

# Crop Report

For the Period June 29 to July 5, 2021

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With very little recent rainfall and a long stretch of hot temperatures, crops are rapidly advancing across the province. Twenty-seven per cent of fall cereals are in the dough maturity stage while 40 per cent of spring cereals are in the heading stage. Sixty per cent of canola and mustard are flowering and 38 per cent of pulse crops are in the podding stage.

The continued lack of moisture combined with hot temperatures last week caused significant damage to many crops. Yield potential and crop quality will be impacted in many regions. Crops are stunted, thin, yellowing in colour and are prematurely drying down in many areas of the province due to the heat stress and lack of moisture. Significant rainfall is needed soon to allow crops to properly fill and avoid irreparable crop damage.

Topsoil moisture levels across the province have continued to deteriorate due to the extended period of hot, dry and windy weather. Cropland topsoil moisture is currently rated as zero per cent surplus, 18 per cent adequate, 51 per cent short and 31 per cent very short. Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as zero per cent surplus, 13 per cent adequate, 44 per cent short and 43 per cent very short.

Rainfall last week ranged from nil to 21 mm in the Wynyard, Rosetown and Porcupine Plain areas. Much of the province did not receive any rainfall, or received very small amounts that will not make a difference to topsoil moisture levels.

Despite the lack of growth on hay land, livestock producers continue with haying operations. Twenty-two per cent of hay crop is cut, while 14 per cent has been baled or put into silage. Hay quality is currently rated as six per cent excellent, 50 per cent good, 32 per cent fair and 12 per cent poor. Estimated yields so far are considerably lower than anticipated, with many producers indicating a second cut will not happen this year.

Pasture conditions continue to decline with the recent hot temperatures and are now rated as one per cent excellent, 11 per cent good, 32 per cent fair, 38 per cent poor and 18 per cent very poor.

## One year ago

Thanks to recent rain and warm temperatures, crops were quickly advancing across the province. Haying had started with eight per cent of the hay crop cut and three per cent baled or put into silage. Pastures had improved with the recent moisture. Crop damage was attributed to hail, localized flooding, strong winds and lack of moisture.

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Also available on the Ministry of Agriculture website at [saskatchewan.ca/crop-report](http://saskatchewan.ca/crop-report).



Agriculture and  
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Saskatchewan

Crop damage this past week is attributed to the extremely dry soil conditions, hot temperatures, strong winds and feeding from gophers and grasshoppers. Some producers have begun to spray for grasshoppers in pulse crops and hay stands.

Farmers are busy applying fungicides if warranted, moving cattle to market, scouting for pests, fixing equipment and hoping for rain.

We would like to remind producers the Farm Stress Line is available for support if you need it. The Farm Stress Line is a confidential service, available 24-hours-a-day, seven-days-a-week, toll-free at 1-800-667-4442. Calls are answered by Mobile Crisis Services Regina, a non-profit, community-based agency and there is no call display.

### **Southeastern Saskatchewan:**

- Crop District 1 – Carnduff, Estevan, Redvers, Moosomin and Kipling areas
- Crop District 2 – Weyburn, Milestone, Moose Jaw, Regina and Qu'Appelle areas
- Crop District 3ASE – Radville, Minton and Lake Alma areas

Crops continue to quickly advance in the region due to the recent hot temperatures and lack of moisture. Although fields in the southeastern region have been in better shape than other areas of the province, last week's heat wave will cause damage to many crops. Crops such as canola that were flowering during last week's heat wave have been damaged and yield potential and quality will be impacted. Lack of moisture stress symptoms are also showing up in cereal and pulse crops, with some stands prematurely drying down. There are also reports of thin, uneven and stunted crops in some drier areas of the region.

Much of the region did not receive rainfall, with amounts ranging from nil to 7 mm in the Radville area. The Carnduff and Stoughton areas reported 5 mm of rain, the Alida area 1 mm, the Redvers area 3 mm and the Weyburn area 4 mm. Moisture is needed soon to help alleviate the dry soil conditions and to help crops fill.

Topsoil moisture conditions have slightly deteriorated with the recent heat. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as zero per cent surplus, 37 per cent adequate, 52 per cent short and 11 per cent very short. Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as zero per cent surplus, 23 per cent adequate, 58 per cent short and 20 per cent very short. Crop District 2B is reporting that 71 per cent of the cropland and 82 per cent of the hay land and pasture is short to very short topsoil moisture at this time.

Haying is well underway in the region with 19 per cent of the hay crop cut and seven per cent baled or put into silage. Hay quality is rated as four per cent excellent, 64 per cent good and 32 per cent fair. While some producers are expecting about an average hay crop, yields will be significantly less in drier areas. Pastures in the region are drying up and will have reduced carrying capacity if rain is not received soon. Pasture conditions are currently rated as 17 per cent good, 51 per cent fair, 29 per cent poor and three per cent very poor. Some producers are hauling water to livestock in pastures as sloughs and dugouts are quickly drying up.

Crop damage this past week is attributed to lack of moisture, strong winds, gophers and insects such as grasshoppers. Some producers have been spraying pulse crops and hay stands for grasshoppers.

Farmers are busy applying fungicides if warranted, haying, scouting crops, fixing equipment and hoping for rain.

### **Southwestern Saskatchewan:**

- Crop District 3ASW – Coronach, Assiniboia and Ogema areas
- Crop District 3AN – Gravelbourg, Mossbank, Mortlach and Central Butte areas
- Crop District 3B – Kyle, Swift Current, Shaunavon and Ponteix areas
- Crop District 4 – Consul, Maple Creek and Leader areas

The long stretch of hot weather and little to no rain has caused irreparable damage to many crops in the region. Flowering crops such as canola have been severely impacted, with many reports of heat blast damage and blooms turning pale yellow in colour. Yield potential and quality of all crops has been affected and rain is desperately needed to help fill later seeded crops that still have a chance to advance as normal. However, there are many crop stands that are thin, stunted, uneven and are prematurely drying down from the hot and dry weather.

Rainfall last week ranged from trace amounts to 9 mm in the Kyle area. The Eyebrow area reported 1 mm, the Cabri area 4 mm, the Lucky Lake area 7 mm, the Big Beaver area 8 mm and the Rockglen area 3 mm. Significant rain is needed soon to help replenish the topsoil and to allow for crops to fill.

Topsoil moisture conditions continue to sharply decline in the region with the recent hot and dry weather. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as zero per cent surplus, 10 per cent adequate, 41 per cent short and 49 per cent very short. Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as zero per cent surplus, four per cent adequate, 28 per cent short and 68 per cent very short. Crop District 4B is reporting that 65 per cent of the cropland and 80 per cent of hay land and pasture is very short topsoil moisture, while CD 3BS is reporting that 98 per cent of the hay land is very short topsoil moisture at this time. There are indications that even if rainfall is received soon, it will come too late and will not make a difference for the majority of crops, hay land and pasture.

