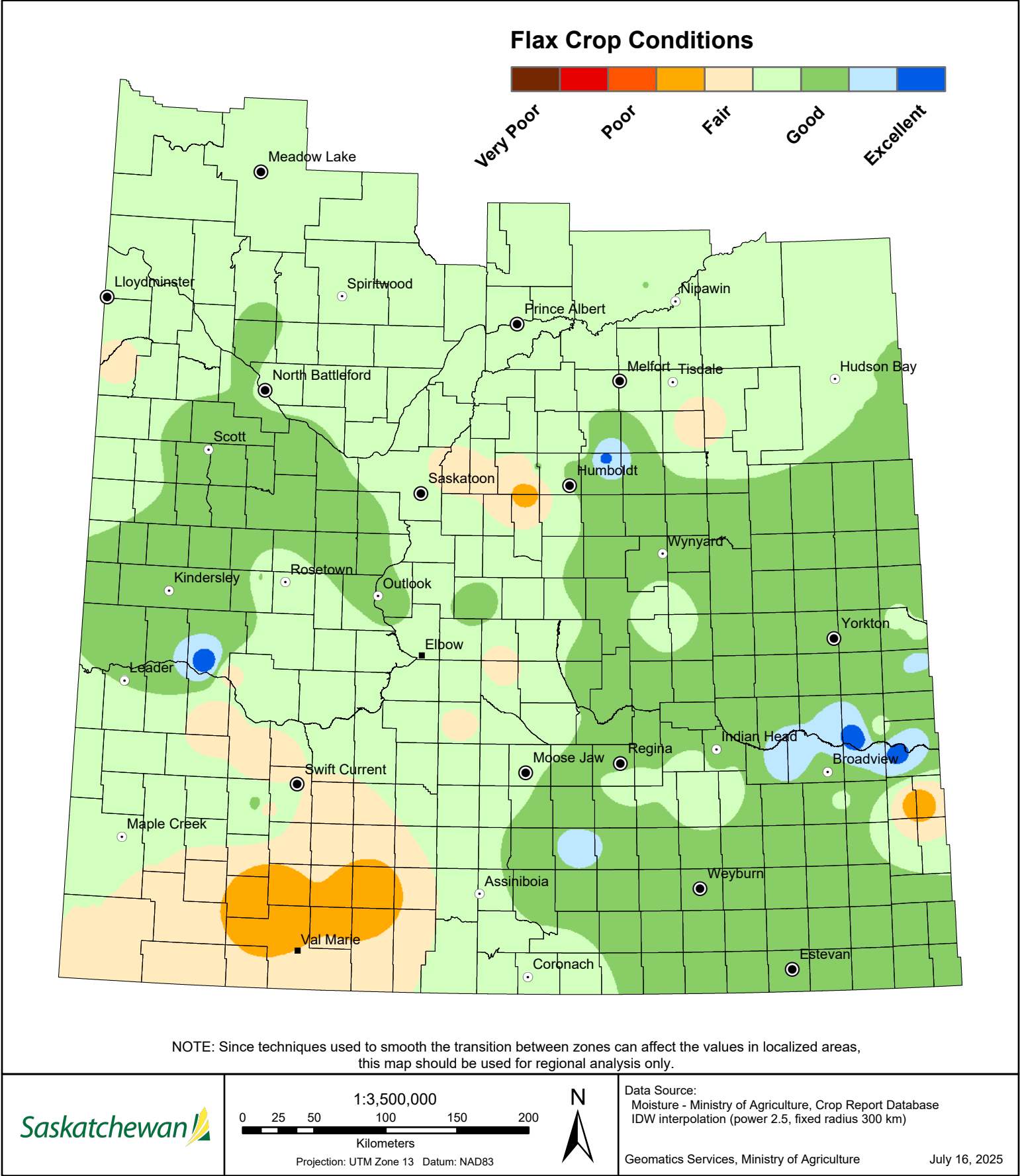
from July 8 to July 14, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

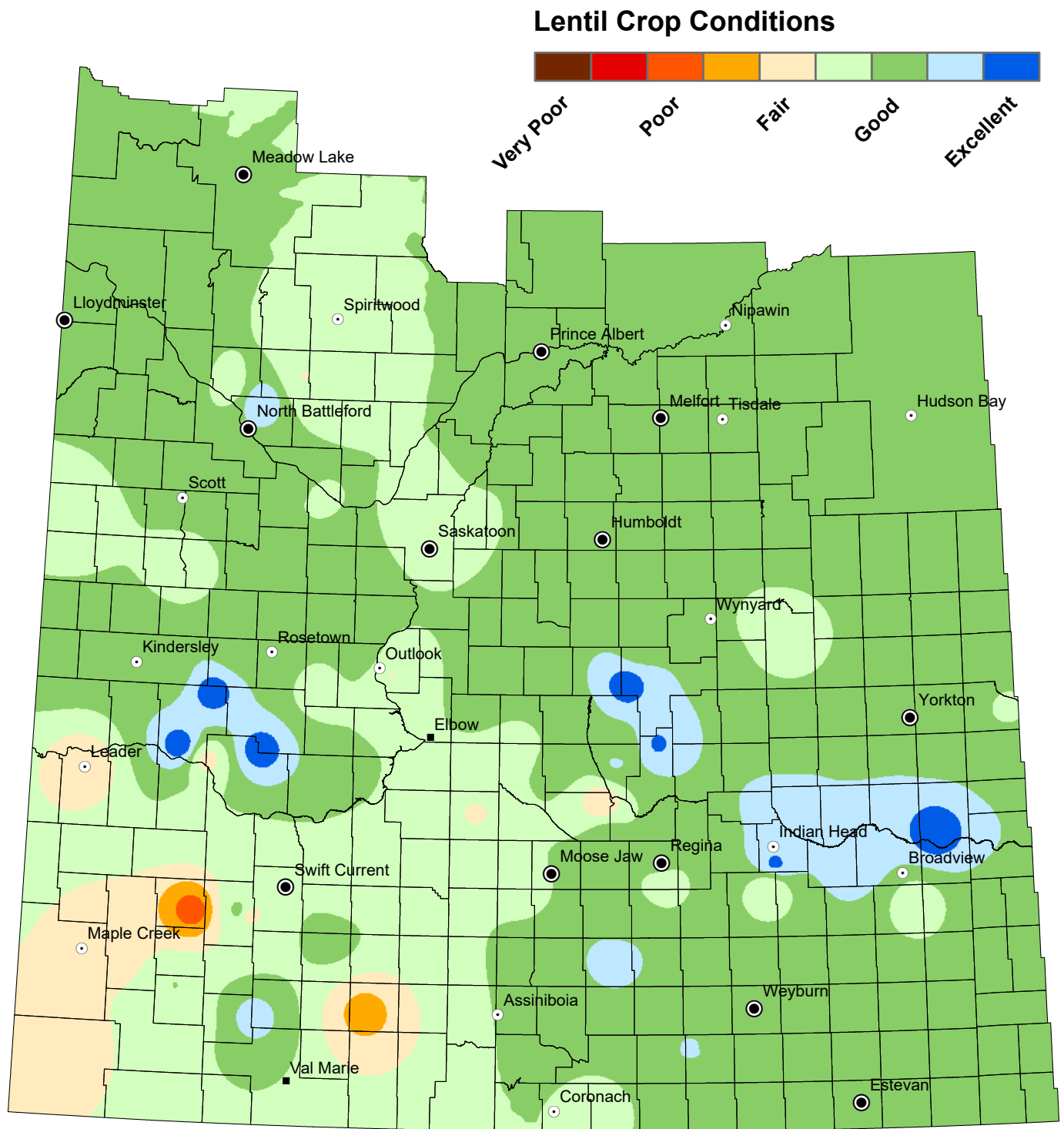
