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August 6, 2024

WEEKY MATHER AND CROP BULLETIN

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Weather Service and the function of the second

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE National Agricultural Statistics Service and World Agricultural Outlook Board



HIGHLIGHTS July 28 – August 3, 2024 Highlights provided by USDA/WAOB

Expanding and intensifying heat gripped much of the country, increasing stress on rangeland, pastures, and summer crops in areas lacking sufficient soil moisture. Some of the most significant burgeoning crop stress affected the **Plains**, where isolated thunderstorms provided only localized relief from triple-digit (100-degree) temperatures extending as far north as **Montana** and the **western Dakotas**. Farther east, however, the **Midwest** continued to experience a summer largely without heat stress, as temperatures above 95°F were limited to **far**

(Continued on page 3)

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(Continued from front cover)

western corn and soybean production Additionally, scattered to areas. widespread Midwestern showers and thunderstorms maintained mostly adequate soil moisture for normal corn and soybean development. Meanwhile, the South got a short reprieve from hot weather, along with ongoing widespread showers east of the Mississippi River. Elsewhere, a Western break from extreme heat was short-lived, with record-setting high temperatures returning during the second half of the week. However, the fleeting cool spell allowed firefighters to work on containment efforts for some of the largest Western wildfires, including the 402,000acre Park Fire near Chico, CA, which has destroyed more than 600 structures. Nearor above-normal temperatures covered much of the country, although weekly readings were close to normal levels in much of California, the Great Basin, and the Intermountain West, along with the western Gulf Coast region and the Southeast. In contrast, temperatures averaged at least 5°F above normal across much of the nation's mid-section,



including large sections of the **Plains** and **northern Corn Belt**, as well as much of the **Northeast** and scattered **Northwestern** locations.

In the waning days of July, extreme heat was focused on the Plains. In Texas, Dalhart closed the month with four consecutive daily-record highs (103, 106, 105, and 106°F). Similarly, Borger, TX, tallied a trio of daily-record highs (106, 106, and 108°F) from July 29-31. On the central Plains, record-setting highs for July 30 included 111°F in Hill City, KS, and 102°F in Burlington, CO. That marked Hill City's highest reading since July 10, 2022, when it was also 111°F. Thereafter, record-setting heat expanded into other areas, including parts of the East and much of the West. Baltimore (BWI Airport), MD, noted consecutive daily-record highs (101 and 100°F, respectively) on August 1 and 2-the seventh and eighth triple-digit days of 2024. Baltimore's previous annual standard of 7 triple-digit days had been achieved in 1930, 1988, and 2010. Additional Eastern daily-record highs on August 1 included 100°F in Newark, NJ, and 99°F in Punta Gorda, FL. Meanwhile, August began with a pair of daily-record highs in Western locations such as Redmond, OR (103 and 105°F), and Winnemucca, NV (104 and 108°F). Other recordsetting highs for August 2 reached 111°F in Lewiston, ID, and 108°F in Glasgow, MT. Glasgow's reading also tied its monthly record, most recently attained on August 6, 1983. At week's end, heat made a strong push across northern and central sections of the Rockies and Plains, with consecutive daily-record highs being set on August 2-3 in Rapid City, SD (103°F both days); Helena, MT (101 and 103°F); and Lander, WY (97 and 100°F). In Nebraska, daily-record highs for August 3 soared to 106°F in Chadron and 105°F in Valentine. Heat also returned across the Desert Southwest, where Phoenix, AZ, logged consecutive daily-record highs of 116°F on August 3-4.

With a burned acreage of more than 400,000 acres, the Park Fire near **Chico, CA**, became the fourth-largest wildfire in modern **California** history, behind only the 1.03 million-acre August Complex (2020), the 963,000-acre Dixie Fire (2021), and the 459,000-acre Mendocino Complex (2018). The Park Fire was also responsible for the destruction of more than 600 structures. Meanwhile, monsoon-related showers dotted the **West**, including a few spots in **southern California**, where record-setting totals for August 2 included 0.58 inch at **Big Bear Lake** and 0.32 inch in **Campo**. Earlier, a few

showers associated with a cold front had swept across the Northwest, with Hoquiam (0.65 inch) and Olympia (0.20 inch) netting dailyrecord amounts for July 29. Meanwhile, heavy showers and locally severe thunderstorms frequently swept across the Midwest, often tracking from northwest to southeast. Some of late July's most concentrated streaks of wind and hail damage stretched from the upper Midwest into the Ohio Valley. On July 31 in Nebraska, thunderstorm-driven wind gusts were clocked to 90 mph in Omaha and 83 mph in Lincoln. Meanwhile, Des Moines, IA, received 5.16 inches of rain during the last 4 days of the month, including a dailyrecord sum of 3.55 inches on July 31. Other Midwestern dailyrecord totals included 2.04 inches (on July 29) in Gaylord, MI, and 1.26 inches (on July 31) in Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN. Farther east, torrential rainfall in parts of Vermont resulted in significant flash flooding. St. Johnsbury, VT, received 8.04 inches of rain on July 29-30, including 5.90 inches on the latter date. A nearby, long-term climate site in St. Johnsbury measured 8.08 inches in a 24-hour period on July 29-30, breaking the 24-hour station record of 4.99 inches, set on July 27-28, 1913. In early August, heavy showers continued to pepper the Midwest and East. Rainfall records for August 1 included 2.30 inches in Harrisburg, PA; 1.91 inches in Green Bay, WI; and 1.82 inches in Knoxville, TN. With 3.45 inches, Danville, VA, tallied a record-setting total for August 2. Eastern daily-record amounts for August 3 reached 2.96 inches in Asheville, NC, and 1.72 inches in Concord, NH.

Cool, damp weather prevailed across much of **Alaska**, where mainland temperatures broadly averaged at least 5°F below normal. **King Salmon** notched a daily-record low of 34°F on August 3. The first 3 days of August were notably wet in several locations, with **Nome's** total of 1.98 inches boosted by a daily-record sum of 1.23 inches on the 3rd. August 1-3 rainfall in **Fairbanks** totaled 1.05 inches. In contrast, warm, mostly dry weather covered **southeastern Alaska** in early August, following late-July precipitation. Farther south, **Hawaii** experienced a continuation of mostly dry, often breezy conditions, although heavier showers dotted windward locations. July rainfall at the state's major airport observation sites ranged from 0.02 inch (4 percent of normal) in **Honolulu, Oahu**, to 4.84 inches (52 percent) in **Hilo**, on the **Big Island**. **Hilo's** wettest day of the month was July 29, when 1.06 inches fell.

















