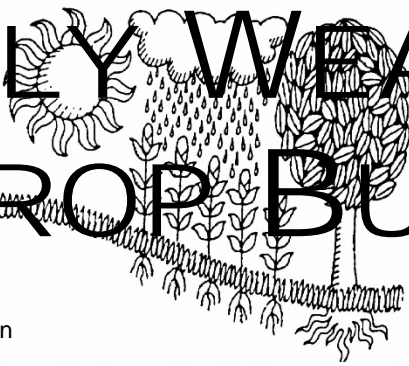
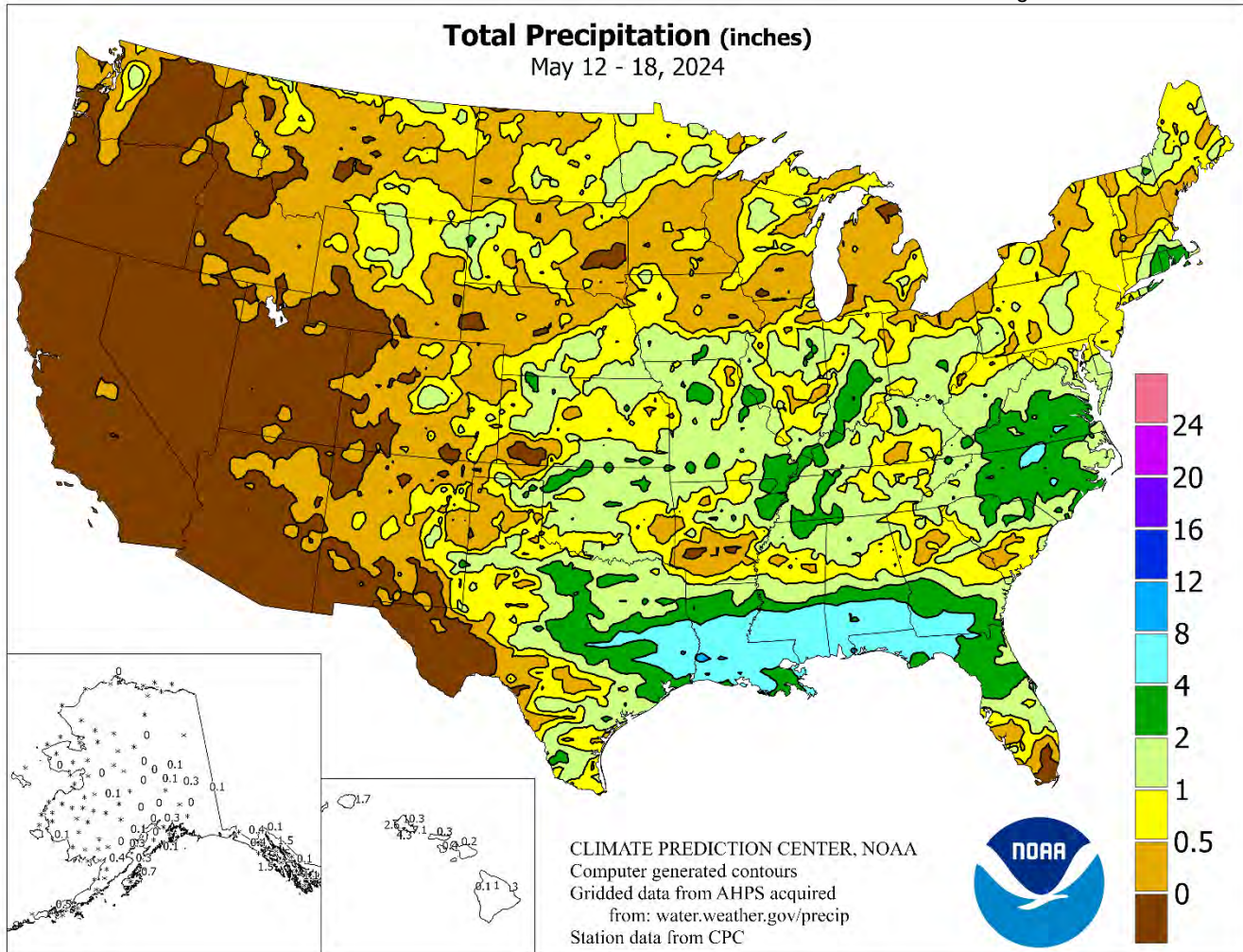


WEEKLY WEATHER AND CROP BULLETIN



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
National Weather Service

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
National Agricultural Statistics Service
and World Agricultural Outlook Board



HIGHLIGHTS

May 12 – 18, 2024

Highlights provided by USDA/WAOB

Heavy rain shifted southward, with weekly totals of 4 inches or more observed in numerous locations from **eastern Texas to southern Georgia and northern Florida**. A separate area of heavy rain (generally 2 to 4 inches) soaked the **mid-Atlantic**, including parts of **Virginia and North Carolina**. Thunderstorm-related high winds affected some areas, especially on May 16 from **eastern Texas into Louisiana**. Plenty of rain fell in other areas, including the **Plains, Midwest, and mid-South**, accompanied by locally severe thunderstorms. In most

(Continued on page 5)

Contents

Water Supply Outlook for the Western U.S.	2
Extreme Maximum & Minimum Temperature Maps.....	4
Temperature Departure Map	5
Palmer Drought & Crop Moisture Maps.....	6
May 14 Drought Monitor & U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook	7
Growing Degree Day Maps	8
Soil Temperature & Pan Evaporation Maps	10
National Weather Data for Selected Cities	11
National Agricultural Summary	14
Crop Progress and Condition Tables.....	15
International Weather and Crop Summary	21
Bulletin Information & U.S. Winter Wheat Abandonment, 1909-2024	34

Water Supply Forecast for the Western United States

Highlights

Mild weather during April initiated the snow-melt process in many Western basins, especially in the southern Rockies and at lower and middle elevations farther north. However, relatively cool weather across the Great Basin and Intermountain West during the first half of May slowed the snow-melt pace, with late-season storms adding new snow in some mountain ranges.

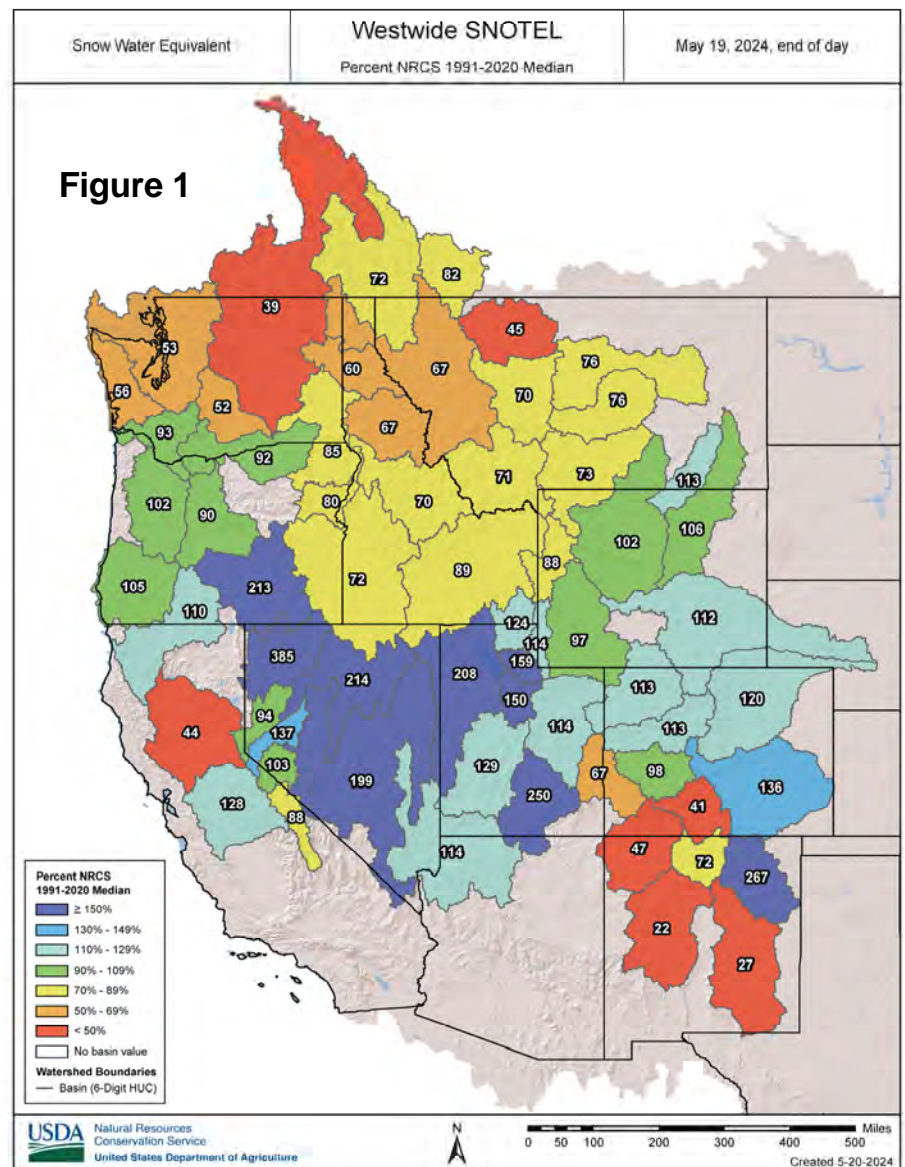
Even with El Niño fading away, snowpack and precipitation patterns continued to reflect the effects of a drier-than-normal winter across the northern tier of the western U.S., along with rather stormy conditions from Oregon and California eastward to the central and southern Rockies.

Despite two consecutive years of favorably stormy conditions across vast sections of the West, signs of long-term drought remained. For example, basin-wide storage in the Colorado River system stood at 60 percent of average (and 37 percent of capacity) on April 30, 2024, despite the surface elevation of Lake Mead having risen 31.32 feet (to 1,072.24 feet) since setting an end-of-month record low of 1,040.92 feet in July 2022.

According to the *U.S. Drought Monitor*, drought coverage in the 11-state Western region dipped from 32 to 20 percent between October 3, 2023, and May 14, 2024. Improvement in most drought-affected areas was partially offset by pockets of worsening drought in the northern Rockies.

Snowpack and Precipitation

By May 19, snow-water equivalencies were mostly near or above normal in drainage basins across Oregon, Wyoming, and the southern half of the western U.S., except in some lower-elevation areas of California and the Southwest where substantial melting has already occurred (figure 1). On that date, some of the most impressive remaining snowpack (greater than 150 percent of average) covered much of the Great Basin and portions of Utah. Farther north, however, snow-water equivalencies had broadly dropped below 70 percent of average in much of Washington, northern Idaho, and western Montana.



Season-to-date (October 1, 2023 – May 19, 2024) precipitation was 70 to 90 percent of normal in many basins in Washington, western Montana, and northern Idaho. Elsewhere, near- or above-normal precipitation was broadly noted, except in widely scattered basins (figure 2). Season-to-date precipitation topped 110 percent of normal in parts of Oregon and much of the Great Basin, as well as portions of western Utah.

Spring and Summer Streamflow Forecasts

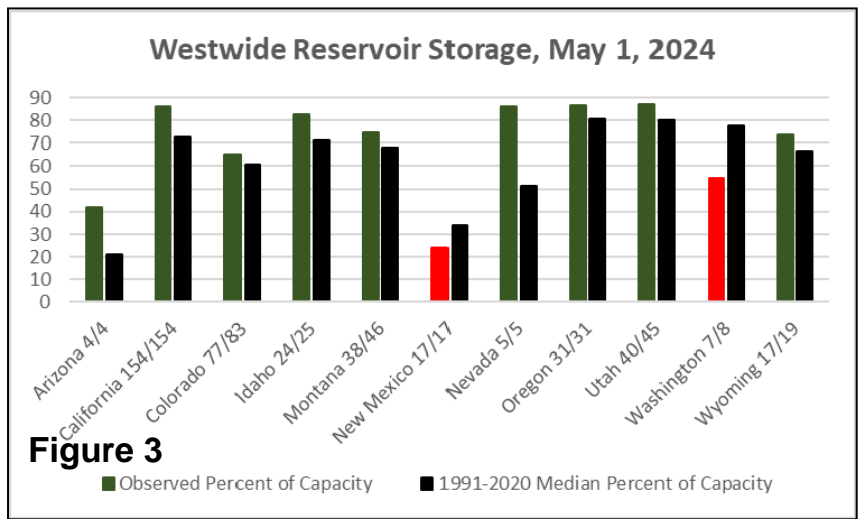
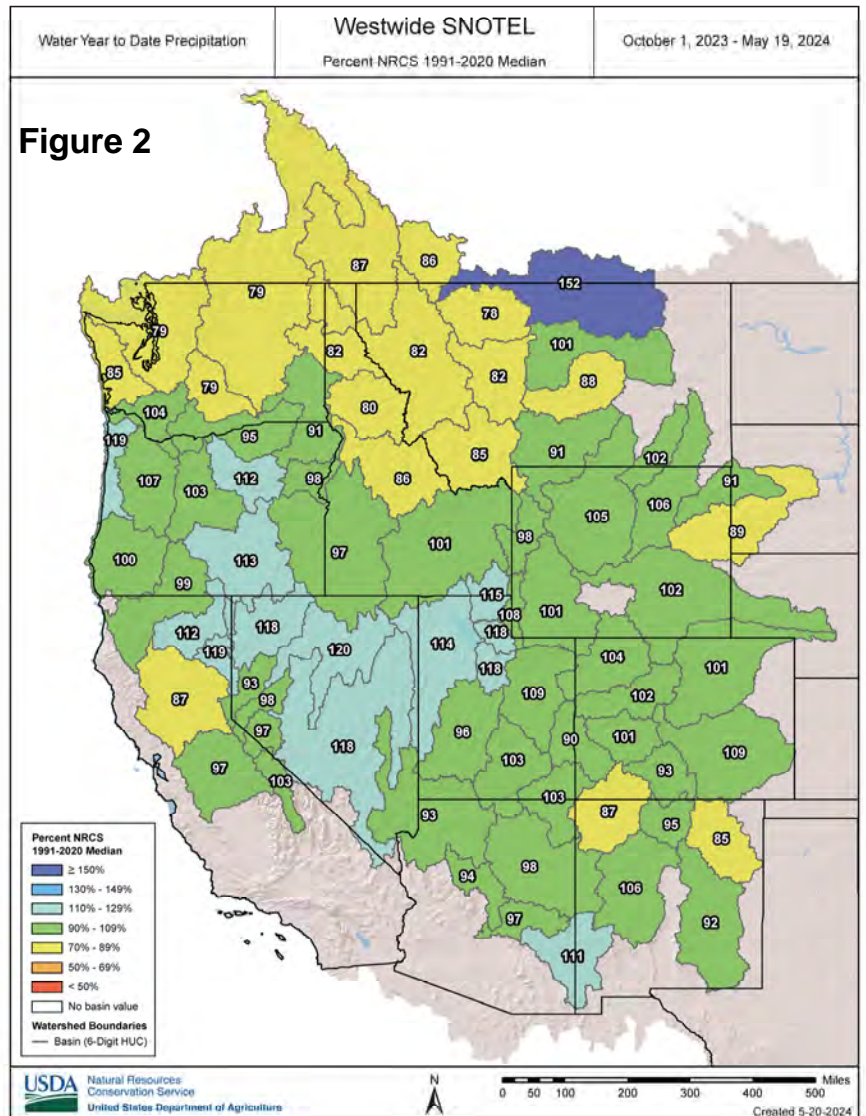
By May 1, 2024, projections for late-spring and summer streamflow were indicating concerns regarding runoff potential across the northern tier of the West. In contrast, expectations for spring and summer runoff remained favorable in many areas along and south of a line from Oregon to Wyoming. Despite the generally favorable water-supply outlook, some runoff potential has been lost due to periods of winter and spring warmth, leading to locally poor snowpack retention.

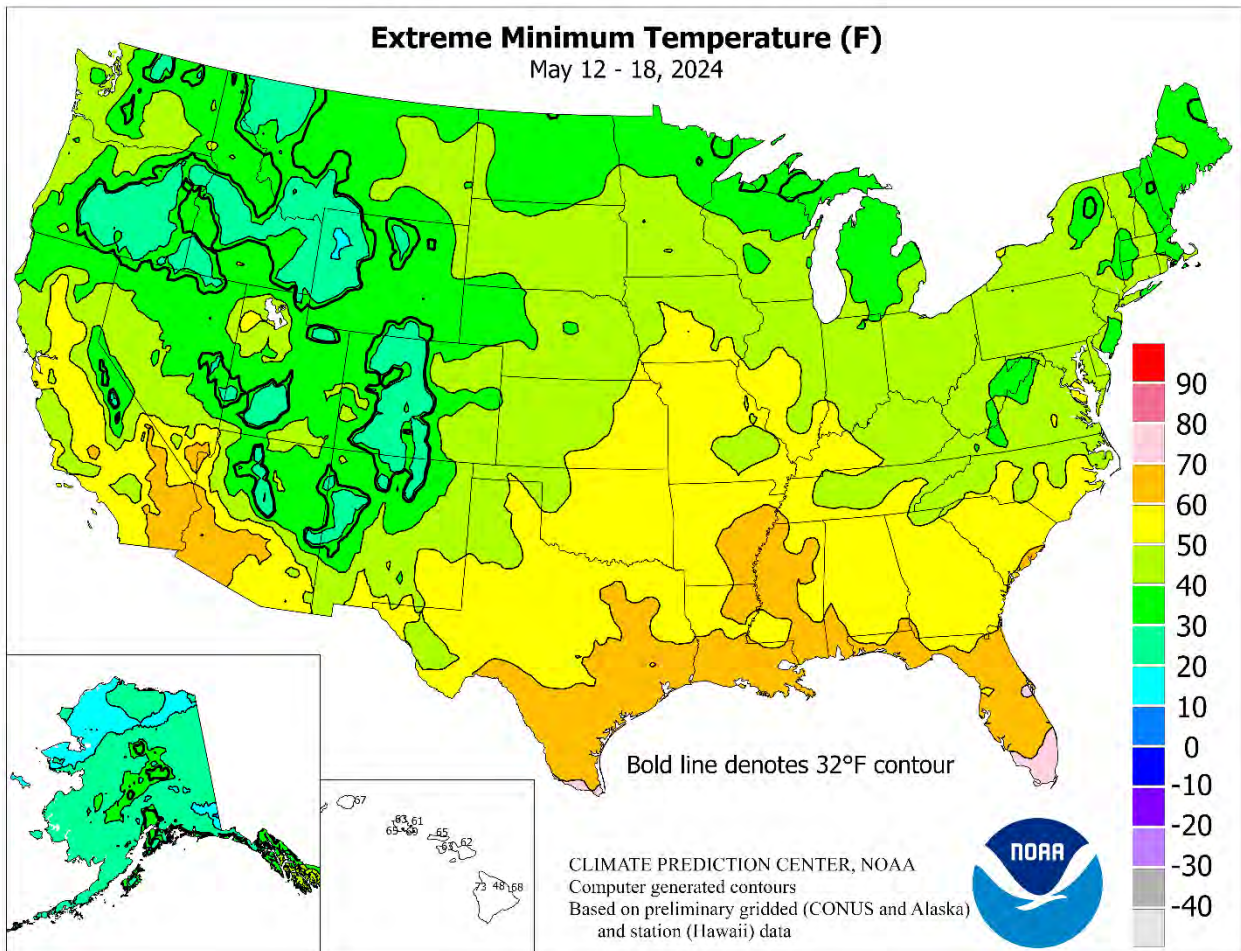
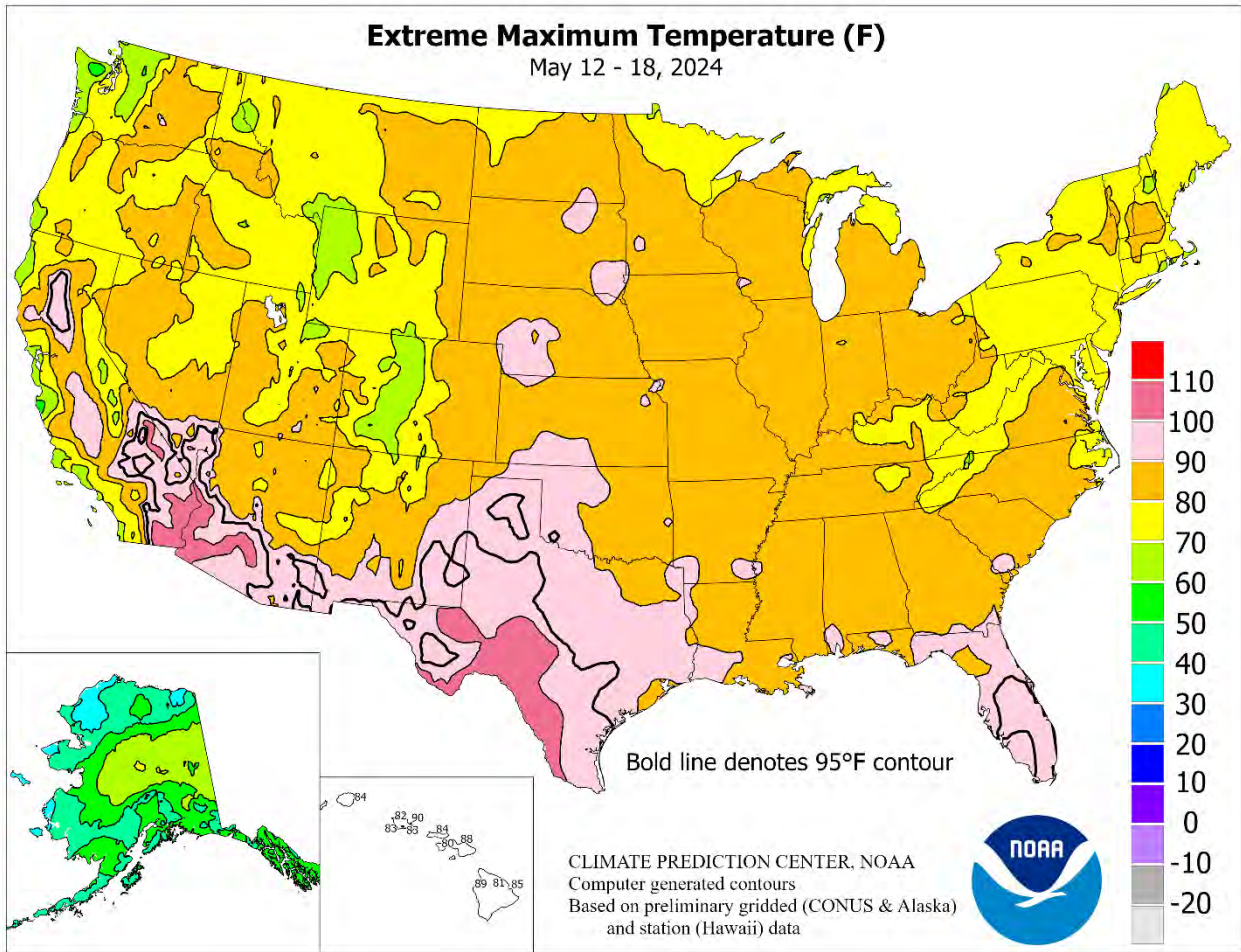
Reservoir Storage

On May 1, 2024, statewide reservoir storage as a percent of average for the date primarily reflected the ongoing benefit of the abundant wet season of 2022-23, with only New Mexico and Washington reporting below-average storage (figure 3). As May began, California’s 154 primary intrastate reservoirs held 32.7 million acre-feet of water, 118 percent of average. However, storage at the end of April in the Colorado River basin was 19.4 million acre-feet, just 60 percent of average.