Flax Crop Conditions

from July 8 to July 14, 2025



Lentil Crop Conditions

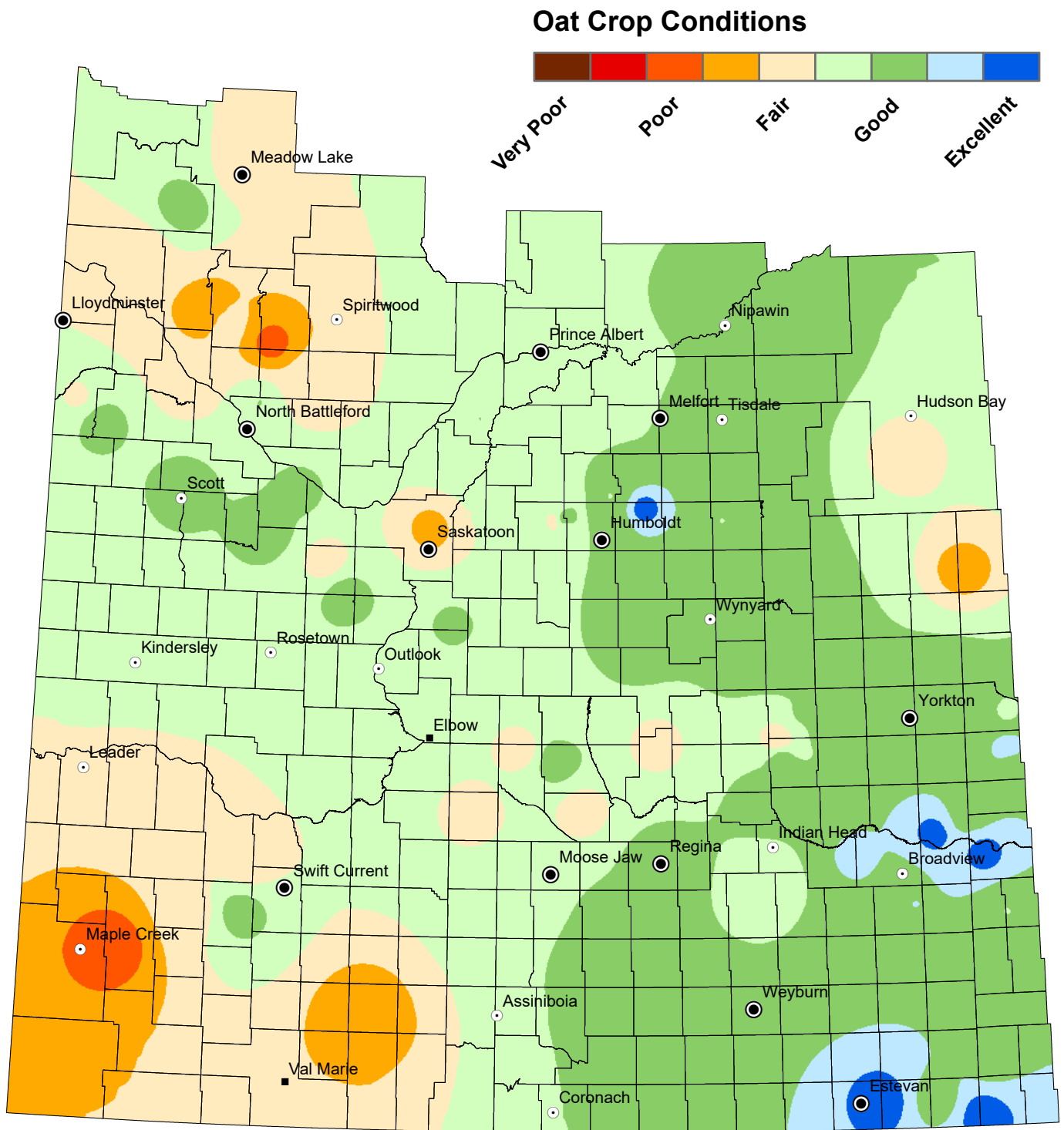
from July 8 to July 14, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Oat