Despite a lack of growth and no substantial rain in the forecast, livestock producers are busy with haying operations. Twenty-five per cent of the hay crop has now been cut and 16 per cent has been baled or put into silage. Hay quality is rated as six per cent excellent, 28 per cent good, 50 per cent fair and 17 per cent poor. Yields are expected to be significantly lower than normal and most producers will be lucky to harvest a first cut. Pastures are browning up in many areas and the reduced carrying capacity is already impacting livestock. Some producers are hauling water to livestock in pastures as sloughs and dugouts continue to quickly dry up. Pasture conditions are currently rated as six per cent good, 24 per cent fair, 40 per cent poor and 30 per cent very poor.

Crop damage this past week is attributed to the extreme lack of moisture, strong winds, gophers and insects such as grasshoppers. Some producers have been spraying salvageable pulse crops and hay stands for grasshoppers.

Farmers are busy haying, fixing equipment, moving cattle to market, securing additional feed supplies and hoping for rain.

**East-Central Saskatchewan:**

- Crop District 5 – Melville, Yorkton, Cupar, Kamsack, Foam Lake, Preeceville and Kelvington areas
- Crop District 6A – Lumsden, Craik, Watrous and Clavet areas

Like the majority of the province, the extended period of hot and dry weather has caused significant damage to crops in the east-central region. Crops such as canola that were flowering during the heat wave will be the most impacted, as heat blasting and heat stress symptoms are showing up in many fields. In some fields, there may be irreparable damage to yield potential as crops are quickly advancing. Many crops are thin, stunted and uneven with some prematurely ripening. Significant moisture is needed soon to replenish the topsoil moisture and to allow crops to properly fill.

While most of the region received small amounts of rain, the Wynyard area reported 21 mm, the Bulyea area 12 mm, the Kenaston area 10 mm, the Pelly area 4 mm, the Kelvington area 11 mm, the Lipton area 1 mm, the Kelliher area 5 mm, the Langenburg area 2 mm and the Allan area 3 mm.

Topsoil moisture conditions have sharply deteriorated across much of the region. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as zero per cent surplus, 17 per cent adequate, 58 per cent short and 25 per cent very short. Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as zero per cent surplus, 10 per cent adequate, 45 per cent short and 45 per cent very short. Crop District 6A is reporting that 35 per cent of the cropland and 67 per cent of the hay land and pasture is very short topsoil moisture at this time.

Haying continues with 15 per cent of the hay crop cut and 12 per cent baled or put into silage. Hay quality is rated as four per cent excellent, 62 per cent good, 23 per cent fair and 11 per cent poor. Yields are expected to be much less than normal, especially in those areas that did not receive large amounts of rain this spring. Pastures already have reduced carrying capacity and many water sources have already dried up. Pasture conditions are currently rated as one per cent excellent, 12 per cent good, 28 per cent fair, 49 per cent poor and 10 per cent very poor.

The majority of crop damage this past week is due to lack of moisture, strong winds, gophers and insects such as grasshoppers.

Farmers are busy haying, applying fungicides if warranted, fixing equipment and hoping for rain.

**West-Central Saskatchewan:**

- Crop District 6B – Hanley, Outlook, Loreburn, Saskatoon and Arelee areas
- Crop District 7A – Rosetown, Kindersley, Eston and Major areas
- Crop District 7B – Kerrobert, Macklin, Wilkie and Biggar areas

The west-central region continues to desperately need rain to replenish the topsoil and to help crops fill. The hot and dry temperatures last week have taken a toll on crops that were already stressed from the extreme lack of moisture. Yields and quality have been impacted and many crops are prematurely drying down. Crop conditions are quickly deteriorating, with many fields showing heat stress symptoms. Flowering crops such as canola have been severely impacted, with reports of heat blast damage and blooms turning pale yellow in colour. If significant rainfall is not received soon, crops will not recover and the damage will be irreparable.

Although the region received some rainfall last week, it will not be enough to offset the hot and dry weather. The Nether Hill area reported 12 mm of rain, the Tugaske area 4 mm, the Outlook area 7 mm, the Sonningdale area 1 mm, the Rosetown area 21 mm, the Kindersley area 15 mm and the Kerrobert area 6 mm.

Topsoil moisture conditions are rapidly declining in the region. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as zero per cent surplus, eight per cent adequate, 49 per cent short and 42 per cent very short. Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as zero per cent surplus, four per cent adequate, 40 per cent short and 56 per cent very short. Crop District 6B is reporting that 58 per cent of the cropland and 67 per cent of hay land and pasture is very short topsoil moisture at this time. There are indications that even if rainfall is received soon, it will come too late and will not make a difference for the majority of crops, hay land and pasture.

Despite a lack of growth and no substantial rain in the forecast, livestock producers are busy with haying operations. Twenty-four per cent of the hay crop has been cut and 28 per cent has been baled or put into silage. Hay quality is rated as 10 per cent excellent, 32 per cent good, 42 per cent fair and 16 per cent poor. Yields are expected to be significantly less than normal with many producers not expecting a second cut. Pastures are browning and the reduced carrying capacity is already impacting livestock. Pasture conditions are currently rated as two per cent good, 21 per cent fair, 40 per cent poor and 37 per cent very poor.

Crop damage this week is due to the extreme lack of moisture, strong winds and hot temperatures. Some producers have been applying insecticides for grasshoppers in salvageable pulse, cereal and hay crops.

Farmers are busy haying, fixing equipment, moving cattle and hoping for rain.

**Northeastern Saskatchewan:**

- Crop District 8 – Hudson Bay, Tisdale, Melfort, Carrot River, Humboldt, Kinistino, Cudworth and Aberdeen areas
- Crop District 9AE – Prince Albert, Choiceland and Paddockwood areas

The extended period of hot and dry weather conditions last week has taken a toll on many crops in the northeastern region. Yield potential has already been impacted with many crops showing symptoms of heat stress. Some crops are thin and stunted and are prematurely advancing and drying down. However, some areas of the region are reporting that the crops remain in good shape but will need rain soon to help them further develop and fill.

Very little rainfall was received last week, ranging from trace amounts to 21 mm in the Porcupine Plain area. The Humboldt, Garrick and Vonda areas reported 1 mm of rain while the Tisdale, Birch Hills and Arborfield areas reported 2 mm.

Topsoil moisture conditions have severely declined in the region and significant rain is needed soon to replenish the topsoil and allow for crops to fill. Crop land topsoil moisture is rated as zero per cent surplus, 20 per cent adequate, 53 per cent short and 27 per cent very short. Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as zero per cent surplus, 20 per cent adequate, 51 per cent short and 29 per cent very short. Crop District 8A is reporting that 38 per cent of the cropland and 45 per cent of the hay land and pasture is very short topsoil moisture at this time.

