

Crop Report

For the Period August 10 to August 16, 2021

Published by the Ministry of Agriculture
ISSN 0701 7085
Report number 16, August 19, 2021

Producers have been making the most of the weather this week and 20 per cent of the crop is now combined and in the bin. Harvest is progressing very quickly and is well ahead of the five-year average (2016-2020) of four per cent. Five per cent of the crop is swathed and 14 per cent is ready to straight combine, ahead of the five-year average (2016-2020) of seven per cent. Some producers have indicated that yields are worse than they expected while those who got timely rains are reporting they are seeing yields closer to average.

Eighty-three per cent of the winter wheat, 75 per cent of the fall rye, 64 per cent of the field peas and lentils, 25 per cent of the barley and 13 per cent of spring wheat has been combined. An additional 12 per cent of canola has been swathed or is ready to straight-cut.

Thirty-four per cent of the crop in the southwest region has been combined, 22 per cent in the southeast, 13 per cent in the east central, 18 per cent in the west central, 14 per cent in the northeast and seven per cent in the northwest. Some producers in the southern regions of the province are more than halfway done their harvest.

Not many parts of the province received significant amounts of rainfall this week. The most rain received this week was in the Lipton area where 20 mm was recorded. The Meacham area received 11 mm, the Nipiwini area eight mm, the Raymore area seven mm and the Bigger area three mm. The rain will not make any difference in the crop yield for this year; producers impacted will be delayed from combining but are happy to finally see rain. Pastures that no longer have cattle on them will benefit from the rain and have a chance to recover from the severe drought conditions of the season.

Moisture conditions declined throughout most of the province this week, since the small amount of rain received was not enough to reverse the moisture deficient. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as four per cent adequate, 29 per cent short and 67 per cent very short.

One year ago

Four per cent of the crop is now combined, slightly behind the five-year average of five per cent. Eleven per cent of the southwest and five per cent southeast have finished harvest. The central and northern regions will begin general harvest soon.

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Saskatchewan Harvest August 16, 2021

% combined

Winter wheat	83
Fall rye*	75
Spring wheat	13
Durum	22
Oats**	10
Barley***	25
Canaryseed	15
Flax	1
Canola	4
Mustard	28
Soybeans	28
Lentils	64
Peas	64
Chickpeas	6

*includes eight per cent 'other'

**includes two per cent 'other'

***includes one per cent 'other'

For further information, contact Matthew Struthers, AAg,
Crops Extension Specialist, Regional Services Branch,
Toll Free: 1-866-457-2377 or 306-694-3714, Email: cropreport@gov.sk.ca.
Also available on the Ministry of Agriculture website at saskatchewan.ca/crop-report.



Agriculture and
Agri-Food Canada

SCIC
SASKATCHEWAN CROP
INSURANCE CORPORATION

Saskatchewan

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Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as two per cent adequate, 21 per cent short and 77 per cent very short.

Crop damage causes this week remain the same with the majority from wind, heat, drought stress, gophers and insects such as grasshoppers and flea beetles.

Farmers are busy getting equipment and bins ready for harvest, swathing and desiccating crops and combining, which is well underway in almost all areas of the province.

With harvest underway in Saskatchewan, we want to remind producers to exercise caution while moving machinery and equipment across major and secondary highways. Concern around fires is very high and farmers are reminded to ensure firefighting equipment is close by to stop any combine or field fires from getting out of control.

In response to the drought, the province last week announced an AgriRecovery response to provide a per head payment to help maintain female breeding stock. Details and information on how to apply are being finalized and will be shared as soon as possible. Note that producers don't have to be enrolled in any existing programs to qualify for funding. As details are finalized, producers can check www.scic.ca for updates, or contact their local Saskatchewan Crop Insurance Corporation (SCIC) office or call toll-free at 1-888-935-0000.

Producers are also reminded that in response to the feed shortage this year, SCIC doubled the Low Yield Appraisal threshold values for customers who salvage their cereal or pulse crops as feed, without negatively impacting future individual coverage. Customers are asked to contact their local SCIC office before they graze, bale or silage any damaged crops to discuss their options.

Additionally, the Government of Saskatchewan made changes to temporarily increase the maximum funding a livestock producer can receive from the Farm and Ranch Water Infrastructure Program (FRWIP) for dugouts, wells and pipelines for agricultural use. Producers can contact the Ministry of Agriculture's Agriculture Knowledge Centre at 1-866-457-2377 for information.

Harvest Progress in SK Per cent Combined	
All Crops	
5 year avg. (2016-2020)	4
Aug 17/20	4
Aug 19/19	2
Aug 13/18	5
Aug 14/17	7
Aug 15/16	3
10 year avg. (2011-2020)	4

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The federal and provincial governments have also increased the 2021 AgriStability interim benefit payment percentage from 50 per cent to 75 per cent for Saskatchewan producers. The interim benefit provides the opportunity for producers enrolled in AgriStability to access a portion of their benefit early, to help support losses and cover costs. To apply for an interim benefit, producers can contact their local SCIC office, call the AgriStability Call Centre toll-free at 1-886-270-8450, or email agristability@scic.ca.

The Farm Stress Line is available for support 24-hours-a-day, seven-days-a-week, toll-free at 1-800-667-4442. Calls are answered by Mobile Crisis Services Regina, a non-profit, community-based agency and there is no call display.

A complete, printable version of the Crop Report is available online – Download Crop Report.