Crop Conditions

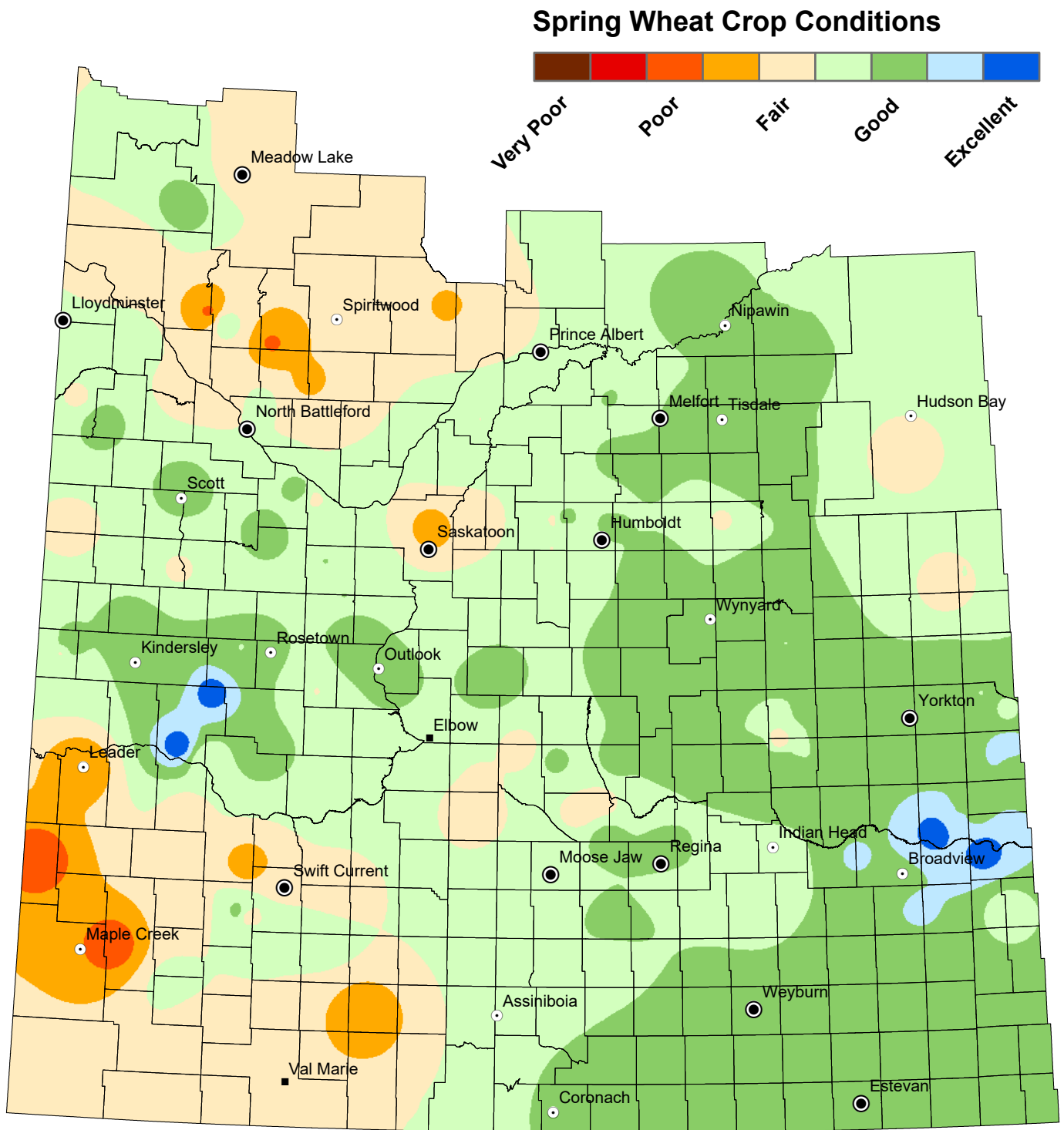
from July 8 to July 14, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Spring Wheat Crop Conditions