Haying progress is the most advanced in the province with 31 per cent of the hay crop cut and 11 per cent baled or put into silage. Hay quality is rated as 10 per cent excellent, 60 per cent good and 30 per cent fair. Yields at this time are expected to be lower than normal, although some wetter areas are hoping for average yields. Pasture conditions are worsening due to the lack of moisture and hot temperatures and are currently rated as two per cent excellent, 15 per cent good, 30 per cent fair, 42 per cent poor and 11 per cent very poor.

The majority of crop damage this past week is due to lack of moisture, strong winds, gophers and insects such as grasshoppers.

Farmers are busy haying, fixing equipment, applying fungicides if warranted and hoping for rain.

**Northwestern Saskatchewan:**

- Crop District 9AW – Shellbrook, North Battleford, Big River and Hafford areas
- Crop District 9B – Meadow Lake, Turtleford, Pierceland, Maidstone and Lloydminster areas

Crops in the region are quickly advancing thanks to the recent long stretch of hot and dry weather. However, the hot weather has taken a toll on crops that were already stressed from lack of moisture. There are reports of crops that are prematurely ripening and

showing symptoms of heat stress. Some canola fields that were flowering last week have suffered from heat blast damage. Rain is needed soon in the region to help fill later seeded crops and to replenish the topsoil.

Much of the region did not receive any rainfall, although the Turtleford area reported 20 mm, the Mayfair area 3 mm and the North Battleford and Spiritwood areas 8 mm.

Topsoil moisture conditions are deteriorating thanks to the hot temperatures, strong winds and lack of moisture. Cropland topsoil moisture conditions are rated as zero per cent surplus, 21 per cent adequate, 60 per cent short and 19 per cent very short. Hay land and pasture topsoil moisture is rated as zero per cent surplus, 23 per cent adequate, 54 per cent short and 23 per cent very short. Crop District 9AW is reporting that 28 per cent of the cropland and 31 per cent of the hay land and pasture is very short topsoil moisture at this time.

Haying operations continue in the region, although yields are expected to be considerably less than normal. Some producers are not expecting a second cut. Twenty-two per cent of the hay crop has been cut and 13 per cent is baled or put into silage. Hay quality is rated as eight per cent excellent, 51 per cent good, eight per cent fair and 33 per cent poor. Pastures are browning from the heat and the reduced carrying capacity is already impacting livestock. Pasture conditions are currently rated as six per cent excellent, 19 per cent good, 32 per cent fair, 32 per cent poor and 11 per cent very poor.

Crop damage this week is due to the extreme lack of moisture, strong winds, hot temperatures and pests such as gophers. Some producers have been applying insecticides for grasshoppers in pulse, cereal and hay crops.

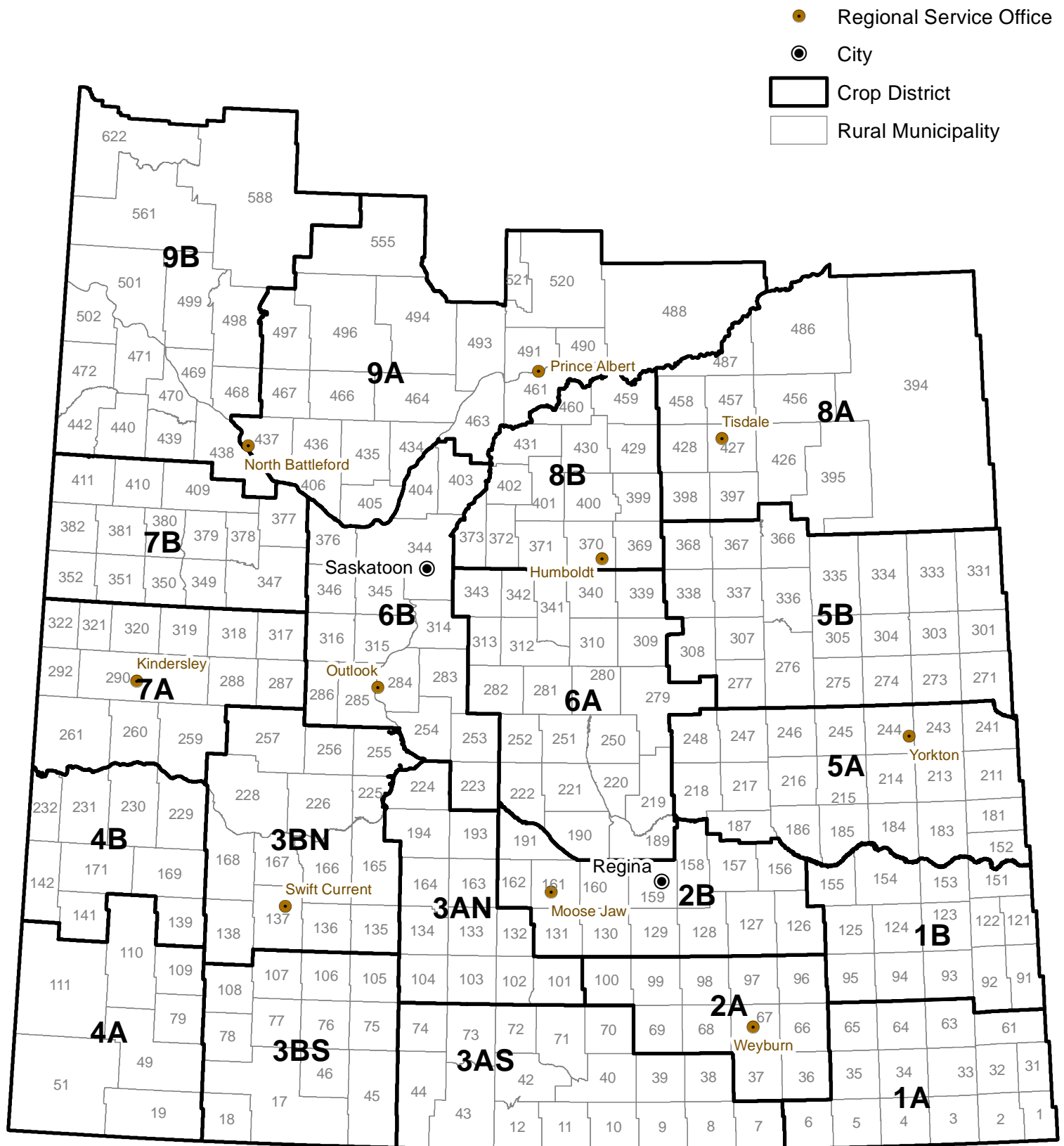
Farmers are busy haying, applying pesticides as needed, scouting crops, fixing equipment and hoping for rain.