<https://www.saskatchewan.ca/crop-report>

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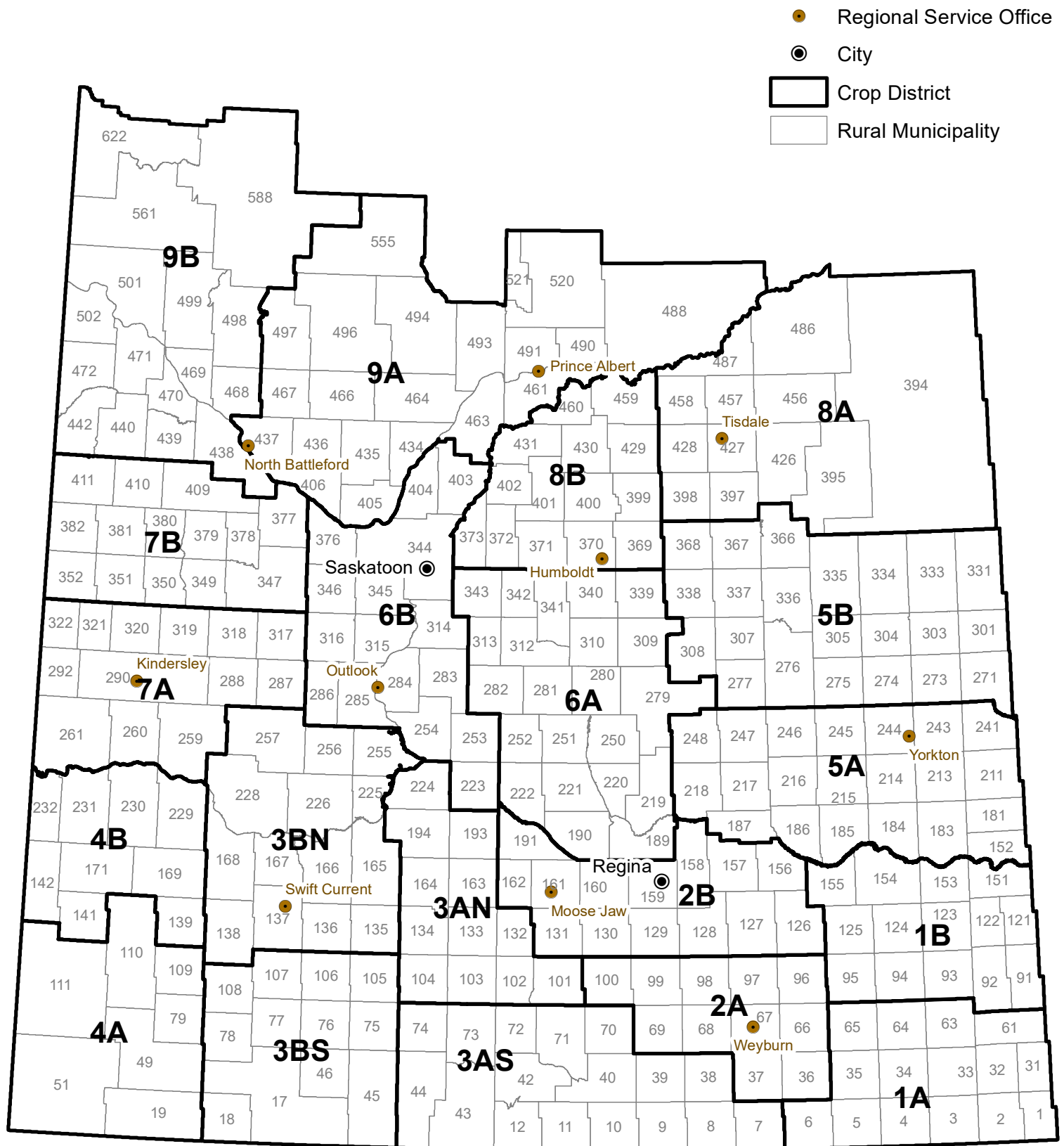


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Saskatchewan

Crop Districts and Rural Municipalities in Saskatchewan



Southeastern Saskatchewan:

- Crop District 1 – Carnduff, Estevan, Redvers, Moosomin and Kipling areas
- Crop District 2 – Weyburn, Milestone, Moose Jaw, Regina and Qu'Appelle areas
- Crop District 3ASE – Radville, Minton and Lake Alma areas

There has been great harvest progress in the region this past week thanks to favorable conditions. Currently, twenty-two per cent of the crop has been combined, up from eight per cent last week and far ahead of the five-year average (2016-2020) for this time of year of seven per cent. Seventeen per cent of the crops in the region have been swathed or are ready to straight cut, with the five-year average (2016-2020) being ten per cent. Yields across the region vary greatly with many producers seeing yields lower than anticipated while those who got good rains are realizing yields closer to average.

Eighty per cent of the winter wheat, 59 per cent of the fall rye, 76 per cent of the field peas, 91 per cent of the lentils and 28 per cent of the barley are now combined. Additionally, two per cent of the canola has been combined and 21 per cent is swathed or ready to be straight cut. Some of the barley and oat crops are being harvested for greenfeed.

Parts of the southeast region, specifically in the eastern areas, received rain this past week. Areas around Moosomin received the most rain in the province with 10 mm. The Broadview area received four mm, the Regina area three mm and the Wilcox area two mm. This rainfall will delay some producers but they will be back in their fields once conditions are favourable.

Topsoil moisture conditions have deteriorated in the region this week, even though some areas saw rain. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 12 per cent adequate, 29 per cent short and 59 per cent very short. Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as six per cent adequate, 24 per cent short and 70 per cent very short.

The majority of crop damage this week was due to wind, lack of moisture, heat and grasshoppers. There were reports of flea beetle and hail damage in the region as well.

Producers are busy getting equipment ready, desiccating and swathing crops and combining throughout the majority of the region. Some producers have completed their harvest operations for the year.

Southwestern Saskatchewan:

- Crop District 3ASW – Coronach, Assiniboia and Ogema areas
- Crop District 3AN – Gravelbourg, Mossbank, Mortlach and Central Butte areas
- Crop District 3B – Kyle, Swift Current, Shaunavon and Ponteix areas
- Crop District 4 – Consul, Maple Creek and Leader areas

Dry, warm conditions have helped producers make progress harvesting this week, with 34 per cent of the crop currently combined. This is up from 12 per cent last week and more than three times the five-year average (2016-2020) of nine per cent for this time of year. Currently, 17 per cent of the crop has been swathed or is ready to straight-cut; the five-year (2016-2020) average is 11 per cent. The severe drought and extreme heat caused significant yield and quality loss in the region. Producers are discovering that yields are lower than they anticipated and many fields were written off where rainfall was not received.

Ninety-nine per cent of the winter wheat, seventy-four per cent of the fall rye, 70 per cent of the field peas, 62 per cent of the lentils, 29 per cent of the barley and 15 per cent of the oats are now combined. An additional 13 per cent of the canola has been swathed or is ready to straight-cut.

There was almost no rainfall received in the southwest region this past week. The Rockglen area received the most rain in the region with just five mm. The Tyner area reported four mm, the Kyle area three mm and the Mossbank and Webb areas one mm. The southwest region is extremely dry and the pastures across the region are almost completely unusable.

With minimal rain and hot weather continuing this week, topsoil moisture continues to deteriorate. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as two per cent adequate, 30 per cent short and 68 per cent very short. Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as two per cent adequate, 17 per cent short and 81 per cent very short. Crop District 4A has rated all of the cropland and hay and pasture land as either short or very short for topsoil moisture.

The majority of crop damage this week was due to heat, dry conditions, wind, wildlife, grasshoppers and some reports of flea beetles. There were also reports of localized hail damage. Producers have noted concerns about fire hazards in the area with it being so dry and hot.

Producers are busy getting equipment and bins ready for harvest, swathing crops and combining.

East-Central Saskatchewan:

- Crop District 5 – Melville, Yorkton, Cupar, Kamsack, Foam Lake, Preeceville and Kelvington areas
- Crop District 6A – Lumsden, Craik, Watrous and Clavet areas

Currently thirteen per cent of the crop is combined in the region, which is ahead of the five-year average for this time of year of two per cent. 18 per cent of the crop has been swathed or is ready to straight-cut which is over three times the five-year average (2016-2020) of five per cent. Some canola swaths have been scattered across fields after a strong wind storm blew through. Harvest of short crops has been a challenge and yields of most crops are less than average.