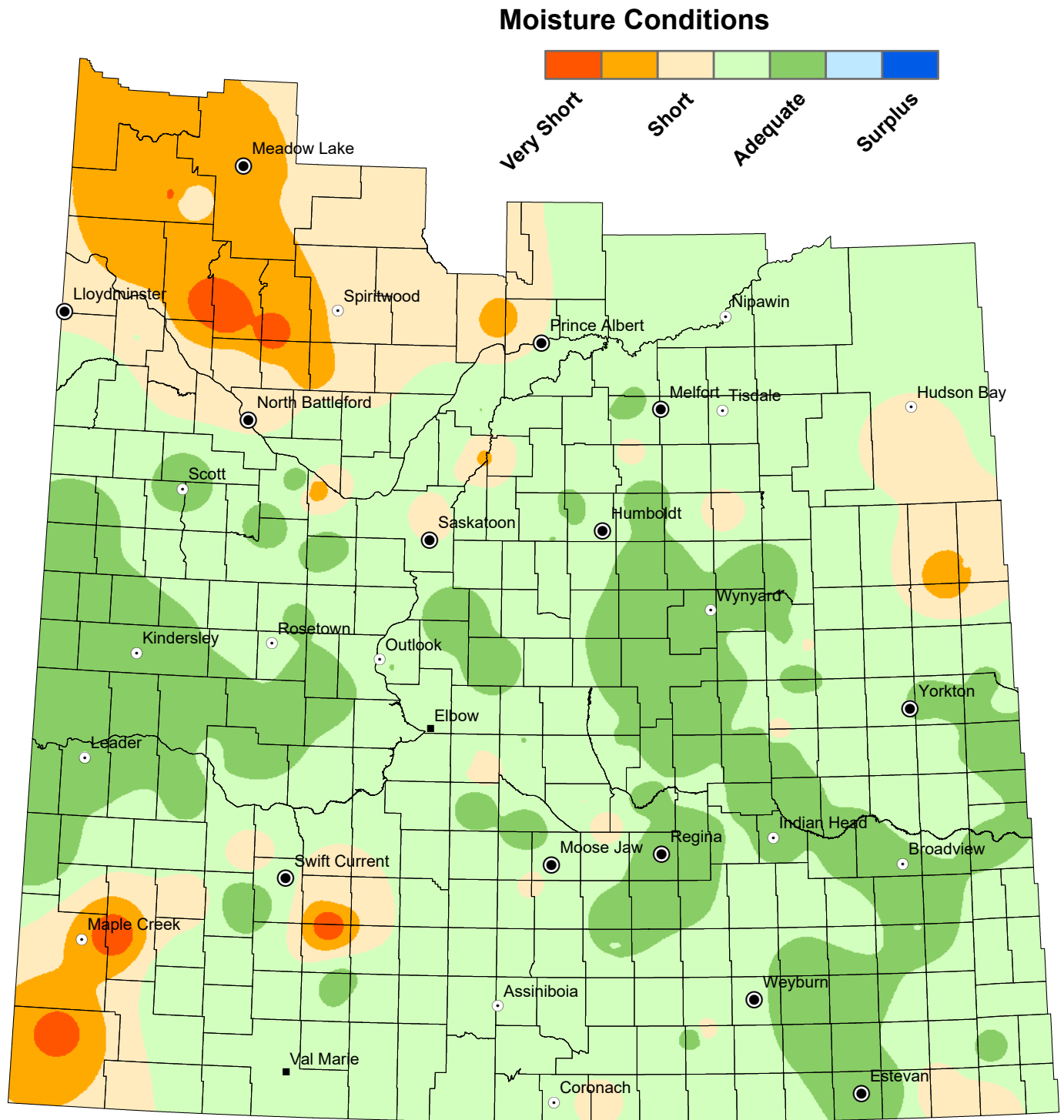
from July 8 to July 14, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Cropland Topsoil Moisture Conditions