### Crop Staging Tables - July 5, 2021

<b>Fall Cereals</b>	<b>Shot blade</b>	<b>Heading</b>	<b>Dough</b>	<b>Ripe</b>	
<b>July 5</b>					
<b>Provincial Average</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>1</b>	
Southeast	3	67	30	0	
Southwest	0	80	20	0	
East central	6	78	16	0	
West central	0	30	65	5	
Northeast	3	27	70	0	
Northwest	2	27	71	0	
<b>Spring Cereals</b>	<b>Tillering</b>	<b>Jointed</b>	<b>Shotblade</b>	<b>Heading</b>	<b>Soft Dough</b>
<b>July 5</b>					
<b>Provincial Average</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>0</b>
Southeast	4	11	40	44	1
Southwest	7	15	42	36	0
East central	10	22	31	37	0
West central	6	15	42	37	0
Northeast	2	12	38	48	0
Northwest	2	13	42	43	0
<b>Flax</b>	<b>Seedling</b>	<b>Stem Ext.</b>	<b>Flowering</b>	<b>Boll</b>	
<b>July 5</b>					
<b>Provincial Average</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>0</b>	
Southeast	7	56	37	0	
Southwest	11	63	26	0	
East central	14	39	47	0	
West central	6	28	65	1	
Northeast	4	56	40	0	
Northwest	8	49	43	0	
<b>Canola and Mustard</b>	<b>Seedling</b>	<b>Rosette</b>	<b>Flowering</b>	<b>Podding</b>	
<b>July 5</b>					
<b>Provincial Average</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>2</b>	
Southeast	3	33	62	2	
Southwest	1	16	79	4	
East central	2	51	46	1	
West central	4	29	62	5	
Northeast	2	27	71	0	
Northwest	1	44	55	0	
<b>Pulse Crops</b>	<b>Vegetative</b>	<b>Flowering</b>	<b>Podding</b>	<b>Ripe</b>	
<b>July 5</b>					
<b>Provincial Average</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>2</b>	
Southeast	32	22	46	0	
Southwest	32	27	38	3	
East central	24	52	24	0	
West central	38	23	36	3	
Northeast	22	31	44	3	
Northwest	39	6	53	2	

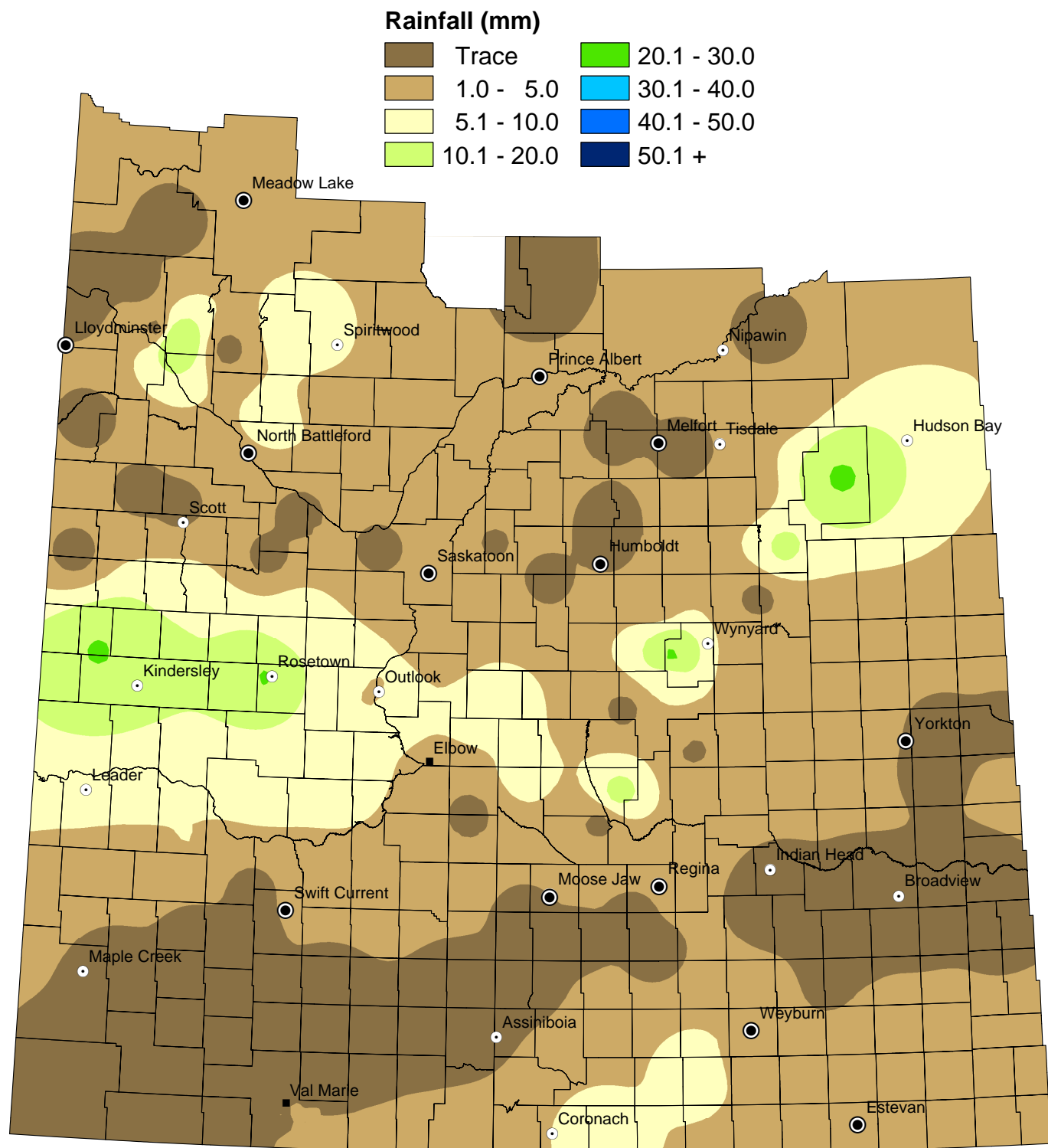


# Crop Districts and Rural Municipalities in Saskatchewan



# Weekly Rainfall

from June 29 to July 5, 2021



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

# Weekly Rainfall Summary

(in millimeters)