Eighty-five per cent of the fall rye, 73 per cent of the winter wheat, 65 per cent of the field peas, 80 per cent of the lentils and 24 per cent of the barley has been combined. An additional 16 per cent of the canola has been swathed or is ready to be straight cut.

The Lipton area received the most rain with 20 mm. The Ituna area received 12 mm, the Meham area 11 mm and the Raymore area seven mm, the remaining areas of the region received less than five mm over the week.

Topsoil moisture has declined slightly this week as rainfall in the region was not widespread enough to make a significant difference. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as two per cent adequate, 27 per cent short and 71 per cent very short. Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as one per cent adequate, 20 per cent short and 79 per cent very

short. Crop District 6A has reported that 98 per cent of the cropland and 97 per cent of the hay and pasture land has a topsoil moisture rating of very short.

The majority of crop damage this week was due to drought stress and strong winds. There have also been reports of localized hail in the region.

Producers are busy hauling grain, getting equipment and bins ready for harvest and starting to swath, desiccate and combine in some areas.

West-Central Saskatchewan:

- Crop District 6B – Hanley, Outlook, Loreburn, Saskatoon and Arelee areas
- Crop District 7A – Rosetown, Kindersley, Eston and Major areas
- Crop District 7B – Kerrobert, Macklin, Wilkie and Biggar areas

Eighteen per cent of the crop has been combined in the west-central region, which is well advanced of the five-year average (2016-2020) of two per cent for this time of year. Twenty-four per cent of the crop has been swathed or is ready to straight-cut, with the five-year average being six per cent. Heat and dry conditions have been noted to have effected development of crops at critical times during the season and have resulted in very poor crops and disappointing yields. Many cereal and pulse fields have been written off and were either baled or put into silage.

Eighty-two per cent of the fall rye, 32 per cent of the oats, 59 per cent of the field peas and 45 per cent of the lentils have been combined. An additional six per cent of the canola has been swathed.

Very few areas in the west central region received rain this week. The Smiley area received the most with 13 mm, the Rosthern area received 10 mm, the Hanley area six mm and the Bigger area three mm. This region has struggled all season long under severe drought conditions and the effects are apparent in both annual crops and pastures; a large amount of rain is needed in the fall to correct the moisture deficit.

There was very little change in the conditions of topsoil moisture in the region. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as one per cent adequate, 17 per cent short and 82 per cent very short. Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as one per cent adequate, 14 per cent short and 85 per cent very short.

The majority of crop damage this week was due to lack of moisture, heat and wind. There has also been damage caused by grasshoppers and flea beetles that are eating any remaining green crops. Strong winds ripped through parts of the region resulting in crop loss due to shattering of pods.

Dugouts across the region are drying up and livestock producers are scrambling to find and transport water to their stock. Livestock producers are also actively baling any feed that is available to them to ensure adequate winter feed stocks.

Producers are busy getting equipment ready, desiccating and swathing crops and combining in some areas. In some areas of the region producers are done harvesting and have begun fall field work.

There is growing concern of harvest fires in the region and many producers are keeping a water truck and tillage equipment close in case a fire is started.

Northeastern Saskatchewan:

- Crop District 8 – Hudson Bay, Tisdale, Melfort, Carrot River, Humboldt, Kinistino, Cudworth and Aberdeen areas
- Crop District 9AE – Prince Albert, Choceland and Paddockwood areas

Harvest has started in the region with field peas, barley, oats and wheat being the first to be combined. Fourteen per cent of the crop is now combined, enormously ahead of the five-year average of one per cent. Twenty-one per cent of the crop is swathed or ready to straight combine which is again well ahead of the five-year average of one per cent for this time of year. Yields vary greatly across the region but many producers are finding their yields to be extremely disappointing.

Ninety-four per cent of the fall rye, 57 per cent of the field peas, 36 per cent of the lentils, 13 per cent of the oats, 36 per cent of the barley and 14 per cent of the wheat has been combined. Twelve per cent of the canola has been swathed.

The northeast region received very little rainfall this week. The Spruce Home area received the highest amount of rain with 15 mm. The Vonda area received nine mm and the Bruno, Lake Lenore and Nipiwini areas received eight mm.

Warm, dry conditions this week have reduced topsoil moisture conditions in the region. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as 50 per cent short and 50 per cent very short. Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as 34 per cent short and 66 per cent very short.

The majority of crop damage this week was due to heat and lack of moisture in most areas of the region. Strong winds storms blew some swaths around and likely shattered pods of ripe crops.

Producers are busy combining getting bins ready for harvest as well as swathing and desiccating crops in some areas. Fire risk is high and many producers are taking action to prevent them.

Northwestern Saskatchewan:

- Crop District 9AW – Shellbrook, North Battleford, Big River and Hafford areas
- Crop District 9B – Meadow Lake, Turtleford, Pierceland, Maidstone and Lloydminster areas

Harvest is progressing well throughout the region with seven per cent of the crop now combined and in the bin, this is ahead of the five-year average of one per cent. Another 17 per cent of the crop is swathed or ready to be straight-cut which is far ahead of the five-year average of two per cent. The hot dry growing season has dried down crops much faster than a normal year and has allowed harvest to progress at unprecedented speeds. Harvest has just become general in the region but yields are already being reported as lower than average.

Sixty-five per cent of the fall rye, 48 per cent of field peas, 35 per cent of lentils, five per cent of the barley and eight per cent of the spring wheat has been combined to date.

Swathing of canola has begun with 12 per cent now swathed and another six per cent waiting to be straight-cut.

There was very little rain received this week in the northwest region, ranging from nil to 17 mm in the Duck Lake area. Areas around St. Walburg received six mm, the Meadow Lake area five mm and the North Battleford and Spiritwood area three mm.

Minimal rainfall has resulted in reduced topsoil moisture conditions in the region. Cropland topsoil moisture is rated as two per cent adequate, 27 per cent short and 71 per cent very short. Hay and pasture land topsoil moisture is rated as one per cent adequate, 29 per cent short and 70 per cent very short. Seventy per cent of the cropland and hay and pasture land in Crop District 9B is rated as very short for topsoil moisture.

The majority of crop damage this week was due to heat, wind, wildlife and grasshoppers.

Producers are busy combining crops, prepping bins and other equipment and starting to swath or desiccate crops to prepare them for harvesting.