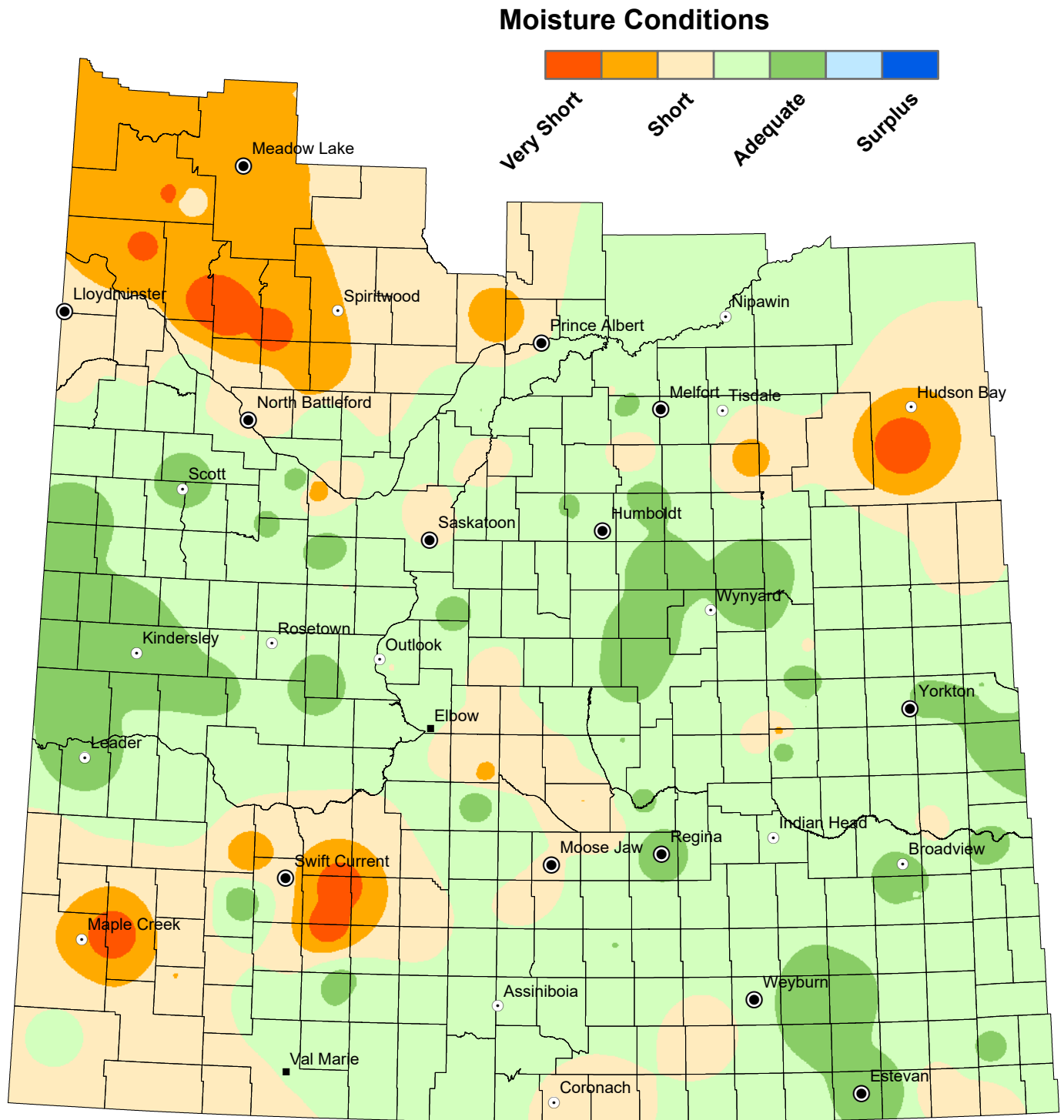
from July 8 to July 14, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Hay Topsoil Moisture Conditions