Weekly Weather and Crop Bulletin

National Weather Data for Selected Cities

Weather Data for the Week Ending August 3, 2024

Data Provided by Climate Prediction Center

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	BARROW	43	36	54	34	39	0	0.05	-0.22	0.05	0.13	8	0.26	10	90	78	0	0	1	0
	FAIRBANKS	61	50	65	48	56	-5	1.37	0.83	0.31	6.14	154	8.04	125	93	65	0	0	6	0
	JUNEAU	63 64	50 48	68 71	44 44	57 56	-1 -1	1.50	0.30	0.76	17.45 4.18	184 41	43.03	140 91	98 91	64 56	0	0	4	2
	NOME	52	46	57	41	49	-2	1.00	0.26	0.43	7.61	207	13.70	171	94	74	0	0	6	0
AL	BIRMINGHAM	92	74	95	71	83	1	1.99	0.89	1.22	12.26	115	34.92	95	90	54	6	0	2	2
	HUNTSVILLE	90	74	94	72	82	1	0.95	0.12	0.62	11.50	129	39.44	115	97	63	6	0	3	1
	MOBILE	96 94	79 75	99 96	76 73	87 85	5 2	0.31	-1.37	0.23	16.32 6.01	109 62	44.93 39.32	107	92 96	51 52	6	0	3	0
AR	FORT SMITH	97	76	101	71	86	3	0.00	-0.74	0.00	8.62	104	30.24	106	86	43	7	0	0	0
. –	LITTLE ROCK	96	77	99	74	86	5	0.00	-0.67	0.00	7.16	100	41.20	135	86	47	7	0	0	0
AZ	PHOENIX	85 111	56 90	91 116	53 87	70 100	4	0.99	0.19	0.94	4.10	126 38	13.44	121 104	75 42	22	1 7	0	2	1
	PRESCOTT	91	64	94	61	78	2	1.04	0.48	0.58	3.07	124	7.75	112	63	21	6	0	2	1
	TUCSON	101	77	108	76	89	2	0.30	-0.26	0.23	5.92	222	11.10	206	70	25	7	0	3	0
CA	BAKERSFIELD	98 64	72 55	104	65 51	85 50	-1 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0 127	5.40	121	51 09	21 70	7	0	0	0
	FRESNO	98	70	104	62	84	0	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.09	33	29.07 9.07	116	98 64	19	7	0	0	0
	LOS ANGELES	72	62	74	60	67	-3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	73	15.46	178	93	65	0	0	0	0
	REDDING	99	69	107	60	84	0	0.00	-0.02	0.00	0.33	40	21.12	98	56	17	7	0	0	0
	SAUKAMENTU SAN DIEGO	93 77	62 67	81	55 65	// 72	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0 308	11.97	98 166	81 87	25 61	5 0	0	U 1	0
	SAN FRANCISCO	67	55	69	54	61	-3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	14.31	112	97	68	0	0	0	0
	STOCKTON	95	63	103	54	79	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	10.65	119	77	25	5	0	0	0
со		89 02	45 62	91 05	42 57	67 77	2	0.00	-0.29	0.00	3.43	215	6.15	158	78 60	15	3	0	0	0
	DENVER INTL	98	63	101	58	81	5	0.00	-0.74	0.04	2.74	63	10.84	110	52	14	7	0	2 1	0
	GRAND JUNCTION	101	66	103	63	83	4	0.00	-0.17	0.00	2.49	229	5.10	105	25	5	7	0	0	0
OT	PUEBLO	98	64	101	61	81	4	0.31	-0.21	0.31	5.67	166	11.20	139	61	15	7	0	1	0
CI	HARTFORD	86 89	71	93 95	66 62	79 80	3 5	0.61	-0.30	2.31	7.53 9.54	100	31.51 34.50	122	91 91	60 53	2	0	5 4	1
DC	WASHINGTON	93	75	99	70	84	3	1.33	0.47	0.85	6.76	76	27.88	111	83	47	6	0	4	1
DE	WILMINGTON	90	71	96	61	80	3	1.29	0.30	1.09	9.97	104	31.80	118	95	55	4	0	3	1
FL		91 02	75	93 07	73	83 94	1	1.58	0.22	1.05	14.80	109	26.63	94 112	100	61 52	6	0	5	1
	KEY WEST	92	82	94	72	87	1	1.36	0.42	1.21	11.81	142	26.01	141	88	66	6	0	4	1
	MIAMI	92	78	94	75	85	1	3.63	1.83	1.89	25.07	134	39.48	113	89	59	6	0	5	3
	ORLANDO	94	76	96	75	85	3	3.17	1.38	1.80	14.84	91	23.02	75	97	54	7	0	6	2
	TALLAHASSEE	91 94	76	93 98	73	84 85	2	2.97	-1.26	0.74	17.97	88	42.46	104	90 92	59 55	6	0	ь 5	4
	TAMPA	92	77	96	76	85	1	4.96	3.09	1.56	14.77	92	26.00	89	93	61	7	0	6	3
	WEST PALM BEACH	93	79	96	76	86	3	0.26	-1.24	0.12	9.30	62	29.72	90	91	63	7	0	4	0
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	AUGUSTA	92	72	96	71	82	-1	1.92	0.84	0.70	15.18	156	30.06	109	97	56	5	0	4	3
	COLUMBUS	94	75	98	73	84	1	0.34	-0.74	0.15	7.81	88	37.23	137	91	50	6	0	4	0
	MACON	92	72	95 06	70	82	-1	2.01	1.05	0.75	9.26	96	33.66	116	100	59 52	7	0	5	2
н	HILO	93 83	70	90 85	68	64 76	0	0.14	-1.15	0.08	7.06	94 40	53.86	82	89 97	55 64	0	0	3 7	0
	HONOLULU	87	74	90	73	81	-1	0.12	-0.02	0.12	0.25	23	9.49	106	81	47	1	0	1	0
	KAHULUI	83	71	86	69	77	-4	0.45	0.32	0.18	1.20	159	9.08	91	91	58	0	0	3	0
IA		84 85	73 67	80	69 64	79 76	-1 1	0.44 2.98	-0.02 2 19	0.17	2.48	115	24.71	122	87 99	63 67	0	0	5 5	0
	CEDAR RAPIDS	85	68	87	67	76	4	2.93	1.97	1.22	12.74	122	22.25	99	100	63	0	0	5	3
	DES MOINES	90	69	93	67	80	4	5.82	4.93	3.55	14.71	155	29.88	127	92	50	4	0	4	2
		85 89	67 66	88 93	66 63	76 77	5	0.66	-0.35 2.51	0.44	7.42	71 126	20.04	83	97 96	63 57	0	0	3	0
	WATERLOO	87	69	89	67	78	4	0.91	0.00	0.33	10.10	100	27.72	118	94	54	0	0	4	0
ID	BOISE	97	68	107	62	82	3	0.01	-0.03	0.01	0.50	51	10.08	135	49	18	6	0	1	0
		96	68 50	110	63 47	82 71	4	0.10	0.02	0.08	0.89	50	6.44	76	63 92	21 10	6 1	0	2	0
IL	CHICAGO/O HARE	88	71	92	47 69	79	-1	0.89	-0.11	0.00	9.37	02 113	23.31	101	93	54	4 3	0	3	1
	MOLINE	88	69	90	65	78	3	1.94	1.08	1.50	8.60	89	22.70	93	94	56	1	0	5	1
	PEORIA	88	71	91	68	79	3	1.16	0.46	0.87	6.77	89	22.60	98	96	56	1	0	3	1
		87 86	67 70	92 80	66 67	77 79	4	0.54	-0.35	0.34	11.54 8.07	122 01	26.79	116 81	94 100	60 67	2	0	3	0