For More Information

The National Water and Climate Center homepage provides the latest available snowpack and water supply information. Please visit: <http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov>



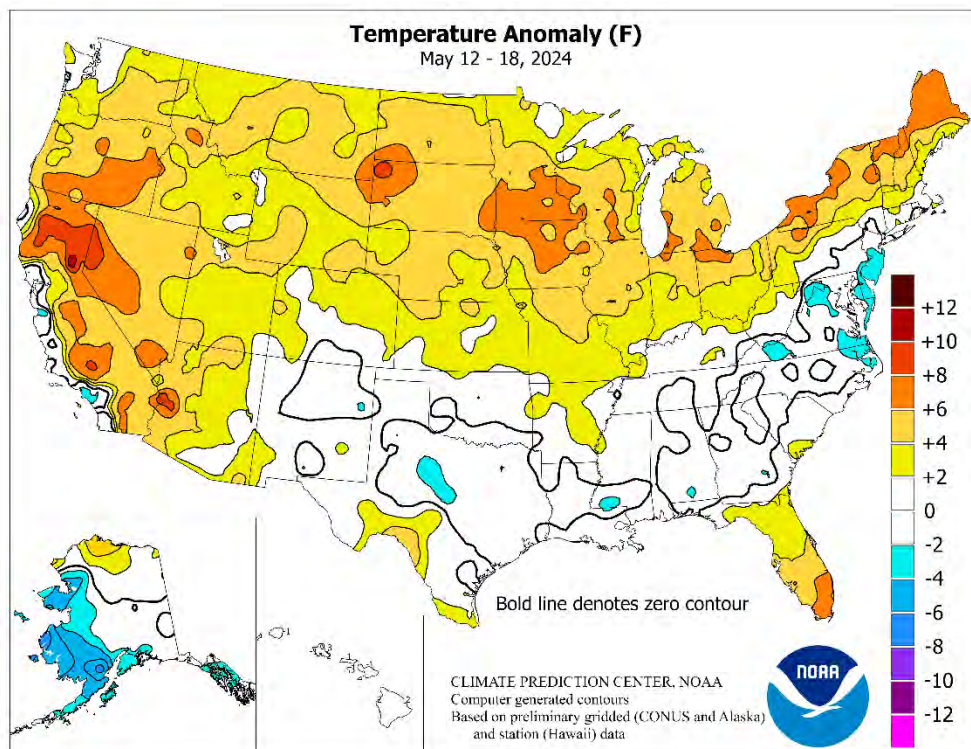


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places, however, there were enough breaks between rain events to allow fieldwork to advance. In fact, 21 percent of the U.S. corn acreage and 17 percent of the soybeans were planted during the week ending May 19, pushing overall progress to 70 and 52 percent, respectively. Warmer, drier areas of the country—including much of the **North**—achieved impressive planting progress, with at least one-quarter of the corn planted during the week in **Illinois, Minnesota, Wisconsin, and the Dakotas. West of the Rockies**, warm, dry weather also promoted a rapid pace of fieldwork and crop development—but resulted in extensive melting of middle- and high-elevation snowpack. Weekly temperatures averaged at least 5°F above normal in **southern Florida, northern New England, portions of the upper Midwest**, and a broad region covering the **western Great Basin and interior sections of California**. Meanwhile, slightly below-normal temperatures were observed in parts of **middle Atlantic States and the South, excluding Florida**.

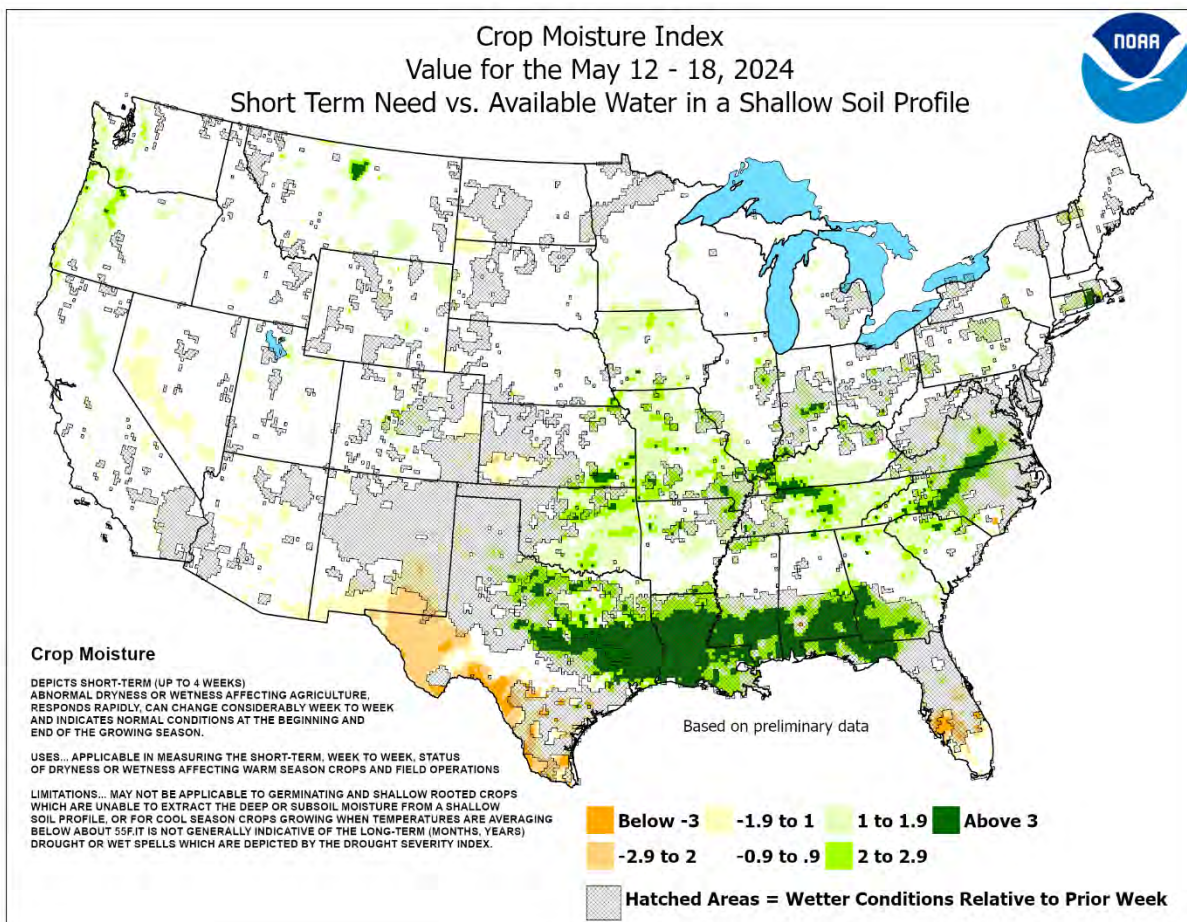
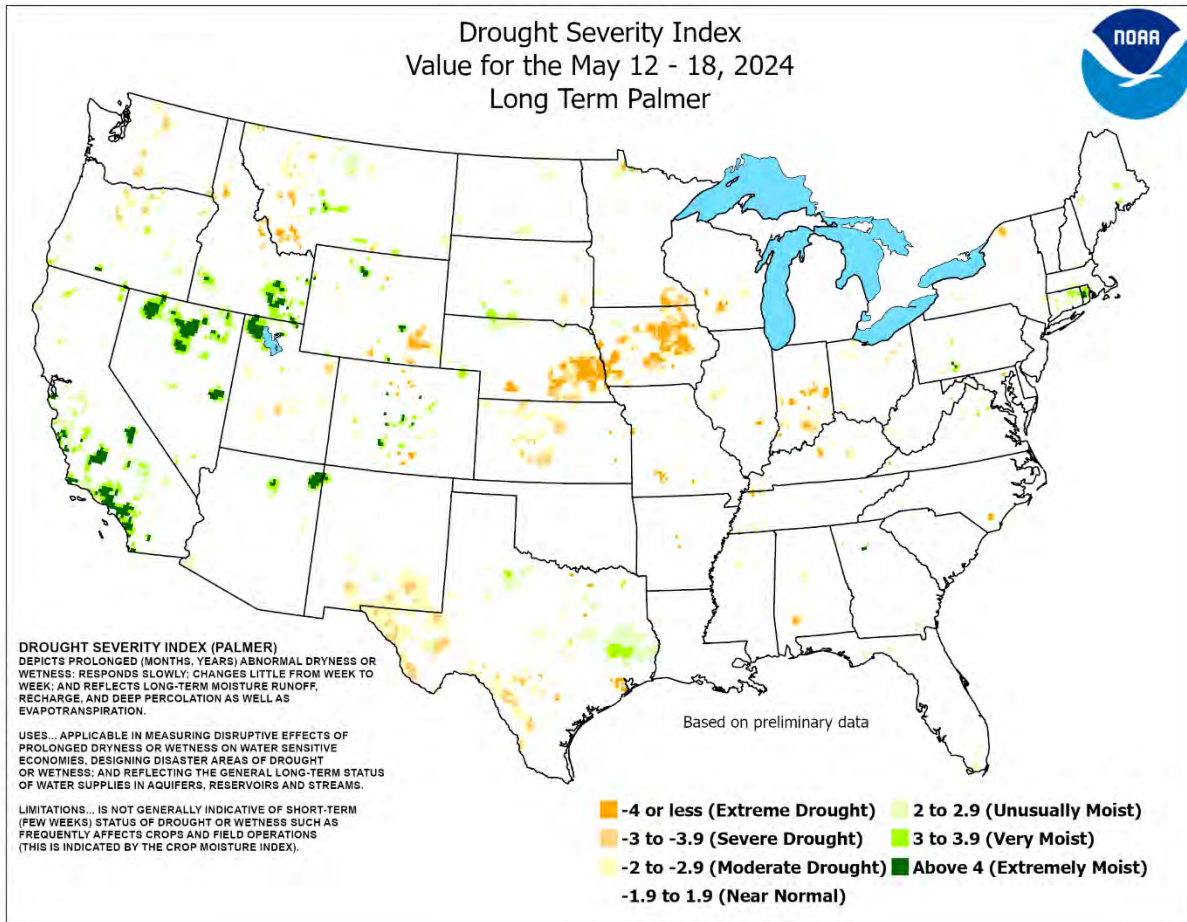
Pre-rainy season heat continued to grip **southern Florida**, with temperatures regularly topping the 95-degree mark. From May 15-18, **West Palm Beach, FL**, collected four consecutive daily-record highs (98, 96, 96, and 97°F), narrowly missing its monthly standard of 99°F, set on May 14, 1922. Similarly, **Fort Lauderdale, FL**, twice notched a pair of daily-record highs—94 and 96°F, respectively, on May 14-15, and 95 and 96°F, respectively, on May 17-18. Temperatures in **southern Florida** frequently failed to fall below the 80-degree mark at night, with **Key West** reporting minima ranging from 82 to 84°F each day from May 13-19. Hot weather also persisted in **southern and coastal Texas**, where **Corpus Christi** collected consecutive daily-record highs (93 and 97°F, respectively) on May 13-14. Elsewhere in **Texas**, record-setting highs for May 18 included 107°F in **Del Rio**; 104°F in **Laredo**; and 97°F in **Brownsville**. Warmth was more persistent but less climatologically extreme across the **northern and western U.S.**, resulting in only widely scattered daily-record highs.

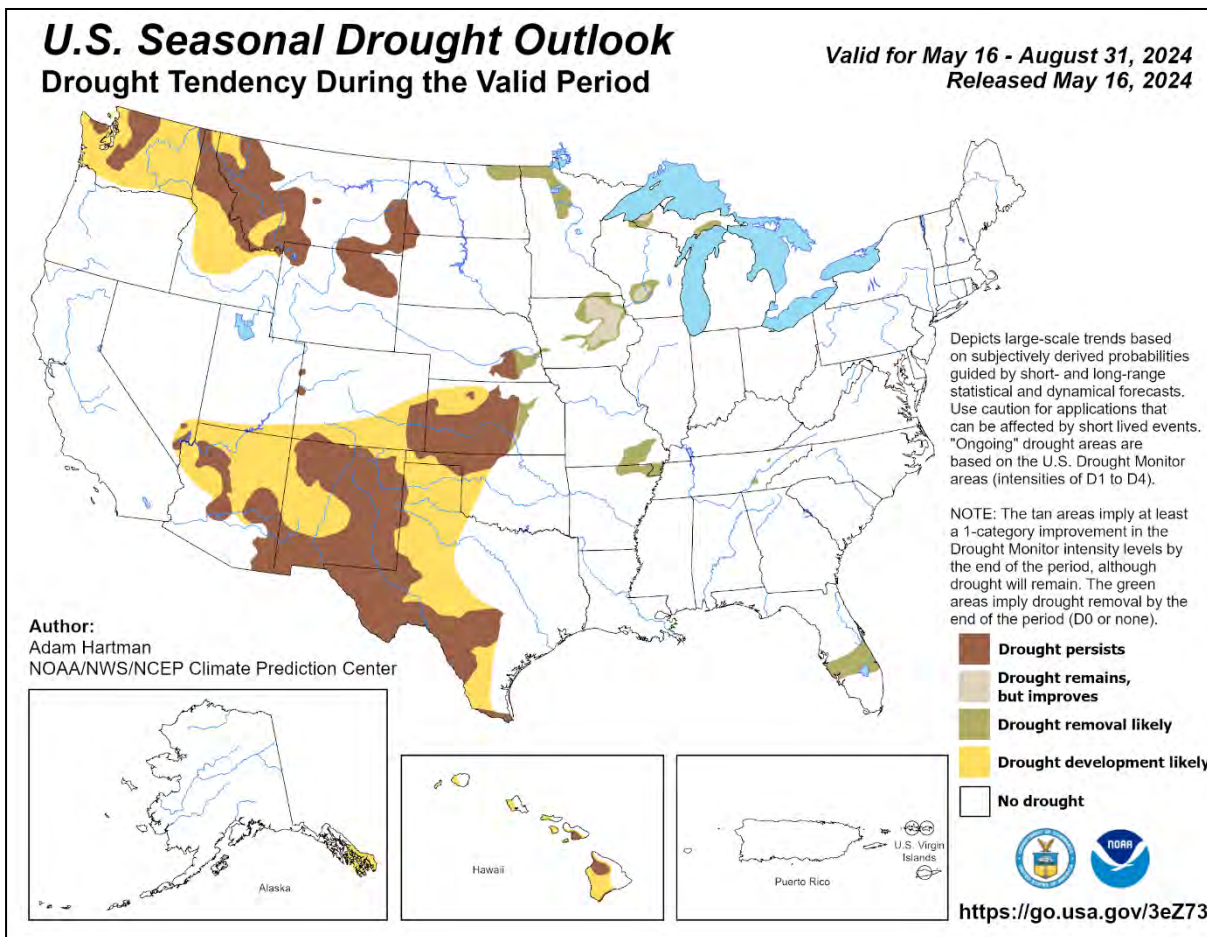
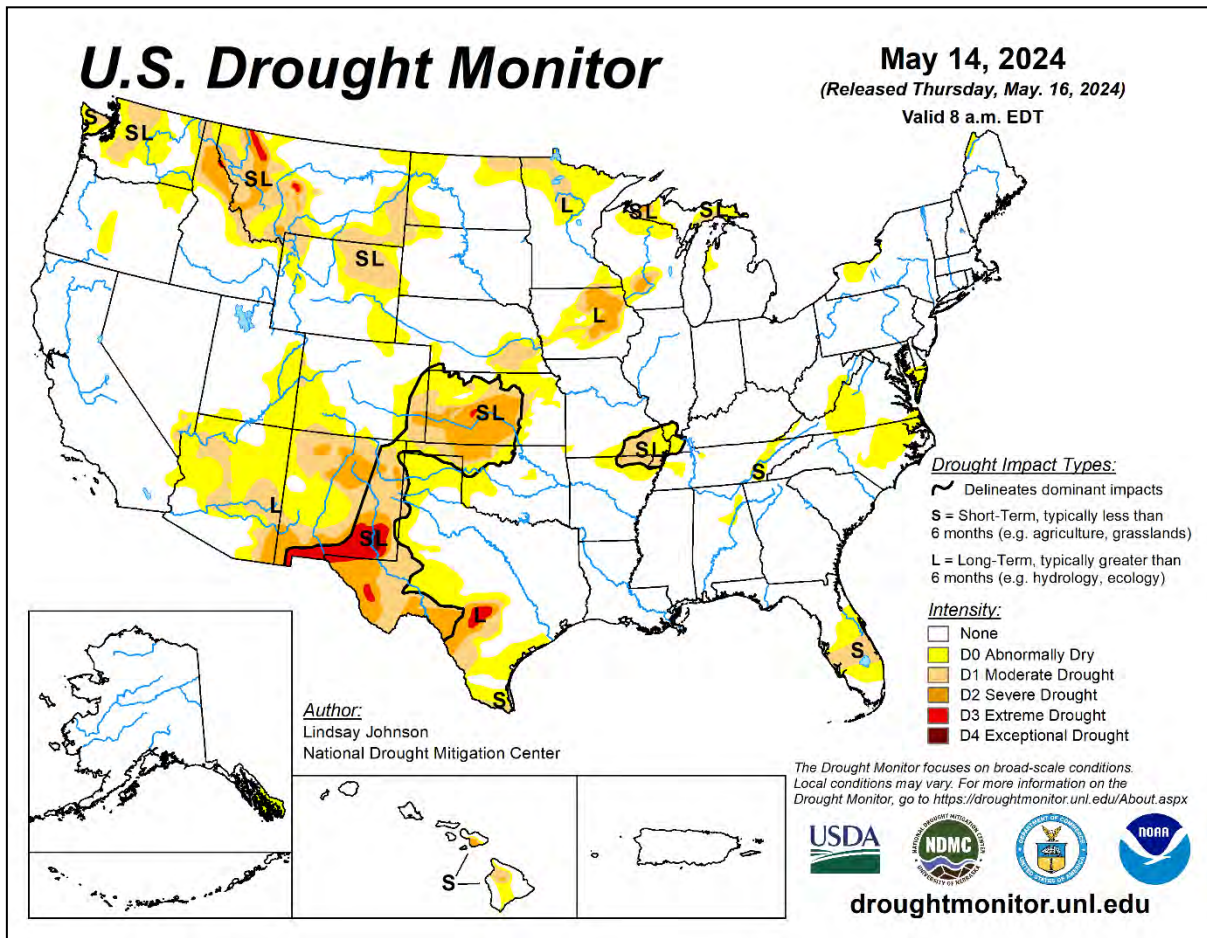
Based on preliminary reports, there were approximately three dozen tornadoes during the week, many across the **Deep South**. However, one of the week's most notable wind events involved straight-line winds, which struck parts of **Texas and southern Louisiana** on May 16. On that date, evening gusts were officially clocked to 62 mph in **Houston**, at both the international airport and **Hobby Airport**. Near the mouth of the **San Jacinto River at Interstate-10**, a gust to 78 mph was recorded. About 5 hours later in **New Orleans, LA**, wind gusts reached 84 mph at the international airport and 82 mph at **Lakefront Airport**. Days earlier, **Southern** downpours had led to daily-record totals in locations such as **Mobile, AL** (6.85 inches on May 13), and **Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX** (3.29 inches on May 12). For **Mobile**, it was the wettest day during May since 1981, when 7.96 inches fell on May 5. By May 14, downpours expanded into the

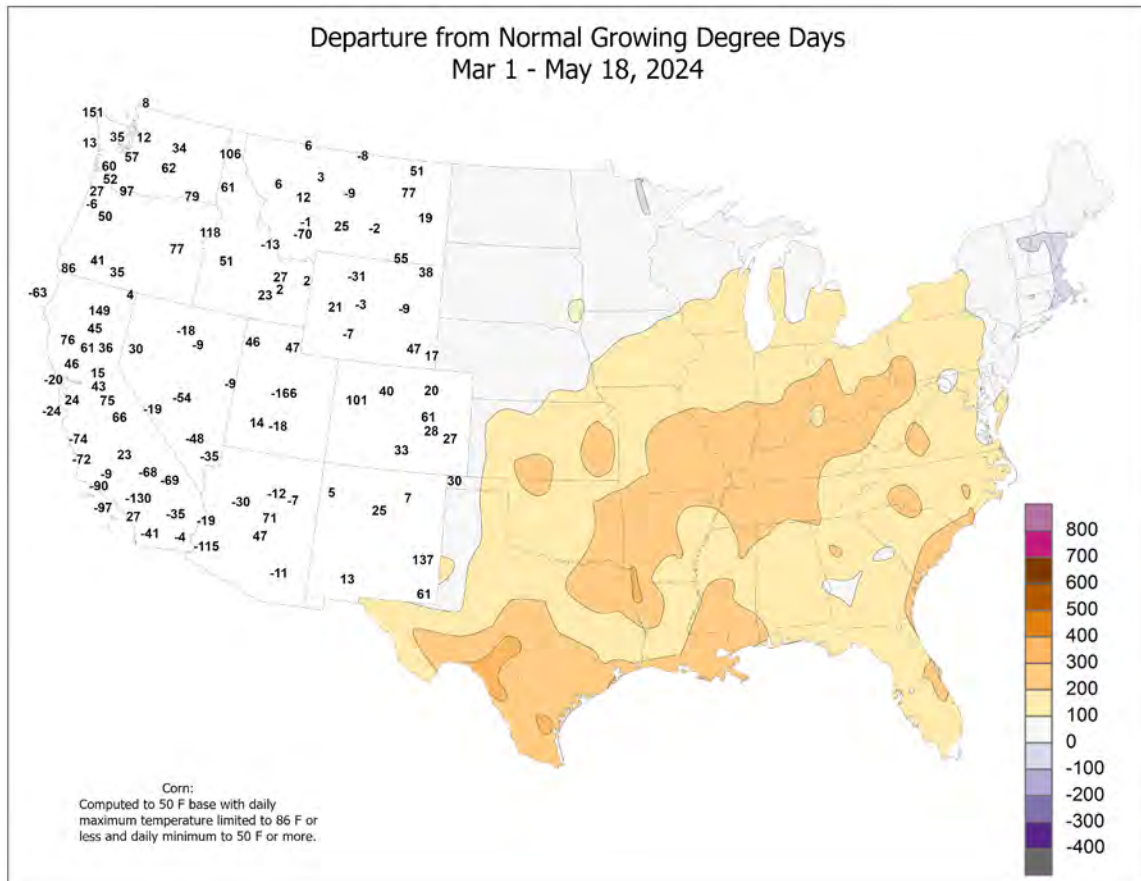
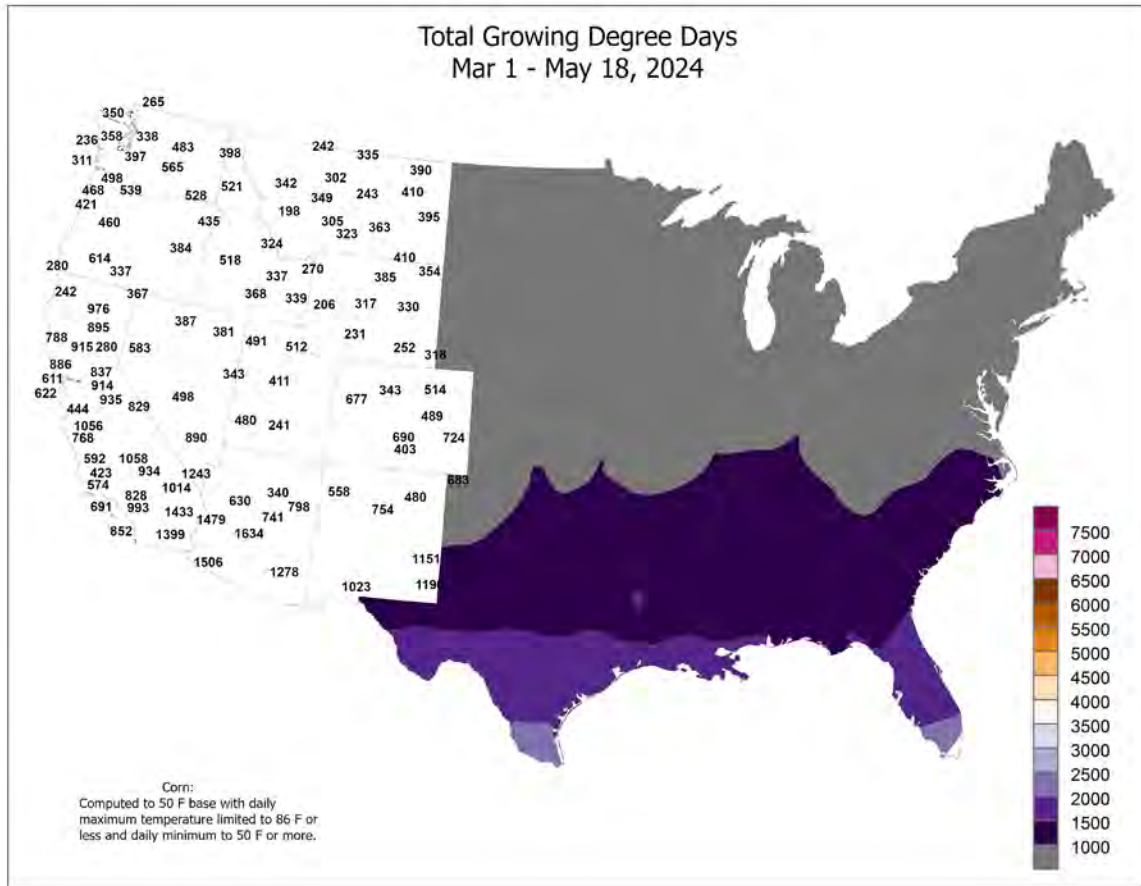