Saskatchewan Harvest Progress - August 16, 2021

*Other - crop that will not be harvested due to weather, insect or disease damage or will be greenfeed or silage

Winter Wheat	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	% other (greenfeed/silage)
southeast	3	0	17	80	0
southwest	1	0	0	99	0
east central	13	0	14	73	0
west central	0	0	0	100	0
northeast	0	0	4	96	0
northwest	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
provincial	6	0	11	83	0
Fall Rye	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	% other (greenfeed/silage)
southeast	2	5	11	59	23
southwest	2	0	0	74	24
east central	0	0	15	85	0
west central	0	0	5	82	13
northeast	0	0	5	94	1
northwest	0	0	15	65	20
provincial	1	3	8	75	13
Spring Wheat	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	
southeast	65	4	12	19	
southwest	48	1	31	20	
east central	59	5	22	14	
west central	49	3	34	14	
northeast	59	3	24	14	
northwest	77	3	12	8	
provincial	59	4	24	13	
Durum	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	
southeast	60	3	23	14	
southwest	46	1	26	27	
east central	71	2	14	13	
west central	54	3	33	10	
northeast	53	0	30	17	
northwest	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
provincial	51	2	25	22	
Barley	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	% other (greenfeed/silage)
southeast	40	7	14	28	11
southwest	45	2	9	29	15
east central	52	8	16	24	0
west central	45	5	21	15	14
northeast	35	5	23	36	1
northwest	73	9	12	5	1
provincial	47	6	16	25	6
Oats	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	% other (greenfeed/silage)
southeast	50	3	7	31	9
southwest	57	8	2	15	18
east central	76	7	10	5	2
west central	23	14	9	3	51
northeast	54	2	29	13	2
northwest	81	2	9	1	7
provincial	64	5	13	10	8

Canaryseed	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	
southeast	97	0	0	3	
southwest	69	0	2	29	
east central	90	0	8	2	
west central	41	0	27	32	
northeast	95	0	2	3	
northwest	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
provincial	79	0	6	15	
Flax	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	
southeast	98	2	0	0	
southwest	96	0	3	1	
east central	95	0	5	0	
west central	83	0	16	1	
northeast	92	1	1	6	
northwest	100	0	0	0	
provincial	95	1	3	1	
Canola	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	
southeast	77	16	5	2	
southwest	69	0	13	18	
east central	83	9	7	1	
west central	78	6	9	7	
northeast	86	12	2	0	
northwest	81	12	6	1	
provincial	80	10	6	4	
Mustard	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	
southeast	40	0	30	30	
southwest	63	0	5	32	
east central	100	0	0	0	
west central	90	0	8	2	
northeast	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
northwest	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
provincial	65	0	7	28	
Soybeans	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	
southeast	68	0	0	32	
southwest	52	0	0	48	
east central	75	0	3	22	
west central	35	0	51	14	
northeast	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
northwest	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
provincial	69	0	3	28	
Field Peas	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	
southeast	1	3	5	91	
southwest	21		9	70	
east central	22	5	8	65	
west central	20	1	20	59	
northeast	18	8	17	57	
northwest	25	6	21	48	
provincial	22	3	11	64	
Lentils	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	
southeast	11		13	76	
southwest	27	2	9	62	
east central	12	0	8	80	

west central	22	0	33	45	
northeast	48	2	14	36	
northwest	21		44	35	
provincial	23	1	12	64	
Chickpeas	% Standing	% in swath	% ready to straight combine	% combined	
southeast	90	0	0	10	
southwest	82	5	10	3	
east central	100	0	0	0	
west central	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
northeast	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
northwest	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
provincial	82	4	8	6	

Weekly Rainfall Summary

(in millimeters)