IN	EVANSVILLE	90	72	93	70	81	2	2.09	1.40	0.75	7.68	84	30.43	99	93	60	5	0	→ 5	2 3
	FORT WAYNE	86	67	89	60	77	4	0.06	-0.79	0.04	5.47	61	25.41	102	96	59	0	0	3	0
		86	69	89	67	78	2	3.15	2.36	2.53	9.43	97	30.03	106	97	59	0	0	5	1
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	DODGE CITY	99	71	105	65	85	5	0.03	-0.68	0.03	13.84	207	17.18	120	78	31	7	0	1	0
	GOODLAND	98	63	105	58	81	5	0.36	-0.44	0.22	7.03	109	11.85	94	85	24	7	0	2	0
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AND STATIONS	AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	EXTREME HIGH	EXTREME LOW	AVERAGE	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	WEEKLY TOTAL, IN.	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	GREATEST IN 24-HOUR, IN.	TOTAL, IN., SINCE JUN 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE JUN 1	TOTAL, IN., SINCE JAN 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE JAN 1	AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	90 AND ABOVE	32 AND BELOW	.01 INCH OR MORE	.50 INCH OR MORE
WICHITA LEXINGTON LOUISVILLE PADUCAH BATON ROUGE LAKE CHARLES NEW ORLEANS SHREVEPORT BOSTON WORCESTER BALTIMORE CARIBOU PORTLAND ALPENA GRAND RAPIDS HOUGHTON LAKE LANSING MUSKEGON TRAVERSE CITY DULUTH INT_L FALLS MINNEAPOLIS ROCHESTER	99 88 89 92 97 94 95 86 83 95 85 82 87 87 86 87 88 83 82 87 84	72 69 72 74 79 77 79 69 68 72 64 66 63 67 63 66 68 66 68 66 68 66 62 58 68 64	104 93 96 98 99 95 90 101 90 89 91 89 88 89 91 90 87 86 91 87	66 68 71 70 77 62 62 63 59 57 59 57 59 57 59 58 61 60 62 56 52 65 61	86 78 80 83 88 85 87 77 76 83 75 74 75 77 75 77 75 77 73 70 78 74 73 70 78 74	4 2 0 3 5 1 3 3 3 5 5 8 3 7 4 7 5 5 6 5 5 4 5	1.23 2.82 3.74 1.22 0.43 0.42 0.39 1.16 1.26 2.92 0.57 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.53 0.00 2.04 0.92 0.32 0.74 0.45 0.32 0.74 0.45 0.32 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45	0.29 1.73 2.80 0.37 -0.72 -0.85 -1.07 0.39 0.31 -0.30 -0.31 -0.27 -0.34 -0.28 1.29 0.23 -0.30 -0.30 -0.28 1.29 0.23 -0.30 -0.30 -0.30 -0.31 -0.27 -0.30 -0.31 -0.27 -0.34 -0.27 -0.34 -0.30 -0.31 -0.27 -0.34 -0.30 -0.31 -0.27 -0.34 -0.32 -0.31 -0.27 -0.34 -0.32 -0.30 -0.31 -0.27 -0.30 -0.31 -0.27 -0.30 -0.32 -0.30 -0.30 -0.32 -0.30 -0.32 -0.30 -0.30 -0.30 -0.32 -0.30 -0.32 -0.30 -0.32 -0.30 -0.32 -0.32 -0.30 -0.55	0.75 1.23 1.03 0.69 0.43 0.42 0.37 0.83 0.60 2.23 0.29 0.24 0.44 0.34 0.20 0.24 0.44 0.30 1.55 0.54 0.28 0.50 0.30 1.25 0.10	8.61 7.13 10.23 7.24 11.51 22.11 16.54 6.73 6.42 6.19 7.99 5.28 10.22 10.84 2.59 11.76 6.78 4.78 9.79 9.22 12.00 11.97	92 67 117 79 95 172 110 89 75 69 94 66 163 132 114 167 111 86 113 115 132 120	18.11 28.31 29.71 31.43 42.15 51.09 47.57 29.42 36.44 24.69 19.76 27.91 23.22 24.17 11.73 23.83 18.27 14.33 18.27 14.33 18.27 17.26 24.07 22.53	82 88 98 98 111 143 119 116 133 94 85 102 135 102 135 102 135 102 135 103 97 119 91 92 105 113 124 103	86 95 88 93 89 97 88 94 93 99 95 96 100 99 90 93 91 97 90 95	34 60 57 52 56 68 48 59 43 52 66 48 55 9 54 48 47 52 59	7 2 3 5 7 7 7 7 3 1 6 1 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 4 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 7 6 3 1 1 2 *** 3 4 4 4 3 2 4 0 4 4 2 5 3 4 3	1 2 3 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1
ST. CLOUD COLUMBIA KANSAS CITY SAINT LOUIS SPRINGFIELD JACKSON MERIDIAN TUPELO BILLINGS BUTTE CUT BANK GLASGOW GREAT FALLS HAVRE MISSOULA ASHEVILLE CHARLOTTE GREENSBORO	88 91 92 91 95 93 93 84 86 94 90 93 90 86 91 87	65 72 69 74 71 77 74 76 62 47 55 62 54 55 62 54 55 68 72 70	92 93 96 95 97 105 95 92 108 99 99 102 89 99 102 89 5 93	58 68 63 71 67 75 73 73 58 40 43 53 47 47 50 66 69 66	77 82 80 83 81 86 85 78 65 71 78 72 76 72 77 82 79	7 3 2 3 2 3 2 2 3 0 4 4 2 3 2 2 1 0	1.20 0.57 0.65 1.13 0.12 0.00 0.16 1.17 0.00 0.13 0.00 0.18 0.18 0.02 0.26 4.14 1.21 1.02	0.41 -0.27 -0.19 0.24 -0.72 -1.14 -0.97 0.19 -0.22 -0.14 -0.24 -0.13 -0.02 0.20 0.11 3.02 0.20 0.20	0.46 0.36 0.61 0.59 0.12 0.00 0.16 1.17 0.00 0.13 0.00 0.13 0.00 0.16 0.15 0.02 0.26 3.05 0.44	9.80 12.61 11.06 9.57 9.47 10.19 4.54 6.76 1.51 2.44 2.01 2.16 4.49 4.00 2.35 16.56 7.90 11.40	127 144 108 108 102 47 68 42 64 42 64 44 110 97 77 166 96 130	22.56 29.18 26.01 28.00 49.53 33.73 35.28 7.59 6.11 4.57 7.33 11.43 10.91 8.64 39.58 29.72 34.47	132 113 105 106 101 135 93 97 78 72 60 78 72 60 78 113 131 96 132 113 132	94 94 92 87 93 91 96 91 59 67 63 68 66 76 97 91 96	54 55 52 53 49 55 17 22 19 26 58 52 59	3 5 5 6 6 7 7 6 4 3 2 6 4 5 3 0 4 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 2 3 3 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 2 1 1 1 4 5 3	0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