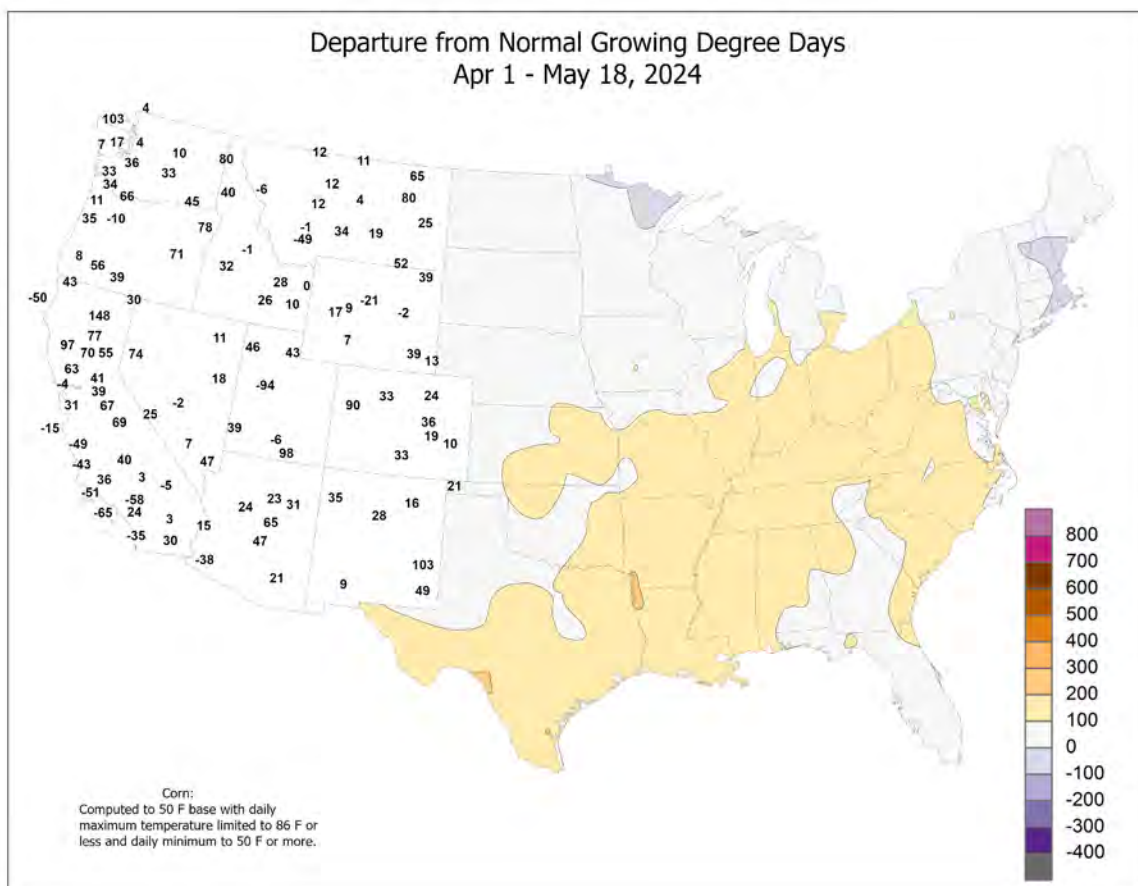
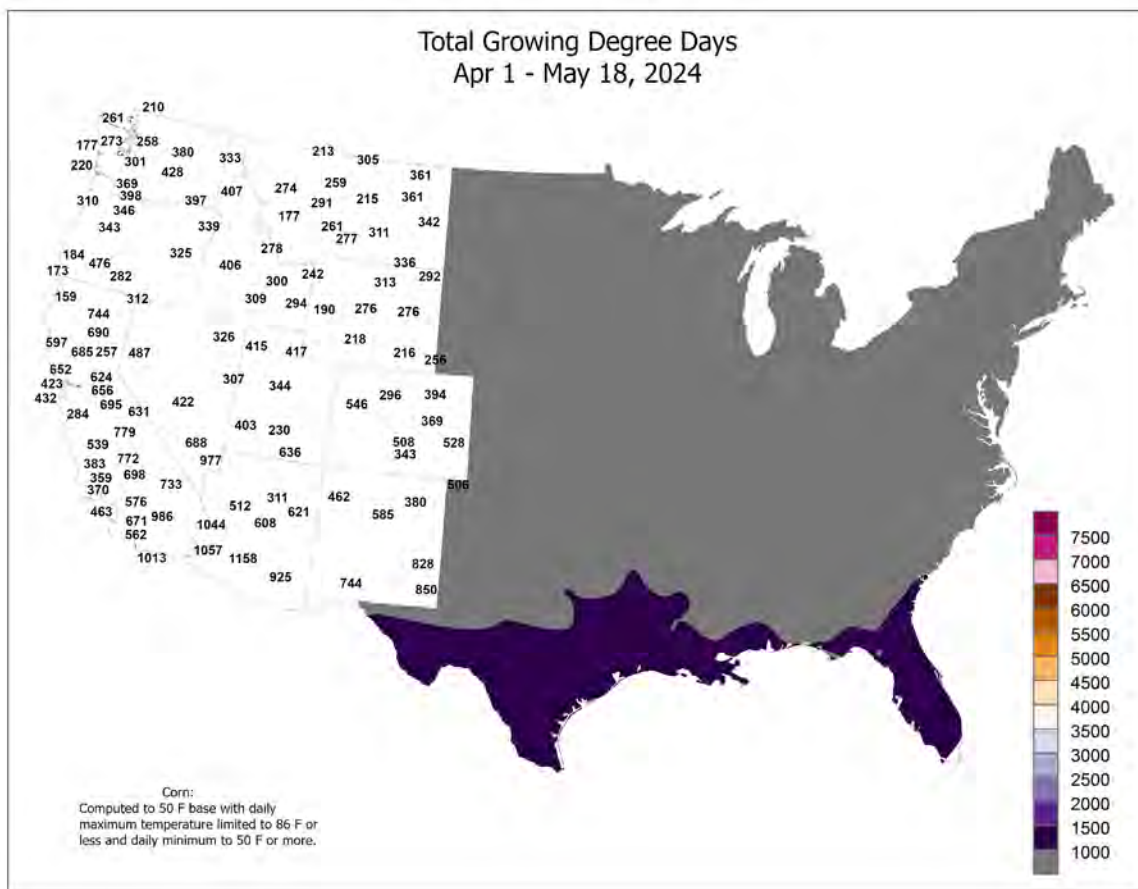
mid-Atlantic and lower Midwest, leading to daily-record totals in **Evansville, IN** (3.42 inches); **Danville, VA** (2.68 inches); and **Greensboro, NC** (2.49 inches). On May 15, additional daily records included 2.06 inches in **Lexington, KY**, and 1.74 inches at **Wallops Island, VA**. Rain lingered along the **northern Atlantic Coast** into May 16, when **Providence, RI**, posted a daily-record sum of 1.90 inches. Farther south, heavy rain accompanied some of the straight-line winds, with **College Station, TX**, netting a daily-record total (3.34 inches) for May 16. Although the official peak gust in **College Station** on that date was 50 mph, nearby **Kyle Field** clocked a gust to 71 mph. Late in the week, additional rounds of heavy rain struck parts of the **South and East**, leading to daily-record totals of 2 inches or more in locations such as **Russellville, AR** (3.41 inches on May 17); **Worcester, MA** (2.00 inches on May 18); and **Montgomery, AL** (2.24 inches on May 17). In contrast, March 1 – May 18 precipitation in **Garden City, KS**, totaled just 0.86 inch (22 percent of normal).

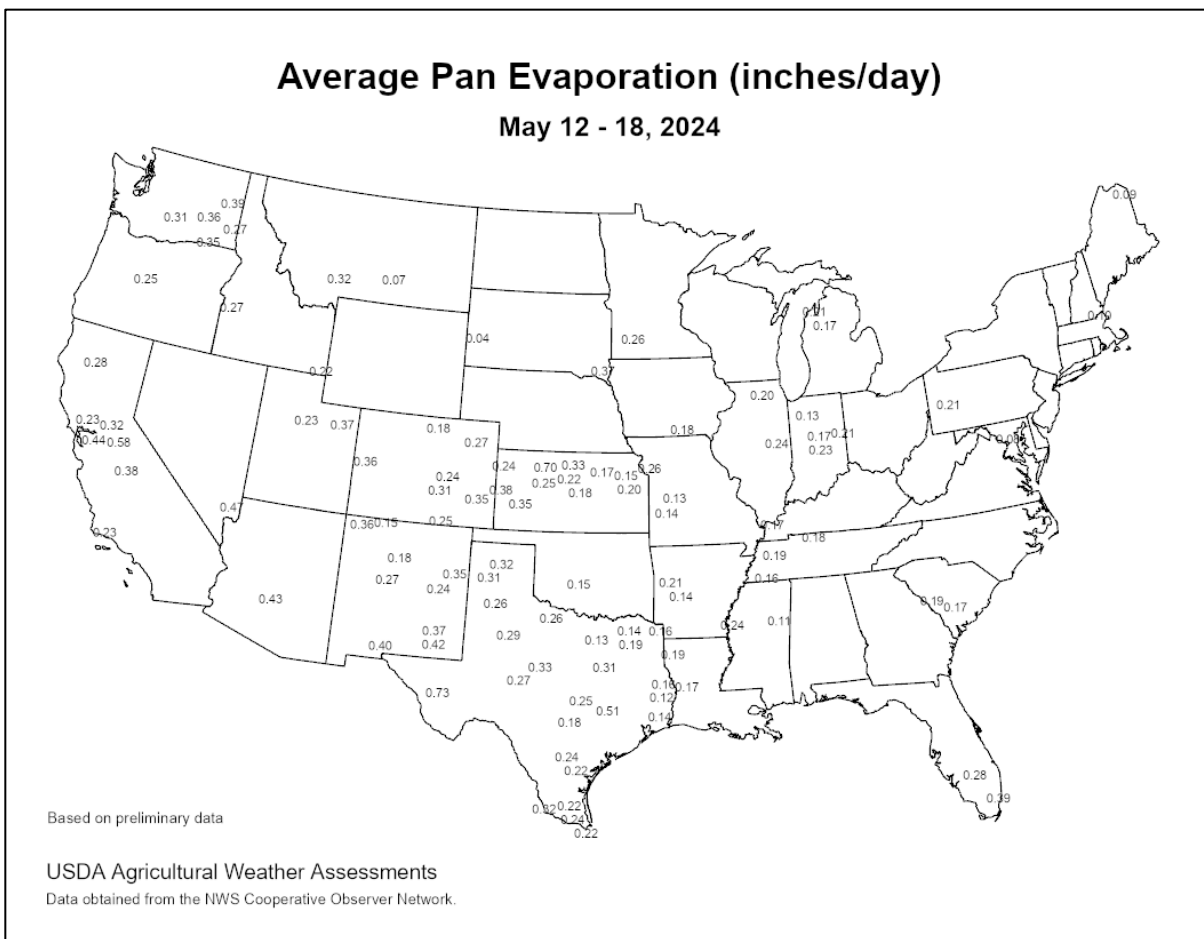
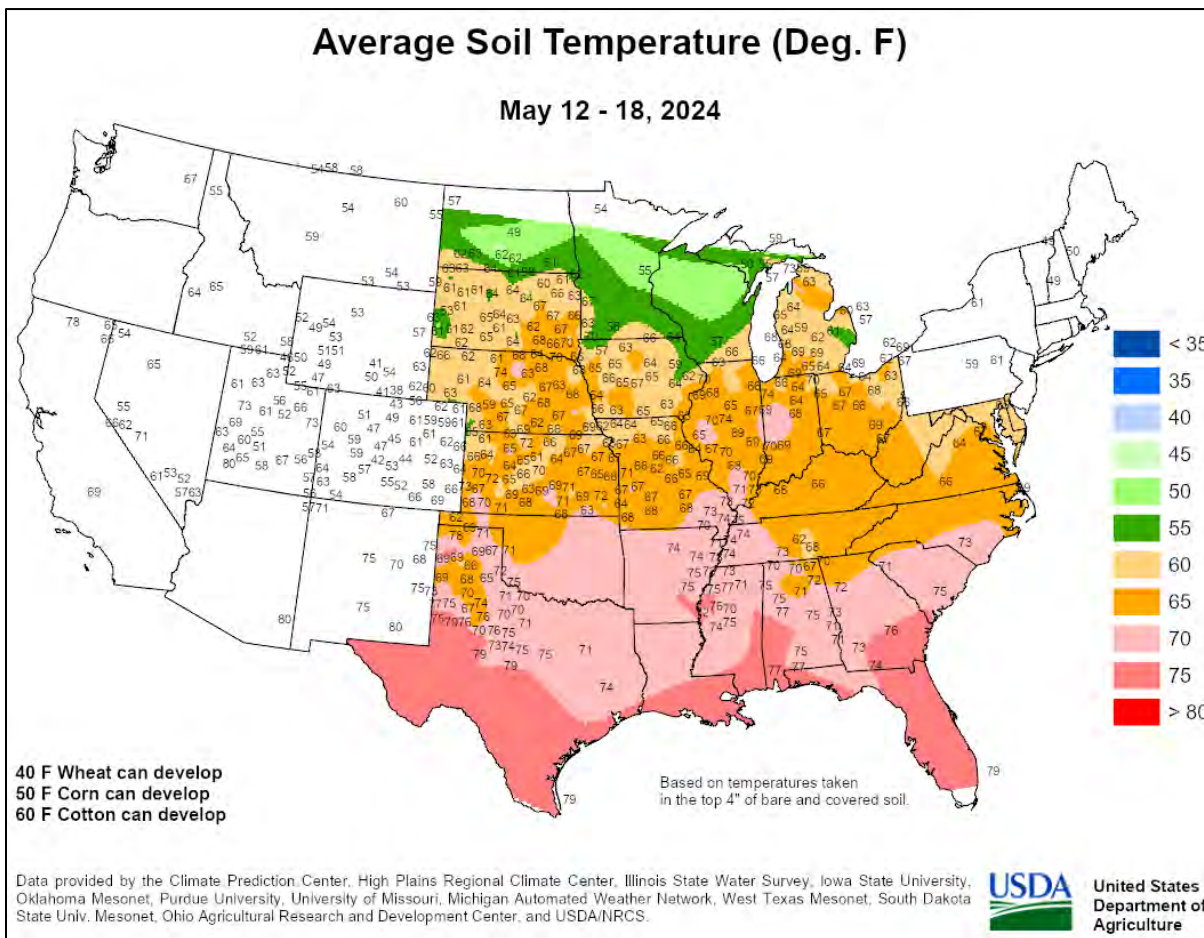
Mild weather returned across **northern Alaska**, but near- or below-normal temperatures covered the remainder of the state. For the second week in a row, the coldest weather—relative to normal—was focused across **west-central and southwestern Alaska**. In the **Aleutians, Cold Bay** posted a daily record-tying low of 27°F on May 17. Meanwhile, much of **Alaska** received little or no rain or snow, with no measurable precipitation reported from May 12-18 in locations such as **Anchorage** and **Kotzebue**. **Southeastern Alaska** was a little wetter, with **Juneau** receiving rainfall totaling 1.51 inches from May 12-15. Farther south, periods of stormy weather engulfed **Hawaii**, especially during the second half of week. On May 16-17, **Honolulu, Oahu**, netted consecutive daily-record totals of 1.80 and 1.25 inches, respectively. Earlier, windward sections of the **Big Island** had received some heavy showers, with **Hilo** reporting 2.37 inches on May 12. At the state's major airport observation sites, May 1-18 rainfall ranged from 0.47 inch (89 percent of normal) in **Kahului, Maui**, to 7.46 inches (173 percent) in **Hilo**.