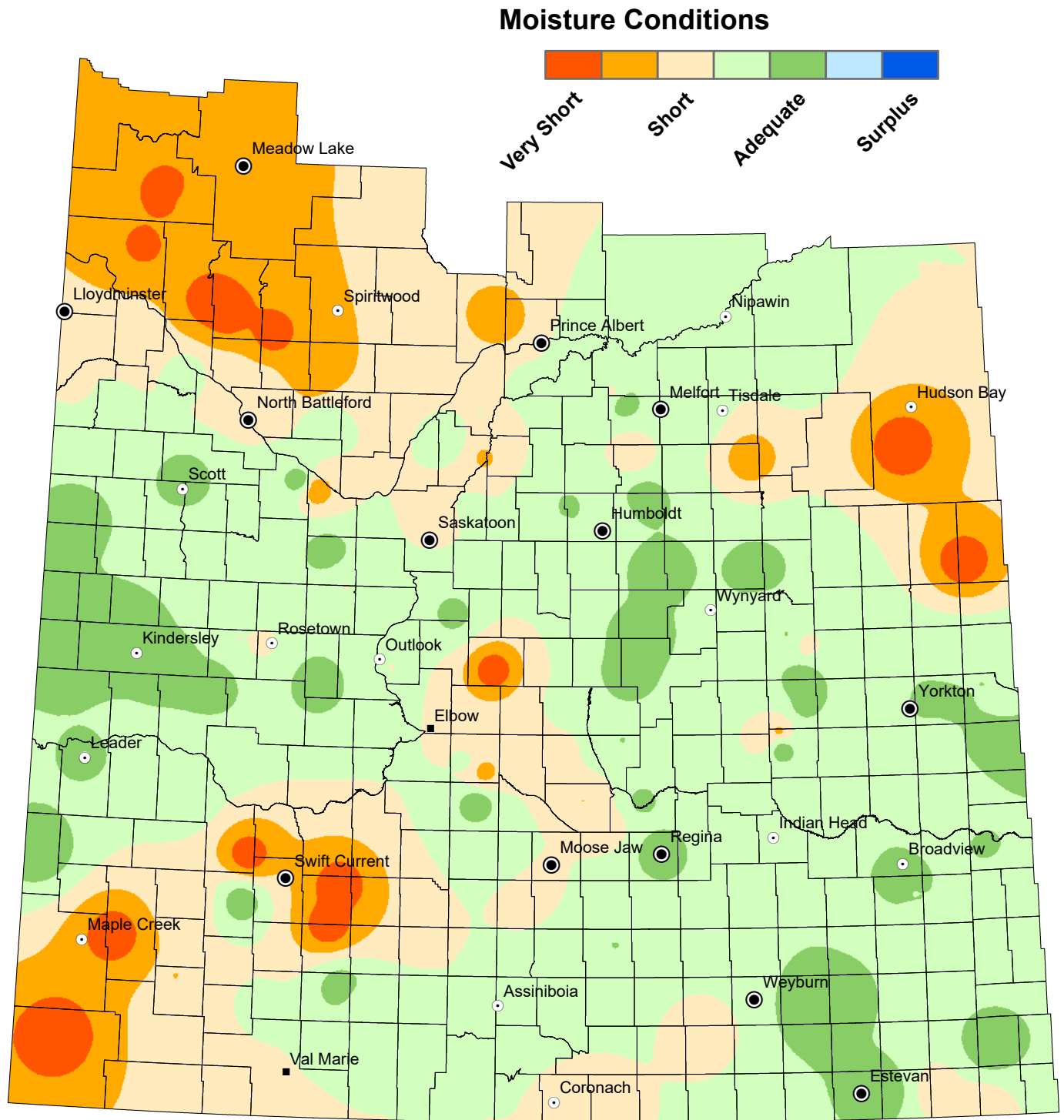
from July 8 to July 14, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Pasture Topsoil Moisture Conditions

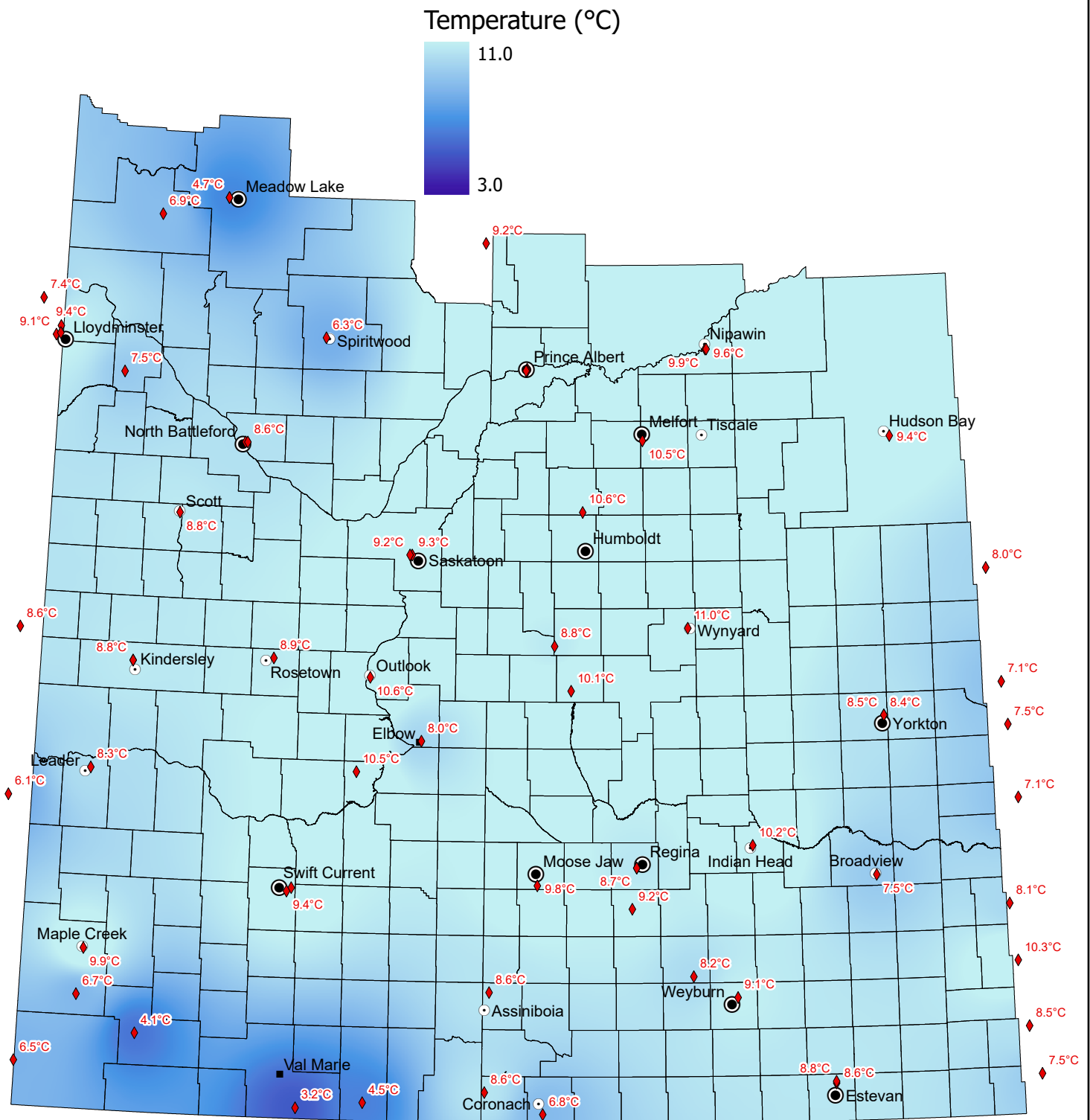