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0.02

0.00

0.00

0.02

0.26

0.83

0.23

0.08

0.32

0.06

0.59

1.06

1.07

0.95

0.50

1 98

Based on 1991-2020 normals	
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n *** Not Available

HATTERAS

BISMARCK

DICKINSON

GRAND FORKS

GRAND ISLAND

NORTH PLATTE

SCOTTSBLUFF

ATLANTIC_CITY

ALBUQUERQUE

VALENTINE

CONCORD

NEWARK

LAS VEGAS

WINNEMUCCA

BINGHAMTON

ROCHESTER

AKRON-CANTON

SYRACUSE

CINCINNATI

CLEVELAND

COLUMBUS

MANSFIELD

DAYTON

ELY

RENO

ALBANY

BUFFALO

JAMESTOWN

FARGO

LINCOLN

NORFOLK

OMAHA

WILMINGTON

RALEIGH

-1

0.00

1.80

0.31

2.00

0.13

0.50

0.56

0.54

0.13

0.00

0.01

0.44

0.78

0.00

0.00

3.07

0.91

1.24

0.02

0.00

0.00

0.02

0.26

1.71

0.39

0.20

0.63

0.15

1.48

2.11

1.96

1.21

0.76

2 4 2

-1.40

0.56

-1.30

1.37

-0.31

-0.05

-0.06

-0.06

-0.69

-0.67

-0.66

-0.35

-0.08

-0.31

-0.56

2.19

-0.14

0.12

-0.40

-0.17

-0.08

-0.05

0.22

0.70

-0.56

-0.57

-0.19

-0.69

0.59

1.24

1.11

0.28

-0.02

1.59

KΥ

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August 6, 2024

Weekly Weather and Crop Bulletin Weather Data for the Week Ending August 3, 2024

															RELA	TIVE	NUN	IBER	OF D	AYS
	STATES	٦	ΓEMF	PERA	TUR	E°	F			PREC		TION	l		HUM PER	IDITY CENT	ТЕМ	P. °F	PRE	CIP
5	AND STATIONS	A VERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	EXTREME HIGH	EXTREME LOW	AVERAGE	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	TOTAL, IN. WEEKLY	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	GREATEST IN 24-HOUR, IN.	TOTAL, IN., SINCE JUN 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE JUN 1	TOTAL, IN., SINCE JAN 1	PCT. NORMAL SINCE JAN 1	AVERAGE MAXIMUM	AVERAGE MINIMUM	90 AND ABOVE	32 AND BELOW	.01 INCH OR MORE	.50 INCH OR MORE
	TOLEDO	88	67 62	91	59	77	3	0.40	-0.35	0.35	7.14	101	25.48	117	100	68 50	2	0	2	0
ок	OKLAHOMA CITY	86 97	66 74	102	58 71	76 85	4	0.07	-0.67	0.88	7.66	93 91	19.56	86	96 83	38	7	0	4 1	0
	TULSA	97	75	101	66	86	2	0.01	-0.73	0.01	8.47	97	31.48	124	83	42	7	0	1	0
OR	ASTORIA	72	60 55	82 102	57 47	66 74	4	0.65	0.50	0.62	3.31	103 344	41.94	109 153	91 67	68 16	0	0	2	1
	EUGENE	93 88	55 59	99	47 54	74	4	0.25	-0.02	0.25	1.32	84	19.28	84	87	38	4	0	1	0
	MEDFORD	96	64	103	55	80	3	0.00	-0.06	0.00	0.74	78	11.50	111	68	22	7	0	0	0
	PENDLETON	93	65	103	60	79	4	0.20	0.15	0.20	1.65	123	9.76	120	67	23	4	0	1	0
	PORTLAND	85 88	65 62	99 102	60 57	75 75	3	0.11	0.03	0.11	1.92	88 147	22.31	109 117	79 81	41 36	2	0	1	0
PA	ALLENTOWN	90	68	94	57	79	4	0.17	-0.83	0.17	6.08	59	28.15	103	89	46	4	0	4	0
	ERIE	85	71	86	66	78	5	0.40	-0.40	0.19	7.44	100	20.51	87	87	54	0	0	3	0
		90	71	93	61	80	3	4.08	3.03	2.34	9.78	107	30.24	116	88	48	5	0	4	2
	PHILADELPHIA	91 87	73 69	97 92	67 62	82 78	4 5	2.23	-0.70	0.30	6.65	79 76	27.35	106	91 88	49 48	5	0	2	2
	WILKES-BARRE	89	67	91	59	78	4	2.56	1.58	1.11	6.95	88	25.06	114	91	50	2	0	4	2
	WILLIAMSPORT	87	66	93	57	76	3	1.35	0.22	0.85	7.31	81	30.21	121	95	56	2	0	4	1
RI		84	68 74	91 07	61 70	76	2	1.53	0.77	0.73	8.70	123	40.26	148	99	63 51	2	0	4	1
30	COLUMBIA	92	73	97	70	83	0	1.10	-0.17	0.40	13.63	125	33.76	12	99	57	5	0	3	1
	FLORENCE	92	72	96	67	82	0	1.46	0.21	0.65	11.16	102	28.09	104	94	55	5	0	3	2
0.0	GREENVILLE	92	71	96	69	81	2	0.81	-0.42	0.54	6.12	66	33.07	110	95	50	5	0	4	1
SD	ABERDEEN	90 91	66 65	98	62 61	78 78	6 1	1.28	0.73	1.28	6.81	96	13.06	91 89	91 Q/I	52 47	3	0	1	1
	RAPID CITY	99	62	103	55	80	7	0.42	-0.27	0.42	2.62	49	10.52	83	70	18	7	0	1	0
	SIOUX FALLS	89	66	93	64	78	4	1.40	0.62	1.15	13.73	175	25.72	144	92	52	3	0	3	1
TN	BRISTOL	85	67	89	64	76	0	3.58	2.48	1.59	8.42	89	26.67	93	100	68	0	0	6	2
	KNOXVILLE	92 88	73	96 91	70 67	83 79	2	1.24	0.25	0.62	6.31 11.07	65 111	29.56	86 109	94 97	52 59	6 2	0	4	1
	MEMPHIS	92	77	95	75	85	2	0.17	-0.82	0.17	8.33	90	32.16	92	86	54	6	0	1	0
	NASHVILLE	92	74	97	72	83	2	2.73	1.90	1.04	5.15	57	30.20	95	88	54	5	0	5	2
ТΧ	ABILENE	101	76	106	72	89	3	0.00	-0.41	0.00	2.11	38	13.45	91	76	27	7	0	0	0
	AUSTIN	97	73	107	70	88 87	8 0	0.12	-0.56	0.12	5.45	91 91	21.33	91 102	93	23 44	6	0	1	0
	BEAUMONT	95	77	98	74	86	2	0.04	-1.28	0.02	17.54	124	56.24	161	97	58	7	0	2	0
	BROWNSVILLE	94	79	96	77	87	-1	0.00	-0.37	0.00	13.17	263	18.51	150	98	59	7	0	0	0
		92 103	77 81	96 106	74	85 92	-1 1	0.00	-0.39	0.00	8.17	130	14.86	88 30	99 75	64 28	7	0	0	0
	EL PASO	103	79	105	76	91	7	0.00	-0.40	0.00	3.17	127	3.96	95	47	17	7	0	1	0
	FORT WORTH	98	77	102	73	87	0	0.31	-0.05	0.31	6.37	107	29.54	130	87	37	7	0	1	0
	GALVESTON	91	82	95	80	86	0	0.00	-0.59	0.00	16.29	208	32.33	144	94	71	5	0	0	0
	LUBBOCK	95 101	78	99 103	76	87 88	6	0.97	-0.31	0.57	6.90	179	45.41	154	94 68	50 25	о 7	0	2	0
	MIDLAND	98	74	100	70	86	1	0.42	0.01	0.42	1.89	55	4.51	59	72	29	7	0	1	0
	SAN ANGELO	100	74	103	71	87	2	0.00	-0.31	0.00	2.80	78	8.48	72	76	30	7	0	0	0
	SAN ANTONIO	95 94	78 76	99 98	75 73	87 85	1	1.21	0.88	1.21	7.45	128	18.37 26.30	98 110	89 00	48 58	6	0	1	1
	WACO	96	76	99	74	86	-1	0.00	-0.35	0.00	5.15	97	32.33	148	92	41	7	0	0	0
	WICHITA FALLS	101	76	105	71	89	3	0.00	-0.46	0.00	5.67	101	23.81	143	76	30	7	0	0	0
UT	SALT LAKE CITY	97	69	102	63 63	83	1	0.02	-0.10	0.01	1.17	78	10.40	104	50 07	13	7	0	2	0
vА	NORFOLK	92	73	93 98	67	83	2	0.24	-0.27	0.31	15.93	00 142	38.08	9∠ 134	87	50	5	0	+ 1	0
	RICHMOND	91	71	96	66	81	2	1.46	0.37	0.69	13.46	141	36.38	136	92	54	4	0	5	1
	ROANOKE	90	71	95	66	80	3	0.37	-0.52	0.24	6.62	71	21.19	79	86	48	4	0	3	0
VT	WASH/DULLES	96 89	70 70	101 91	61 62	83 79	6 7	1.34	0.47	0.74	5.54 10.96	62 126	22.24 23.49	85 108	91 92	39 49	6 4	0	2	2
WA	OLYMPIA	79	57	90	53	68	3	0.20	0.02	0.20	1.18	57	23.95	89	92	53	1	0	1	0
	QUILLAYUTE	70	58	88	54	64	3	1.13	0.76	0.70	3.74	73	52.10	95	95	75	0	0	3	1
	SEATTLE-TACOMA	78	60	86	56	69 70	1	0.25	0.11	0.13	1.75	83	17.25	82	87	50	0	0	2	0
	YAKIMA	91 91	60	107	59 52	79	5 2	0.26	0.18	0.24	0.11	88 14	7.93 3.43	73	60 74	22	4	0	2	0
WI	EAU CLAIRE	87	64	91	58	76	5	0.79	-0.11	0.32	10.98	124	21.28	106	96	54	2	0	5	0
	GREEN BAY	86	67	90	63	77	6	2.04	1.29	1.91	10.19	126	20.60	108	93	55	1	0	2	1
		89 97	69 66	94	66 62	79 76	4 F	0.74	-0.17	0.56	9.12	94	21.94	98 120	89 02	46 56	3	0	4	1
	MILWAUKEE	85	69	92 91	65	77	э 3	1.14	0.38	0.22	8.04	98	25.94	121	93 91	50 60	1	0	з З	1
WV	BECKLEY	82	66	86	64	74	3	0.77	-0.37	0.33	6.89	70	23.97	84	90	59	0	0	3	0
	CHARLESTON	91	70	96	61	81	5	0.72	-0.38	0.35	6.24	59	27.29	91	87	44	5	0	4	0
		86 Q1	64 69	89 q⊿	57 60	75 80	4 ⊿	0.85	-0.36 0.91	0.57	6.91 6.03	63 62	26.85	86 93	100 89	54 48	0	0	4 3	1
WY	CASPER	94	49	99	43	72	-1	0.39	0.15	0.39	4.40	167	9.58	117	67	11	5	0	1	ō
	CHEYENNE	92	56	94	54	74	4	0.01	-0.43	0.01	2.88	64	6.37	60	62	12	6	0	1	0
	LANDER SHERIDAN	92 96	56 56	100 105	52 51	74 76	1 4	0.00	-0.15 -0.19	0.00	1.25 2.43	71 77	7.78 8.18	86 81	45 70	11 17	5 5	0	0	0
	2	55	00			, , ,	-	5.00	5.13	0.00	2.70		0.10	01	.5		v	~	_ ~ _	, Ŭ

Based on 1991-2020 normals

*** Not Available

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National Agricultural Summary

July 29 – August 4, 2024

Weekly National Agricultural Summary provided by USDA/NASS

HIGHLIGHTS

Much of the eastern half of the nation received above-normal rainfall, with parts of the Midwest, Northeast, and South recording at least twice the normal amount of weekly precipitation. Portions of southern Iowa recorded at least 5 inches of rain. Much of the West remained dry, although parts of the Pacific Northwest and Rockies, as well as some locations in the Great Plains and Southwest, recorded at least twice the normal amount of rain. Meanwhile, most of the nation was warmer than normal, with parts of the Great Lakes, New England, New York, and Wyoming recording temperatures 8°F or more above normal.

Corn: By August 4, eighty-eight percent of the nation's corn acreage had reached the silking stage, 2 percentage points behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. Corn silking progress advanced by 20 percentage points or more during the week in Colorado, North Dakota, and South Dakota. By August 4, forty-six percent of the corn acreage was at or beyond the dough stage, 4 percentage points ahead of last year and 8 points ahead of average. Corn dough progress advanced by 10 percentage points or more during the week in 13 of the 18 estimating states. By August 4, seven percent of this year's corn acreage was denting, equal to last year but 2 percentage points ahead of average. On August 4, sixty-seven percent of the nation's corn acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 1 percentage point below the previous week but 10 points above the previous year. In Iowa, the largest corn-producing state, 77 percent of the corn crop was rated in good to excellent condition.

Soybeans: By August 4, eighty-six percent of the nation's soybean acreage had reached the blooming stage, 2 percentage points behind last year but 2 points ahead of the 5-year average. Soybean blooming progress advanced by 23 percentage points during the week in South Dakota. Nationally, 59 percent of the nation's soybean acreage had begun setting pods, 2 percentage points behind last year but 3 points ahead of average. During the week, soybeans setting pods progress advanced by 10 percentage points or more in 14 of the 18 estimating states. On August 4, sixty-eight percent of the nation's soybean acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 1 percentage point above the previous week and 14 points above the previous year.