National Weather Data for Selected Cities

Weather Data for the Week Ending May 18, 2024

Data Provided by Climate Prediction Center

STATES AND STATIONS	TEMPERATURE °F						PRECIPITATION							RELATIVE HUMIDITY PERCENT		NUMBER OF DAYS			
	AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	EXTREME HIGH	EXTREME LOW	AVERAGE	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	WEEKLY TOTAL, IN.	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	GREATEST IN 24-HOUR, IN.	TOTAL, IN. SINCE MAR 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE MAR 1	TOTAL, IN. SINCE JAN 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE JAN 1	AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	90 AND ABOVE	32 AND BELOW	.01 INCH OR MORE	.50 INCH OR MORE
AK ANCHORAGE	54	39	57	35	47	-1	0.00	-0.15	0.00	2.14	146	4.22	135	82	45	0	0	0	0
AK BARROW	31	25	37	18	28	0	0.00	-0.07	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	90	75	0	6	0	0
AK FAIRBANKS	63	38	70	35	51	1	0.06	-0.05	0.06	0.61	60	1.19	55	80	28	0	0	1	0
AK JUNEAU	52	42	59	39	47	-2	1.49	0.70	0.50	11.18	121	23.39	118	89	60	0	0	4	1
AK KODIAK	48	37	51	32	42	-3	0.74	-0.57	0.41	17.78	124	32.39	111	95	63	0	1	4	0
AK NOME	36	27	48	21	31	-6	0.04	-0.17	0.04	3.56	179	5.89	149	87	70	0	7	1	0
AL BIRMINGHAM	80	63	86	58	71	0	0.44	-0.68	0.22	10.13	74	21.00	88	90	54	0	0	4	0
AL HUNTSVILLE	78	62	85	55	70	-1	0.96	-0.13	0.65	14.09	107	24.81	105	95	58	0	0	4	1
AL MOBILE	84	66	90	64	75	1	8.08	6.93	6.83	18.06	127	27.80	113	92	56	1	0	6	2
AL MONTGOMERY	80	63	85	56	71	-2	5.41	4.52	2.24	16.51	144	32.00	151	95	60	0	0	4	3
AR FORT SMITH	82	63	90	57	72	2	0.10	-1.20	0.08	15.50	127	20.21	113	95	50	1	0	3	0
AR LITTLE ROCK	83	65	87	61	74	4	0.50	-0.67	0.33	14.94	108	27.15	127	88	53	0	0	3	0
AZ FLAGSTAFF	71	35	76	28	53	2	0.00	-0.18	0.00	3.87	119	9.34	123	71	20	0	1	0	0
AZ PHOENIX	100	74	104	69	87	5	0.01	-0.02	0.01	1.72	152	3.76	129	26	9	7	0	1	0
AZ PRESCOTT	81	49	83	41	65	4	0.03	-0.08	0.03	2.37	137	4.69	110	56	14	0	0	1	0
AZ TUCSON	93	63	99	58	78	1	0.00	-0.05	0.00	2.07	228	5.18	197	41	10	5	0	0	0
CA BAKERSFIELD	92	65	94	63	78	7	0.00	-0.06	0.00	1.73	90	5.40	124	53	20	6	0	0	0
CA EUREKA	56	47	60	42	52	-2	0.00	-0.36	0.00	11.55	110	28.60	124	99	81	0	0	0	0
CA FRESNO	91	64	94	60	77	7	0.00	-0.09	0.00	3.80	118	8.98	122	64	23	4	0	0	0
CA LOS ANGELES	65	57	66	56	61	-2	0.00	-0.07	0.00	3.88	153	15.37	181	88	67	0	0	0	0
CA REDDING	93	62	99	59	77	9	0.00	-0.41	0.00	7.85	97	20.78	105	74	19	6	0	0	0
CA SACRAMENTO	83	53	87	51	68	2	0.00	-0.18	0.00	3.80	85	11.97	102	88	40	0	0	0	0
CA SAN DIEGO	67	60	69	58	63	-2	0.00	-0.07	0.00	2.73	118	10.81	164	81	64	0	0	0	0
CA SAN FRANCISCO	67	53	69	52	60	0	0.00	-0.11	0.00	5.08	115	14.31	115	84	60	0	0	0	0
CA STOCKTON	85	55	90	52	70	2	0.00	-0.13	0.00	4.15	122	10.65	123	84	30	1	0	0	0
CO ALAMOSA	69	33	77	30	51	-1	0.23	0.08	0.21	2.02	138	2.72	131	95	26	0	4	2	0
CO CO SPRINGS	72	45	81	40	58	1	0.36	-0.08	0.24	3.71	111	5.71	144	81	30	0	0	4	0
CO DENVER INTL	73	49	82	44	61	4	0.60	0.10	0.54	5.42	143	7.14	156	79	30	0	0	2	1
CO GRAND JUNCTION	83	50	88	44	66	5	0.19	-0.01	0.16	1.72	74	2.38	68	64	15	0	0	3	0
CO PUEBLO	78	45	87	41	61	0	0.26	-0.09	0.20	3.73	112	5.51	139	91	26	0	0	2	0
CT BRIDGEPORT	66	54	72	47	60	1	0.84	0.09	0.74	14.94	145	22.71	136	91	65	0	0	3	1
CT HARTFORD	72	53	83	44	63	3	1.03	0.23	0.81	13.84	141	24.00	146	85	51	0	0	2	1
DC WASHINGTON	71	58	82	50	65	-2	1.29	0.39	0.54	9.57	106	16.72	114	90	61	0	0	4	1
DE WILMINGTON	68	54	73	45	61	-2	0.72	-0.05	0.25	13.08	135	21.10	133	95	69	0	0	4	0
FL DAYTONA BEACH	87	70	94	66	78	3	1.41	0.66	0.46	6.09	80	11.57	90	97	54	2	0	5	0
FL JACKSONVILLE	87	67	92	58	77	3	1.70	1.04	0.89	8.98	114	15.37	109	92	49	2	0	5	2
FL KEY WEST	91	82	93	79	87	6	0.00	-0.66	0.00	6.04	117	12.11	141	90	62	6	0	0	0
FL MIAMI	93	79	96	75	86	6	0.00	-1.37	0.00	8.39	95	12.32	95	87	54	6	0	0	0
FL ORLANDO	90	71	96	68	81	3	0.94	0.16	0.31	3.91	52	7.87	65	96	50	4	0	5	0
FL PENSACOLA	82	66	88	63	74	-2	6.13	5.37	2.77	17.02	132	24.48	107	89	54	0	0	6	4
FL TALLAHASSEE	86	69	93	59	78	3	6.02	5.37	2.43	21.93	212	29.07	151	94	51	3	0	4	3
FL TAMPA	90	75	93	71	82	3	0.84	0.37	0.57	4.81	75	11.09	95	88	56	5	0	2	1
FL WEST PALM BEACH	93	79	97	74	86	8	0.66	-0.35	0.64	14.24	154	19.93	129	89	55	5	0	2	1
GA ATHENS	78	62	84	55	70	-1	0.53	-0.17	0.25	12.54	128	27.70	148	94	58	0	0	5	0
GA ATLANTA	77	64	85	59	71	0	0.17	-0.61	0.10	14.35	135	23.96	120	91	56	0	0	4	0
GA AUGUSTA	80	60	88	52	70	-2	0.27	-0.35	0.10	8.33	97	14.17	87	97	54	0	0	4	0
GA COLUMBUS	79	64	87	57	72	-2	2.06	1.39	0.92	16.52	186	28.78	171	95	59	0	0	5	2
GA MACON	79	62	86	52	70	-3	0.98	0.44	0.54	13.49	144	24.40	135	100	62	0	0	4	1
GA SAVANNAH	84	67	89	59	75	1	1.10	0.37	0.70	11.20	128	16.43	110	90	48	0	0	3	1
HI HILO	82	69	85	68	76	2	3.02	1.41	2.06	36.25	137	45.11	100	98	72	0	0	6	2
HI HONOLULU	81	71	83	69	76	-2	4.32	4.11	1.68	6.08	167	8.96	119	95	68	0	0	6	2
HI KAHULUI	84	69	88	62	76	-1	0.20	0.03	0.20	2.95	65	7.86	87	96	60	0	0	1	0
HI LIHUE	80	70	84	67	75	-1	1.70	1.17	0.67	17.41	192	21.89	140	94	72	0	0	5	1
IA BURLINGTON	78	55	86	50	66	4	1.10	-0.04	0.69	14.65	159	16.62	133	97	54	0	0	3	1
IA CEDAR RAPIDS	78	54	88	48	66	6	0.14	-0.79	0.09	5.88	74	6.48	64	90	46	0	0	2	0
IA DES MOINES	80	59	89	54	69	7	0.31	-0.91	0.23	6.98	75	11.29	96	87	42	0	0	2	0
IA DUBUQUE	76	53	85	47	64	6	0.11	-0.85	0.08	9.40	108	11.37	97	86	46	0	0	3	0
IA SIOUX CITY	78	50	86	42	64	4	0.69	-0.20	0.54	10.67	151	12.30	142	90	36	0	0	3	1
IA WATERLOO	79	52	90	46	66	5	0.07	-0.95	0.06	10.39	121	11.91	109	85	40	1	0	2	0
ID BOISE	79	50	86	41	64	4	0.00	-0.34	0.00	4.63	135	8.95	152	63	19	0	0	0	0
ID LEWISTON	78	52	85	45	65	5	0.01	-0.37	0.01	2.37	64	5.10	86	64	22	0	0	1	0
ID POCATELLO	71	41	77	32	56	2	0.34	0.02	0.24	4.92	154	8.48	159	80	29	0	1	3	0
IL CHICAGO/O_HARE	76	55	85	49	65	5	0.63	-0.41	0.48	9.72	109	13.71	106	90	43	0	0	3	0
IL MOLINE	79	53	88	47	66	4	0.31	-0.76	0.20	10.31	113	13.33	105	91	46	0	0	3	0
IL PEORIA	79	57	85	51	68	5	0.61	-0.48	0.56	11.80	125	15.47	114	93	49	0	0	2	1
IL ROCKFORD	79	51	88	44	65	5	0.17	-0.75	0.10	11.26	133	13.81	117	92	41	0	0	2	0
IL SPRINGFIELD	77	64	86	55	71	6	0.01	-1.00	0.01	5.96	66	10.60	82	85	56	0	0	1	0
IN EVANSVILLE	77	59	84	52	68	2	3.58	2.43	3.42	14.80	114	21.65	110	91	56	0	0	4	1
IN FORT WAYNE	77	55	84	43	66	5	0.50	-0.53	0.47	13.95	154	18.82	137	91	50	0	0	3	0
IN INDIANAPOLIS	75	58	80	49	67	3	2.77	1.69	1.41	13.21	121	19.29	116	93	56	0	0	4	3
IN SOUTH BEND	79	53	85	43	66	7	0.85	-0.10	0.68	10.70	129	15.94	119	93	48	0	0	4	1
KS CONCORDIA	78	57	85	50	67	5	0.40	-0.62	0.31	7.13	110	9.52	118	90	46	0	0	2	0
KS DODGE CITY	81	52	93	47	67	2	0.24	-0.47	0.15	1.18	23	2.76	44	93	37	1	0	2	0
KS GOODLAND	78	48	88	42	63	4	0.66	0.02	0.23	2.37	59	4.20	87	92	31	0	0	3	0
KS TOPEKA	79	59	91	55	69	4	0.36	-0.81	0.20	2.50	27	5.29	47	94	48	1	0	3	0

Based on 1991-2020 normals

*** Not Available

Weather Data for the Week Ending May 18, 2024

STATES AND STATIONS	TEMPERATURE °F						PRECIPITATION							RELATIVE HUMIDITY PERCENT		NUMBER OF DAYS					
	AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	EXTREME HIGH	EXTREME LOW	AVERAGE	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	WEEKLY TOTAL, IN.	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	GREATEST IN 24-HOUR, IN.	TOTAL IN., SINCE MAR 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE MAR 1	TOTAL IN., SINCE JAN 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE JAN 1	AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	90 AND ABOVE	32 AND BELOW	TEMP. °F		PRECIP	
																		01 INCH OR MORE	50 INCH OR MORE		
KY WICHITA	79	57	88	54	68	1	1.54	0.35	0.77	4.86	58	7.18	69	97	47	0	0	3	2		
KY LEXINGTON	75	58	80	47	67	1	2.50	1.26	2.01	11.71	96	20.52	106	92	61	0	0	4	1		
KY LOUISVILLE	79	61	83	54	70	2	0.91	-0.30	0.52	10.69	84	18.49	94	86	51	0	0	3	1		
LA PADUCAH	80	60	86	51	70	2	1.63	0.56	1.00	10.35	80	20.10	96	92	53	0	0	3	2		
LA BATON ROUGE	85	68	91	65	76	1	4.35	3.23	2.31	16.72	133	26.98	115	90	56	1	0	5	3		
LA LAKE CHARLES	85	67	93	64	76	0	3.62	2.44	2.09	15.46	139	27.06	132	99	61	2	0	5	2		
LA NEW ORLEANS	86	71	89	69	78	1	3.65	2.45	1.76	19.42	152	30.80	138	96	60	0	0	6	2		
LA SHREVEPORT	84	67	91	61	75	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	88	50	2	0	***	***		
MA BOSTON	65	51	77	44	58	0	1.30	0.62	0.62	13.59	141	21.65	132	94	64	0	0	3	1		
MA WORCESTER	67	50	78	41	59	2	3.33	2.59	2.00	17.64	171	27.19	158	91	50	0	0	4	3		
MD BALTIMORE	69	55	77	47	62	-2	0.65	-0.21	0.35	10.44	109	18.05	115	98	64	0	0	4	0		
ME CARIBOU	69	47	77	35	58	6	0.93	0.15	0.58	7.43	96	10.55	80	98	46	0	0	4	1		
ME PORTLAND	64	46	71	36	55	1	0.27	-0.49	0.27	13.84	130	22.19	124	98	61	0	0	1	0		
MI ALPENA	70	43	77	34	56	3	0.07	-0.55	0.07	8.62	136	11.90	122	94	46	0	0	1	0		
MI GRAND RAPIDS	75	49	83	40	62	3	0.50	-0.37	0.25	7.67	88	12.76	94	94	45	0	0	4	0		
MI HOUGHTON LAKE	75	43	83	34	59	5	0.06	-0.66	0.04	6.39	98	7.88	93	97	36	0	0	2	0		
MI LANSING	75	49	84	40	62	4	0.29	-0.53	0.13	7.15	95	11.23	98	92	44	0	0	4	0		
MI MUSKEGON	76	51	83	41	63	5	0.20	-0.57	0.15	7.41	93	10.92	87	84	44	0	0	2	0		
MI TRAVERSE CITY	73	44	87	39	58	3	0.14	-0.50	0.09	6.59	111	8.22	94	95	37	0	0	3	0		
MN DULUTH	66	43	81	40	55	3	0.21	-0.56	0.12	6.26	107	7.30	93	78	36	0	0	3	0		
MN INT_L FALLS	65	40	73	35	52	1	1.06	0.36	0.78	4.42	104	5.81	101	86	44	0	0	4	1		
MN MINNEAPOLIS	78	55	88	49	66	7	0.62	-0.28	0.35	8.06	118	8.84	103	71	30	0	0	3	0		
MN ROCHESTER	78	50	88	46	64	7	0.09	-0.88	0.08	8.35	105	9.15	91	78	34	0	0	2	0		
MN ST. CLOUD	76	50	88	46	63	7	0.26	-0.57	0.17	8.00	128	9.20	119	76	31	0	0	2	0		
MO COLUMBIA	78	60	86	55	69	3	0.41	-0.67	0.27	10.76	99	13.67	90	94	54	0	0	4	0		
MO KANSAS CITY	76	57	86	54	67	2	0.21	-1.00	0.09	10.82	113	13.03	106	98	59	0	0	4	0		
MO SAINT LOUIS	80	63	88	59	71	4	1.33	0.23	1.19	13.07	117	17.43	108	82	51	0	0	3	1		
MO SPRINGFIELD	76	58	84	53	67	2	1.52	0.26	0.90	12.72	109	16.07	96	97	58	0	0	4	1		
MS JACKSON	82	64	88	62	73	1	2.10	1.16	1.22	21.71	154	35.83	144	96	58	0	0	4	1		
MS MERIDIAN	81	64	87	60	72	-1	2.77	1.88	1.58	17.97	131	28.70	115	94	60	0	0	4	2		
MS TUPELO	81	64	86	61	72	1	0.62	-0.56	0.28	16.32	116	27.87	114	93	58	0	0	4	0		
MT BILLINGS	73	48	80	43	60	5	0.13	-0.41	0.07	3.52	91	4.75	95	75	28	0	0	3	0		
MT BUTTE	67	37	74	33	52	5	0.05	-0.37	0.05	1.61	55	3.06	80	81	24	0	0	1	0		
MT CUT BANK	67	41	79	28	54	4	0.03	-0.31	0.03	1.54	75	1.93	76	81	34	0	1	1	0		
MT GLASGOW	70	48	81	43	59	4	0.04	-0.43	0.02	3.67	143	4.70	140	82	41	0	0	3	0		
MT GREAT FALLS	69	42	77	34	56	4	0.07	-0.45	0.04	4.26	119	6.35	134	82	28	0	0	3	0		
MT HAVRE	71	46	81	39	58	5	0.13	-0.26	0.07	4.85	203	6.68	208	84	32	0	0	3	0		
MT MISSOULA	72	42	81	32	57	4	0.03	-0.35	0.03	2.98	94	4.65	92	84	27	0	1	1	0		
NC ASHEVILLE	73	55	79	47	64	-1	1.78	0.86	0.79	12.46	119	22.19	122	97	58	0	0	5	2		
NC CHARLOTTE	78	60	83	53	69	0	3.67	2.95	2.08	12.79	131	20.98	127	92	55	0	0	4	2		
NC GREENSBORO	74	57	80	49	65	-2	4.79	4.04	2.48	13.81	145	22.91	145	98	60	0	0	5	3		
NC HATTERAS	75	59	77	50	67	-3	1.06	0.09	0.55	13.30	122	17.02	84	97	63	0	0	4	1		
NC RALEIGH	79	59	83	51	69	1	2.03	1.31	1.40	8.85	92	14.93	94	89	52	0	0	4	1		
NC WILMINGTON	82	63	87	56	73	2	1.33	0.33	0.73	10.70	113	14.16	84	91	52	0	0	4	2		
ND BISMARCK	74	44	86	37	59	4	0.93	0.37	0.43	4.31	123	5.01	110	90	34	0	0	4	0		
ND DICKINSON	74	43	82	37	58	6	0.26	-0.31	0.10	2.07	64	2.12	55	87	30	0	0	5	0		
ND FARGO	74	50	88	43	62	6	1.68	0.97	1.15	5.17	115	6.01	101	82	33	0	0	4	1		
ND GRAND FORKS	70	47	86	36	59	5	0.74	0.09	0.68	4.48	124	4.99	107	84	37	0	0	4	1		
ND JAMESTOWN	72	46	88	37	59	5	0.77	0.00	0.57	3.98	106	4.04	90	90	36	0	0	3	1		
NE GRAND ISLAND	77	53	86	46	65	3	0.80	-0.31	0.44	8.56	134	10.07	129	88	42	0	0	4	0		
NE LINCOLN	80	54	86	45	67	4	0.44	-0.74	0.16	6.02	98	7.34	94	87	36	0	0	4	0		
NE NORFOLK	78	51	89	44	64	5	0.33	-0.59	0.21	9.48	149	10.89	139	86	33	0	0	3	0		
NE NORTH PLATTE	77	46	90	39	62	3	0.56	-0.20	0.39	4.66	92	6.11	101	88	38	1	0	3	0		
NE OMAHA	78	55	85	48	66	3	2.26	1.18	1.24	8.45	111	9.37	100	92	41	0	0	3	2		
NE SCOTTSBLUFF	78	43	88	40	61	3	0.17	-0.46	0.17	3.33	75	5.11	94	85	24	0	0	1	0		
NE VALENTINE	77	46	90	40	62	4	0.16	-0.65	0.08	4.67	86	6.11	96	88	29	1	0	2	0		
NH CONCORD	71	48	84	37	59	3	0.56	-0.19	0.24	11.16	128	18.23	127	98	45	0	0	5	0		
NJ ATLANTIC_CITY	66	52	72	39	59	-3	0.73	0.02	0.44	13.58	139	21.73	132	91	64	0	0	6	0		
NJ NEWARK	68	55	75	46	62	-1	0.82	-0.02	0.38	11.41	112	17.71	106	90	59	0	0	5	0		
NM ALBUQUERQUE	80	50	87	42	65	-1	0.06	-0.04	0.06	0.66	54	1.40	69	61	18	0	0	1	0		
NV ELY	75	33	78	31	54	3	0.04	-0.20	0.04	2.94	110	4.84	113	74	14	0	2	1	0		
NV LAS VEGAS	97	74	101	65	85	8	0.00	-0.02	0.00	0.91	135	2.07	100	23	7	7	0	0	0		
NV RENO	85	53	87	50	69	9	0.00	-0.13	0.00	2.55	163	4.95	127	52	12	0	0	0	0		
NV WINNEMUCCA	82	38	85	35	60	4	0.00	-0.27	0.00	3.38	153	6.80	174	76	12	0	0	0	0		
NY ALBANY	73	51	83	39	62	2	0.40	-0.32	0.36	11.91	147	17.37	133	88	51	0	0	3	0		
NY BINGHAMTON	65	50	75	42	58	2	0.87	0.05	0.39	11.22	127	17.36	124	99	65	0	0	4	0		
NY BUFFALO	73	55	76	49	64	6	0.49	-0.24	0.41	6.49	80	12.15	86	91	56	0	0	3	0		
NY ROCHESTER	71	55	78	49	63	5	1.71	1.09	1.44	8.46	119	12.84	108	92	59	0	0	4	1		
NY SYRACUSE	73	56	83	46	64	6	0.84	0.09	0.40	9.63	113	15.19	111	92	56	0	0	6	0		
OH AKRON-CANTON	73	53	80	42	63	1	0.85	-0.09	0.43	11.06	117	15.22	102	92	56	0	0	2	0		
OH CINCINNATI	75	57	81	46	66	2	0.32	-0.73	0.21	11.88	103	19.25	106	97	42	0	0	3	0		
OH CLEVELAND	73	56	81	49	64	3	0.16	-0.68	0.16	8.17	91	12.61	86	84	55	0	0	1	0		
OH COLUMBUS	76	56	85	43	66	3	1.02	0.15	0.47	11.58	118	17.48	114	93	53	0	0	3	0		
OH DAYTON	76	56	81	46	66	2	1.23	0.22	1.02	10.41	97	17.38	107	94	55	0	0	4	1		
OH MANSFIELD	73	54	80	45	64	4	0.49	-0.43	0.27	10.97	110	16.35	103	89	56	0	0	3	0		