1 inch = 25 mm

for the period from June 29 to July 5, 2021

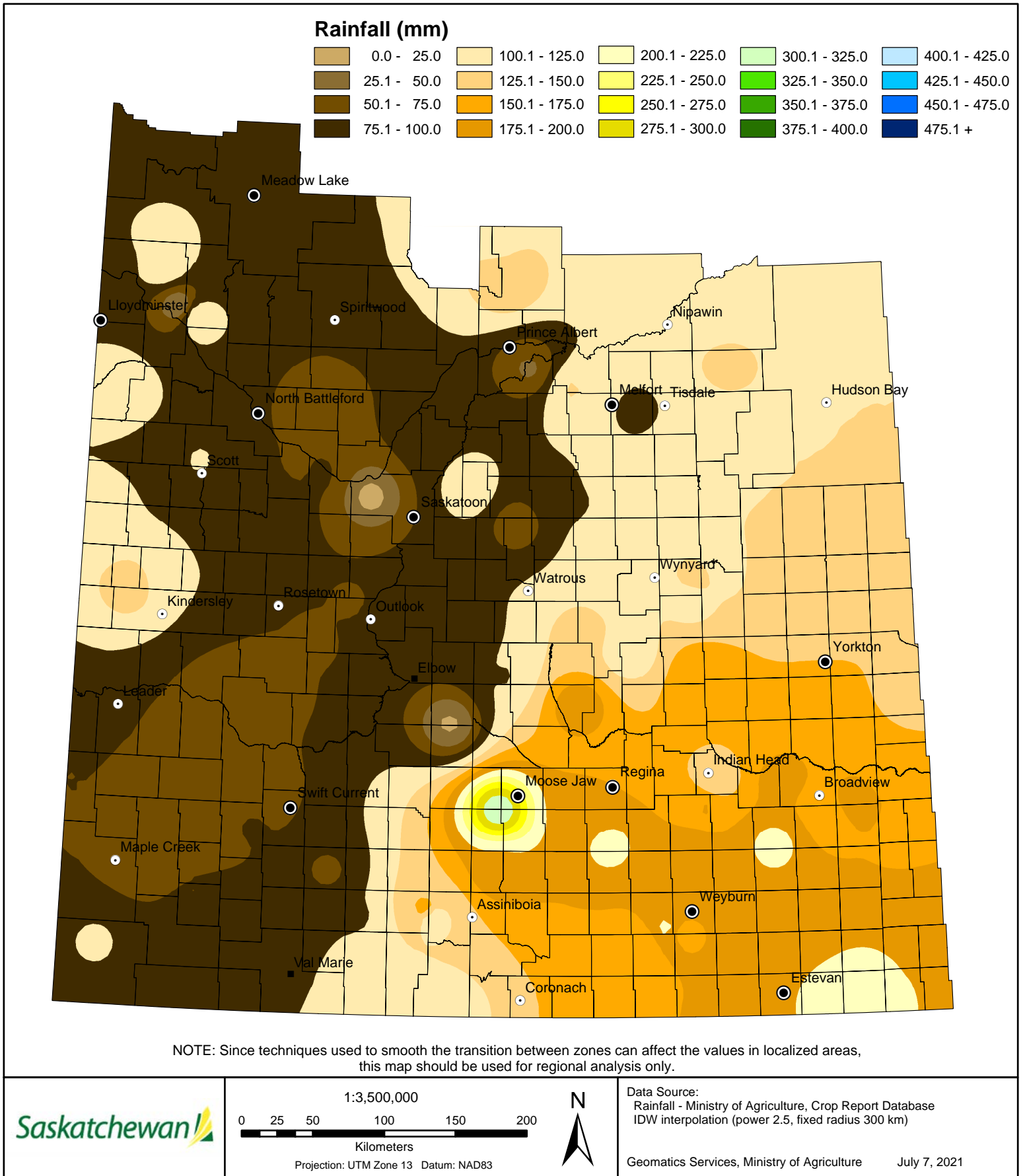
Crop Dist.	R.M. No.	Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr	Crop Dist.	R.M. No.	Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr	Crop Dist.	R.M. No.	Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr
1A	2	Mount Pleasant	5	138	4A	51	Reno	NIL	101.8	7A	287	St. Andrews	21	35
	3	Enniskillen	4	225		79 A	Arlington	NIL	90		288	Pleasant Valley	12	74
	32	Reciprocity	1	142		79 B	Arlington	NIL	75		290	Kindersley	11.8	65
	61	Antler	3	195		109	Carmichael	NIL	43.6		292	Milton	N/A	64
	64	Brock	4	186		110	Piapot	NIL	54		317	Marriott	7	81
	65	Tecumseh	5	164	4B	139	Gull Lake	NIL	56		320 A	Oakdale	15	102
1B	95	Golden West	NIL	56		229	Miry Creek	5.1	67.8		320 B	Oakdale	14	73
	122	Martin	trace	164		231	Happyland	8	89		321	Prairiedale	21	138.9
	123	Silverwood	N/A	175	5A	181	Langenburg	NIL	130	7B	347	Biggar	NIL	94
	124	Kingsley	NIL	150		183	Fertile Belt	N/A	170		350	Mariposa	6	30
	125 A	Chester	NIL	209		211	Churchbridge	2	137		351	Progress	N/A	108
	125 B	Chester	NIL	212		213	Saltcoats	trace	109		377	Glenside	trace	70
	151	Rocanville	NIL	170		217	Lipton	1	161		378	Rosemount	N/A	134
	154 A	Elcapo	NIL	169		241	Calder	NIL	125		382	Eye Hill	NIL	102.9
	154 B	Elcapo	N/A	38		243	Wallace	NIL	138		409 A	Buffalo	N/A	65
	155	Wolseley	NIL	184		245 A	Garry	3	98		409 B	Buffalo	trace	101
2A	67	Weyburn	4	168.2		245 B	Garry	N/A	124		410	Round Valley	NIL	89.1
	68	Brokenshell	5	204.5		246 A	Ituna Bon Accord	2	162	8A	394	Hudson Bay	N/A	101
	97	Wellington	N/A	192.5		246 B	Ituna Bon Accord	N/A	115.3		395	Porcupine	21	156
	100	Elmsthorpe	NIL	151		247	Kellross	5	171.1		397	Barrier Valley	2.4	110
2B	127 A	Francis	NIL	177.5		248	Touchwood	5	100		427	Tisdale	N/A	NIL
	127 B	Francis	N/A	104	5B	273	Sliding Hills	N/A	156.5		428	Star City	trace	96
	129	Bratt's Lake	NIL	209		277	Emerald	2	115		456	Arboretum	2	131
	131	Baildon	NIL	152		301	St.Philips	3.6	119.8		457 A	Connaught	N/A	60.4
	156 A	Indian Head	NIL	126.6		305	Invermay	3	143		486	Moose Range	trace	105
	156 B	Indian Head	NIL	223		307	Elfros	3	130		487	Nipawin	N/A	71
	159	Sherwood	N/A	191		308 A	Big Quill	21	112	8B	369	St. Peter	6	109
	160	Pense	NIL	125		308 B	Big Quill	5	40		370 A	Humboldt	NIL	94
	161 A	Moose Jaw	NIL	181		331	Livingston	5	126.3		370 B	Humboldt	N/A	61