1 inch = 25 mm

for the period from August 10 to 16, 2021

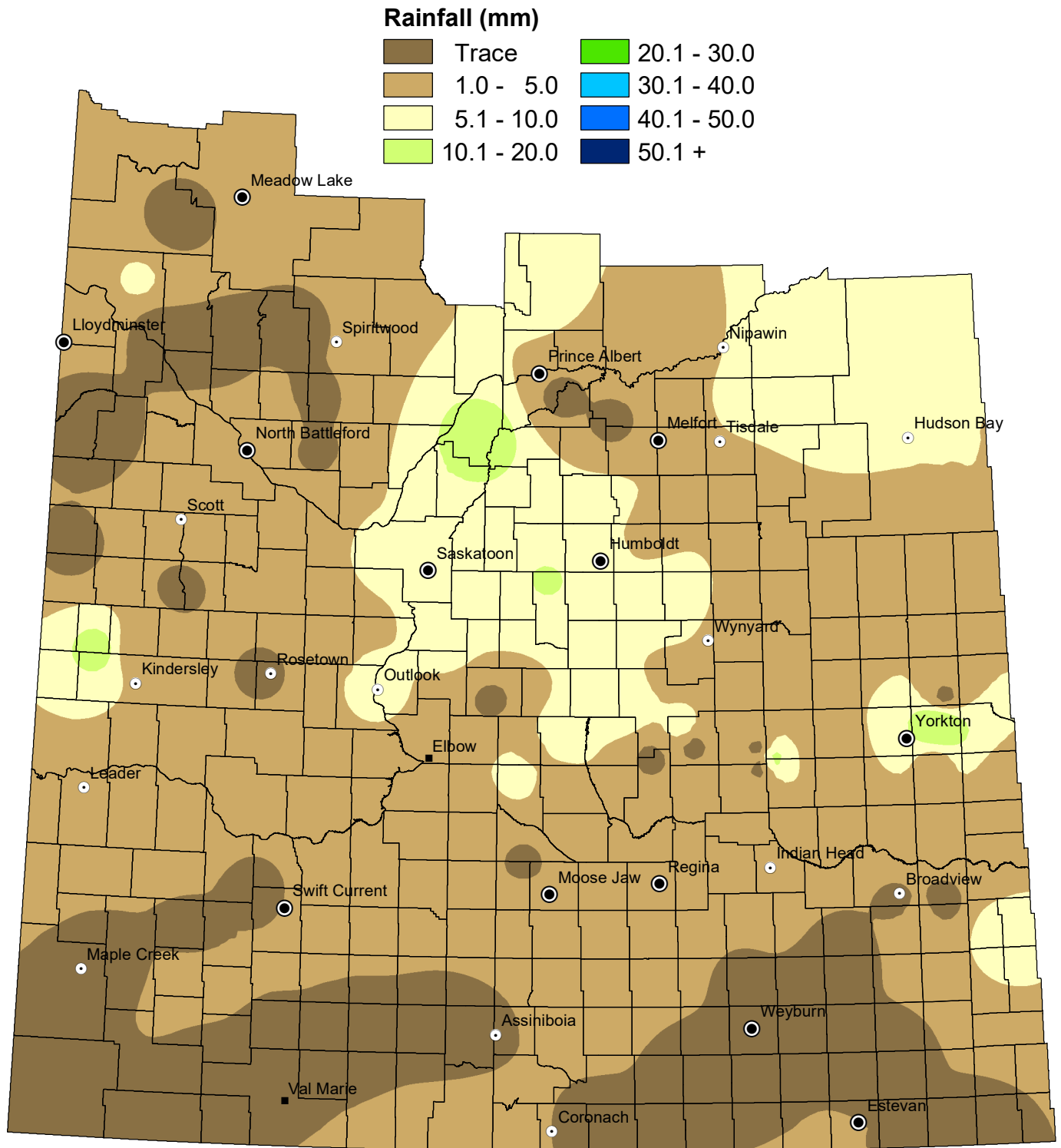
Crop Dist.	R.M. No.	Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr	Crop Dist.	R.M. No.	Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr	Crop Dist.	R.M. No.	Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr
1A	2	Mount Pleasant	NIL	160	4A	51	Reno	NIL	134.5	7A	287	St. Andrews	NIL	42
	3	Enniskillen	1	240		79 A	Arlington	N/A	123		288	Pleasant Valley	2	77
	32	Reciprocity	NIL	172		79 B	Arlington	N/A	106.4		290	Kindersley	N/A	69.8
	61	Antler	N/A	275		109	Carmichael	3.5	64.6		292	Milton	N/A	141
	64	Brock	NIL	240		110	Piapot	NIL	69		317	Marriott	N/A	86
	65	Tecumseh	N/A	207		139	Gull Lake	NIL	67		320 A	Oakdale	3	111
1B	95	Golden West	N/A	56	4B	229	Miry Creek	2.3	80.2		320 B	Oakdale	2	80
	122	Martin	10	206		231	Happyland	N/A	93		321	Prairiedale	13	148
	123	Silverwood	NIL	215		181	Langenburg	N/A	132	7B	347	Biggar	3	104
	124	Kingsley	4	186		183 A	Fertile Belt	2	192		350	Mariposa	trace	35
	125 A	Chester	NIL	224		183 B	Fertile Belt	5	21		351	Progress	N/A	145
	125 B	Chester	trace	223		211	Churchbridge	3	201		377	Glenside	1.5	77.5
	151	Rocanville	1	207		213	Saltcoats	3	165		378	Rosemount	1	150
	154 A	Elcapo	NIL	197		217	Lipton	NIL	229		382	Eye Hill	NIL	140.5
	154 B	Elcapo	N/A	38		241	Calder	4	178		409 A	Buffalo	N/A	111
	155	Wolseley	N/A	217		243	Wallace	20	186		409 B	Buffalo	3	126
2A	67	Weyburn	NIL	168.2		245 A	Garry	NIL	124		410	Round Valley	N/A	97.8
	68	Brokenshell	1	242.5		245 B	Garry	3	153	8A	394	Hudson Bay	5	146
	97	Wellington	NIL	240		246 A	Ituna Bon Accord	12	188		395	Porcupine	N/A	168
	100	Elmsthorpe	NIL	193		246 B	Ituna Bon Accord	4.6	138.5		397	Barrier Valley	3.8	123
2B	127 A	Francis	2	286		247	Kellross	NIL	190.1		428	Star City	N/A	96
	127 B	Francis	N/A	129		248	Touchwood	7	135		456	Arborfield	8	157
	129	Bratt's Lake	2	244	5B	273	Sliding Hills	NIL	211.5		457	Connaught	10	83.7
	131	Baildon	3	186		277	Emerald	5	184		486	Moose Range	8	138
	156 A	Indian Head	3.3	188.2		301	St.Philips	N/A	128.6		487	Nipawin	N/A	88
	156 B	Indian Head	N/A	310		305	Invermay	3	173	8B	369	St. Peter	2	114
	159	Sherwood	3	239		307	Elfros	2	162		370 A	Humboldt	6	105
	160	Pense	N/A	138		308 A	Big Quill	8	124		370 B	Humboldt	N/A	61
	161 A	Moose Jaw	N/A	214		308 B	Big Quill	4	52		371	Bayne	8	115
	161 B	Moose Jaw	NIL	333		331	Livingston	N/A	162.8		372	Grant	9	108.5
	162 A	Caron	N/A	187.1		334	Preeceville	N/A	87		400	Three Lakes	8	97
	162 B	Caron	NIL	173		336	Sasman	4	144		429	Flett's Springs	6	91
	191	Marquis	N/A	144		337	Lakeview	N/A	103		430	Invergordon	2	129
3ASE	38 A	Laurier	N/A	155.4		366	Kelvington	4	160.5		459	Kinistino	NIL	130
	38 B	Laurier	trace	200		367	Ponass Lake	4	138		460	Birch Hills	NIL	53.2
3ASW	10	Happy Valley	NIL	314	6A	190 A	Dufferin	N/A	175	9AE	461	Prince Albert	trace	108.5
	43	Old Post	5	170		190 B	Dufferin	5	129		488	Torch River	3	97
	73 A	Stonehenge	NIL	125		190 C	Dufferin	N/A	226		491	Buckland	15	127
	73 B	Stonehenge	NIL	104.5		190 D	Dufferin	N/A	24		520	Paddockwood	6	230
	74	Wood River	NIL	187.5		219 A	Longlaketon	NIL	161		521	Lakeland	6	205
3AN	102	Lake Johnston	1	233.7		219 B	Longlaketon	N/A	247.2	9AW	405	Great Bend	N/A	44
	103	Sutton	N/A	86		220	McKillop	N/A	204		435	Redberry	5	119
	132 A	Hillsborough	1.5	182.5		221	Sarnia	3.3	61.2		436	Douglas	NIL	68
	132 B	Hillsborough	3	342		222	Craik	7	134		437	North Battleford	trace	69.4
	193	Eyebrow	N/A	131		251	Big Arm	7.5	58		463	Duck Lake	17	137
3BS	75	Pinto Creek	NIL	112		252	Arm River	4	112		466	Meeting Lake	NIL	100
	77	Wise Creek	NIL	111		279	Mount Hope	9	158		467 A	Round Hill	3	103
	78	Grassy Creek	NIL	120		282	McCraney	NIL	92.8		467 B	Round Hill	NIL	102
	106	Whiska Creek	N/A	86		339	Leroy	8.8	153.6		493	Shellbrook	N/A	100
	107	Lac Pelletier	N/A	100		340	Wolverine	N/A	114.3		496	Spiritwood	3	156
	108	Bone Creek	N/A	110		341	Viscount	11	77		497	Medstead	trace	71
3BN	138	Webb	1	113.5		343	Blucher	6	117	9B	440	Hillsdale	trace	132.5
	165	Morse	N/A	109.3		223 A	Huron	N/A	96		442	Manitou Lake	0.6	143.6
	168 A	Riverside	NIL	71		223 B	Huron	6	121.5		498	Parkdale	NIL	110.5
	168 B	Riverside	2	85.5		223 C	Huron	N/A	27.9		499	Mervin	trace	153.9
	226	Victory	N/A	73		284 A	Rudy	N/A	94		501 A	Frenchman Butte	6	146.2
	228	Lacadena	4	71		284 B	Rudy	4	38		501 B	Frenchman Butte	NIL	146
	257	Monet	3	84.5		285	Fertile Valley	5	78		501 C	Frenchman Butte	4	122
						286	Milden	N/A	70		502	Britannia	2	58.5
						314	Dundurn	6	96		561	Loon Lake	NIL	139
						344	Corman Park	7	34		588	Meadow Lake	N/A	150
						376	Eagle Creek	1	89		622	Beaver River	N/A	101.5
						403	Rosthern	10	109					

Municipality No: A, B, C and D - more than one reporter

These precipitation amounts represent point locations within each municipality and do not necessarily reflect the whole R. M.