Weather Data for the Week Ending May 18, 2024

STATES AND STATIONS	TEMPERATURE °F						PRECIPITATION							RELATIVE HUMIDITY PERCENT		NUMBER OF DAYS			
	AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	EXTREME HIGH	EXTREME LOW	AVERAGE	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	WEEKLY TOTAL, IN.	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	GREATEST IN 24-HOUR, IN.	TOTAL IN., SINCE MAR 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE MAR 1	TOTAL IN., SINCE JAN 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE JAN 1	AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	TEMP. °F		PRECIP	
																90 AND ABOVE	32 AND BELOW	.01 INCH OR MORE	.50 INCH OR MORE
OK TOLEDO	77	55	82	42	66	4	0.39	-0.48	0.21	12.33	149	17.51	134	92	47	0	0	4	0
OK YOUNGSTOWN	73	53	80	45	63	4	0.50	-0.32	0.47	12.19	134	17.70	120	92	55	0	0	2	0
OK OKLAHOMA CITY	80	59	88	56	69	1	1.04	-0.19	0.51	7.80	84	10.81	89	96	49	0	0	4	1
OR TULSA	80	60	88	54	70	1	1.54	0.22	0.78	14.89	137	18.89	133	96	49	0	0	3	2
OR ASTORIA	62	51	66	48	56	3	0.12	-0.63	0.08	14.26	90	37.10	109	90	64	0	0	3	0
OR BURNS	77	41	83	29	59	6	0.00	-0.30	0.00	2.12	81	6.40	130	73	17	0	1	0	0
OR EUGENE	74	47	80	42	60	4	0.00	-0.56	0.00	8.65	91	17.93	88	88	42	0	0	0	0
OR MEDFORD	84	52	89	46	68	8	0.00	-0.31	0.00	4.59	112	10.76	121	77	19	0	0	0	0
OR PENDLETON	77	51	86	41	64	6	0.00	-0.31	0.00	3.59	107	6.94	113	72	20	0	0	0	0
OR PORTLAND	73	53	83	49	63	4	0.02	-0.54	0.02	5.89	71	19.20	112	75	37	0	0	1	0
OR SALEM	70	55	75	51	62	5	0.00	-0.50	0.00	8.58	97	23.09	118	100	58	0	0	0	0
PA ALLENTOWN	66	52	72	45	59	-3	0.78	-0.01	0.26	12.86	137	20.41	131	93	66	0	0	5	0
PA ERIE	70	55	80	49	63	4	0.26	-0.53	0.23	6.52	76	11.57	79	90	59	0	0	2	0
PA MIDDLETOWN	69	56	75	48	62	-1	0.89	0.04	0.48	11.80	124	20.01	131	94	63	0	0	4	0
PA PHILADELPHIA	67	55	74	46	61	-3	0.46	-0.28	0.18	12.23	131	19.57	128	94	69	0	0	4	0
PA PITTSBURGH	74	56	81	45	65	4	1.65	0.79	1.14	15.07	175	21.01	147	89	51	0	0	3	1
PA WILKES-BARRE	68	53	76	45	61	0	0.57	-0.14	0.26	9.70	123	16.78	133	91	60	0	0	4	0
PA WILLIAMSPORT	71	53	77	47	62	1	1.80	0.92	0.70	13.04	145	21.17	147	96	60	0	0	5	2
RI PROVIDENCE	65	51	72	42	58	-1	3.17	2.47	1.78	20.71	186	30.83	165	98	65	0	0	3	2
SC CHARLESTON	83	67	88	61	75	2	0.53	-0.11	0.41	13.46	162	18.40	124	91	54	0	0	2	0
SC COLUMBIA	82	61	86	54	72	0	0.47	-0.27	0.27	14.74	178	20.06	131	97	53	0	0	3	0
SC FLORENCE	82	61	87	53	72	0	1.26	0.45	0.56	11.95	146	16.55	115	98	54	0	0	5	1
SC GREENVILLE	77	59	84	51	68	-1	0.85	-0.05	0.62	12.45	114	25.09	132	91	56	0	0	5	1
SD ABERDEEN	76	46	91	43	61	4	0.48	-0.30	0.31	4.77	99	5.06	84	84	33	1	0	4	0
SD HURON	77	46	89	41	62	4	0.04	-0.67	0.04	5.36	98	6.41	93	89	34	0	0	1	0
SD RAPID CITY	74	47	88	43	61	7	0.16	-0.65	0.13	6.19	127	7.00	123	79	35	0	0	2	0
SD SIOUX FALLS	79	51	91	41	65	6	0.22	-0.64	0.11	7.50	112	8.82	108	82	31	1	0	2	0
TN BRISTOL	75	54	78	44	64	0	1.07	0.20	0.47	9.35	94	16.68	95	100	58	0	0	4	0
TN CHATTANOOGA	77	62	84	54	69	0	0.52	-0.37	0.43	12.30	96	21.65	94	92	58	0	0	4	0
TN KNOXVILLE	75	59	81	51	67	-1	0.58	-0.35	0.41	13.05	107	23.52	107	96	59	0	0	3	0
TN MEMPHIS	80	65	84	62	72	1	1.28	0.13	0.58	11.75	78	21.96	92	92	57	0	0	5	1
TN NASHVILLE	77	60	82	50	69	0	0.83	-0.31	0.73	12.96	104	21.92	104	89	54	0	0	4	1
TX ABILENE	82	59	95	54	71	-3	0.62	-0.09	0.60	4.77	89	8.17	105	92	44	1	0	2	1
TX AMARILLO	81	52	95	48	67	0	0.59	0.09	0.48	3.36	86	5.00	97	90	32	1	0	3	0
TX AUSTIN	87	65	95	62	76	-1	1.59	0.35	1.47	8.60	105	15.54	121	91	50	3	0	2	1
TX BEAUMONT	86	66	92	63	76	0	5.72	4.69	3.29	22.21	218	35.52	190	99	63	2	0	6	3
TX BROWNSVILLE	94	76	97	72	85	3	0.16	-0.35	0.16	1.45	35	4.72	75	95	56	7	0	1	0
TX CORPUS CHRISTI	91	59	97	-1	75	-4	0.27	-0.46	0.26	1.63	26	5.88	65	99	65	5	1	2	0
TX DEL RIO	99	71	107	68	85	6	0.03	-0.74	0.03	0.32	7	0.90	16	76	21	6	0	1	0
TX EL PASO	91	63	97	56	77	2	0.00	-0.10	0.00	0.06	9	0.78	53	28	8	5	0	0	0
TX FORT WORTH	83	65	91	63	74	0	1.36	0.21	0.83	15.78	169	20.65	140	90	50	2	0	2	2
TX GALVESTON	84	72	90	69	78	0	0.90	0.28	0.85	6.13	92	13.74	104	95	70	1	0	2	1
TX HOUSTON	86	66	91	64	76	-1	3.33	2.19	2.04	13.25	131	23.91	140	98	59	2	0	4	2
TX LUBBOCK	85	57	97	51	71	1	1.17	0.54	1.12	3.50	91	4.81	93	87	31	3	0	2	1
TX MIDLAND	89	58	98	53	73	-2	0.39	0.01	0.37	2.02	93	2.60	76	84	20	3	0	2	0
TX SAN ANGELO	89	60	103	54	74	-1	0.82	0.11	0.55	2.66	58	3.82	56	88	32	3	0	2	1
TX SAN ANTONIO	90	65	98	61	78	1	0.28	-0.81	0.23	4.41	60	10.60	96	93	48	4	0	2	0
TX VICTORIA	88	66	94	64	77	0	1.58	0.28	1.47	4.31	48	14.70	107	98	61	4	0	3	1
TX WACO	83	62	92	59	73	-1	2.63	1.57	1.40	17.51	189	23.20	158	97	58	1	0	2	2
TX WICHITA FALLS	82	60	91	56	71	0	0.97	0.11	0.78	11.54	173	15.83	170	93	47	2	0	2	1
UT SALT LAKE CITY	79	53	83	48	66	5	0.00	-0.42	0.00	4.53	90	8.50	109	59	18	0	0	0	0
VA LYNCHBURG	73	55	82	44	64	0	1.59	0.69	0.54	8.50	89	16.34	102	97	59	0	0	4	2
VA NORFOLK	72	59	78	50	65	-3	1.98	1.17	1.55	14.19	154	20.23	129	91	60	0	0	4	1
VA RICHMOND	73	57	82	51	65	-1	2.17	1.28	1.50	14.08	148	22.09	143	91	58	0	0	4	2
VA ROANOKE	74	57	83	44	65	0	1.30	0.35	0.48	7.16	76	13.70	88	88	56	0	0	4	0
VA WASH/DULLES	71	55	80	44	63	-1	1.01	-0.09	0.69	8.40	87	15.59	101	93	59	0	0	4	1
VT BURLINGTON	73	54	81	49	63	5	0.38	-0.45	0.33	8.07	109	11.59	102	88	48	0	0	3	0
WA OLYMPIA	69	45	78	40	57	2	0.00	-0.50	0.00	7.53	70	21.99	92	92	46	0	0	0	0
WA QUILLAYUTE	62	50	70	46	56	4	0.51	-0.39	0.44	19.63	87	45.67	94	84	60	0	0	3	0
WA SEATTLE-TACOMA	66	49	75	45	58	0	0.25	-0.17	0.23	4.18	49	13.81	76	83	46	0	0	2	0
WA SPOKANE	73	51	83	41	62	6	0.00	-0.35	0.00	1.98	50	5.93	80	60	23	0	0	0	0
WA YAKIMA	80	49	89	40	64	6	0.00	-0.17	0.00	0.93	58	3.26	89	65	21	0	0	0	0
WI EAU CLAIRE	78	48	88	42	63	6	0.43	-0.44	0.40	7.83	109	8.47	90	80	34	0	0	2	0
WI GREEN BAY	73	46	86	41	60	3	0.59	-0.14	0.35	6.71	99	7.96	84	88	43	0	0	3	0
WI LA CROSSE	80	53	88	45	66	5	0.68	-0.28	0.68	8.56	105	9.70	91	78	32	0	0	1	1
WI MADISON	77	50	87	45	63	5	0.10	-0.79	0.09	8.24	99	10.76	94	82	41	0	0	2	0
WI MILWAUKEE	72	48	84	45	60	3	0.30	-0.47	0.14	12.02	148	15.88	136	88	51	0	0	3	0
WI BECKLEY	70	52	76	44	61	0	0.80	-0.28	0.41	7.56	73	15.44	92	91	57	0	0	4	0
WI CHARLESTON	76	55	81	44	65	1	0.81	-0.32	0.41	10.48	99	18.50	106	96	51	0	0	4	0
WI ELKINS	72	49	79	36	60	0	1.18	-0.03	0.47	11.57	103	18.83	105	100	58	0	0	4	0
WI HUNTINGTON	75	58	81	48	67	2	0.86	-0.15	0.35	10.63	98	19.89	114	90	54	0	0	4	0
WY CASPER	71	38	79	35	55	3	0.59	0.05	0.54	3.59	101	4.61	99	90	27	0	0	2	1
WY CHEYENNE	71	41	79	37	56	4	0.02	-0.52	0.02	1.71	41	3.00	59	81	24	0	0	1	0
WY LANDER	71	43	77	36	57	5	0.09	-0.55	0.07	3.61	72	5.52	89	73	22	0	0	2	0
WY SHERIDAN	73	43	83	32	58	6	0.17	-0.46	0.13	3.61	81	4.75	83	81	32	0	1	2	0

National Agricultural Summary

May 13 – 19, 2024

Weekly National Agricultural Summary provided by USDA/NASS

HIGHLIGHTS

Large sections of the mid-Atlantic, southern New England, and Deep South recorded at least twice the normal amount of weekly precipitation. Parts of the upper Midwest, Mississippi Valley, and Southwest, as well as some locations in the Great Plains and Rockies, also recorded at least twice the normal rainfall. A few areas near the Gulf Coast recorded at least 6 inches of rain.

Meanwhile, most of the nation was warmer than normal. Parts of California, Nevada, the Northeast, and northern Plains recorded weekly temperatures 8°F or more above normal. In contrast, large sections of the mid-Atlantic and South, as well as parts of the Southwest and Pacific Coast, were moderately cooler than normal.

Corn: By May 19, producers had planted 70 percent of the nation's corn crop, 6 percentage points behind last year and 1 point behind the 5-year average. Weekly planting advances of 20 percentage points or more were reported in nine of the 18 estimating states. Seventy-eight percent of Iowa's intended corn acreage was planted by week's end, 14 percentage points behind last year and 8 points behind average. Forty percent of the nation's corn acreage had emerged by May 19, six percentage points behind the previous year but 1 point ahead of average. During the week, emergence advanced by 10 percentage points or more in 14 of the 18 estimating states.

Soybeans: Fifty-two percent of the nation's soybean acreage was planted by May 19, nine percentage points behind last year but 3 points ahead of the 5-year average. Weekly planting advances of 10 percentage points or more were reported in 12 of the 18 estimating states. Progress was furthest advanced in Mississippi and Arkansas, with 86 and 82 percent planted, respectively. Twenty-six percent of the nation's soybean acreage had emerged by May 19, five percentage points behind last year but 5 points ahead of average.

Winter Wheat: By May 19, sixty-nine percent of the nation's winter wheat crop was headed, 11 percentage points ahead of last year and 12 points ahead of the 5-year average. On May 19, forty-nine percent of the 2024 winter wheat crop was reported in good to excellent condition, 1 percentage point below the previous week but 18 points above last year. In Kansas, the largest winter wheat-producing state, 33 percent of the crop was rated in good to excellent condition.

Cotton: Nationwide, 44 percent of the cotton crop was planted by May 19, two percentage points ahead of the previous year but equal to the 5-year average. Weekly planting advances of 10 percentage points or more were reported in ten of the 15 estimating states. Progress was nearing completion in Arizona and California, with 96 and 95 percent planted, respectively.

Sorghum: Thirty-two percent of the nation's sorghum acreage was planted by May 19, equal to last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Texas had planted 78 percent of its sorghum acreage by May 19, equal to both last year and the 5-year average.

Rice: By May 19, producers had seeded 92 percent of the 2024 rice acreage, 4 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 8 points ahead of the 5-year average. Weekly planting progress in California advanced by 40 percent. By May 19, seventy-six percent of the nation's rice acreage had emerged, 3 percentage points ahead of last year and 13 points ahead of average. On May 19, eighty-two percent of the nation's rice acreage was rated in good to excellent condition,

3 percentage points above the previous week and 9 points above the previous year.

Small Grains: Nationally, oat producers had seeded 87 percent of this year's acreage by May 19, eight percentage points ahead of last year and 5 points ahead of the 5-year average. Weekly planting progress in North Dakota advanced by 22 percent. Sixty-nine percent of the nation's oat acreage was emerged by May 19, seven percentage points ahead of the previous year and 6 points ahead of average. On May 19, sixty-four percent of the nation's oat acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 1 percentage point above the previous week and 6 points above the previous year.

Seventy-eight percent of the nation's barley crop was planted by May 19, thirteen percentage points ahead of last year and 4 points ahead of the 5-year average. Barley planting progress was ahead of the 5-year average in four of the five estimating states. Weekly planting progress in North Dakota and Minnesota advanced by 28 and 23 percent, respectively. Forty-eight percent of the nation's barley had emerged by May 19, twenty percentage points ahead of the previous year and 5 points ahead of average. Emergence advanced by 14 percentage points or more during the week in all five estimating states.

By May 19, seventy-nine percent of the spring wheat crop was seeded, 22 percentage points ahead of last year and 14 points ahead of the 5-year average. Spring wheat planting progress was ahead of the 5-year average in all six estimating states. By May 19, forty-three percent of the nation's spring wheat crop had emerged, 16 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 10 points ahead of average. Weekly emergence advanced by 10 percentage points or more in five of the six estimating states.

Other Crops: Nationally, producers had planted 54 percent of the 2024 peanut acreage by May 19, four percentage points ahead of the previous year but equal to the 5-year average. Weekly advances of 10 percentage points or more were reported in all eight estimating states. Producers in Georgia, the largest peanut-producing state, had planted 52 percent of the 2024 intended acreage by week's end, 1 percentage point behind the previous year and 6 points behind average.

By May 19, ninety-eight percent of the sugarbeet crop was planted, 8 percentage points ahead of last year and 17 points ahead of the 5-year average. Planting progress was nearing completion in all four estimating states.

Ten percent of the nation's intended 2024 sunflower acreage was planted by May 19, six percentage points ahead of last year and 4 points ahead of the 5-year average.

Crop Progress and Condition

Week Ending May 19, 2024

Weekly U.S. Progress and Condition Data provided by USDA/NASS

Corn Percent Planted				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
CO	56	33	57	63
IL	89	42	67	71
IN	71	36	54	57
IA	92	57	78	86
KS	68	61	74	69
KY	81	58	65	77
MI	52	26	50	52
MN	75	56	81	74
MO	97	72	76	81
NE	84	55	79	82
NC	96	95	98	95
ND	24	22	51	36
OH	55	36	46	44
PA	57	29	33	45
SD	68	32	66	59
TN	92	73	83	87
TX	86	80	85	90
WI	59	40	66	62
18 Sts	76	49	70	71
These 18 States planted 92% of last year's corn acreage.				

Corn Percent Emerged				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
CO	13	5	23	21
IL	61	25	49	44
IN	40	15	30	29
IA	56	26	47	47
KS	49	41	53	44
KY	59	39	49	54
MI	15	4	20	15
MN	36	14	38	35
MO	85	54	61	61
NE	52	18	38	44
NC	88	81	90	87
ND	3	1	13	6
OH	17	25	35	16
PA	24	3	8	14
SD	24	3	17	18
TN	75	45	62	68
TX	76	69	74	78
WI	20	8	23	20
18 Sts	46	23	40	39
These 18 States planted 92% of last year's corn acreage.				

Cotton Percent Planted				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
AL	62	42	54	64
AZ	88	91	96	90
AR	72	46	68	60
CA	94	85	95	92
GA	46	35	47	50
KS	39	18	38	37
LA	78	52	59	71
MS	57	54	73	55
MO	78	63	75	55
NC	38	34	52	47
OK	24	12	20	18
SC	45	39	52	56
TN	56	28	52	49
TX	34	28	37	39
VA	75	54	60	55
15 Sts	42	33	44	44
These 15 States planted 99% of last year's cotton acreage.				

Soybeans Percent Planted				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
AR	80	76	82	58
IL	83	39	58	56
IN	66	34	49	46
IA	80	39	61	67
KS	51	33	43	39
KY	57	40	46	43
LA	82	69	79	74
MI	50	22	42	46
MN	46	26	51	52
MS	78	79	86	71
MO	71	36	42	36
NE	74	37	60	66
NC	43	40	47	43
ND	15	7	33	24
OH	53	27	41	35
SD	48	17	37	40
TN	57	46	53	42
WI	46	37	57	47
18 Sts	61	35	52	49
These 18 States planted 96% of last year's soybean acreage.				

Soybeans Percent Emerged				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
AR	64	59	68	43
IL	52	20	31	29
IN	34	14	27	20
IA	36	13	24	24
KS	27	13	23	18
KY	33	22	31	23
LA	74	56	65	59
MI	12	7	17	12
MN	15	4	15	14
MS	68	63	75	56
MO	49	25	31	19
NE	37	9	21	26
NC	25	22	34	26
ND	1	0	1	2
OH	17	17	24	11
SD	9	1	7	8
TN	32	25	34	22
WI	13	6	21	11
18 Sts	31	16	26	21
These 18 States planted 96% of last year's soybean acreage.				

Sorghum Percent Planted				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
CO	19	1	12	12
KS	11	7	13	8
NE	17	5	14	22
OK	24	22	32	17
SD	26	22	28	17
TX	78	74	78	78
6 Sts	32	26	32	30
These 6 States planted 100% of last year's sorghum acreage.				

Peanuts Percent Planted				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
AL	49	30	47	54
FL	59	55	72	68
GA	53	42	52	58
NC	49	42	60	45
OK	24	13	30	22
SC	57	50	64	63
TX	28	17	46	32
VA	64	62	82	59
8 Sts	50	40	54	54
These 8 States planted 96% of last year's peanut acreage.				

Crop Progress and Condition

Week Ending May 19, 2024

Weekly U.S. Progress and Condition Data provided by USDA/NASS

Rice Percent Planted				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
AR	93	94	97	82
CA	54	30	70	79
LA	97	97	99	95
MS	96	84	88	84
MO	96	87	91	78
TX	92	95	98	92
6 Sts	88	84	92	84
These 6 States planted 100% of last year's rice acreage.				

Rice Percent Emerged				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
AR	81	81	87	66
CA	11	0	10	23
LA	93	90	95	89
MS	82	54	72	66
MO	83	73	84	57
TX	87	84	92	85
6 Sts	73	69	76	63
These 6 States planted 100% of last year's rice acreage.				

Rice Condition by Percent					
	VP	P	F	G	EX
AR	0	1	20	61	18
CA	0	0	0	90	10
LA	0	0	12	82	6
MS	0	0	40	52	8
MO	0	5	15	72	8
TX	0	2	32	56	10
6 Sts	0	1	17	69	13
Prev Wk	0	1	20	68	11
Prev Yr	0	4	23	60	13

Winter Wheat Percent Headed				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
AR	93	84	91	92
CA	94	85	90	96
CO	24	1	21	21
ID	2	0	4	6
IL	81	83	90	74
IN	47	46	65	40
KS	68	73	90	68
MI	5	1	21	3
MO	87	90	95	80
MT	0	0	0	1
NE	14	5	22	14
NC	98	91	96	95
OH	22	36	70	21
OK	92	95	98	92
OR	14	2	31	25
SD	1	0	1	2
TX	90	88	96	93
WA	15	8	35	14
18 Sts	58	57	69	57
These 18 States planted 89% of last year's winter wheat acreage.				

Winter Wheat Condition by Percent					
	VP	P	F	G	EX
AR	1	8	30	53	8
CA	0	0	5	30	65
CO	4	19	32	43	2
ID	0	4	29	63	4
IL	5	7	18	49	21
IN	1	3	16	62	18
KS	11	20	36	30	3
MI	0	3	25	39	33
MO	0	3	18	71	8
MT	1	6	40	37	16
NE	1	4	19	63	13
NC	0	3	21	72	4
OH	1	3	23	61	12
OK	1	13	35	46	5
OR	2	9	30	49	10
SD	1	2	23	62	12
TX	7	15	39	34	5
WA	7	11	39	40	3
18 Sts	5	13	33	42	7
Prev Wk	6	12	32	42	8
Prev Yr	18	22	29	26	5

Sugarbeets Percent Planted				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
ID	100	93	98	97
MI	96	95	100	92
MN	89	91	98	75
ND	81	92	97	73
4 Sts	90	92	98	81
These 4 States planted 86% of last year's sugarbeet acreage.				

Sunflowers Percent Planted				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
CO	11	1	9	8
KS	2	4	6	8
ND	4	0	19	8
SD	2	0	1	4
4 Sts	4	NA	10	6
These 4 States planted 87% of last year's sunflower acreage.				

Crop Progress and Condition

Week Ending May 19, 2024

Weekly U.S. Progress and Condition Data provided by USDA/NASS

Oats Percent Planted				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
IA	100	98	98	98
MN	70	76	91	76
NE	97	94	97	95
ND	28	37	59	49
OH	88	81	86	85
PA	99	70	80	84
SD	91	84	94	86
TX	100	100	100	100
WI	71	68	81	76
9 Sts	79	78	87	82
These 9 States planted 66% of last year's oat acreage.				

Oats Percent Emerged				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
IA	91	81	91	84
MN	43	43	68	51
NE	90	83	89	83
ND	6	12	21	17
OH	74	42	78	68
PA	75	48	58	64
SD	62	52	68	59
TX	100	100	100	100
WI	44	38	56	48
9 Sts	62	59	69	63
These 9 States planted 66% of last year's oat acreage.				

Oat Condition by Percent					
	VP	P	F	G	EX
IA	1	2	21	63	13
MN	0	1	18	66	15
NE	1	2	40	48	9
ND	1	1	20	76	2
OH	0	0	26	70	4
PA	0	0	9	77	14
SD	0	2	22	70	6
TX	16	20	36	26	2
WI	0	1	28	58	13
9 Sts	4	6	26	57	7
Prev Wk	4	6	27	56	7
Prev Yr	5	9	28	53	5

Spring Wheat Percent Planted				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
ID	86	88	93	92
MN	61	71	91	64
MT	67	63	81	74
ND	40	49	71	53
SD	92	88	95	88
WA	97	98	99	95
6 Sts	57	61	79	65
These 6 States planted 100% of last year's spring wheat acreage.				

Spring Wheat Percent Emerged				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
ID	60	65	75	66
MN	22	40	67	33
MT	34	18	38	42
ND	10	13	29	20
SD	63	57	66	59
WA	84	77	95	77
6 Sts	27	25	43	33
These 6 States planted 100% of last year's spring wheat acreage.				

Barley Percent Planted				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
ID	83	80	89	91
MN	54	63	86	65
MT	74	71	79	78
ND	31	37	65	49
WA	93	95	98	91
5 Sts	65	64	78	74
These 5 States planted 84% of last year's barley acreage.				

Barley Percent Emerged				
	Prev Year	Prev Week	May 19 2024	5-Yr Avg
ID	62	61	75	65
MN	18	23	51	33
MT	20	17	44	43
ND	7	9	28	17
WA	71	70	89	68
5 Sts	28	27	48	43
These 5 States planted 84% of last year's barley acreage.				