	161 B	Moose Jaw	N/A	323		334	Preeceville	N/A	77		371	Bayne	5	96
	162 A	Caron	N/A	164.6		336	Sasman	1	111		372	Grant	0.8	115
	162 B	Caron	N/A	164		337	Lakeview	trace	101.5		400	Three Lakes	NIL	79
	191	Marquis	N/A	73		366	Kelvington	11	135.5		429	Flett's Springs	trace	85
3ASE	38 A	Laurier	6	94.4		367	Ponass Lake	N/A	106		430	Invergordon	N/A	121
	38 B	Laurier	7	162	6A	190 A	Dufferin	NIL	156		459	Kinistino	NIL	126
3ASW	10	Happy Valley	8	238		190 B	Dufferin	N/A	140		460	Birch Hills	2.1	47.2
	40	Bengough	N/A	1		190 C	Dufferin	6	170	9AE	461	Prince Albert	trace	100.5
	43	Old Post	3	111		190 D	Dufferin	trace	6		488	Torch River	1	79
	73 A	Stonehenge	NIL	97.5		219 A	Longlaketon	N/A	133		491 A	Buckland	trace	107
	73 B	Stonehenge	NIL	82.5		219 B	Longlaketon	N/A	189.2		491 B	Buckland	N/A	37
	74	Wood River	NIL	168.5		220	McKillop	12	198		520	Paddockwood	trace	145
3AN	102	Lake Johnston	NIL	191.7		221	Sarnia	N/A	51.5		521	Lakeland	trace	120
	103	Sutton	NIL	69		222	Craik	8	126	9AW	405	Great Bend	N/A	44
	132 A	Hillsborough	N/A	145.5		251	Big Arm	N/A	43		435	Redberry	N/A	96
	132 B	Hillsborough	NIL	319		252	Arm River	N/A	57		436	Douglas	N/A	50
	193	Eyebrow	1	100		279	Mount Hope	NIL	134		437	North Battleford	trace	63
3BS	75	Pinto Creek	NIL	98.5		282	McCraney	10	86.8		463	Duck Lake	N/A	120
	77	Wise Creek	N/A	93		339	Leroy	2.2	108.8		466	Meeting Lake	3	99
	78	Grassy Creek	NIL	88		340	Wolverine	5	105.5		467 A	Round Hill	8	95
	106	Whiska Creek	NIL	72		341	Viscount	trace	59		467 B	Round Hill	N/A	88
	107	Lac Pelletier	N/A	59		343	Blucher	3	100		493	Shellbrook	N/A	77
	108	Bone Creek	N/A	95	6B	223 A	Huron	1	96		496	Spiritwood	5	127
3BN	138	Webb	NIL	76.5		223 B	Huron	4	94.5		497	Medstead	8	64
	165	Morse	NIL	79.3		223 C	Huron	NIL	NIL	9B	440	Hillsdale	1	105.5
	168 A	Riverside	NIL	57		284 A	Rudy	7	94		442	Manitou Lake	NIL	110.1
	168 B	Riverside	3.5	72		284 B	Rudy	NIL	22		498	Parkdale	NIL	84
	226	Victory	7	73		285	Fertile Valley	6	67.5		499	Mervin	20	124.9
	228	Lacadena	8	58		286	Milden	N/A	70		501 A	Frenchman Butte	NIL	121.2
	257	Monet	9	60.5		314	Dundurn	3	84		501 B	Frenchman Butte	NIL	24
						344	Corman Park	NIL	18		501 C	Frenchman Butte	NIL	97
						376	Eagle Creek	1	80		502	Britannia	NIL	46.5
						403	Rosthern	4	98		561	Loon Lake	NIL	115
											588	Meadow Lake	NIL	113
											622	Beaver River	N/A	58