Winter Wheat: Eighty-eight percent of the 2024 winter wheat acreage had been harvested by August 4, three percentage points ahead of last year and 2 points ahead of the 5-year average. Winter wheat harvest progress advanced by 20 percentage points or more during the week in Montana, Oregon, and South Dakota.

Cotton: Ninety-one percent of the nation's cotton acreage had reached the squaring stage by August 4, one percentage point ahead of last year but equal to the 5-year average. By August 4, sixty percent of the nation's cotton acreage had begun setting bolls, 2 percentage points ahead of last year and 1 point ahead of average. During the week, cotton setting bolls advanced by 10 percentage points or more in nine of the 15 estimating states. By August 4, eight percent of the nation's cotton had open bolls, 1 percentage point ahead of both last year and the average. On August 4, forty-five percent of the 2024 cotton acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 4 percentage points below the previous week but 4 points above the previous year.

Sorghum: By August 4, sixty-three percent of the nation's sorghum acreage had reached the headed stage, 8 percentage points ahead of last year and 9 points ahead of the 5-year average. Sorghum headed progress advanced by 22 percentage points or more during the week in Kansas, Nebraska, and South Dakota. Twenty-five percent of the nation's

sorghum acreage was at or beyond the coloring stage by August 4, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the average. Fortyseven percent of the nation's sorghum acreage was rated in good to excellent condition on August 4, eight percentage points below the previous week and 10 points below the previous year.

Rice: By August 4, eighty percent of the nation's rice acreage had reached the headed stage, 9 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 16 points ahead of the 5-year average. Nationally, 7 percent of the rice acreage was harvested by August 4, one percentage point behind last year but 2 points ahead of average. On August 4, eighty percent of the nation's rice acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 3 percentage points below the previous week but 9 points above the previous year.

Small Grains: Forty-seven percent of the nation's oat acreage had been harvested by August 4, two percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. During the week, oat harvest progress advanced 18 percentage points or more in Iowa, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin. On August 4, sixty-seven percent of the nation's oat acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 1 percentage point above the previous week and 23 points above the previous year.

Ninety-seven percent of the nation's barley acreage had reached the headed stage by August 4, one percentage point behind last year and 2 points behind the 5-year average. By August 4, producers had harvested 7 percent of the nation's barley crop, 6 percentage points behind last year and 4 points behind average. Barley harvest progress advanced by 21 percentage points during the week in Washington. On August 4, seventy-two percent of the nation's barley acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 3 percentage points above the previous week and 22 points above the same time last year.

By August 4, ninety-seven percent of the nation's spring wheat crop had reached the headed stage, 1 percentage point behind the previous year and 2 points behind the 5-year average. By August 4, six percent of the nation's spring wheat had been harvested, 2 percentage points behind the previous year and 4 points behind the average. Harvest progress advanced by 31 percentage points during the week in South Dakota. On August 4, seventy-four percent of the nation's spring wheat was rated in good to excellent condition, unchanged from the previous week but 33 percentage points above the previous year.

Other Crops: By August 4, ninety-two percent of the nation's peanut crop had reached the pegging stage, 1 percentage point ahead of both the previous year and the 5-year average. In Georgia, 97 percent of the peanut crop had reached the pegging stage, 2 percentage points ahead of the previous year but equal to the average. On August 4, seventy-one percent of the nation's peanut acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 3 percentage points above the previous week but 3 points below the same time last year.

Weekly U.S. Progress and Condition Data provided by USDA/NASS

Cor	n Perc	ent Sil	king	
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr
	Year	Week	2024	Avg
со	72	50	72	79
IL	96	87	94	93
IN	87	81	89	85
IA	96	85	92	92
KS	88	84	92	87
KY	88	83	90	89
мі	71	69	81	76
MN	95	63	81	91
МО	96	93	96	93
NE	94	92	97	92
NC	95	95	99	97
ND	86	40	76	77
ОН	80	81	91	79
РА	58	47	60	66
SD	90	57	81	83
TN	96	92	96	96
тх	91	88	95	94
WI	76	58	72	75
18 Sts	90	77	88	88
These 18 State	es plante	ed 92%		
of last year's	corn acr	eage.		

	Cor	n Con	dition	by	
		Perc	ent		
	VP	Р	F	G	EX
СО	4	15	31	41	9
IL	1	3	15	61	20
IN	2	5	23	54	16
IA	1	4	18	57	20
KS	7	15	31	36	11
KY	2	8	22	58	10
МІ	1	3	35	40	21
MN	3	7	32	44	14
MO	4	5	14	57	20
NE	3	7	20	46	24
NC	31	27	22	20	0
ND	1	3	23	68	5
ОН	1	5	30	50	14
PA	14	22	7	52	5
SD	1	5	27	52	15
TN	5	11	27	42	15
тх	12	16	37	30	5
wi	2	8	29	43	18
18 Sts	3	7	23	51	16
Prev Wk	3	6	23	52	16
Prev Yr	4	10	29	47	10

Cor	n Perc	ent Do	ugh	
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr
	Year	Week	2024	Avg
со	8	5	10	16
IL	50	34	56	46
IN	35	26	40	34
IA	52	34	51	43
KS	52	48	70	48
KY	44	30	48	45
МІ	21	8	22	21
MN	51	13	31	33
МО	66	62	76	57
NE	39	37	51	40
NC	71	74	83	80
ND	12	1	11	10
ОН	15	25	47	24
PA	3	3	7	11
SD	33	18	30	26
TN	78	61	72	73
тх	77	78	82	76
wi	16	15	24	18
18 Sts	42	30	46	38
These 18 State	s plante	ed 92%		
of last year's of	corn acr	eage.		

Pean	uts Per	cent P	egging	
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr
	Year	Week	2024	Avg
AL	93	85	90	93
FL	99	89	94	96
GA	95	93	97	97
NC	91	93	96	92
ок	64	55	65	65
SC	95	94	97	93
тх	64	52	68	65
VA	85	89	99	88
8 Sts	91	86	92	91
These 8 State	es plante	d 96%		
of last vear's	s peanut a	acreage.		

Corn	Perce	ent De	nted	
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr
	Year	Week	2024	Avg
со	1	NA	0	2
L	1	NA	4	2
IN	0	NA	2	1
IA	13	2	8	6
KS	8	NA	10	9
KY	20	10	22	23
МІ	0	NA	1	0
MN	7	NA	0	2
МО	4	3	22	4
NE	2	1	5	3
NC	34	39	55	45
ND	0	NA	0	0
он	0	NA	0	0
PA	0	NA	0	0
SD	2	NA	0	1
TN	29	11	29	21
ТХ	68	60	65	63
WI	0	0	3	0
18 Sts	7	NA	7	5
These 18 States	s plante	ed 92%		
of last year's c	orn acr	eage.		

	Pean	ut Coi	ndition	ı by	
	VP	P	F	G	EX
AL	0	1	11	76	12
FL	0	2	19	68	11
GA	1	5	24	61	9
NC	1	4	25	62	8
ок	2	9	23	64	2
SC	2	7	30	56	5
тх	1	3	38	48	10
VA	0	0	9	72	19
8 Sts	1	4	24	61	10
Prev Wk	1	5	26	59	9
Prev Yr	0	4	22	66	8

Weekly U.S. Progress and Condition Data provided by USDA/NASS

S	Soybeans Per	cent B	loomin	g
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr
	Year	Week	2024	Avg
AR	96	97	99	93
IL	92	88	92	84
IN	82	79	86	79
IA	95	83	90	89
KS	82	64	77	73
KY	64	66	74	69
LA	100	96	99	99
МІ	77	77	89	82
MN	92	73	83	92
MS	97	97	99	94
MO	84	67	78	70
NE	90	92	95	90
NC	77	69	80	71
ND	91	61	73	88
он	79	83	90	79
SD	87	57	80	83
TN	83	78	84	80
WI	83	65	81	82
18 Sts	s 88	77	86	84
These	e 18 States plante	ed 96%		
			-	

of last year's soybean acreage	Э.
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Sorghum Percent Headed							
		Prev Prev Au			5-Yr		
		Year	Week	2024	Avg		
со		37	22	38	42		
KS		41	36	58	39		
NE		53	36	65	54		
ок		34	40	46	40		
SD		81	25	54	58		
ТΧ		87	83	86	86		
6 Sts		55	47	63	54		
These	These 6 States planted 100%						

of last year's sorghum acreage.

Rice Percent Headed						
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr		
	Year	Week	2024	Avg		
AR	70	75	86	57		
CA	39	45	55	51		
LA	92	78	82	91		
MS	81	82	95	82		
МО	65	47	64	47		
тх	92	96	100	92		
6 Sts	71	71	80	64		
These 6 States planted 100%						
of last year's rice acreage.						