Weekly Rainfall

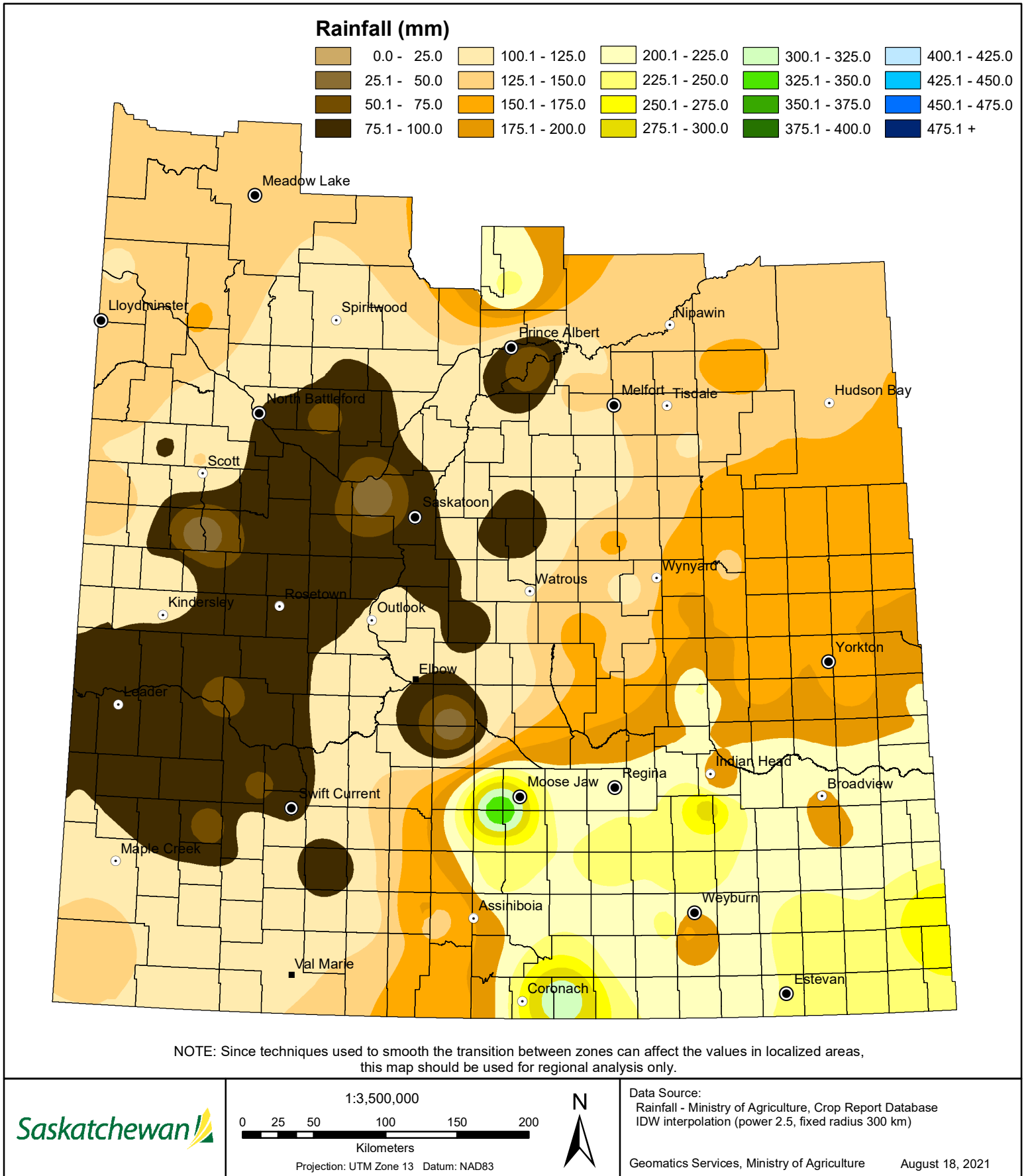
from August 10 to August 16, 2021



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

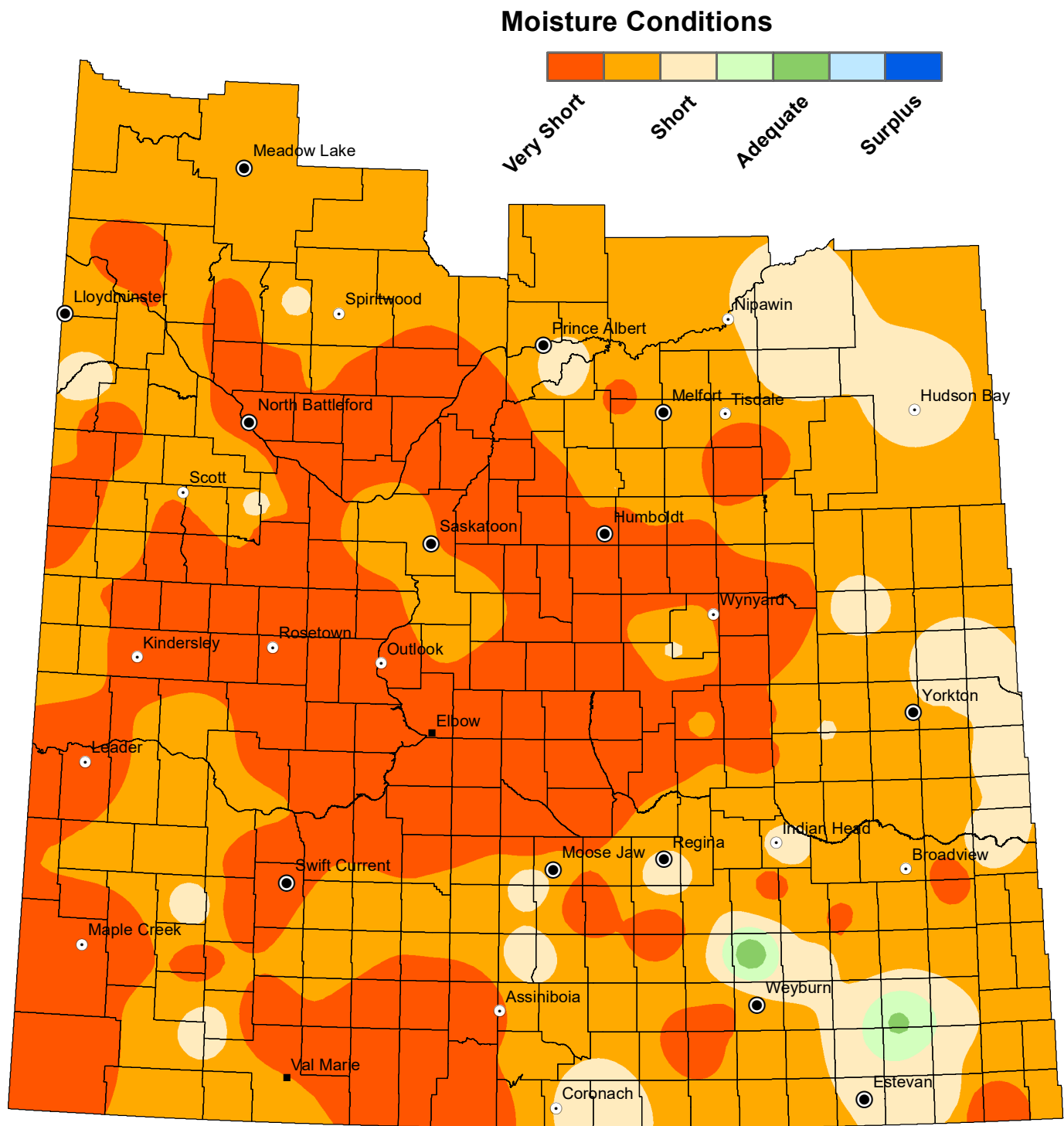
Cumulative Rainfall