Crop Progress and Condition

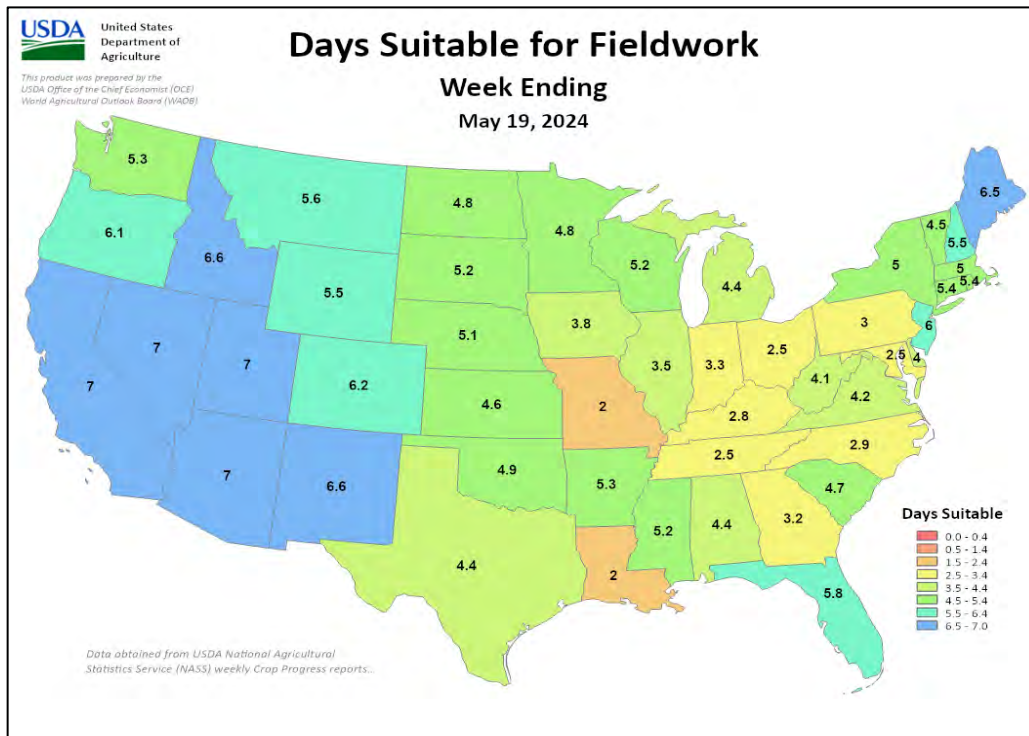
Week Ending May 19, 2024

Weekly U.S. Progress and Condition Data provided by USDA/NASS

Pasture and Range Condition by Percent Week Ending May 19, 2024											
	VP	P	F	G	EX		VP	P	F	G	EX
AL	0	2	16	73	9	NH	0	0	21	79	0
AZ	0	5	23	40	32	NJ	0	0	4	47	49
AR	2	9	28	51	10	NM	25	34	30	10	1
CA	0	0	20	50	30	NY	1	2	16	61	20
CO	0	16	40	39	5	NC	1	3	9	83	4
CT	0	0	0	100	0	ND	1	4	27	57	11
DE	5	15	32	42	6	OH	0	0	12	67	21
FL	4	25	29	40	2	OK	1	6	36	52	5
GA	2	7	26	55	10	OR	1	14	31	35	19
ID	0	8	25	50	17	PA	1	1	2	72	24
IL	2	3	10	50	35	RI	0	10	30	60	0
IN	1	3	20	59	17	SC	0	4	14	77	5
IA	1	5	22	55	17	SD	1	3	13	72	11
KS	7	15	36	36	6	TN	1	3	22	62	12
KY	0	2	13	71	14	TX	17	21	29	25	8
LA	0	4	35	52	9	UT	0	0	28	65	7
ME	0	36	33	31	0	VT	0	0	7	33	60
MD	1	3	9	67	20	VA	1	5	31	54	9
MA	0	5	30	65	0	WA	0	0	70	26	4
MI	0	1	16	49	34	WV	0	4	11	76	9
MN	1	4	34	45	16	WI	1	5	35	40	19
MS	2	5	28	56	9	WY	1	2	33	64	0
MO	0	3	26	67	4	48 Sts	7	13	31	40	9
MT	7	14	49	28	2						
NE	1	7	36	48	8	Prev Wk	9	15	29	39	8
NV	0	0	20	50	30	Prev Yr	10	19	34	31	6

VP - Very Poor; P - Poor;
F - Fair;
G - Good; EX - Excellent

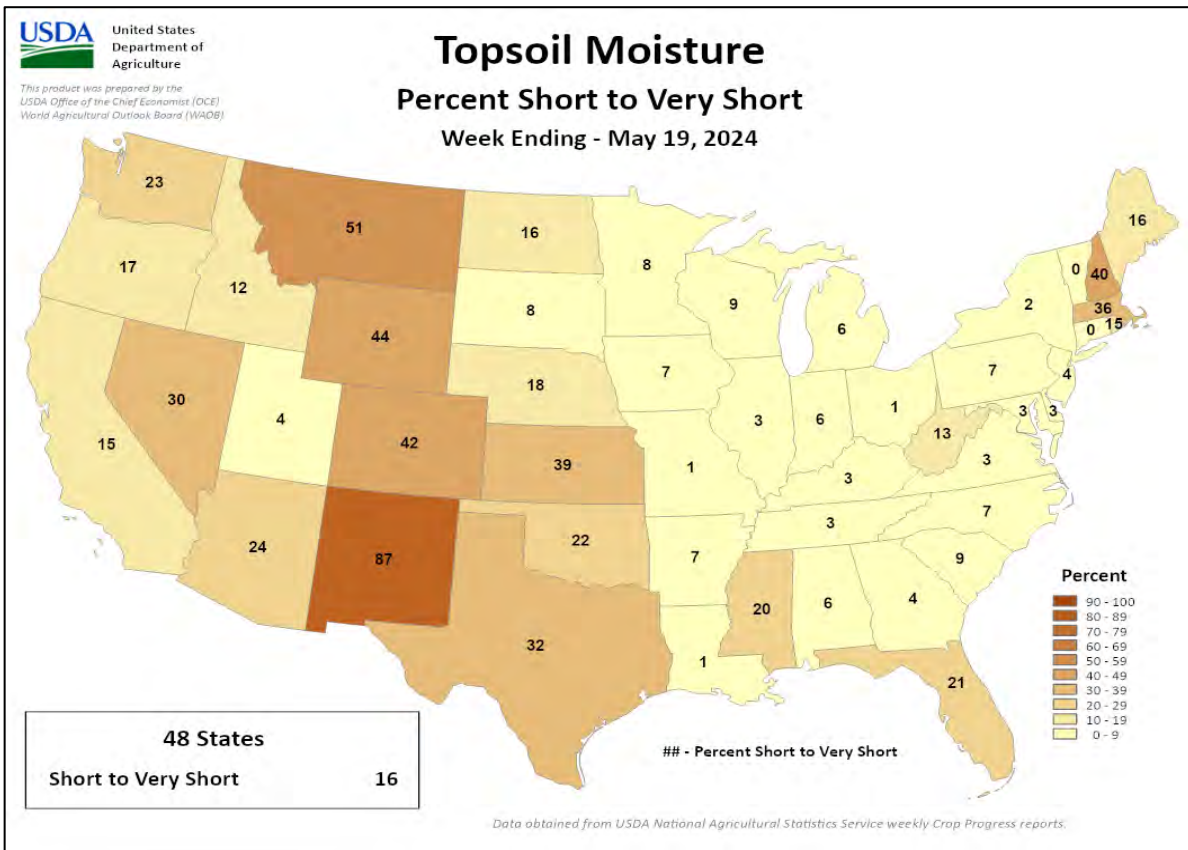
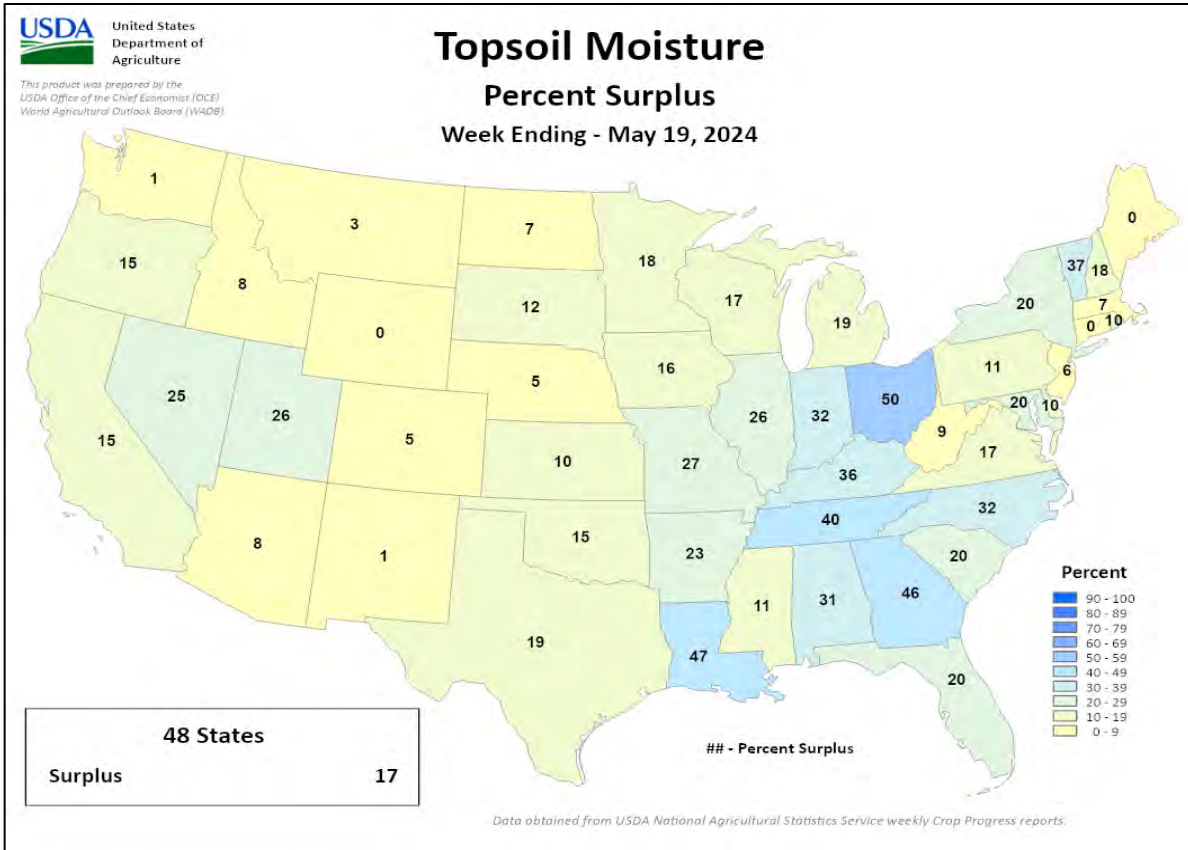
NA - Not Available
* Revised



Crop Progress and Condition

Week Ending May 19, 2024

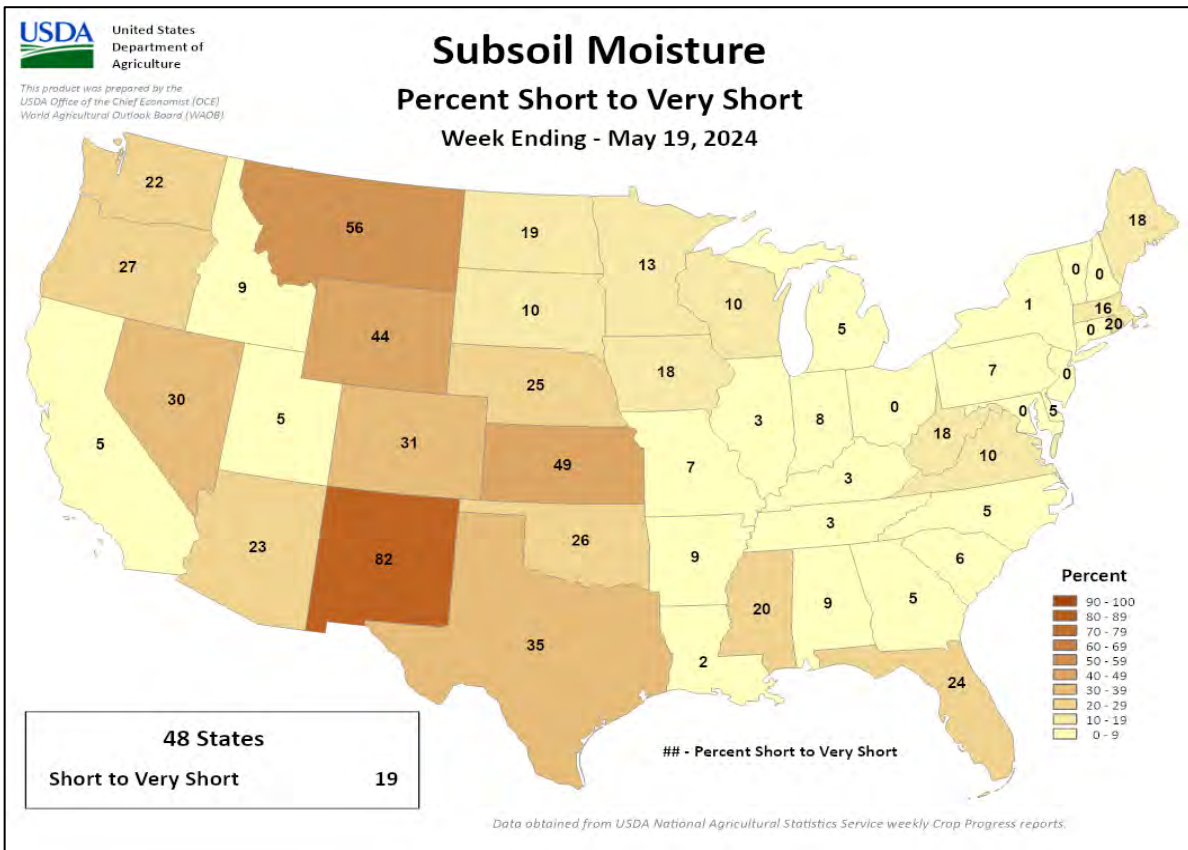
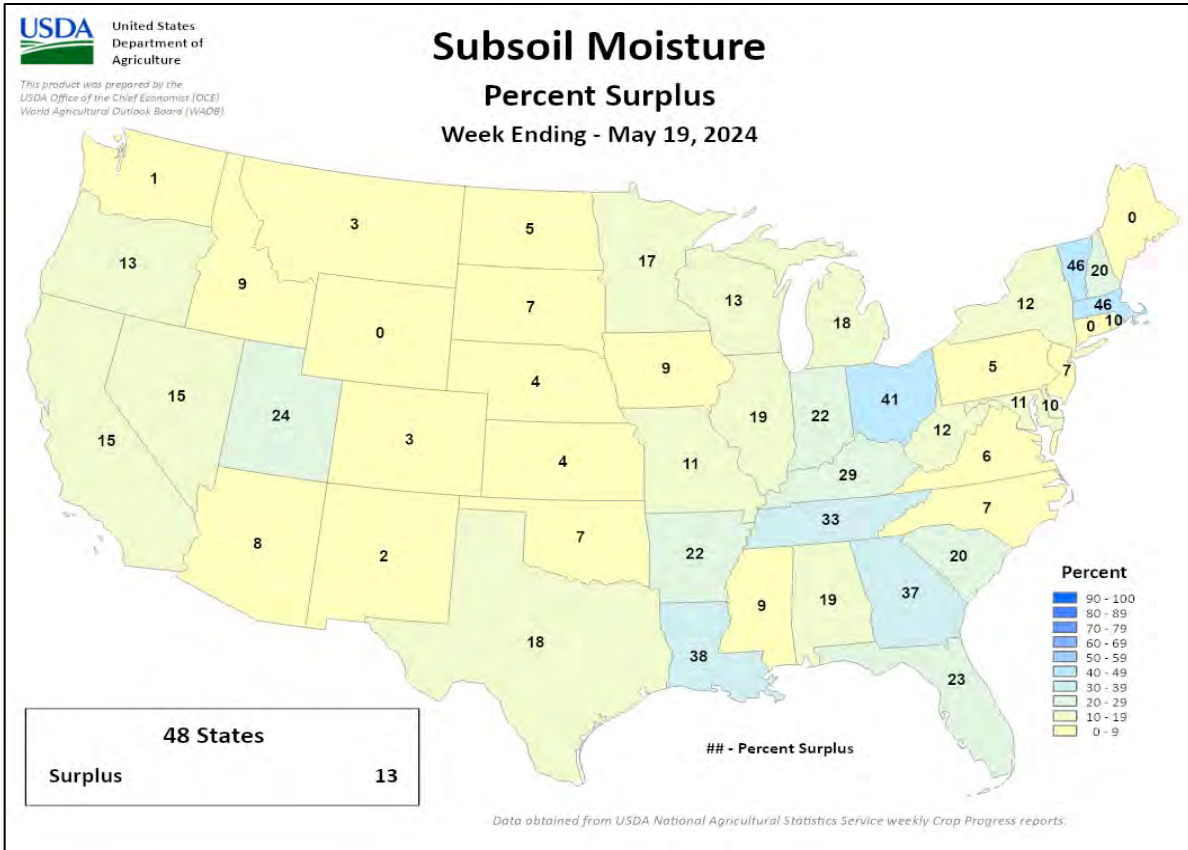
Weekly U.S. Progress and Condition Data provided by USDA/NASS



Crop Progress and Condition

Week Ending May 19, 2024

Weekly U.S. Progress and Condition Data provided by USDA/NASS



International Weather and Crop Summary

May 12-18, 2024

International Weather and Crop Highlights and Summaries provided by USDA/WAOB

HIGHLIGHTS

EUROPE: Rain returned to northwestern crop areas and caused flooding in parts of central and southern Europe.

WESTERN FSU: Abnormally cold weather continued albeit not as cold as the preceding week, while drought intensified from eastern Ukraine into west-central Russia.

EASTERN FSU: A late-season cold snap in the western spring grain belt juxtaposed with additional widespread moderate to heavy rain across wheat and cotton areas to the south.

MIDDLE EAST: Widespread showers continued from central Turkey into Iran, while seasonably dry weather prevailed over the southern half of the region.

EAST ASIA: Dry weather and summer-like temperatures promoted maturation and harvesting of winter crops.

SOUTHEAST ASIA: Monsoon showers began to move into Thailand and environs, improving moisture conditions and encouraging rice sowing.

AUSTRALIA: Showers continued to aid winter crop germination and emergence in the east, but more rain was needed in the south and west.

ARGENTINA: Conditions favored seasonal fieldwork, including the early stages of wheat planting.

BRAZIL: Showers maintained a slow rate of recovery from flooding in Rio Grande do Sul.

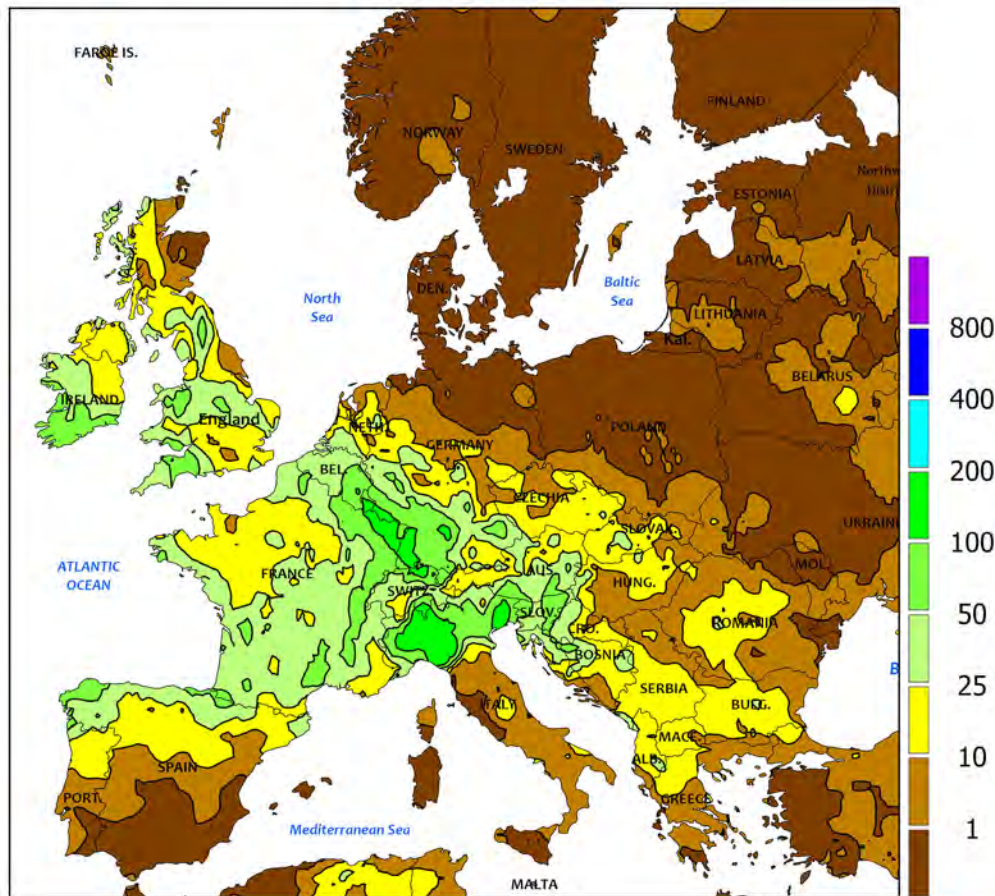
MEXICO: Drought continued to impact crops and livestock.

CANADIAN PRAIRIES: Spring grain and oilseed planting was underway.

SOUTHEASTERN CANADA: Warm weather spurred development of winter wheat and pastures.



EUROPE
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 12 - 18, 2024



CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

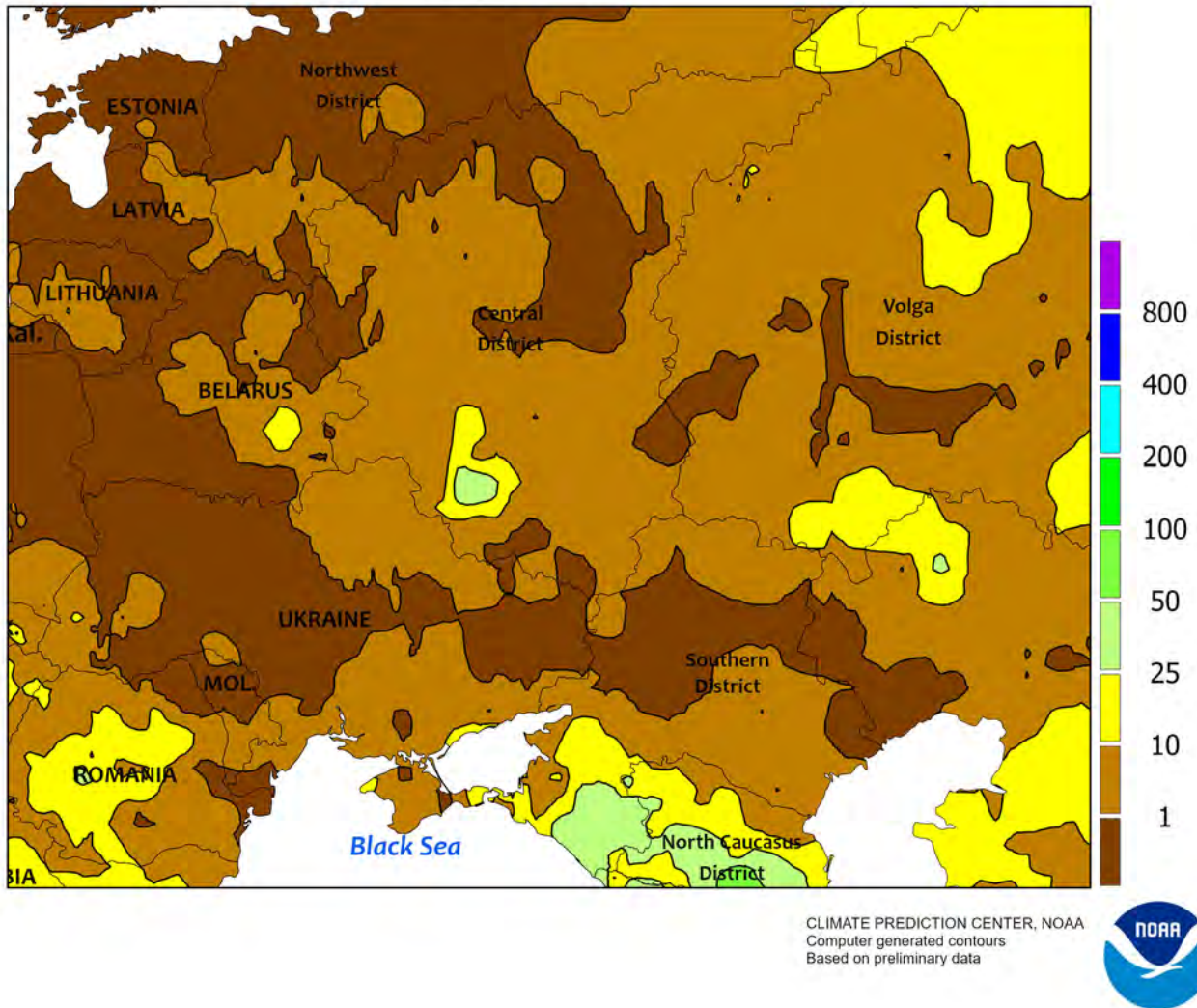


EUROPE

Wet weather continued over western, central, and southeastern growing areas and returned to northwestern portions of the continent. Following a much-needed respite from excessive wetness in northern France and southeastern England, moderate to heavy rain (10-60 mm) renewed winter crop quality concerns and lowered yield prospects. The rainy conditions also slowed or halted fieldwork, including late summer crop planting. Farther south, 10 to 90 mm of rain from northern portions of Portugal and Spain into southern France hampered fieldwork but maintained adequate to abundant soil moisture for emerging summer crops as well as filling winter grains and oilseeds. Heavy to excessive rainfall (50-100 mm, locally more) caused lowland flooding from southern Belgium southward into eastern France and western Germany, with numerous reports of flooding and damage to infrastructure in eastern France from the European Severe Weather Database (ESWD). Heavy to excessive rain (50-160 mm, locally more) likewise caused flooding and damage to

infrastructure in northern Italy, with the greatest concentration of heavy rain reports from the ESWD in eastern Veneto and western Lombardy. A swath of moderate to locally heavy rain (25-60 mm) extended eastward from northern Italy into southern Austria and the western Balkans. Farther east, lighter showers (5-20 mm) were beneficial for filling winter crops across the Balkans, though the region's eastern-most growing areas were mostly dry. Light showers in Hungary (2-15 mm) moistened soils locally, but much of the country has wrestled with dryness and drought since early April. Mostly dry weather prevailed in northeastern Germany and Poland, allowing late spring grain and summer crop sowing to proceed without delay but reducing topsoil moisture for crop establishment. Temperatures across the continent varied considerably, with abnormal warmth in northern Europe (4-8°C above normal) contrasting with lingering chilly conditions (2-5°C below normal) in the eastern Balkans and northwestern Spain.