Soybeans Percent Setting Pods					
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr	
	Year	Week	2024	Avg	
AR	86	84	88	79	
IL	69	58	77	54	
IN	52	48	60	48	
IA	70	43	58	63	
KS	49	27	41	42	
KY	46	42	54	48	
LA	90	79	90	91	
мі	48	34	52	55	
MN	68	33	48	65	
MS	89	87	91	82	
МО	56	36	52	38	
NE	63	55	73	63	
NC	53	42	51	46	
ND	62	21	39	56	
ОН	42	46	69	47	
SD	54	26	43	52	
TN	61	57	66	54	
WI	37	30	49	50	
18 Sts	61	44	59	56	
These 18 States planted 96%					
of last year's soybean acreage.					

	Sorghum Percent Coloring					
		Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr	
		Year	Week	2024	Avg	
со		1	0	2	2	
KS		8	6	10	5	
NE		3	1	2	4	
ок		12	12	16	12	
SD		15	0	2	4	
ТΧ		69	66	69	69	
6 Sts	5	25	22	25	24	
These 6 States planted 100%						
of la	of last year's sorghum acreage.					

Rice Percent Harvested						
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr		
	Year	Week	2024	Avg		
AR	0	NA	0	0		
CA	0	NA	0	0		
LA	36	12	34	27		
MS	0	NA	0	0		
МО	0	NA	0	0		
тх	19	6	16	16		
6 Sts	8	NA	7	5		
These 6 States harvested 100%						
of last year's rice acreage.						

Soybean Condition by								
		Perc	ent					
	VP P F G EX							
AR	1	5	21	57	16			
IL	2	4	19	58	17			
IN	2	5	25	54	14			
IA	1	4	19	59	17			
KS	3	10	28	48	11			
KY	2	7	27	53	11			
LA	0	3	14	78	5			
МІ	1	9	30	46	14			
MN	1	8	28	51	12			
MS	1	4	24	52	19			
МО	3	5	18	61	13			
NE	2	5	20	54	19			
NC	4	16	30	46	4			
ND	1	6	32	56	5			
он	2	6	29	50	13			
SD	2	7	23	55	13			
TN	3	10	23	48	16			
WI	1	7	32	44	16			
18 Sts	2	6	24	54	14			
Prev Wk	2	6	25	54	13			
Prev Yr	4	10	32	45	9			

Sorghum Condition by Percent						
	VP	Р	F	G	EX	
со	12	13	30	44	1	
KS	6	11	38	39	6	
NE	0	5	21	57	17	
ок	1	8	31	52	8	
SD	0	4	30	62	4	
тх	10	15	34	32	9	
6 Sts	7	11	35	40	7	
Prev Wk	4	9	32	45	10	
Prev Yr	4	10	29	45	12	

Rice Condition by Percent							
	VP P F G EX						
AR	1	2	18	55	24		
CA	0	0	5	80	15		
LA	0	4	13	74	9		
MS	0	1	39	47	13		
мо	2	7	15	74	2		
тх	3	3	30	55	9		
6 Sts	1	2	17	63	17		
Prev Wk	1	2	14	65	18		
Prev Yr	1	3	25	54	17		

Weekly U.S. Progress and Condition Data provided by USDA/NASS

Cotton Percent Squaring						
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr		
	Year	Week	2024	Avg		
AL	96	92	96	95		
AZ	100	100	100	100		
AR	99	96	99	99		
CA	94	85	95	93		
GA	95	90	95	96		
KS	91	96	96	88		
LA	97	90	93	99		
MS	93	95	97	93		
МО	98	91	93	89		
NC	94	96	98	93		
ок	88	91	95	88		
SC	95	97	99	93		
TN	94	94	97	94		
тх	87	82	87	88		
VA	97	94	98	96		
15 Sts	90	87	91	91		
These 15 Sta of last year's	These 15 States planted 99%					

Cotton Condition by								
	Percent							
	VP P F G EX							
AL	0	8	29	60	3			
AZ	0	0	0	56	44			
AR	1	6	19	48	26			
CA	0	0	0	95	5			
GA	1	6	26	59	8			
KS	2	11	30	40	17			
LA	0	0	21	78	1			
MS	2	6	36	43	13			
МО	3	8	28	61	0			
NC	2	6	29	56	7			
ок	1	3	35	59	2			
SC	6	8	34	48	4			
TN	3	9	27	49	12			
тх	19	21	28	26	6			
VA	1	16	17	60	6			
15 Sts	12	15	28	37	8			
Prev Wk	9	13	29	40	9			
Prev Yr	13	21	25	35	6			

Cotton Percent Setting Bolls					
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr	
	Year	Week	2024	Avg	
AL	79	66	72	78	
AZ	92	91	96	90	
AR	86	83	91	91	
СА	42	45	60	60	
GA	68	57	69	73	
KS	67	58	72	49	
LA	83	68	75	89	
MS	74	69	74	73	
МО	71	46	56	60	
NC	57	66	79	66	
ок	64	31	50	44	
SC	66	72	88	66	
TN	70	64	74	68	
тх	48	49	51	51	
VA	61	62	81	68	
15 Sts	58	54	60	59	
These 15 States planted 99%					
of last year's cotton acreage.					

Oats Percent Harvested							
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr			
	Year	Week	2024	Avg			
IA	73	67	85	75			
MN	44	23	34	37			
NE	73	82	91	84			
ND	0	0	3	6			
ОН	93	54	83	78			
PA	39	18	29	33			
SD	62	41	69	57			
тх	100	100	100	100			
wi	36	27	45	31			
9 Sts 45 35 47 45							
These 9 States harvested 71%							
of last year's oat acreage.							

Cotton Percent Bolls Opening								
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr				
	Year	Week	2024	Avg				
AL	1	NA	1	1				
AZ	34	51	57	23				
AR	2	7	13	3				
CA	0	NA	0	0				
GA	1	NA	1	1				
KS	1	NA	2	1				
LA	4	2	4	12				
MS	5	1	1	4				
МО	0	NA	0	0				
NC	0	0	0	0				
ок	0	NA	0	0				
SC	1	NA	1	0				
TN	2	1	2	1				
тх	9	NA	11	9				
VA	1	NA	0	0				
15 Sts	15 Sts 7 NA 8 7							
These 15 States planted 99%								
of last year's cotton acreage.								

Oat Condition by								
	Percent							
	VP	VP P F G EX						
IA	1	3	20	63	13			
MN	1	2	18	66	13			
NE	1	3	21	53	22			
ND	1	1	16	70	12			
он	0	0	18	78	4			
PA	1	3	17	66	13			
SD	0	5	17	66	12			
ТΧ	22	13	35	27	3			
WI	0	3	18	62	17			
9 Sts	6	5	22	56	11			
Prev Wk	6	5	23	54	12			
Prev Yr	8	11	37	40	4			

Weekly U.S. Progress and Condition Data provided by USDA/NASS

Spring Wheat Percent Headed								
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr				
	Year	Week	2024	Avg				
ID	100	96	100	100				
MN	100	99	100	100				
мт	96	94	96	96				
ND	99	92	97	99				
SD	100	95	95	99				
WA	100	100	100	100				
6 Sts 98 94 97 99								
These 6 States planted 100%								
of last year's spring wheat acreage.								

of last year's spring wheat acreage.

Barley Percent Headed							
	Prev Prev		Aug 4	5-Yr			
	Year	Week	2024	Avg			
ID	100	95	100	100			
MN	99	97	100	100			
мт	96	83	94	98			
ND	99	92	97	99			
WA	100	100	100	100			
5 Sts 98 89 97 99							
These 5 States planted 84%							
of last year's barley acreage.							

Spring Wheat Percent Harvested							
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr			
	Year	Week	2024	Avg			
ID	4	0	2	9			
MN	10	2	3	15			
мт	16	2	6	13			
ND	1	0	1	4			
SD	33	8	39	37			
WA	17	5	21	18			
6 Sts 8 1 6 10							
These 6 States harvested 100%							
of last year's spring wheat acreage							

of last year's spring wheat acreage.

Barley Percent Harvested							
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr			
	Year	Week	2024	Avg			
ID	4	0	1	11			
MN	14	3	6	20			
МТ	25	5	12	13			
ND	4	0	2	6			
WA	18	5	26	20			
5 Sts	13	2	7	11			
These 5 States harvested 89%							
of last year's barley acreage.							