Municipality No: A, B, C and D - more than one reporter

These precipitation amounts represent point locations within each municipality and do not necessarily reflect the whole R. M.

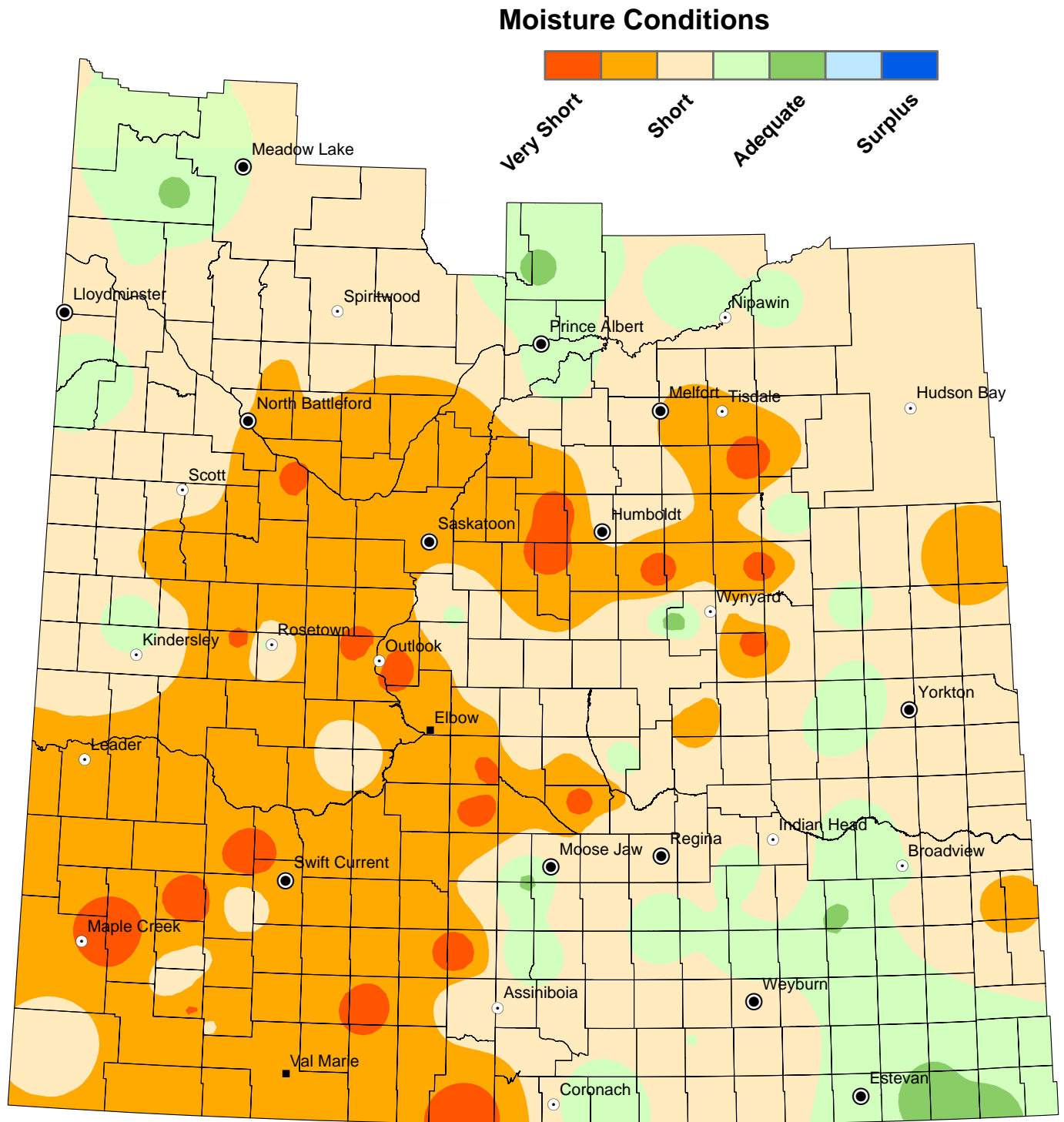
# Cumulative Rainfall

from April 1 to July 5, 2021



# Cropland Topsoil Moisture Conditions

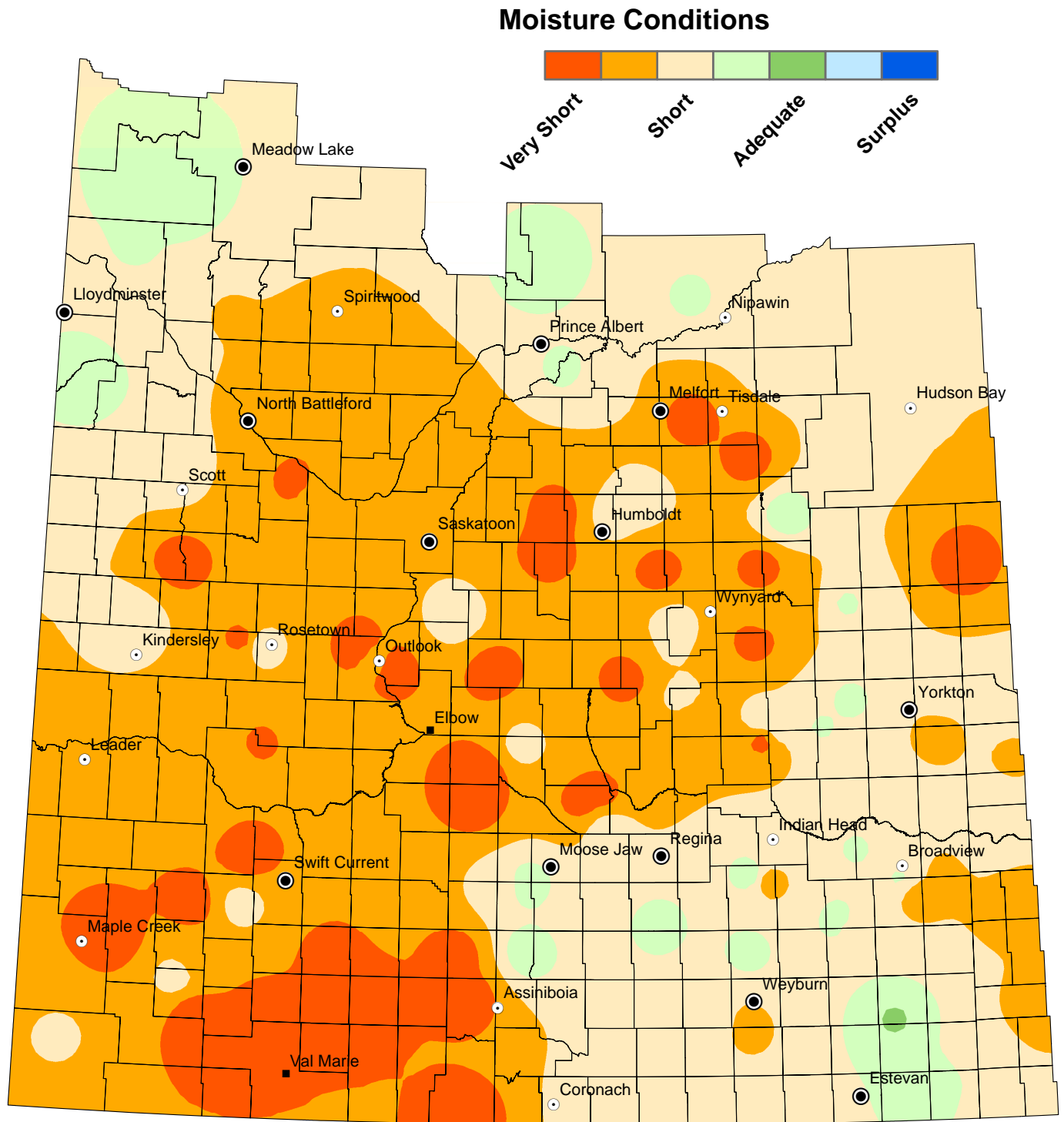
July 5, 2021



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