WESTERN FSU
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 12 - 18, 2024

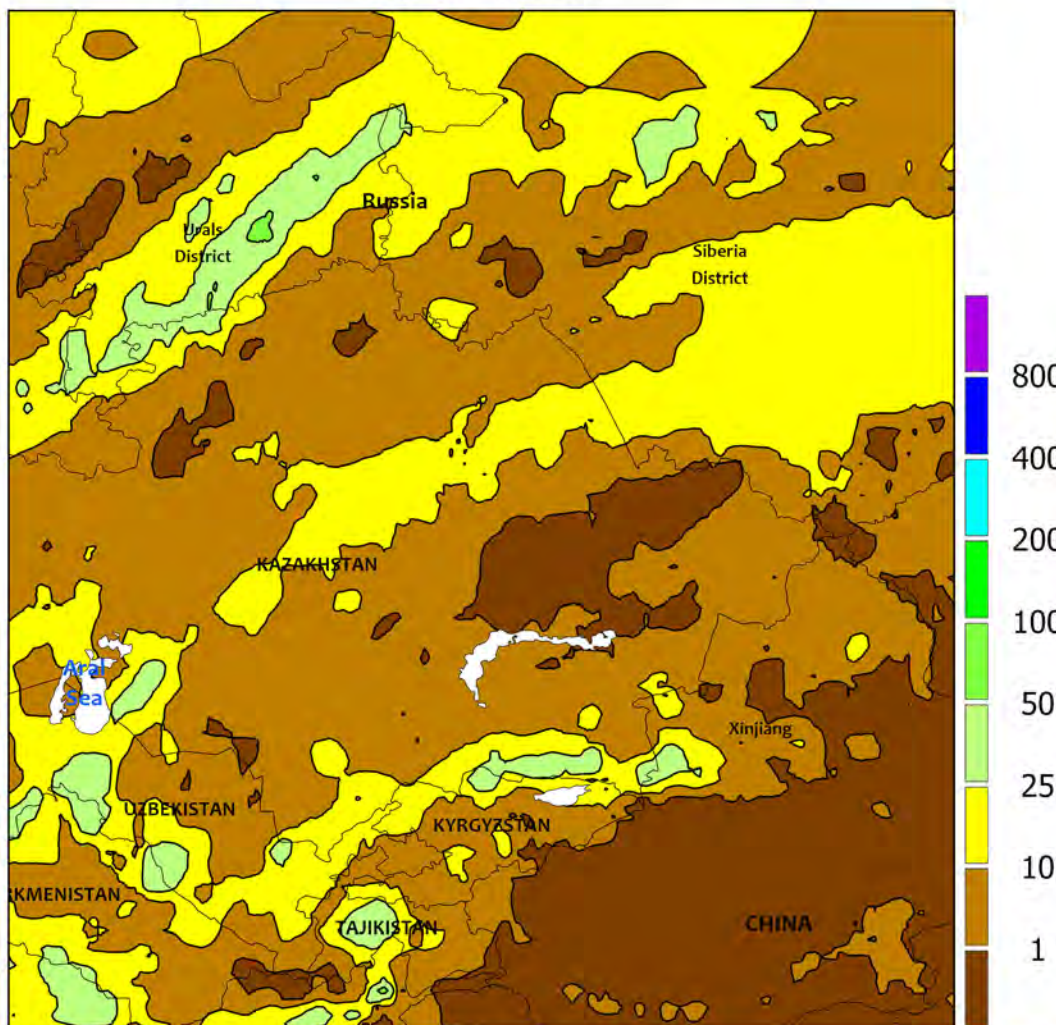


WESTERN FSU

The cold snap continued — albeit not as severe — across most of the region, with intensifying dryness and drought in central portions of the region contrasting with much-needed rain in southern-most Russia. Temperatures during the monitoring period averaged 3 to 8°C below normal across Russia and adjacent portions of Ukraine and Belarus. Spotty freezes (-2 to -1°C) were noted in central and northern growing areas, though minimum temperatures did not come close to last week’s devastating lows. However, the unseasonably cold conditions likely caused some localized frost damage to emerging summer crops and delayed assessment efforts of last week’s hard freeze. Intensifying short-term drought has exacerbated the freeze’s impacts, with many primary growing areas in eastern Ukraine and western Russia dealing with

significant short-term precipitation deficits. Dryness has been most pronounced in Russia’s Southern District, where season-to-date rainfall (since March 1) has totaled 34 percent of normal in Volgograd and 31 percent in Rostov, the latter oblast particularly hard hit by the preceding week’s freeze. Furthermore, the acute dryness will further complicate efforts to resow damaged summer crops. However, sorely-needed showers and thunderstorms (10-40 mm) in far southern Russia — from Krasnodar Krai into Stavropol — improved soil moisture for flowering to filling winter wheat and emerging to vegetative summer crops. Likewise, light to moderate showers (2-25 mm, locally more) from southeastern Belarus into southern portions of Russia’s Central and Volga Districts improved soil moisture where rain was heaviest.

EASTERN FSU
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 12 - 18, 2024



CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

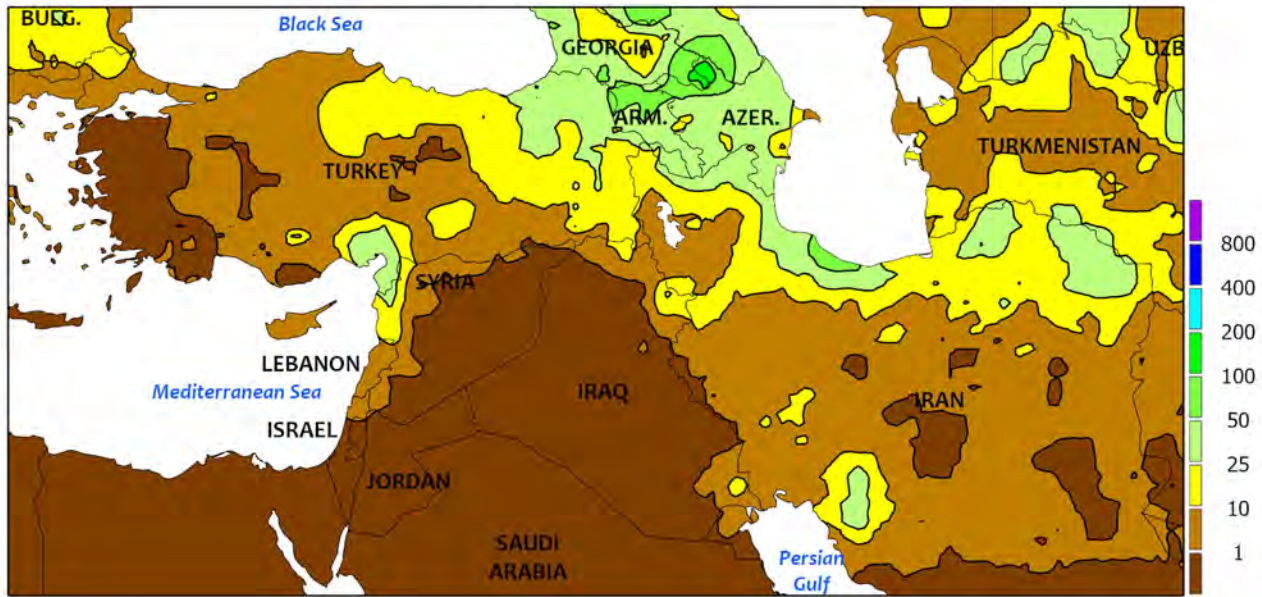


EASTERN FSU

Cold weather in the western spring grain belt contrasted with warmer temperatures farther east, while late-season rain lingered over southern portions of the region. Temperatures during the monitoring period averaged 2 to 6°C below normal across Russia’s Volga and Urals Districts but near normal in northern Kazakhstan. Subfreezing nighttime lows (-5 to -2°C) in western spring grain areas likely burned back any newly-emerged wheat, barley, or sunflowers. Nevertheless, soil moisture supplies remained adequate to abundant for crop emergence and establishment once warmer weather returns. Across the region’s eastern spring grain areas, notably warmer conditions (2-4°C above normal, locally up to 6°C above normal in eastern Kazakhstan) promoted

early spring grain and summer crop emergence. Farther south across the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS), widespread moderate to heavy rain (10-50 mm, locally more) from western Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan eastward into Tajikistan, Kyrgyzstan, and southern Kazakhstan boosted soil moisture for filling winter wheat and emerging spring grains. The rain also diminished the impacts of this week’s heat (36-38°C) on filling winter crops. Heading into the summer, irrigation reserves for cotton remained at or above normal for a third consecutive water year. Water year rain and mountain snow in the CIS typically diminish in late May and early June, though northern crop areas often receive supplemental summer showers.

MIDDLE EAST
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 12 - 18, 2024



CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

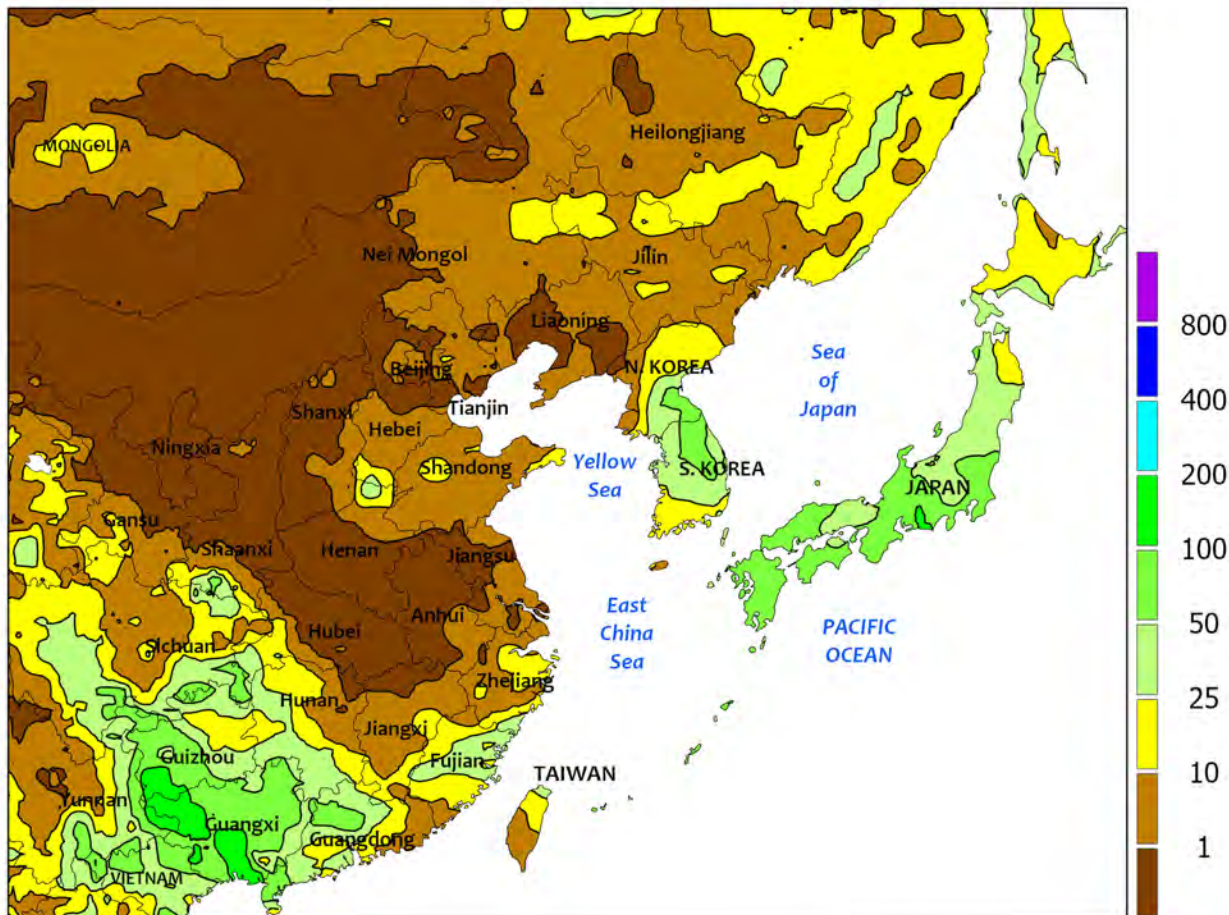


MIDDLE EAST

Additional showers in the north and east contrasted with seasonably dry weather elsewhere. Showers were widespread but highly variable (2-55 mm) from central Turkey into Iran, sustaining the already favorable yield prospects for filling winter wheat and barley. While dryness at times afflicted parts of central and southern

Turkey as well as southwestern and northeastern Iran, a wet spring provided timely moisture for winter crops. Furthermore, a lack of stressful heat has likewise boosted yield expectations. Mostly dry weather across central and southern portions of the region favored winter grain maturation and early harvesting.

EASTERN ASIA
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 12 - 18, 2024



CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

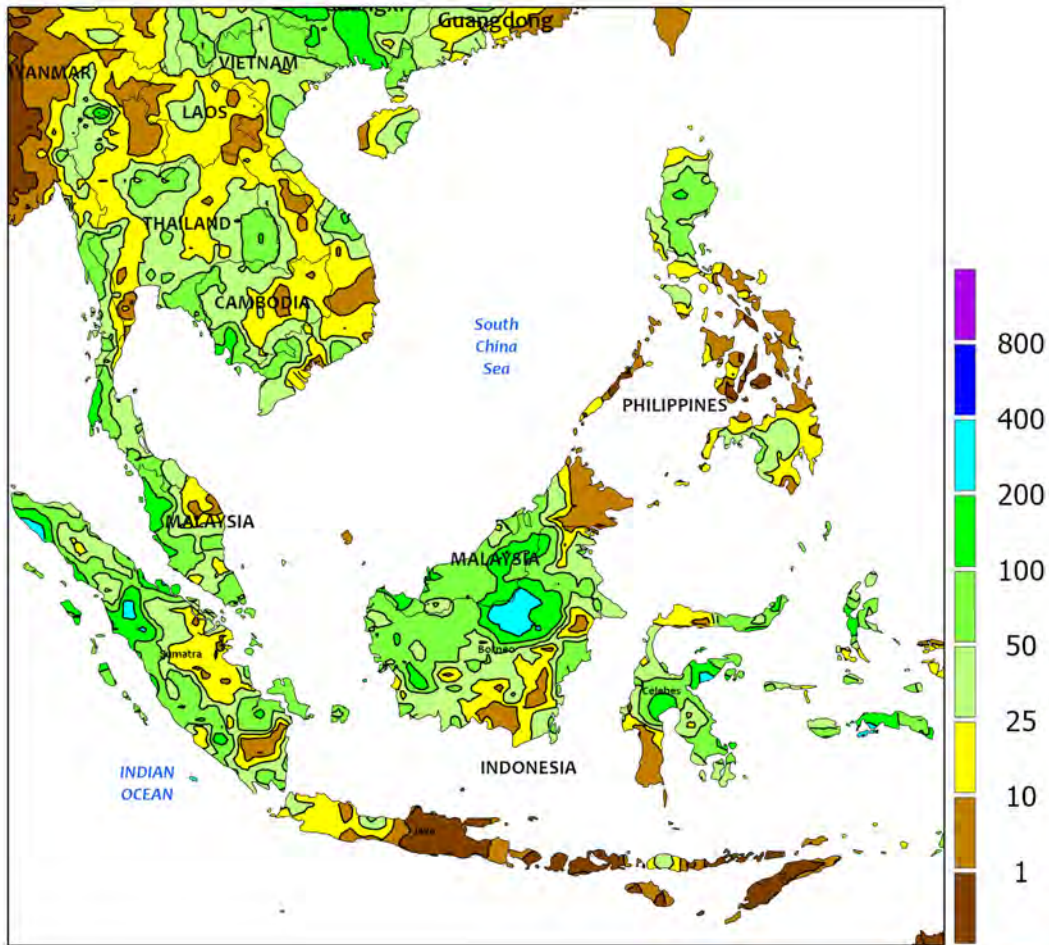


EASTERN ASIA

High pressure dominated eastern China for most of the period. Dryness and heat (temperatures well into the 30s degrees C) supported maturation of wheat on the North China Plain as well as drydown and harvesting of rapeseed in the Yangtze Valley. Most rainfall (topping 100 mm locally) was limited to southwestern provinces, benefiting rice and other summer crops, although late-week showers (up to 25 mm) in the northeast helped with establishment

of corn and soybeans. Elsewhere, above-average temperatures (as much as 7°C above average) and occasional rain (1-10 mm) in western China promoted cotton development and engendered some of the best early season crop conditions since 2020. In other parts of the region, showery weather on the Korean peninsula and into Japan produced 25 to 100 mm in most areas, aiding establishment of rice and other crops.

SOUTHEAST ASIA
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 12 - 18, 2024



CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

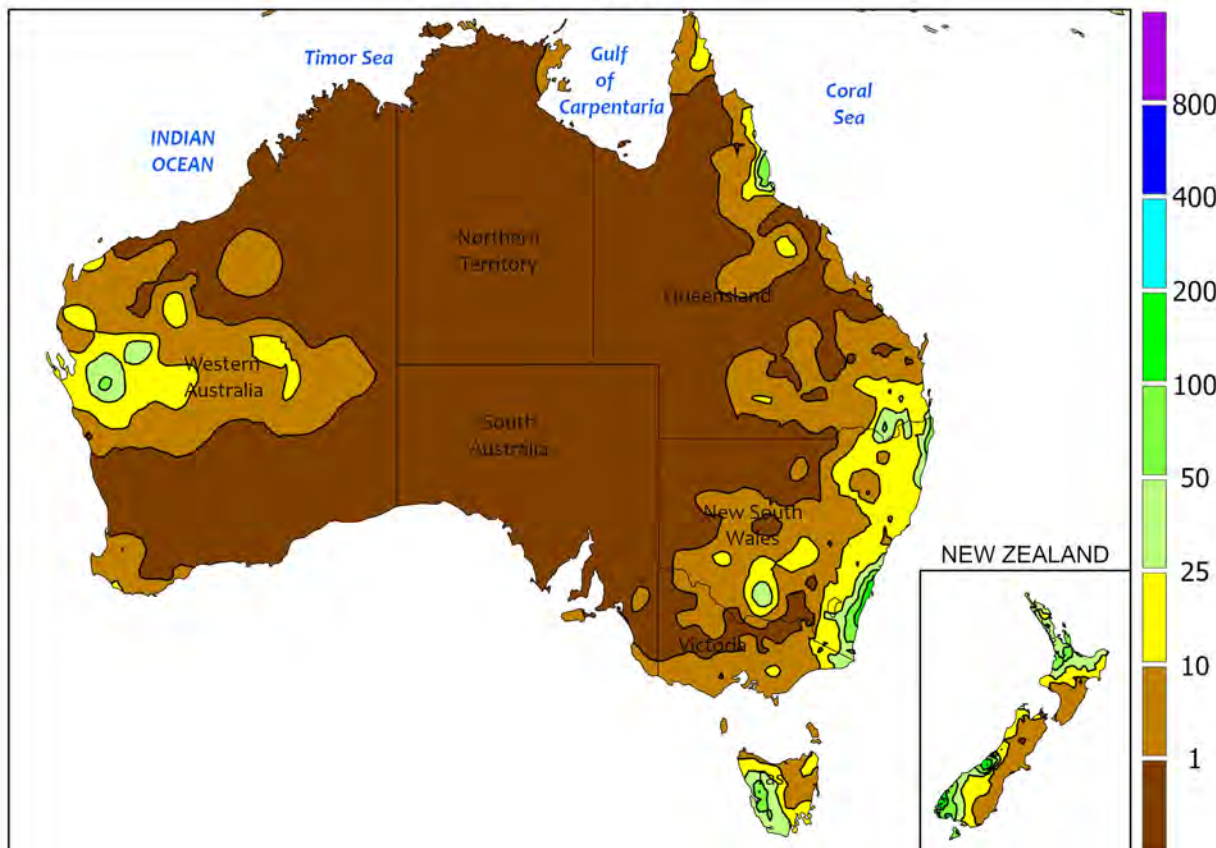


SOUTHEAST ASIA

Monsoon showers slowly made their way into Thailand and the surrounding areas, with most locales recording 10 to 50 mm. The onset of consistent rainfall helped break the oppressive heat that has plagued this part of the region since early March while improving moisture supplies for main-season crop sowing. Rainfall also prevailed across

the Philippines but was highly variable (1-80 mm) and notably heaviest in major-producing rice and corn areas of the north. Meanwhile, showers (25-100 mm or more) continued in oil palm areas of Indonesia and Malaysia, but significant moisture deficits over the last 90 days remained a concern.