Spring Wheat Condition by							
		Perc	ent				
	VP	Р	F	G	EX		
ID	0	5	26	65	4		
MN	0	2	15	56	27		
мт	2	5	25	65	3		
ND	1	2	17	66	14		
SD	0	4	21	68	7		
WA	8	10	65	16	1		
6 Sts	1	3	22	63	11		
Prev Wk	0	4	22	63	11		
Prev Yr	4	16	39	39	2		

Barley Condition by							
		Perc	ent				
	VP P F G EX						
ID	0	2	15	77	6		
MN	0	4	16	65	15		
мт	0	11	21	67	1		
ND	0	2	24	60	14		
WA	5	8	68	18	1		
5 Sts	0	6	22	66	6		
Prev Wk	0	5	26	62	7		
Prev Yr	2	8	40	46	4		

Crop Progress and Condition

Week Ending August 4, 2024

Weekly U.S. Progress and Condition Data provided by USDA/NASS

Winter Wheat Percent Harvested						
	Prev	Prev	Aug 4	5-Yr		
	Year	Week	2024	Avg		
AR	100	100	100	100		
CA	89	90	95	98		
со	88	95	99	95		
ID	28	14	26	29		
IL	100	100	100	100		
IN	100	100	100	100		
KS	97	99	100	99		
МІ	79	90	96	86		
МО	100	100	100	100		
МТ	36	22	51	38		
NE	83	95	97	89		
NC	100	100	100	100		
ОН	100	100	100	99		
ок	100	100	100	100		
OR	85	55	75	68		
SD	83	63	86	80		
тх	100	100	100	100		
WA	51	32	47	45		
18 Sts	85	82	88	86		
These 18 States harvested 89%						
of last year's winter wheat acreage.						

Pasture and Range Condition by Percent											
Week Ending Aug 4, 2024											
	VP	Р	F	G	EX		VP	Р	F	G	EX
AL	1	12	37	48	2	NH	0	0	17	83	0
AZ	31	13	29	24	3	NJ	1	5	52	41	1
AR	2	13	26	49	10	NM	24	27	36	11	2
CA	0	0	65	30	5	NY	3	3	25	53	16
со	9	12	32	47	0	NC	5	22	41	30	2
СТ	0	0	35	60	5	ND	3	7	24	57	9
DE	7	15	39	36	3	ОН	8	21	39	31	1
FL	0	2	19	46	33	ок	8	11	32	46	3
GA	8	18	34	37	3	OR	31	17	21	23	8
ID	6	14	30	31	19	PA	9	10	29	48	4
IL	1	3	27	46	23	RI	0	0	5	65	30
IN	2	7	38	46	7	SC	13	26	34	23	4
IA	2	4	32	47	15	SD	4	11	34	40	11
KS	7	17	29	38	9	TN	6	19	36	36	3
KY	3	13	26	49	9	тх	14	22	33	22	9
LA	0	2	36	59	3	UT	1	5	20	66	8
ME	0	0	19	80	1	VT	0	0	0	25	75
MD	29	30	26	12	3	VA	28	34	28	10	0
MA	0	0	5	60	35	WA	4	65	18	13	0
MI	1	8	33	44	14	wv	24	41	30	5	0
MN	2	4	17	52	25	WI	1	4	21	54	20
MS	3	11	37	45	4	WY	26	29	28	17	0
МО	0	1	19	69	11	48 Sts	13	18	34	29	6
МТ	12	21	52	15	0						
NE	11	15	27	35	12	Prev Wk	12	17	32	32	7
NV	5	5	20	45	25	Prev Yr	14	18	30	31	7

VP - Very Poor;

P - Poor;

F - Fair;

G - Good;

EX - Excellent

NA - Not Available;

*Revised

Crop Progress and Condition

Week Ending August 4, 2024

Weekly U.S. Progress and Condition Data provided by USDA/NASS



Crop Progress and Condition

Week Ending August 4, 2024

Weekly U.S. Progress and Condition Data provided by USDA/NASS



Data obtained from USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service weekly Crop Progress reports.

International Weather and Crop Summary

July 28 – August 3, 2024

International Weather and Crop Highlights and Summaries provided by USDA/WAOB

HIGHLIGHTS

EUROPE: Heat returned to southern and western Europe, while showers continued over central and northern portions of the continent.

WESTERN FSU: Continued dry but cooler weather across central and southern growing areas gave way to additional showers farther north and west.

EASTERN FSU: Showery but hotter conditions prevailed across the spring grain belt, while seasonably dry and hot weather accelerated cotton development in the south.

MIDDLE EAST: Warmth and dryness expanded across Turkey, though the recent anomalous heat was limited to southern and southwestern crop areas.

SOUTH ASIA: More seasonable rainfall returned to interior portions of India and into the west following drenching showers.

EAST ASIA: Recent downpours eased by mid-week in eastern China, lessening the excessive wetness that had plagued summer crops.

SOUTHEAST ASIA: Seasonable showers in the Philippines and Thailand benefited rice and other seasonal crops while also boosting irrigation supplies.

AUSTRALIA: Widespread showers and seasonably mild weather further improved early-season winter crop prospects in the west.

ARGENTINA: Beneficial rain fell in key winter grain areas, although many locations were still in need of rain.

BRAZIL: Scattered, mostly light rain overspread southern wheat areas, while dryness favored cotton harvesting farther north.

MEXICO: Showers benefited corn and other rain-fed summer crops.

CANADIAN PRAIRIES: Unseasonable warmth and dryness promoted rapid maturation of spring grains and oilseeds.

SOUTHEASTERN CANADA: Warm weather favored growth of summer crops and pastures.







EUROPE

Hot weather resumed in southern and western portions of the continent, while showers continued over central and northern growing areas. Following a recent much-needed cool spell, the return of extreme heat (35-39°C) in southern Hungary and the Balkans renewed crop stress and further trimmed yield prospects for filling corn, soybeans, and sunflowers. Similarly, daytime highs in the lower 40s (degrees C) in Greece maintained very high summer crop irrigation demands and hastened cotton through the open boll stage of development locally more than two weeks ahead of normal.

Farther west, extreme heat returned to France (35-39°C) and persisted in Spain (35-39°C in the north, 38-42°C in the south); coupled with recent dryness, the hot weather maintained very high summer crop irrigation demands and lowered yield prospects for reproductive to filling corn, soybeans, and sunflowers. Meanwhile, widespread showers and thunderstorms over much of central and northern Europe favored reproductive to filling summer crops, with weekly totals locally topping 75 mm in eastern France, western Poland, and Lithuania.



WESTERN FSU

Cooler weather settled over the region, with rain in the north and west contrasting with dryness and drought in the south. Temperatures during the monitoring period averaged within 1 to 2° C of normal, with daytime highs largely below 35° C everywhere save for Moldova and Russia's Rostov Oblast in the Central District. Despite the favorably cooler temperatures, drought persisted from central Ukraine into southwestern Russia. Southern summer crops were

largely filling to maturing, and yield losses from this season's dryness and extreme heat are largely irreversible. From Belarus into northern Ukraine and Russia's Central District, widespread showers (10-60 mm) maintained good to excellent prospects for reproductive to filling corn, soybeans, and sunflowers. Crops in these more northerly growing areas have been spared the intense heat that afflicted the southern half of the region. EASTERN FSU

Total Precipitation(mm) July 28 - August 3, 2024 District 800 400 200 10 100 50 25 JZBERISTAN 10 MENISTAN 1 CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER, NOAA DOAR Computer generated contours Based on preliminary data

EASTERN FSU

Showery but hotter weather continued over much of the spring grain belt, while seasonably sunny and hot conditions accelerated cotton development across the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS). Showers (10-25 mm, locally more) continued across central Russia and northern Kazakhstan, though rain was not as heavy as the preceding two weeks. However, soils remained waterlogged in far northwestern Kazakhstan and the southern Urals District, where 30-day rainfall has locally topped 400 percent of normal. While the western third of the spring grain belt remained cool (up to 2°C below normal), hot weather (2-5°C above normal) developed

over northeastern Kazakhstan and Russia's Siberia District. The turn toward hotter weather (middle 30s degrees C) was overall favorable for filling spring grains following persistent wetness for much of the 2024 growing campaign. Farther south across the CIS, seasonably dry but increasingly hot weather (lower to middle 40s degrees C) accelerated the development of open boll cotton. Above-normal temperatures in the cotton belt (2-5°C above normal) during the monitoring period heightened irrigation demands, although summer-to-date average temperatures have largely been on par with the preceding three years and lower than last year's record-setting levels.



Seasonably sunny skies and somewhat cooler temperatures settled over Turkey. Sunny skies and near-normal temperatures across central and northern portions of the country favored filling to maturing corn and sunflowers. Anomalous heat (up to 2°C above normal) lingered in southwestern and southern Turkey, where daytime highs reached or topped 40°C. As a result, Turkey cotton rapidly advanced toward maturity up to two weeks ahead of normal. Similarly, sunflower yield prospects in the Marmara Region of northwestern Turkey — a major sunflower producer — have declined due to extreme heat and severe drought for much of the summer.