# Hay and Pasture Topsoil Moisture Conditions

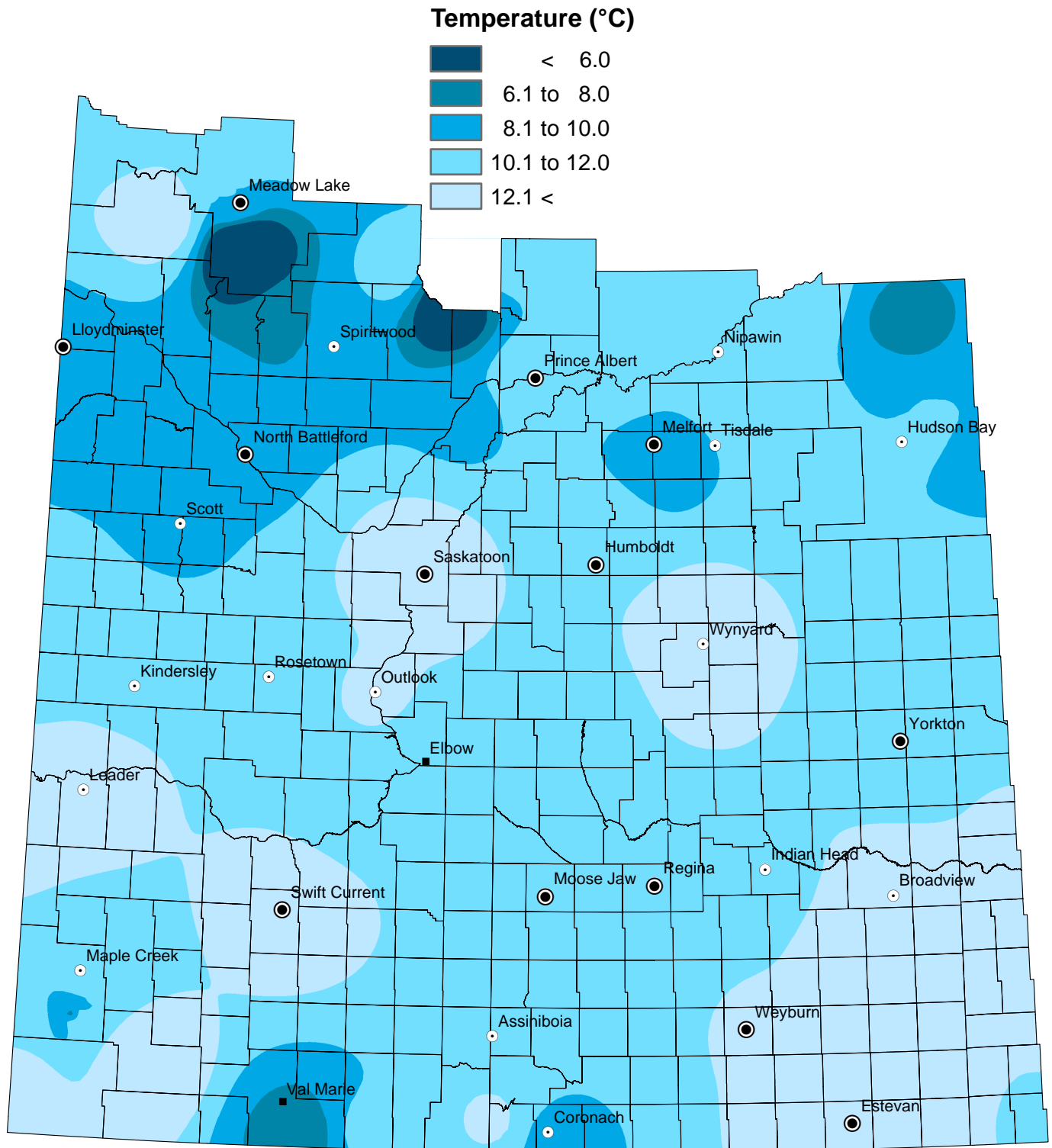
## July 5, 2021



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

# Minimum Temperature

## from June 29 to July 5, 2021

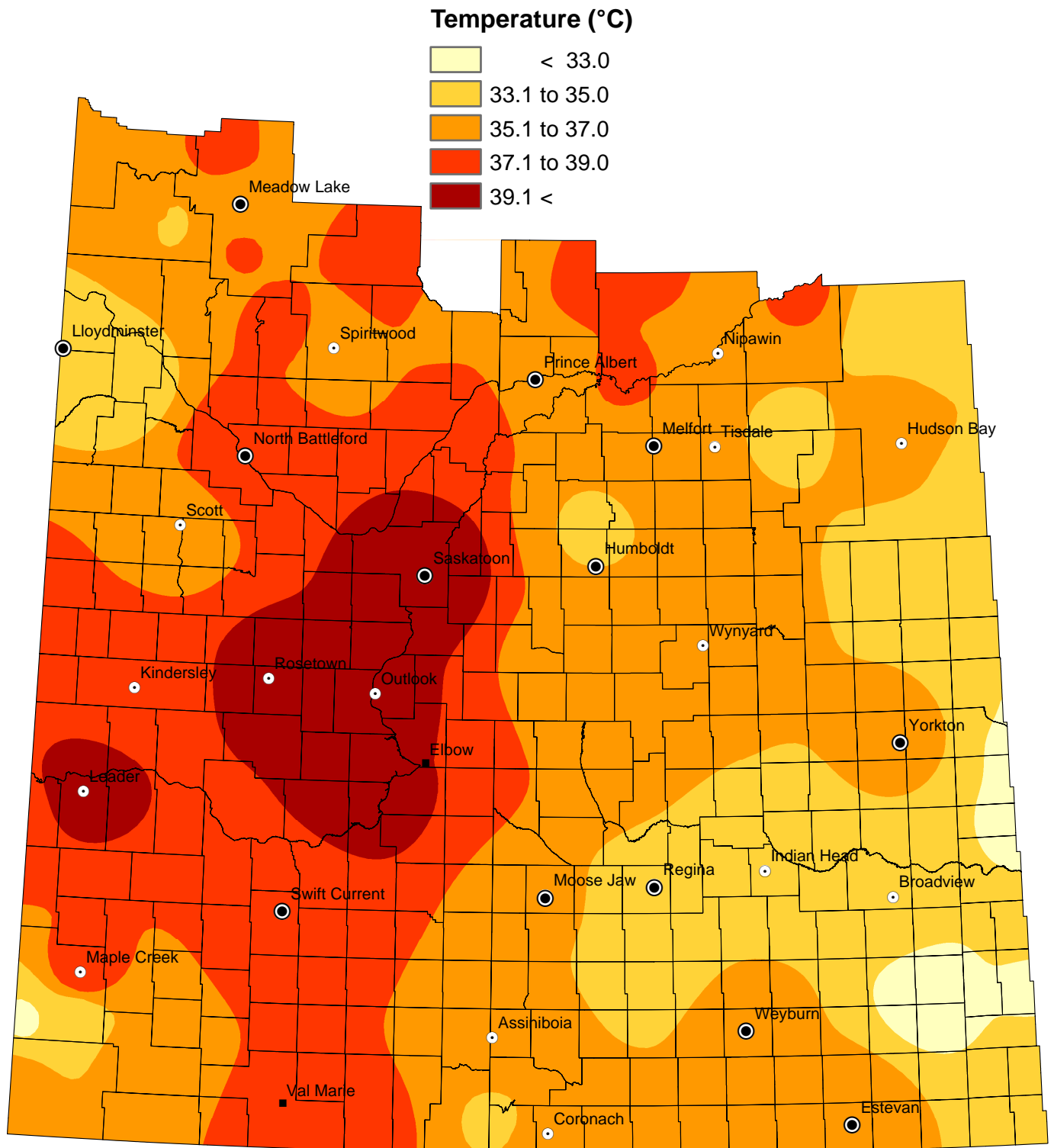


NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.



# Maximum Temperature

from June 29 to July 5, 2021



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.