from July 8 to July 14, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Minimum Temperature

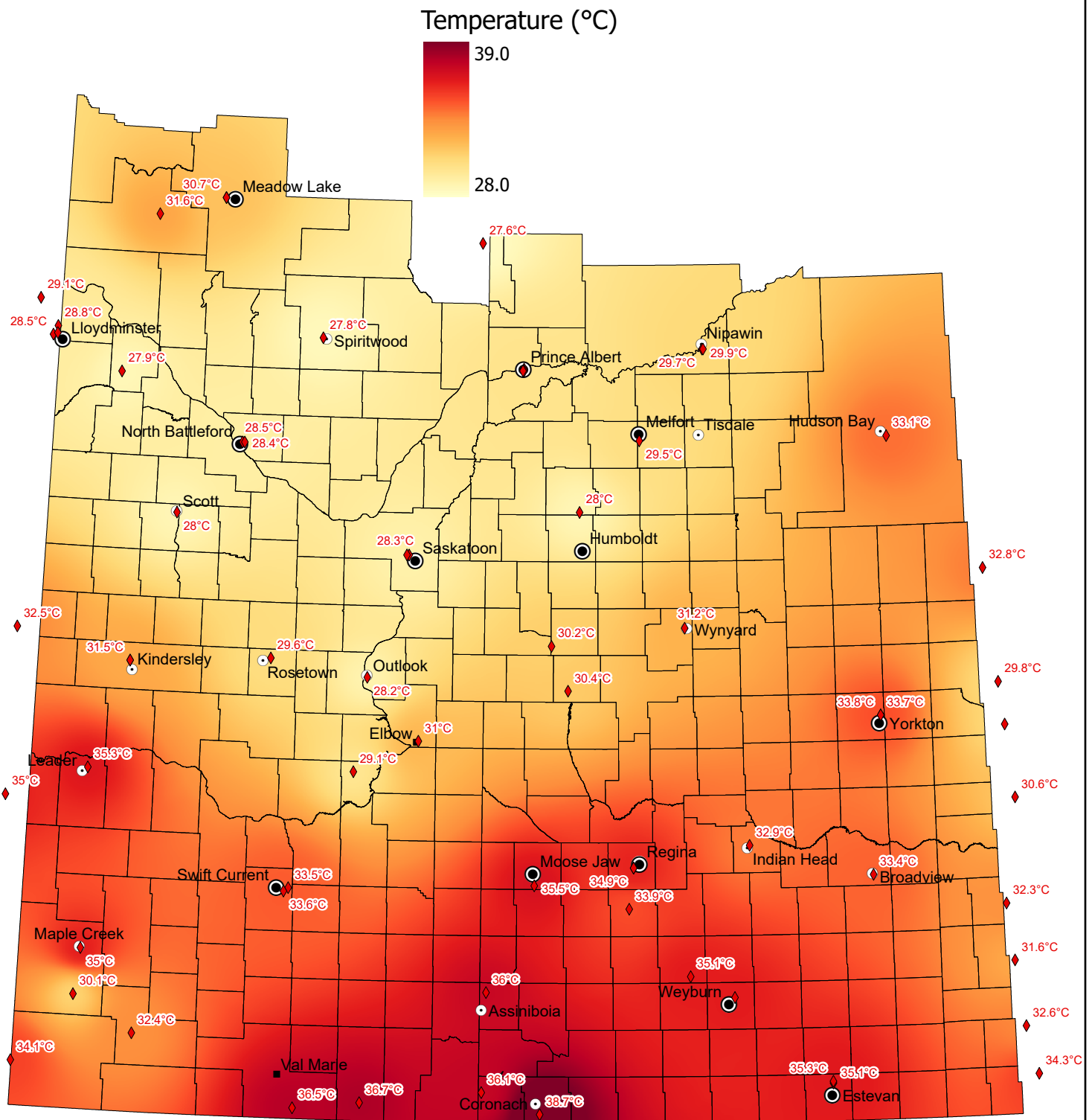
from July 8 to July 14, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Maximum Temperature

from July 8 to July 14, 2025



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.