SOUTH ASIA Total Precipitation(mm) July 28 - August 3, 2024



SOUTH ASIA

Downpours that had plagued interior sections of India and the west became more localized and shifted eastward. While more seasonable showers (50-200 mm or more) returned to interior growing areas, moisture conditions remained excessive for cotton in Maharashtra and environs but were particularly excessive for soybeans in Madhya Pradesh (seasonal rainfall 145 percent of normal). Drier weather was more prevalent in previously inundated western cotton and groundnut locations (mainly southern Gujarat), allowing floodwaters to recede.

Meanwhile, heavy showers (topping 200 mm) shifted into some northeastern rice areas of the lower Ganges River Basin. Although localized flooding was likely, the moisture was welcome in an area experiencing below-average seasonal rains. Flooding rainfall also extended into the Bangladesh Delta but avoided most major rice areas. Kharif crop planting in India was beginning to slow with planted area on par with last year for most crops but well behind last year's pace for cotton as growers shift to more oilseeds.



EASTERN ASIA

Showery weather across eastern China bookended the reporting period with drier weather prevailing mid-week. The downpours of the last few weeks continued into the early part of the current period, extending from southwestern China, through western sections of the Yellow River Basin, and into the northeast. Along with seasonable rain at week's end, totals added to already impressive amounts over the last 30 days on the North China Plain (400 mm, 188 percent of normal) and parts of the northeast (Liaoning: over 450 mm, 268 percent of normal). The drier weather at mid-week helped ease the excessive wetness,

but localized damage to cotton and other summer crops had already occurred. Meanwhile, excessive wetness in June across the southeast gave way to near complete dryness in July. An area centered on Zhejiang went from 162 percent of normal rainfall for the month of June to 34 percent of normal rainfall for July. In addition to the recent dryness, temperatures have soared and recently topped 40°C, causing stress to rice and other seasonal crops. In other parts of China, a brief spell of heat in the west (Xinjiang) gave way to more seasonable temperatures, sustaining excellent crop conditions for cotton.



SOUTHEAST ASIA

Waves of monsoon showers moved across the Philippines and Indochina during the period. Although nearly all areas recorded precipitation, showers were most pronounced over the northern Philippines and throughout Thailand (50-100 mm or more). While the rainfall in the northern Philippines (Luzon) exacerbated the extreme wetness of last week in western districts of Luzon, it helped further boost irrigation supplies. Meanwhile, the wet weather in Thailand and some of the surrounding areas maintained adequate moisture supplies for rice and other seasonal crops as well as bolstered irrigation supplies. In contrast to the beneficial rain elsewhere, the coastal plains of Burma continued to be drenched with over 200 mm (over 500 mm locally), adding to high rainfall totals from last week. Flooding was reported in the affected areas, including key rice-producing areas in the Irrawaddy Delta.



AUSTRALIA

In Western Australia, widespread showers and seasonably mild weather continued to benefit vegetative wheat, barley, and canola, further improving early-season crop prospects. Rainfall amounts were between 10 and 25 mm in most areas, with maximum temperatures generally in the lower 20s degrees C. In contrast, showers were few and far between in southeastern Australia, offering little additional moisture for vegetative winter grains and oilseeds. Cooler-than-normal

weather helped limit net evaporative losses, however, with temperatures averaging 1 to 2°C below normal and maxima in the middle to upper 10s degrees C. Farther north, showery weather (5-20 mm) maintained near ideal growing conditions for wheat and other winter crops in northern New South Wales and southern Queensland. Temperatures averaged 2 to 3°C below normal in the northeast with maximum temperatures in the upper 10s and lower 20s degrees C.



ARGENTINA

Showers provided a timely boost in moisture for winter grains in key production areas of central Argentina. Rainfall totaled 10 to 25 mm from eastern Córdoba southeastward into southern Buenos Aires, with drier conditions continuing in western Buenos Aires and La Pampa. Drier weather also dominated western Córdoba and most northern farming areas, where few locations recorded more than 5 mm. Weekly average temperatures averaged 2 to 5° C above normal throughout the region, promoting growth of winter grains in northern areas that had sufficient moisture. Despite the general warmth, freezes (nighttime lows from -10 to -2°C) restricted growth of winter grains in and around La Pampa and Buenos Aires. According to the government of Argentina, wheat and barley were at least 99 percent planted as of August 1, while corn and cotton were both 96 percent harvested.





BRAZIL

Warm, showery weather maintained generally favorable prospects for wheat in the main southern production areas. Light rain (locally above 10 mm) fell as far north as Mato Grosso do Sul, keeping topsoils moist for germination of laterplanted crops while also allowing fieldwork to progress with few delays. Unseasonable warmth (weekly temperatures averaging 2-3°C above normal, with daytime highs reaching the upper 20s and lower 30 degrees C) accompanied the light showers, fostering rapid growth of emerged wheat. According to the government of Paraná, second-crop corn was 85 percent harvested as of July 29, while over 60 percent of wheat had reached flowering. In Rio Grande do Sul, wheat planting was nearing completion as of August 1, with 1 percent flowering. Farther north, seasonable warmth and dryness supported harvesting of secondary summer crops in central and northeastern production areas. According to the government of Mato Grosso, cotton was 35 percent harvested on August 2 versus 47 percent on average.



MEXICO

Beneficial summer showers continued in many important agricultural areas, although rainfall diminished compared with recent weeks in a few locales. Amounts were variable across the southern plateau, as moderate to heavy rain (25-100 mm) in Jalisco and Michoacán contrasted with pockets of dryness in and around Puebla and Guanajuato. Local dryness was also evident in southeastern Mexico – including parts of Tabasco and the Yucatan Peninsula – but timely rain (10-100 mm) lingered over summer crop areas in Veracruz and San Luis Potosí. Farther north, monsoon showers (10-50 mm or more) developed in northwestern watersheds stretching from Sinaloa to the U.S. border, although mostly dry conditions prevailed from Chihuahua eastward through Sinaloa, where highest daytime temperatures ranged from the upper 30s to lower 40s (degrees C). CANADIAN PRAIRIES Total Precipitation(mm)

July 28 - August 3, 2024



CANADIAN PRAIRIES

Unseasonable warmth and dryness maintained an elevated level of spring crop and pasture growth. Weekly temperatures averaged 2 to 4°C above normal regionwide, although this week's hottest weather (daytime highs reaching the middle and upper 30s degrees C) shifted eastward into south-central Saskatchewan. Near complete dryness prevailed from southern Alberta eastward to Manitoba's Red River Valley, and rainfall totaling more than 5 mm was mostly confined to Alberta's northern agricultural districts. While initially beneficial, the trend toward warmer and drier weather has reportedly led to stressful conditions for some crops and pastures. According to the government of Saskatchewan in a report issued on August 1, the heat and subsequent decline in moisture has accelerated crop development in some locations at the expense of yield potential and limited hay production. SOUTHEASTERN CANADA

Total Precipitation(mm)

July 28 - August 3, 2024



SOUTHEASTERN CANADA

Summer warmth favored summer crop and pasture growth. Weekly average temperatures ranged from 2 to 3° C above normal in Ontario's southern farming areas and as much as 4° C above normal elsewhere, with highs reaching the lower 30s (degrees C) in nearly all agricultural districts. Despite the

fairly uniform temperatures, rainfall was highly variable, with pockets of moderate to heavy rain (10-50 mm) in Quebec and areas located near the Great Lakes. According to the government of Ontario, winter wheat harvesting was nearing completion as of July 29.



During the first 7 months of 2024, U.S. wildfires charred nearly 4.5 million acres of vegetation, well above the 10-year average of 3.6 million acres. At the end of July, nearly 100 large, active wildfires—in various stages of containment—were responsible for having burned more than 2.3 million acres. Until the recent surge in U.S. wildfire activity, mainly in California and the Northwest, it had been a relatively inactive fire season, aside from fast-moving, late-winter blazes across the northern panhandle of Texas and environs. Contributing factors to the West's mid-summer fires have included record-setting heat, low humidity levels, gusty winds, and thunderstorms that have sometimes produced lightning without the benefit of rainfall. Additionally, only 2.7 million acres burned, nationally, all last year, following the historically wet Western winter of 2022-23. The winter of 2023-24 was also wet, except across the northern tier of the West, allowing for another build-up of fine fuels, such as grass and brush, that cured in spring and early-summer 2024. When fires have started in those fine fuels, either by human activity or lightning strikes, some have reached heavier fuels, such as dead or dying trees, that have accumulated during the Western mega-drought of the 21st century.

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