AUSTRALIA
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 12 - 18, 2024



Gridded data from the Australian Bureau of Meteorology: www.bom.gov.au/
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CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

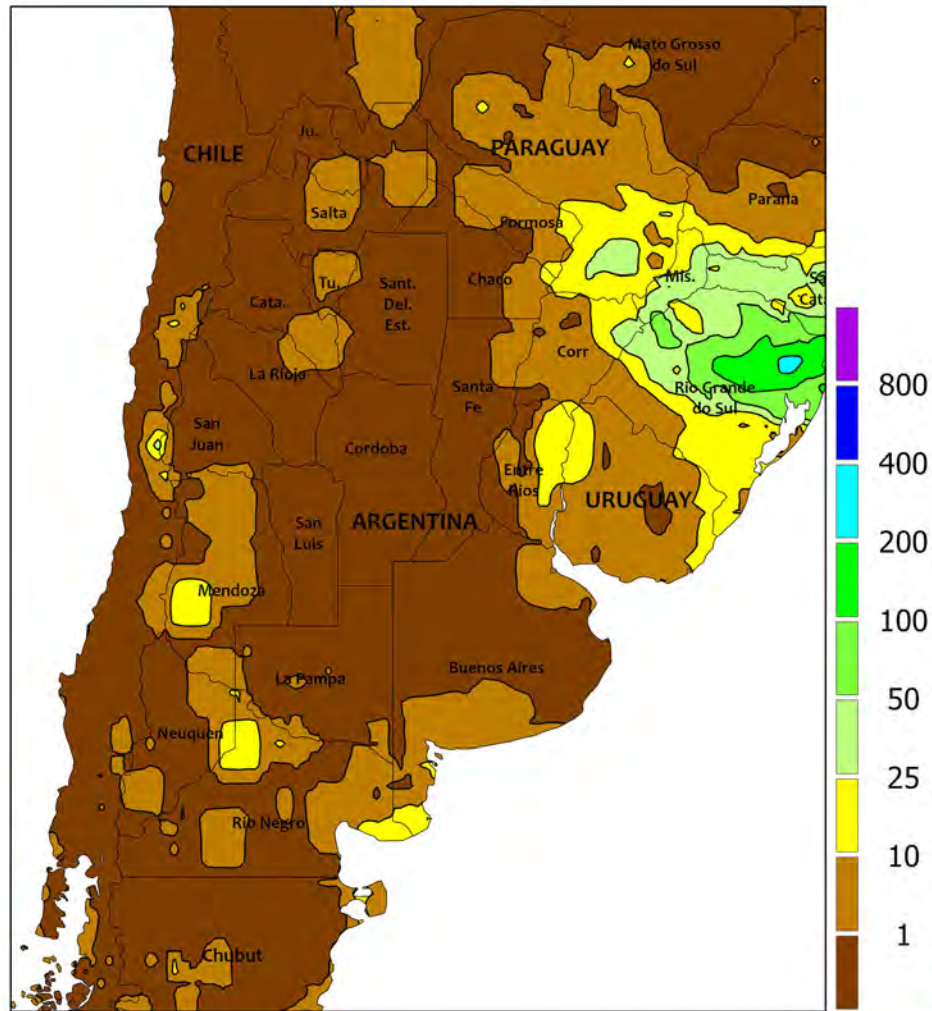


AUSTRALIA

Scattered showers (5-25 mm, locally more) continued to fall in southern Queensland and New South Wales, maintaining adequate to locally abundant soil moisture for germinating to emerging winter grains and oilseeds. The showers likely interrupted fieldwork in some areas, including cotton and sorghum harvesting and additional winter crop planting, but the rain was welcome overall as the winter crop growing season begins to ramp up. Farther south, sunny skies favored winter crop planting, germination, and emergence in eastern Victoria. In contrast, persistent dryness further reduced moisture supplies in South Australia and western Victoria. Farmers were dry sowing winter crops in South

Australia, but the ongoing lack of topsoil moisture continued to hamper early winter grain and oilseed development. Elsewhere, dry weather covered most of the Western Australia wheat belt. Sunny skies spurred early winter crop development in areas where sufficient soil moisture was present. Although the 2024 growing season has just begun, more consistent rainfall is needed in the west to help boost early-season crop prospects. Temperatures averaged 3 to 4°C above normal in Western Australia with maxima mostly in the middle to upper 20s (degrees C). Temperatures were seasonably warm elsewhere in the wheat belt with maxima generally in the lower 20s.

ARGENTINA
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 12 - 18, 2024



CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

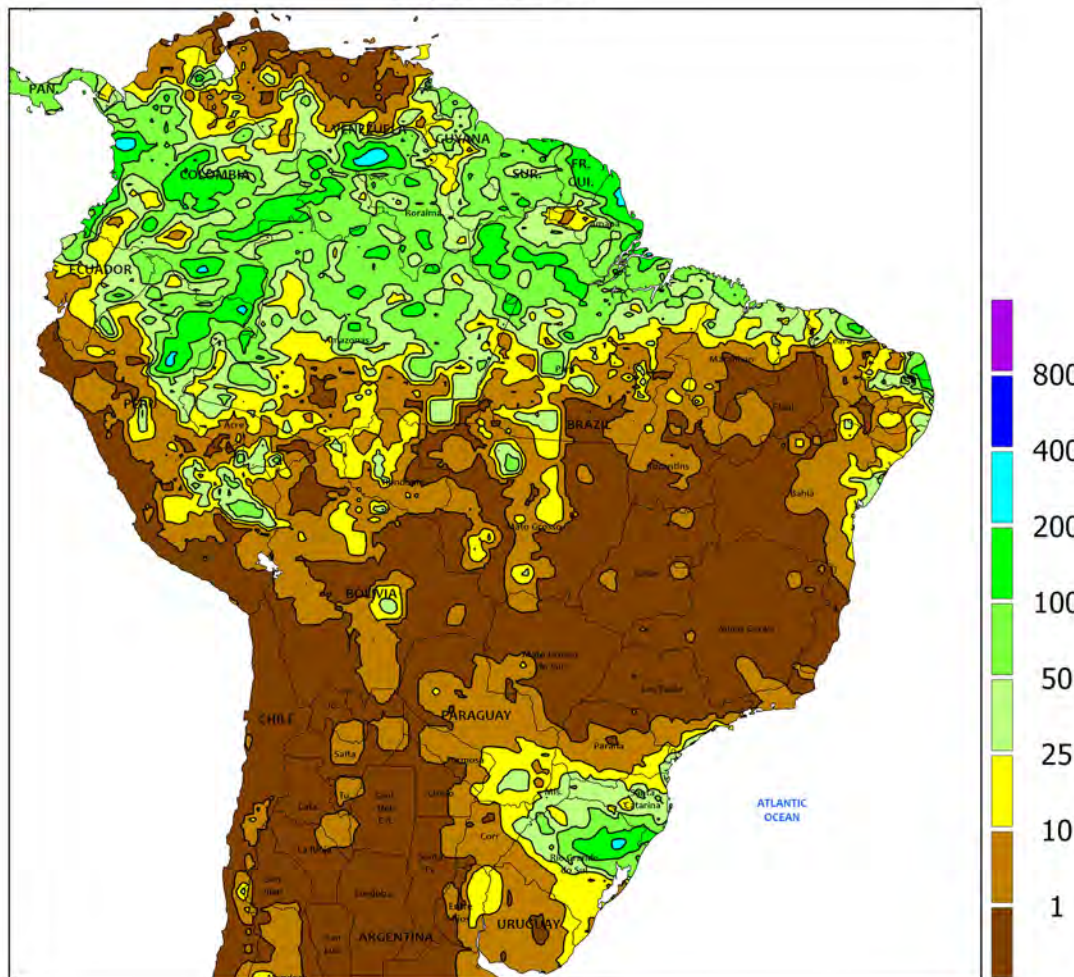


ARGENTINA

Cool, dry weather promoted seasonal fieldwork, including the early stages of winter wheat planting. Most major farming areas were completely dry, with few locations recording more than 5 mm. Weekly temperatures averaged 4 to 6°C below normal regionwide, with freezes reaching as far north as

Santiago del Estero. According to the government of Argentina, corn and soybeans were 33 and 61 percent harvested, respectively, as of May 16, and cotton was 22 percent harvested; wheat planting was reportedly underway in northern production areas.

BRAZIL
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 12 - 18, 2024



CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

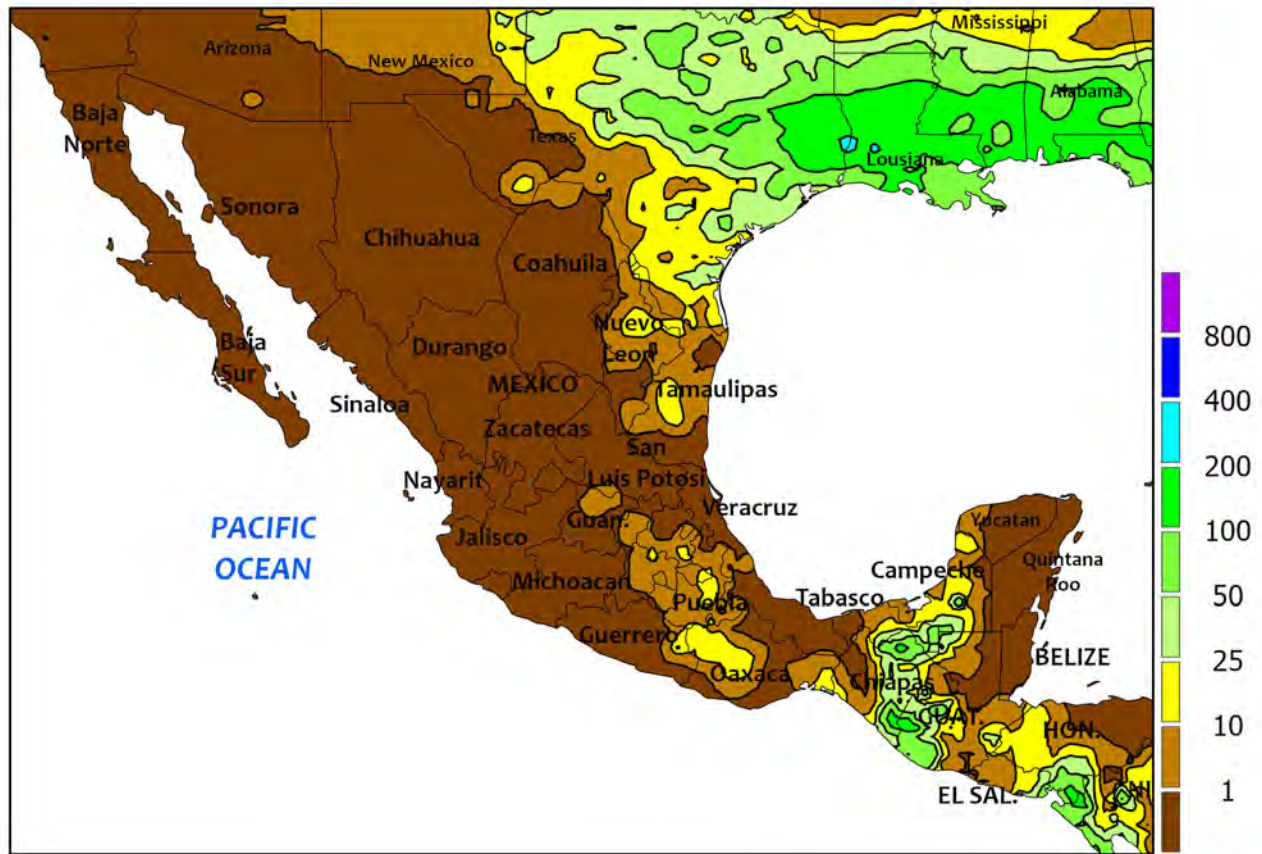


BRAZIL

Lingering showers slowed flood recovery efforts in Rio Grande do Sul. Moderate to heavy rain (25-100 mm or more) overspread much of the state, with the highest amounts (locally greater than 200 mm) concentrated over eastern-most agricultural districts. Cooler-than-normal weather (temperatures averaging 3-6°C below normal) pushed northward from Argentina into Paraguay and southwestern Brazil, with temperatures falling below 5°C in Rio Grande do Sul, but freezes were unlikely. According to the government of Rio Grande do Sul, soybeans and corn were 85 and 88 percent harvested, respectively, as of May 16; damage

assessments to grains and oilseeds impacted by the flooding were ongoing. Mostly dry weather prevailed in other major farming areas, although seasonal showers (10-25 mm or more) continued along the northeastern coast. Warm (daytime highs reaching the middle and upper 30s degrees C), sunny weather in central and northeastern farming areas spurred rapid development of corn and cotton, but the dryness was unseasonable in Paraná and other states where rain could still benefit immature summer crops. According to the government of Paraná, 86 percent of the second corn crop was filling to mature as of May 13, and wheat was 34 percent planted.

MEXICO
Total Precipitation(mm)
May 12 - 18, 2024



CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data



MEXICO

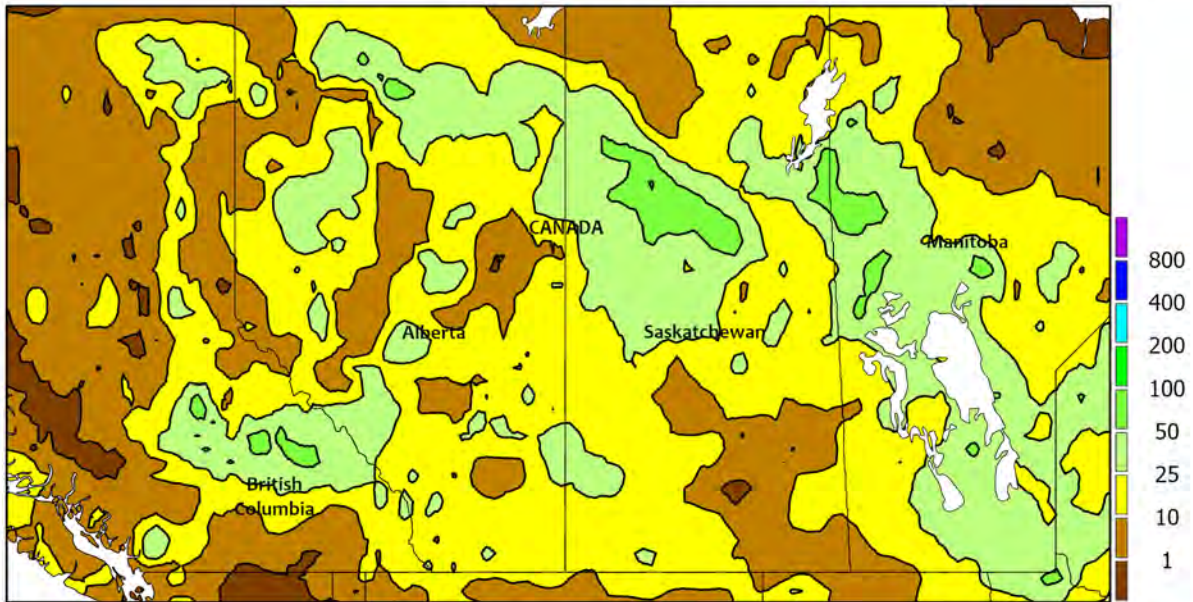
Drought persisted throughout nearly all major farming areas, worsening summer crop prospects and sustaining high water requirements for livestock. Aside from heavy showers (50-100 mm, locally higher) in Chiapas and neighboring locations in Tabasco and Campeche, showers were widely scattered and light in eastern farming areas that should be receiving seasonal rainfall. Pockets of light rain, with locations recording more than 10 mm, were recorded in and around Puebla and northern Oaxaca, and in Tamaulipas and Nueva Leon; otherwise,

dryness prevailed. Weekly temperatures averaged 3 to 5°C above normal in the unseasonably dry east, with high temperatures reaching 40°C over large parts of the region. Warmth and dryness also prevailed farther west, fostering rapid maturation and drydown of corn and other winter-grown grains. However, seasonal rainfall typically develops during May in western sections of the southern plateau – notably Jalisco and Michoacán – and the dryness is delaying the start of corn planting.

CANADIAN PRAIRIES

Total Precipitation(mm)

May 12 - 18, 2024



CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data



CANADIAN PRAIRIES

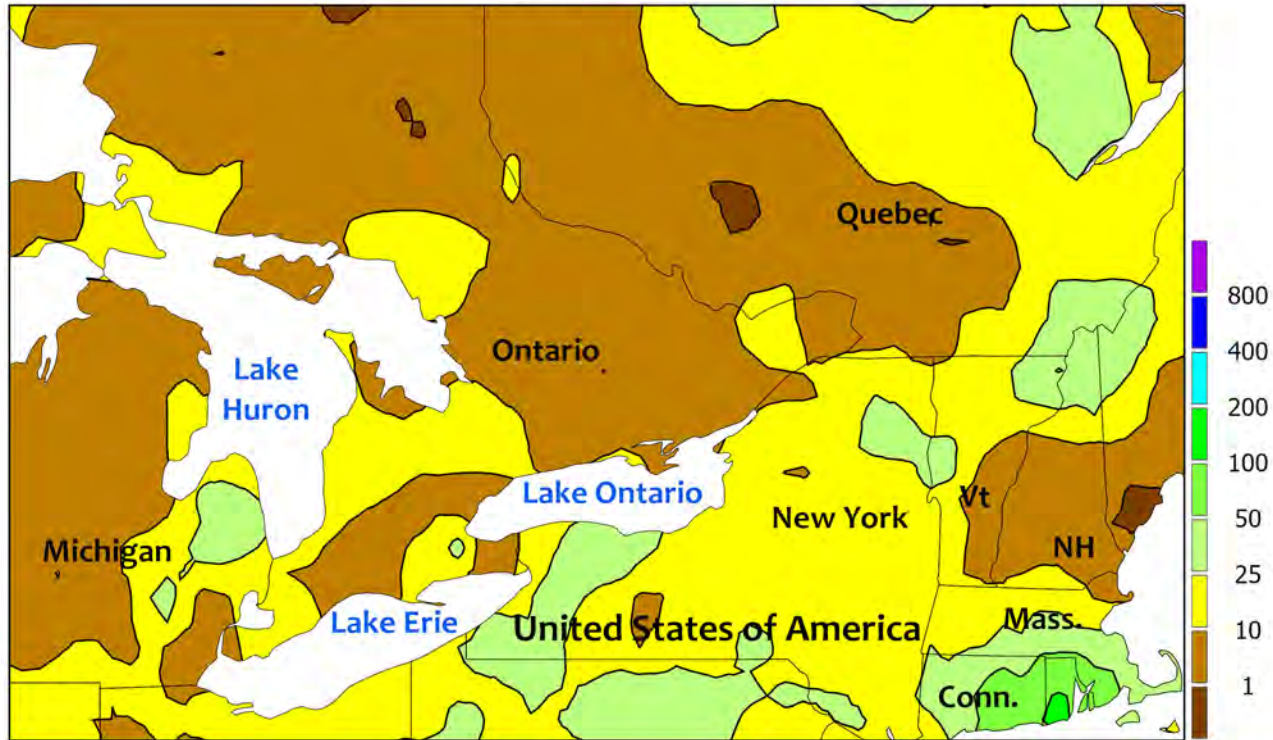
According to Provincial reports, spring grain and oilseed planting was underway across the Prairies, with germination of early-seeded crops aided by recent periods of beneficial rain. In Alberta, which was particularly hard hit by drought entering the spring growing season, soil moisture was rated 72 percent Good to Excellent as of May 14, compared with the 5-year average of 58 percent; consequently, crops were 33 percent planted, 6 points ahead of the 5-year average. During the week

ending May 18, light to moderate rain (mostly 5-25 mm) overspread the Prairies, adding to the beneficial moisture acquired since late April. Weekly temperatures averaged near to above normal across the region, with daytime highs reaching the middle and upper 20s (degrees C) in southern farming areas. Frost and freezes were common across the region, but given the earliness in the season the nighttime cold likely had little if any impacts on emerging crops.

SOUTHEASTERN CANADA

Total Precipitation(mm)

May 12 - 18, 2024



CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA
Computer generated contours
Based on preliminary data

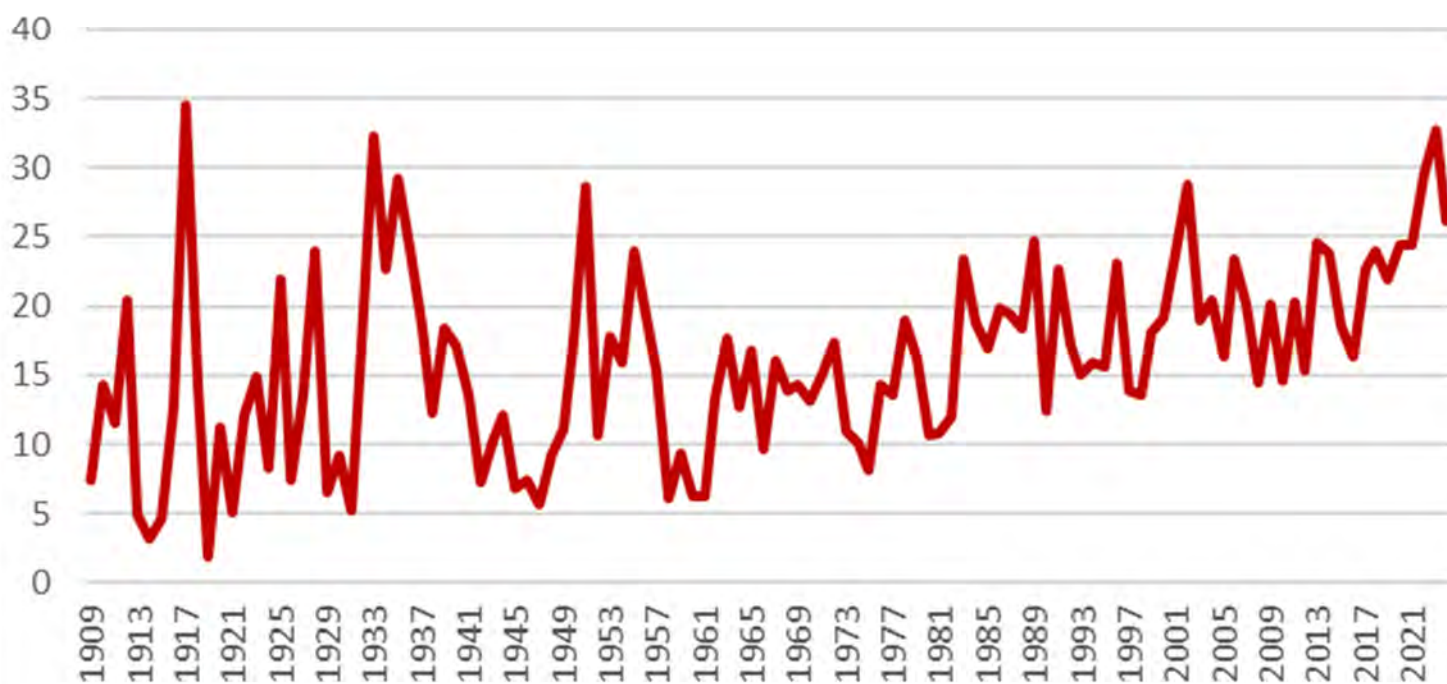


SOUTHEASTERN CANADA

Warm weather favored winter wheat and pasture growth while also keeping topsoils warm for summer crop germination. Weekly average temperatures ranged from 2 to 4°C above normal throughout the main production areas of both Ontario and Quebec, with highest daytime temperatures reaching the lower and middle 20s (degrees C). Nighttime lows dropped

into the lower single digits in outlying northern and eastern farming areas, but no freezes were recorded. Showers were generally light, with rainfall mostly ranging from 5 to 25 mm. Precipitation has trended near normal since winter wheat began breaking dormancy in April, and soil moisture was likely adequate to locally excessive for fieldwork.

U.S. Winter Wheat, Percent Abandonment 1909-2024



Based on preliminary statistics provided by USDA/NASS, U.S. winter wheat abandonment for 2024 is pegged at 26.2 percent. This represents a decline from last year's abandonment of 32.7 percent, which was the nation's highest since 1917. However, in the last seven decades, the only years besides 2023 with higher abandonment rates were 2022, with 29.5 percent, and 2002, with 28.8 percent.

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