from April 1 to August 16, 2021



Cropland Topsoil Moisture Conditions

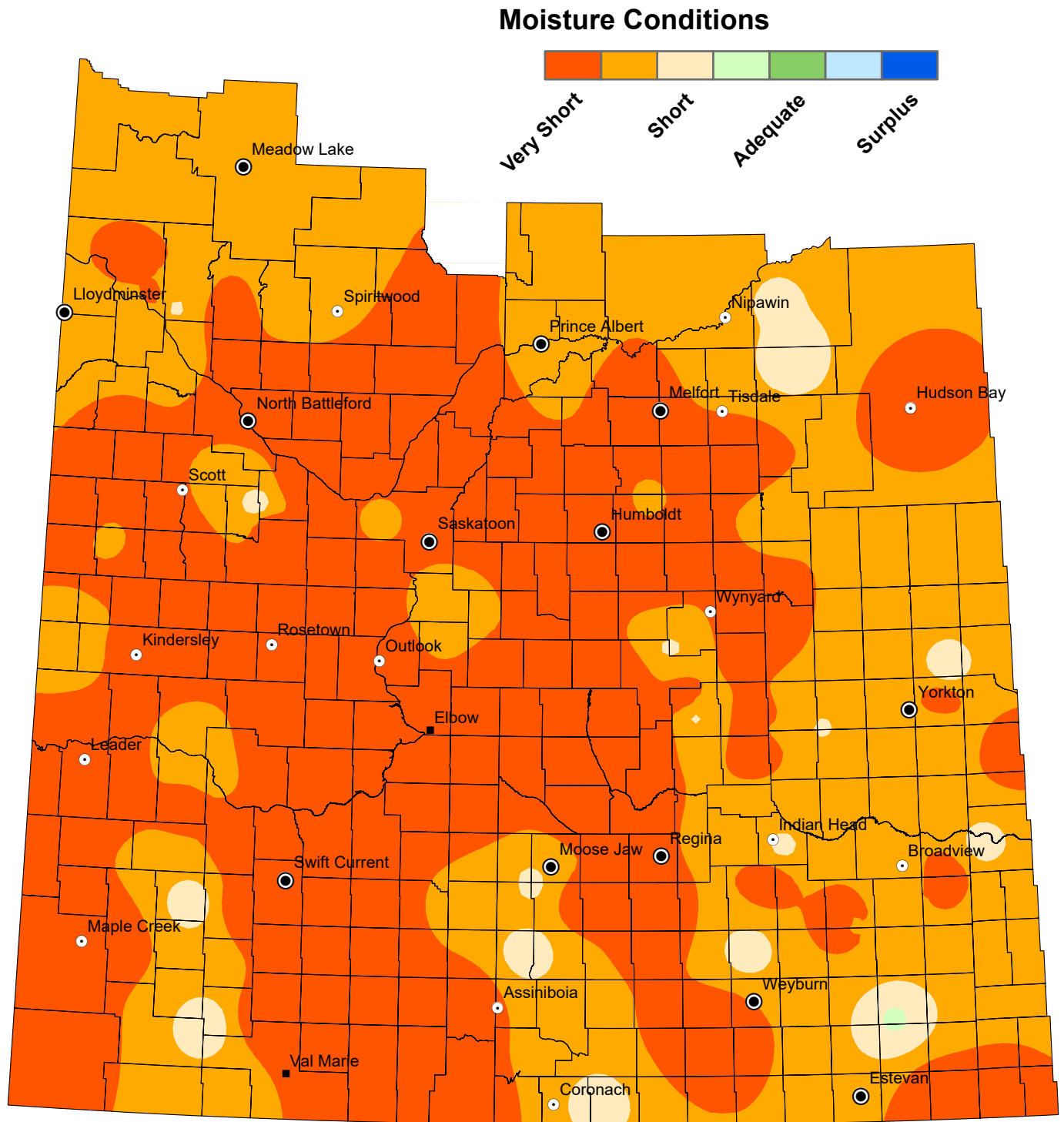
August 16, 2021



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Hay and Pasture Topsoil Moisture Conditions

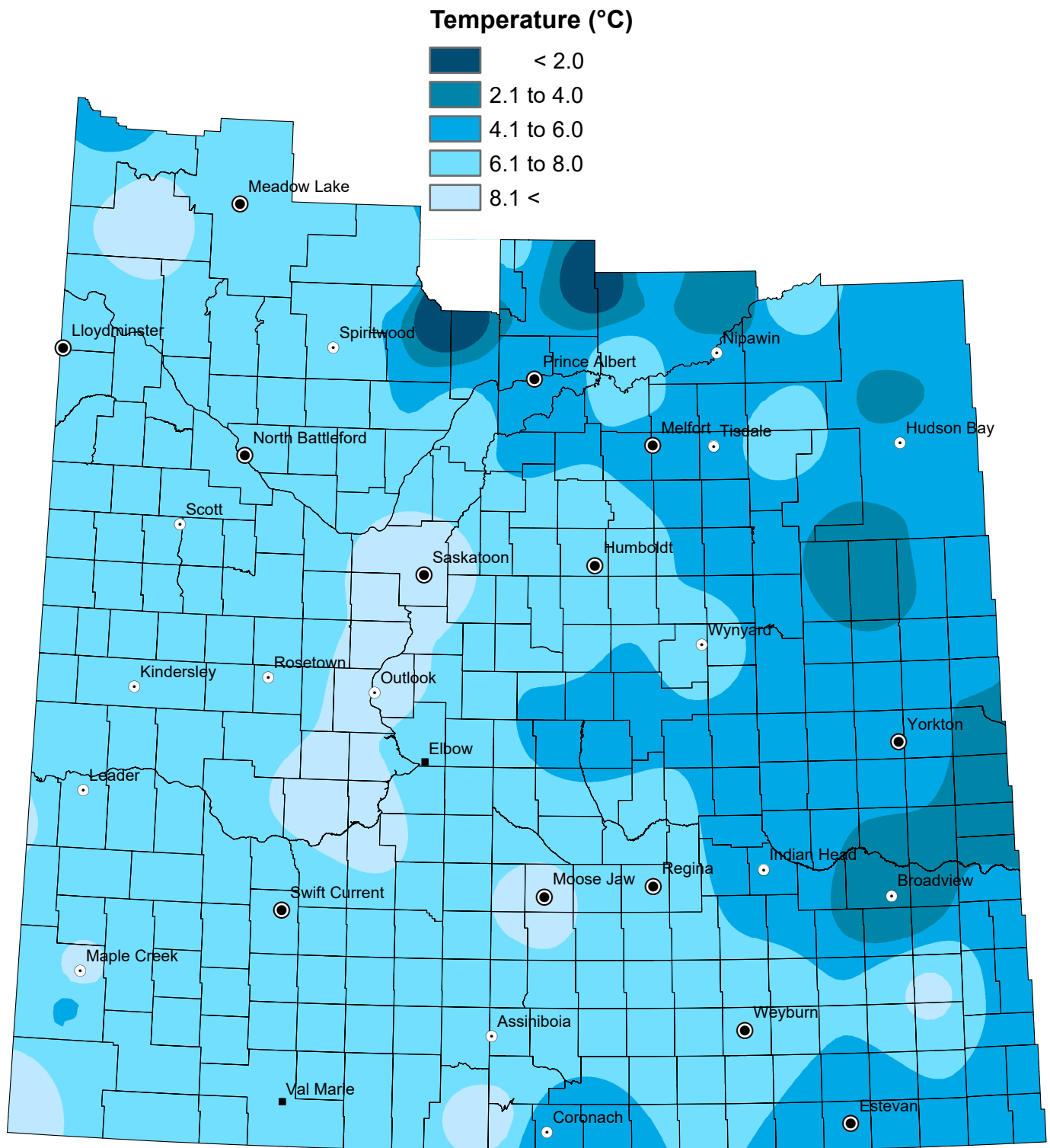
August 16, 2021



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Minimum Temperature

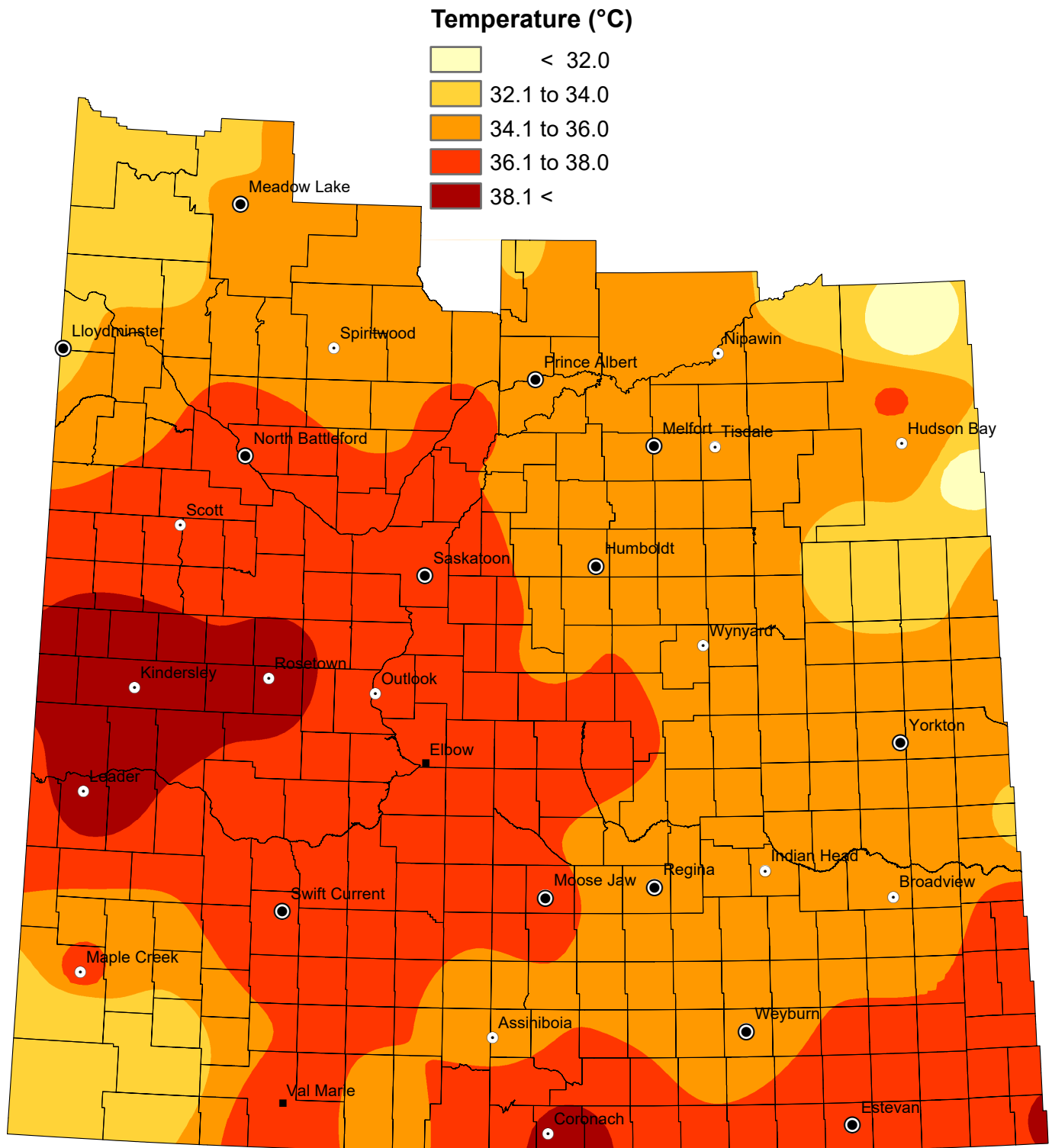
from August 10 to August 16, 2021



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Maximum Temperature

from August 10 to August 16, 2021



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.